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State of Misconsin 2025 - 2026 LEGISLATURE

LRB-4863/1 ARG&ZDW:emw&cjs

2025 ASSEMBLY BILL 606

October 29, 2025 - Introduced by Representatives Swearingen, Brooks, Novak, Steffen, Wittke, Snyder, Moses, Mursau, Summerfield, Dallman, Donovan, B. Jacobson, Kaufert, Nedweski, Penterman, Tucker and Tusler, cosponsored by Senators Wimberger, Pfaff, James and Tomczyk. Referred to Committee on State Affairs.

AUTHORS SUBJECT TO CHANGE

AN ACT to renumber 125.02 (6m) and 139.01 (1); to renumber and amend

2 85.55, 94.55 (1) and 346.935 (1); **to amend** 15.433 (2), 19.42 (13) (q), 20.923 (4) 3 (c) 7., 23.33 (1) (jo) 5., 23.33 (4c) (a) 5., 23.33 (4c) (b) 4. b., 23.335 (1) (zgm) 5., 23.335 (12) (a) 5., 23.335 (12) (b) 5., 30.50 (10m) (e), 30.681 (1) (d), 30.681 (2) 4 5 (d) 1. b., 45.44 (1) (a) 9., 46.238 (title), 48.01 (1) (am), (ap) and (bm), 48.02 (1) (am) and (1e), 48.02 (17m), 48.08 (3), 48.133, 48.19 (1) (cm) and (d) 8., 48.193 6 7 (1) (c) and (d) 2., 48.205 (1) (d) and (1m), 48.21 (1) (b) 4., 48.213 (1) (b), 48.245 8 (2) (a) 3. and 4., 48.295 (1) and (1g), 48.31 (4), 48.345 (13) (a) and (b) and (14) 9 (a), 48.347 (5) (a) and (b) and (6) (a), 48.547 (1), 51.45 (2) (f) and (4) (L), 51.49 10 (1) (c), 64.28 (1), 68.02 (1), 68.03 (5), 73.01 (4) (a), 77.51 (3t), 77.98 (3), 77.98 (4) 11 (a), 97.29 (1) (c) and (h) 3., 100.30 (2) (am) 1. and 2. and (c) 1. a. and 2., 100.30 12 (2) (k), 100.30 (5) (a), 101.123 (1) (h) (intro.), 108.04 (5) (a), 111.34 (1) (b), 13 114.09 (1) (b) 1., 114.09 (2) (bm) 1. (intro.) and 4., 115.35 (1), 118.01 (2) (d) 2. c., 14 6. and 7., 118.124 (2) (a) 6., 118.257 (2), chapter 125 (title), 125.02 (5g), 125.02

1 (9), 125.02 (10), 125.02 (19), 125.02 (20), 125.025 (1), 125.025 (3), 125.025 (4), $\mathbf{2}$ 125.035 (title), 125.035 (4) (a), 125.035 (4) (b) (intro.), 125.035 (4) (b) 3... 3 125.035 (5), 125.037 (intro.), (1) and (2), 125.04 (3) (a) 1., 125.04 (3) (a) 3., 4 125.04 (3) (f) 1., 125.04 (3) (g) (intro.), 125.04 (3) (h), 125.04 (3) (i) 1. and 2., 5 125.04 (3) (j), 125.04 (5) (a) (intro.), 125.04 (5) (b), 125.04 (6) (a) (intro.), 125.04 6 (6) (a) 2., 125.04 (8) (a), 125.04 (9), 125.04 (10) (a), 125.04 (11) (a), 125.04 (11) 7 (b) 1., 125.04 (12) (a), 125.04 (12) (b) 1., 125.045 (1), 125.045 (3), 125.06 (6), 8 125.06 (7), 125.06 (8), 125.06 (10), 125.06 (11), 125.07 (1) (title), 125.07 (1) (a) 9 1.. 125.07 (1) (a) 2.. 125.07 (1) (a) 3.. 125.07 (1) (b) 5.. 125.07 (1) (b) 6. b.. 125.07 10 (1) (b) 6. c., 125.07 (2) (title), 125.07 (2) (a), 125.07 (3) (a) (intro.), 125.07 (3) (a) 11 2., 125.07 (3) (a) 3., 125.07 (3) (a) 3m., 125.07 (3) (a) 6., 125.07 (3) (a) 7., 125.07 12 (3) (a) 8., 125.07 (3) (a) 10., 125.07 (3) (a) 11., 125.07 (4) (a) 1., 125.07 (4) (a) 4., 13 125.07 (4) (b), 125.07 (4) (e) 2. a., 125.07 (4) (e) 2. b., 125.07 (4) (e) 2. c., 125.07 14 (4) (e) 4., 125.07 (4) (e) 5., 125.07 (6) (intro.), 125.07 (7) (a) (intro.), 125.07 (7) 15 (b), 125.075 (title), 125.075 (1) (intro.), 125.075 (1) (b), 125.075 (1m) (intro.), 16 125.075 (1m) (c), 125.085 (2), 125.09 (1) (a), 125.09 (2) (title), 125.09 (2) (b) 17 (intro.), 125.09 (2) (c), 125.09 (3), 125.09 (6), 125.10 (1), 125.10 (2), 125.10 (4), 18 125.12 (4) (ag) 3., 125.14 (2), 125.14 (5), 125.14 (6) (a), 125.16, 125.17 (1), 19 125.175 (1), 125.185 (1), 125.185 (2), 125.185 (4), 125.21 (1) (b), 125.21 (2) (b), 20 125.24 (1) (a), 125.24 (1) (d), 125.24 (2) (a), 125.24 (2) (b), 125.24 (2) (c) 1., 2. 21and 4., 125.24 (2) (d) 1., 2. and 3., 125.24 (2) (e) 1., 2. and 3., 125.25 (2) (b) 22(intro.), 125.26 (2) (b) (intro.), 125.32 (2), 134.96 (3), 135.02 (5f), chapter 139 23 (title), subchapter I (title) of chapter 139 [precedes 139.01], 139.01 (2p), 139.01 24 (5), 139.01 (7), 139.01 (9), 139.04 (intro.), 139.04 (5), 139.08 (4), 139.09, 139.10

1	(1), 139.11 (1), 139.11 (2), 139.11 (3), 139.22, 139.25 (2) (intro.), 139.25 (4),
2	185.043 (1) and (2), 302.37 (2), 302.375 (title), 302.375 (1m) (a), 302.375 (1m)
3	(b), 302.375 (1m) (c), 302.375 (2), 340.01 (50m) (e), 343.06 (1) (d), 343.10 (5) (a)
4	1. and (8) (intro.), 343.16 (5) (a), 343.30 (1q) (c) 1. (intro.) and (d) 1., 343.303,
5	343.305 (8) (b) 2. g., 343.305 (8) (b) 4m. (intro.), 343.305 (8) (b) 4m. a., 343.305
6	(8) (b) 5. c., 343.305 (8) (b) 6. c., 343.38 (1) (d) 2., 343.44 (1) (a), 343.44 (1) (b),
7	346.63 (1) (d), 346.63 (2) (b) 2., 346.637 (1), 346.637 (2), 346.64 (1), 346.93 (1),
8	346.935 (2), 346.935 (3), 346.935 (4) (b), 350.01 (10v) (e), 350.101 (1) (e),
9	350.101(2)(d) 2., 565.02(3)(b) 3., 632.32(6)(b) 4., 767.41(6)(g) 5., 813.129(2)
10	(g), 885.235 (1) (d) 5., 885.235 (5), 895.047 (3) (a), 895.53 (2), 905.04 (4) (e) 3.,
11	938.02 (1p), 938.24 (2m) (a) 3., 938.245 (2) (a) 3., 938.295 (1c) (c), 938.295 (1g),
12	938.32 (1g) (intro.), 938.34 (6r) (a), 938.34 (6r) (b), 938.343 (10) (intro.),
13	938.344 (title), 938.344 (2) (title), 938.344 (2b) (title), 938.396 (1) (c) 3. a.,
14	938.547 (1), 939.22 (33) (e), 940.09 (2) (b), 940.225 (5) (ai), 940.25 (2) (b),
15	941.20 (1) (bm), 941.237 (title), 941.237 (1) (fm), 941.237 (3) (cx), 944.36,
16	948.015 (3), 961.11 (5) and 967.055 (1m) (b) $5.$; to create 48.02 (8b), 51.01 (8r),
17	77.51 (4p), 77.98 (1) (am), 85.55 (1), 94.55 (1) (b), 94.55 (1) (c), 94.55 (1m),
18	97.29 (1) (hg), 100.30 (2) (cjm), 100.30 (2) (ck), 100.30 (2) (ckm), 101.123 (1)
19	(av), 101.123 (1) (h) 5., 108.02 (17g), 111.32 (7r), 111.32 (9m), 111.34 (3),
20	114.002 (14m), 115.001 (3f), 125.02 (6i), 125.02 (6k), 125.02 (6n), 125.02 (6p),
21	$125.02(16\mathrm{m}),125.02(20\mathrm{e}),125.025(6),125.035(2\mathrm{m}),125.035(3\mathrm{m}),125.04(3)$
22	(L), 125.04 (5) (e), 125.04 (8) (c), 125.07 (4) (a) 2m., 125.07 (4) (bp), 125.09 (1)
23	(e), 125.10 (6), 125.11 (4), 125.12 (6m), 125.155, 125.19 (3), 125.21 (2) (c),
24	125.21(3)(f)and(g),125.24(3)(g),(h),(i)and(j),125.25(1m),125.25(2)(b)7.,

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8. and 9., 125.26 (1m), 125.26 (2) (b) 7., 8. and 9., 125.29 (7) (i), 125.52 (4) (h), 125.53 (3) (h), subchapter IV of chapter 125 [precedes 125.741], 134.96 (1) (bm), 135.02 (3) (c), 135.02 (5f), 135.02 (5g), (5h), (5m) and (5p), 135.02 (7), 135.02 (8), 139.01 (1g), 139.01 (2tg), (2tm) and (2ts), 139.032, 139.11 (4) (c), 139.18 (3), 185.043 (3), 302.375 (1g) (ar), 340.01 (21m), 346.935 (1g), 632.32 (2) (aj), 938.02 (8c) and 939.22 (15m) of the statutes; **relating to:** regulation of hemp-derived cannabinoid products, renaming the Division of Alcohol Beverages as the Division of Intoxicating Products, creating an occupational tax on hemp-derived cannabinoid products, alcohol beverage warehouses and production arrangements, granting rule-making authority, and providing a penalty.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill regulates hemp-derived cannabinoid products in the same manner as alcohol beverages are regulated under current law and renames the Division of Alcohol Beverages in the Department of Revenue as the Division of Intoxicating Products (division). The bill also makes minor changes relating to alcohol beverage warehouses and alcohol beverage production arrangements.

Regulation of hemp-derived cannabinoid products

Current law defines "hemp" as "the plant Cannabis sativa L. and any part of that plant, including the seeds thereof and all derivatives, extracts, cannabinoids, isomers, acids, salts, and salts of isomers, whether growing or not, with a delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of not more than 0.3 percent on a dry weight basis or the maximum concentration allowed under federal law up to 1 percent, whichever is greater, as tested using post-decarboxylation or other similarly reliable methods." Current law exempts hemp from the definitions of marijuana and tetrahydrocannabinol (THC), which are controlled substances and the possession, manufacture, or distribution of which is a criminal offense.

The bill defines "hemp-derived cannabinoid" as any cannabinoid that is extracted from hemp, including delta-6-THC, delta-8-THC, delta-9-THC, and delta-10-THC, subject to certain exclusions. A "hemp-derived cannabinoid product" is defined, subject to limited exceptions, as a product that contains or is labeled to contain a hemp-derived cannabinoid (HDC) and that is produced, marketed, or

otherwise intended to be ingested orally, inhaled, or absorbed through the skin. The bill specifies that the definition of hemp includes an HDC product.

The bill imposes various requirements and restrictions on the production, distribution, and sale of HDC products, many of which parallel requirements and restrictions applicable to the alcohol beverages industry. This regulation of HDC products includes the following:

- 1. Manufacturers and distributors of HDC products must hold permits issued by the division (discussed further in items 9 and 10). Retailers of HDC products must hold licenses issued by municipalities (discussed further in items 15 and 17). With exceptions, HDC products must be distributed and sold to consumers through a three-tier system in which manufacturers, distributors, and retailers operate independently (discussed further in item 19). The division regulates HDC products in a manner and with authority similar to that applicable under current law for the regulation of alcohol beverages.
- 2. HDC products may not be sold to a person under 21 years of age, and a person under 21 years of age may not possess or consume HDC products, even if the underage person is accompanied by a parent, guardian, or spouse who is at least 21 years of age. Before transferring possession of HDC products, a person authorized to sell HDC products at retail (discussed further in items 10 and 15 to 17) must verify the recipient's age by examining identification containing the person's photograph and date of birth or by using another age verification method authorized by the division. Generally, an underage person may not be on premises licensed for the sale of HDC products, but this prohibition is subject to the same exceptions that apply to premises licensed to sell alcohol beverages, including allowing an underage person to be present if accompanied by a parent, guardian, or spouse who is at least 21 years of age.
- 3. With limited exceptions, no product containing cannabinoids may be manufactured, transported, stored, or sold in Wisconsin unless the product is an HDC product and the HDC in the product is derived from a federally licensed or state-licensed hemp grower. The exceptions include a cannabidiol (CBD) product regulated under current law and a prescription drug product approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration. An HDC product may contain specified nonintoxicating cannabinoids. Although HDC products generally may be manufactured, transported, stored, sold, and consumed in Wisconsin, additional restrictions apply, including that they may not be packaged or mixed with an alcohol beverage, contain a controlled substance or caffeine in excess of 100 milligrams (mg) per serving, or be manufactured by applying an HDC to a commercially available candy or snack food item.
- 4. An HDC product may be sold only as a single-serving beverage, a multi-serving beverage, a tincture, an edible product, an inhalable product, or a product absorbed through the skin. There are specific requirements for the sale of HDC products in each form. For example, a single-serving beverage must be sold in a container with a capacity of not less than 50 milliliters nor more than 19.2 ounces and cannot contain more than 20 mg of THC. The maximum size container for a multi-serving beverage is 1.75 liters, and the HDC product cannot contain more

than 20 mg of THC per serving. For an edible product, each serving of the HDC product within the product packaging or container must be scored or wrapped or have another indicator clearly identifying the serving size, the HDC product cannot contain more than 20 mg of THC per serving, and the packaging or container cannot contain more than 40 servings. An inhalable HDC product in cartridge form cannot contain more than 800 mg of THC, and an inhalable HDC product in the form of hemp flower or hemp plant parts cannot be sold in a container having more than one ounce of the HDC product.

- 5. Before an HDC product may be sold in Wisconsin, the manufacturer must submit a product sample for testing by an independent laboratory and receive a certification that the product meets applicable standards, along with a certificate of analysis (COA) of testing results. The certification must, in part, confirm the product contains the amount of cannabinoids stated on the product label, disclosed as a percentage and as milligrams per serving and milligrams per container if there is more than one serving in the container. The manufacturer must provide the COA to the product's distributor. An HDC product may not be sold in Wisconsin unless it is accompanied by a COA, which may be provided by a quick response (QR) code on the product's label or packaging, essentially verifying that the product qualifies as hemp as defined above.
- 6. Before an HDC product may be sold in Wisconsin, it must be registered with the division. The division must maintain a public registry of HDC products, updated at least monthly, and an HDC product cannot be sold unless at the time of sale it is listed in the registry.
- 7. An HDC product may not be sold in Wisconsin unless it meets the following labeling requirements and the label is approved by the division. An HDC product must be labeled with specified information, including the name and contact information of the product's manufacturer or brand owner; the product's serving size, servings per container, and cannabinoid profile per serving and in total for the container; an ingredient list, including major food allergens; and the product's potency, labeled as milligrams per serving, for total THC and for each HDC and the total amounts of THC and of each HDC in the product's container. In addition to this information, an HDC product must include a warning statement containing all of the following information in substantially similar form: 1) keep out of the reach of children; 2) must be 21 or older to possess or consume; 3) may be harmful to those who are pregnant or breastfeeding; 4) may impair ability to drive or operate machinery; 5) may contain unidentified substances that are harmful or toxic; 6) this product is not approved by the FDA for cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of any disease; and 7) use of this product may result in a positive drug test. If the HDC product is intended to be inhaled, it must also include "WARNING: Inhalation of cannabis smoke has been associated with lung injury." An HDC product label cannot make certain health-related claims. HDC product packaging cannot contain features likely to be appealing to children such as cartoon images and must be child resistant. An HDC product that is not a beverage must be placed in packaging that is opaque to an extent that the contents are not viewable. An HDC product must be placed in tamper-evident packaging or a tamper-evident

container or contain a tamper-evident seal. Each label for an HDC product must be submitted to the division for approval. If the division does not act on an application for approval within 30 days, the application is considered approved. The division may deny an application only if the label does not comply with the bill's requirements.

- 8. A municipality or county may not prohibit 1) the possession or consumption of HDC products at a private residence; 2) the transportation of HDC products within the municipality or county; 3) personal use of HDC products, except with respect to location in certain circumstances; or 4) possession or transportation of HDC products by a distributor (discussed further in item 10). A municipality may enact an ordinance prohibiting certain alcohol beverage retailers and producers from making retail sales of HDC products in the municipality (discussed further in items 15 and 16). A municipality or county may also enact an ordinance prohibiting the possession, sale, or consumption of HDC products within 300 feet of a church, a hospital, a school, or certain other locations. A municipality may otherwise enact ordinances that prescribe additional regulations for the sale of HDC products but only if the ordinances are consistent with the municipality's regulations for the sale of alcohol beverages.
- 9. The division issues manufacturers' permits that authorize the permittee to 1) manufacture HDC products and package and label HDC products for sale; 2) sell finished and packaged HDC products to distributors and other manufacturers; 3) make hemp concentrate and refined cannabinoids if the manufacturer has obtained an endorsement from the division to do so; 4) purchase hemp concentrate and refined cannabinoids from, or sell them to, other manufacturers; and 5) engage in certain other activities. The bill defines "hemp concentrate" as the extracts or resins of hemp, including extracts or resins that are refined to increase the presence of targeted cannabinoids, but "hemp concentrate" does not include a refined The bill defines, with exceptions, a "refined cannabinoid" as a cannabinoid. cannabinoid extracted from hemp with a chemical makeup that is changed after extraction to create a different cannabinoid or other chemical compound by applying a catalyst other than heat or light, including any THC created from CBD or hemp concentrate. The bill imposes various requirements on manufacturers related to hemp concentrate and refined cannabinoids, including requiring a manufacturer to provide a COA and certain other information to the purchaser of hemp concentrate or refined cannabinoids and to transfer hemp concentrate or refined cannabinoids in tamper-evident containers labeled: "WARNING: UNFINISHED PRODUCT; NOT INTENDED FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION IN THIS FORM." The bill also imposes requirements on a manufacturer in transporting hemp concentrate and refined cannabinoids on public roadways. The bill also allows for the manufacture of HDC products through certain production arrangements, including contract production, alternating proprietorships, and licensing agreements. Each manufacturer's permit must include an endorsement identifying any of the following forms of HDC product manufactured on the premises: beverage products; edible products; inhalable products; tinctures; or products absorbed through the skin. The endorsement must also indicate whether

hemp concentrate or refined cannabinoids are manufactured on the premises. A manufacturer may sell or deliver HDC products only to a distributor or another manufacturer, except that a manufacturer may make retail sales of HDC products on the manufacturing premises or at retail outlets in a manner similar to a brewer's, winery's, or distiller's authorization to make retail sales under current law. The HDC products sold at retail must be manufactured by the manufacturer or purchased from a distributor. A manufacturer must also receive approval from the division and the applicable municipality before commencing sales of HDC products at a retail outlet.

- 10. The division issues distributors' permits that authorize the permittee to 1) purchase, receive, and transport HDC products from manufacturers and out-of-state shippers (discussed further in item 11) and 2) sell, provide, and transport HDC products to other distributors and persons authorized to sell HDC products at retail (discussed further in items 15 to 17). A distributor may purchase HDC products only from another distributor or a manufacturer or out-of-state shipper that is the primary source of supply for the brand. A distributor must store all HDC products on the distributor's premises or at its licensed warehouse (discussed further in item 12) in an area that is visually distinct from any area where other food or alcohol beverages are stored. A distributor must physically unload HDC products at its distributor's premises or licensed warehouse before delivering them to another distributor or a person authorized to make retail sales.
- 11. The division issues out-of-state shippers' permits that authorize a manufacturer or supplier in another state to ship HDC products to a Wisconsin distributor. A person may not ship HDC products into this state unless the person holds an out-of-state shipper's permit and is the primary source of supply for the HDC products and the shipment is to a distributor. An out-of-state shipper must certify that all HDC products shipped into this state conform to the applicable requirements under the bill. The division also issues out-of-state ingredient suppliers' permits that authorize a manufacturer or supplier in another state to ship or deliver hemp concentrate or refined cannabinoids to a Wisconsin manufacturer. A person may not ship or deliver into this state hemp concentrate or refined cannabinoids unless the person holds an out-of-state ingredient supplier's permit and the hemp concentrate or refined cannabinoids are accompanied by a COA and labeled in a tamper-evident container as described in item 9 for a manufacturer
- 12. The division issues warehouse permits that authorize the permittee to store and warehouse HDC products in warehouse premises, but the permits are not available to HDC product retailers. All HDC products stored on the premises of a warehouse permit must be stored in an area that is visually distinct from any area where other food or alcohol beverages are stored. The division may issue multiple permits for the same location, but each permittee's HDC products must be stored in areas that are visually distinct from any area where another permittee's HDC products are stored.
- 13. The division issues salespersons' permits that authorize the permittee to solicit orders, and to engage in the sale, of HDC products for delivery at a future

date. An employer must inform the division of all employees who require an HDC salesperson's permit, and the permit is canceled when the person's employment terminates. A person who holds a liquor salesperson's permit is not required to obtain an HDC products salesperson's permit.

- 14. An applicant for an HDC product permit issued by the division is generally subject to the same qualification requirements that apply to an applicant for an alcohol beverage permit issued by the division, including requirements related to age, residency, and criminal history.
- 15. Under current law, municipalities issue Class "A" and Class "B" licenses. A Class "A" license authorize the retail sale of fermented malt beverages (beer) in original packages for consumption off the licensed premises. A Class "B" license authorizes the retail sale of beer for consumption on or off the licensed premises. The bill authorizes Class "A" and Class "B" licensees to also sell HDC products at retail in the same manner they sell beer. However, a municipality may, by ordinance, prohibit Class "A" and Class "B" licensees from making retail sales of HDC products.
- 16. Current law allows a brewer, winery, or distiller to make retail sales of alcohol beverages at its production facility and at full-service retail outlets. The bill authorizes brewers, wineries, and distillers to sell HDC products at retail at the same locations and in the same manner as they sell alcohol beverages at retail. However, a municipality may, by ordinance, prohibit brewers, wineries, and distillers from making retail sales of HDC products.
- 17. A municipality may issue Class "HDC-A" licenses authorizing the retail sale of HDC products for consumption off the premises where sold in original packages. A municipality may also issue Class "HDC-B" licenses authorizing the retail sale of HDC products for consumption on or off the premises where sold. However, a municipality may issue these retail HDC product licenses only if the governing body of the municipality enacts an ordinance allowing the municipality to do so. The ordinance may not impose additional burdens or requirements on HDC product licensees or on sales of HDC products that do not also apply to alcohol beverages. An applicant for an HDC product license is generally subject to the same qualification requirements that apply to an applicant for an alcohol beverage license, except the applicant is not required to complete a responsible beverage server training course.
- 18. Similar operating requirements apply to the retail sale of HDC products as apply to the retail sale of alcohol beverages. For example, retail sales of HDC products on licensed premises (including a manufacturer's retail outlet) must be made by the licensee or a person who holds an operator's license or permit (bartender's license) or by a person who is at least 18 years of age and is under the immediate supervision of the licensee or person holding a bartender's license. Class "HDC-A" and "HDC-B" licensed premises (and manufacturers' retail outlets) are subject to the same closing and sales hours as Class "A" and Class "B" licensed premises under current law. A Class "HDC-A" or Class "HDC-B" license authorizes only face-to-face sales to consumers at the licensed premises. Subject to certain exceptions, a Class "HDC-B" license may not be granted for premises where

other business is conducted. An HDC product retailer may purchase HDC products only from an HDC product distributor and may not possess HDC products purchased from any person other than a distributor. A distributor may deliver HDC products to retailers only at their retail premises. Unlike alcohol beverages, however, the bill requires an HDC retailer to maintain all HDC products behind a barrier or at the point of sale unless the product is a beverage in a container with a capacity of at least four fluid ounces.

- 19. The bill includes restrictions on cross-tier ownership in the HDC products industry similar to those applicable to the alcohol beverage industry under current law, including similar exceptions. For example, an HDC product manufacturer may not have an interest in an HDC product distributor or retailer. Similar cross-tier ownership restrictions apply to distributors, out-of-state shippers, out-of-state ingredient suppliers, and retailers. However, there are exceptions for restricted investors and other situations similar to those applicable to the alcohol beverage industry under current law. These cross-tier ownership restrictions in the alcohol beverage industry are often referred to as the three-tier system.
- 20. A distributor of HDC products must charge the same price to all retail licensees making purchases in similar quantities. Any discount offered must be delivered in a single transaction and single delivery and on a single invoice. A retail licensee must also make purchases of HDC products from distributors for cash or credit of not more than 30 days and may not receive HDC products on consignment or on any basis other than a bona fide sale.
- 21. The bill creates, subject to various exceptions, restrictions on HDC product manufacturers and distributors furnishing things of value to Class "B" and Class "HDC-B" licensees, similar to the restrictions commonly known as "tied house laws" that apply under current law to brewers, beer wholesalers, and Class "B" beer retailers. Similar to current law in the beer industry, the bill also prohibits agreements in which a Class "B" or Class "HDC-B" licensee is required to purchase HDC products, exclusively, of a certain manufacturer. The bill also creates trade regulations prohibiting certain HDC product tying arrangements or retailer quotas.
- 22. Like beer distributors under current law, HDC product distributors may not sell or deliver a brand of HDC product unless the distributor has entered into a written agreement with the product's supplier granting the distributor exclusive distribution rights for the brand in a designated sales territory. With limited exceptions, a distributor may not sell or deliver a brand of HDC products outside the distributor's designated sales territory for the brand.
- 23. For purposes of the Wisconsin Fair Dealership Law, a dealership involving HDC products is defined as a contract or agreement between two or more persons by which a distributor of HDC products is granted the right to sell or distribute HDC products or use a trade name, trademark, advertising, or other commercial symbol related to HDC products. However, this definition does not apply if the distributor's net revenues from the sale of all of the supplier's brands of HDC products constitute less than 5 percent of the distributor's total net revenues from the sale of HDC products. If this definition does not apply, then the general

definition of "dealership" under the WFDL, which requires a "community of interest," may apply.

- 24. For one year after the bill's effective date, small manufacturers of HDC products may organize a cooperative and obtain a distributor's permit to act as a cooperative distributor of HDC products, similar to the manner in which intoxicating liquor producers may form as a cooperative distributor for intoxicating liquor under current law. An HDC product cooperative distributor may distribute only HDC products manufactured by its members, and its members cannot distribute HDC products through any other distributor.
- 25. The bill creates an occupational tax on HDC products similar to the occupational tax on alcohol beverages. Generally, the tax is paid by the HDC product distributor upon the sale of the HDC product to a retailer, and the tax rate depends on the type of HDC product sold. The tax rate for a beverage is \$0.03 per mg of THC, and the tax rate for an HDC product that is not a beverage, hemp flower, or hemp plant parts is \$0.045 per mg of THC. The tax rate for hemp flower or hemp plant parts is \$50 per ounce of weight. This tax is in addition to the applicable sales tax on sales to consumers.
- 26. Under current law, a person may not operate a motor vehicle, an all-terrain vehicle, a utility terrain vehicle, an off-highway motorcycle, a snowmobile, or a motorboat if they have a detectable amount of a restricted controlled substance in their blood. Current law defines "restricted controlled substance," as it applies to these restrictions, to include delta-9-THC at a concentration of one or more nanograms per milliliter of a person's blood. The bill modifies those definitions of "restricted controlled substance" to remove the reference to delta-9-THC and instead include THC isomers at a total concentration of one or more nanograms per milliliter of a person's blood. The bill also makes the same modification to the definition of a "restricted controlled substance" as it applies generally to the prosecution of crimes involving intoxicated use of vehicles and as it applies specifically to the crimes of homicide by intoxicated use of a vehicle and injury by intoxicated use of a vehicle.
- 27. The bill specifies that it does not 1) require an employer to permit or accommodate, or limit an employer's ability to prohibit, an employee's use or possession of HDC products at work or limit an employer's ability to prohibit an employee from engaging in work-related activities while under the influence of HDC products or 2) require a property owner to permit or accommodate, or limit a property owner's ability to prohibit, a person's use or possession of HDC products on the property or limit a property owner's ability to prohibit a person from being on the property while under the influence of HDC products.
- 28. The bill also contains other provisions treating HDC products in a manner similar to the manner in which alcohol beverages are treated under current law and treating the abuse of HDC products in a manner similar to the manner in which the abuse of alcohol beverages or controlled substances is treated under current law.

Regulation of alcohol beverages

Under current law, the division issues alcohol beverage warehouse permits that authorize the permittee to store alcohol beverages in warehouses. Under the

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bill, the division may issue multiple permits for the same location, but each permittee's alcohol beverages must be stored in areas that are visually distinct from any area where another permittee's alcohol beverages are stored.

Current law allows alcohol beverage producers, including brewers, wineries, and distillers, to enter into certain production arrangements, including contract production and licensing agreements. Generally, in a contract production arrangement, a "contract producer" directly manufactures, bottles, or labels alcohol beverages as an agent of a "recipe producer," who purchases and receives the alcohol beverages from the contract producer. A "licensing agreement" involves the production, by an alcohol beverage producer, of alcohol beverages containing a licensor's name, symbol, or trademark.

The bill specifies that, in a contract production arrangement, a recipe producer is not required to hold more than one producer's permit issued by the division. However, if contract production occurs at multiple locations, the recipe producer must provide a specified notice to the division of each location, other than the location for which the recipe producer's producer's permit is issued. The bill also specifies that the division is not required to inspect a recipe producer's premises and modifies the meaning of the term "bottling" as it relates to contract production. In addition, the bill specifies that, in a licensing agreement, the licensor is not required to hold a permit issued by the division.

Because this bill creates a new crime or revises a penalty for an existing crime, the Joint Review Committee on Criminal Penalties may be requested to prepare a report.

For further information see the state and local fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 15.433 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

15.433 (2) DIVISION OF ALCOHOL BEVERAGES INTOXICATING PRODUCTS. (a) There is created a division of alcohol beverages intoxicating products attached to the department of revenue under s. 15.03. The administrator of the division shall be appointed outside the classified service. The administrator of the division shall be nominated by the secretary of revenue and with the advice and consent of the senate appointed, to serve at the pleasure of the secretary of revenue.

(b) There is created within the division of alcohol beverages intoxicating

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- products a bureau dedicated to enforcement and a bureau dedicated to legal services, permitting, and reporting, with each bureau headed by a director who reports to, and serves at the pleasure of, the division administrator.
- (c) There is created within the division of alcohol beverages intoxicating products a unit dedicated to education and community outreach, headed by an individual who reports to the division administrator.
- **SECTION 2.** 19.42 (13) (q) of the statutes is amended to read:
 - 19.42 (13) (q) The administrator and employees of the division of alcohol beverages intoxicating products.
- **SECTION 3.** 20.923 (4) (c) 7. of the statutes is amended to read:
- 11 20.923 (4) (c) 7. Revenue, department of; division of alcohol beverages 12 intoxicating products: administrator.
- **SECTION 4.** 23.33 (1) (jo) 5. of the statutes is amended to read:
- 23.33 (1) (jo) 5. Delta 9 tetrahydrocannabinol Tetrahydrocannabinol isomers,
 excluding its any precursors or metabolites, at a total concentration of one or more
 nanograms per milliliter of a person's blood.
- **SECTION 5.** 23.33 (4c) (a) 5. of the statutes is amended to read:
 - 23.33 (4c) (a) 5. 'Defenses.' In an action under subd. 2m. that is based on the defendant allegedly having a detectable amount of methamphetamine, or gammahydroxybutyric acid, or delta 9 tetrahydrocannabinol in his or her blood, or tetrahydrocannabinol isomers at a total concentration of one or more nanograms per milliliter of his or her blood, the defendant has a defense if he or she proves by a preponderance of the evidence that at the time of the incident or occurrence he or she had a valid prescription for methamphetamine or one of its metabolic

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gamma-hydroxybutyric acid, delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol precursors, ortetrahvdrocannabinol.

SECTION 6. 23.33 (4c) (b) 4. b. of the statutes is amended to read:

23.33 (4c) (b) 4. b. In an action under subd. 2m. that is based on the defendant allegedly having a detectable amount of methamphetamine, or gammahydroxybutyric acid, or delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol in his or her blood, or tetrahydrocannabinol isomers at a total concentration of one or more nanograms per milliliter of his or her blood, the defendant has a defense if he or she proves by a preponderance of the evidence that at the time of the incident or occurrence he or she had a valid prescription for methamphetamine or one of its metabolic precursors, gamma-hydroxybutyric acid, ordelta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol tetrahydrocannabinol.

SECTION 7. 23.335 (1) (zgm) 5. of the statutes is amended to read:

23.335 (1) (zgm) 5. Delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol Tetrahydrocannabinol isomers, excluding its any precursors or metabolites, at a total concentration of one or more nanograms per milliliter of a person's blood.

SECTION 8. 23.335 (12) (a) 5. of the statutes is amended to read:

23.335 (12) (a) 5. In an action under subd. 2m, that is based on the defendant allegedly having a detectable amount of methamphetamine, or gammahydroxybutyric acid, or delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol in his or her blood, or tetrahydrocannabinol isomers at a total concentration of one or more nanograms per milliliter of his or her blood, the defendant has a defense if he or she proves by a preponderance of the evidence that at the time of the incident or occurrence he or she had a valid prescription for methamphetamine or one of its metabolic

	precursors,	gamma-hydroxybutyric	acid,	or	delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol
tetrahydrocannabinol.					

SECTION 9. 23.335 (12) (b) 5. of the statutes is amended to read:

23.335 (12) (b) 5. In an action under subd. 2m. that is based on the defendant allegedly having a detectable amount of methamphetamine, or gamma-hydroxybutyric acid, or delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol in his or her blood, or tetrahydrocannabinol isomers at a total concentration of one or more nanograms per milliliter of his or her blood, the defendant has a defense if he or she proves by a preponderance of the evidence that at the time of the incident or occurrence he or she had a valid prescription for methamphetamine or one of its metabolic precursors, gamma-hydroxybutyric acid, or delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol tetrahydrocannabinol.

SECTION 10. 30.50 (10m) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

30.50 (**10m**) (e) Delta 9 tetrahydrocannabinol Tetrahydrocannabinol isomers, excluding its any precursors or metabolites, at a total concentration of one or more nanograms per milliliter of a person's blood.

SECTION 11. 30.681 (1) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

30.681 (1) (d) *Defenses*. In an action under par. (b) 1m. that is based on the defendant allegedly having a detectable amount of methamphetamine, or gammahydroxybutyric acid, or delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol in his or her blood, or tetrahydrocannabinol isomers at a total concentration of one or more nanograms per milliliter of his or her blood, the defendant has a defense if he or she proves by a preponderance of the evidence that at the time of the incident or occurrence he or she had a valid prescription for methamphetamine or one of its metabolic

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precursors,	gamma-hydroxybutyric	acid,	or	delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol
tetrahydrocannabinol.				

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SECTION 12. 30.681 (2) (d) 1. b. of the statutes is amended to read:

30.681 (2) (d) 1. b. In an action under par. (b) 1m. that is based on the defendant allegedly having a detectable amount of methamphetamine, or gamma-hydroxybutyric acid, or delta 9 tetrahydrocannabinol in his or her blood, or tetrahydrocannabinol isomers at a total concentration of one or more nanograms per milliliter of his or her blood, the defendant has a defense if he or she proves by a preponderance of the evidence that at the time of the incident or occurrence he or she had a valid prescription for methamphetamine or one of its metabolic precursors, gamma-hydroxybutyric acid, or delta 9 tetrahydrocannabinol tetrahydrocannabinol.

- **SECTION 13.** 45.44 (1) (a) 9. of the statutes is amended to read:
- 14 45.44 (1) (a) 9. A license issued under s. 125.65 or 125.759.
- **SECTION 14.** 46.238 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
 - 46.238 (title) Infants and unborn children whose mothers abuse controlled substances, controlled substance analogs, or alcohol or other intoxicating substances.

SECTION 15. 48.01 (1) (am), (ap) and (bm) of the statutes are amended to read: 48.01 (1) (am) To recognize that unborn children have certain basic needs which must be provided for, including the need to develop physically to their potential and the need to be free from physical harm due to the habitual lack of self-control of their expectant mothers in the use of alcohol beverages, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, controlled substances, or controlled substance analogs,

exhibited to a severe degree. It is further recognized that, when an expectant mother of an unborn child suffers from a habitual lack of self-control in the use of alcohol beverages, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, controlled substances, or

the needs of the unborn child, as described in this paragraph, are provided for, the

controlled substance analogs, exhibited to a severe degree, in order to ensure that

court may determine that it is in the best interests of the unborn child for the

expectant mother to be ordered to receive treatment, including inpatient treatment,

for that habitual lack of self-control, consistent with any applicable law relating to

the rights of the expectant mother.

(ap) To recognize the compelling need to reduce the harmful financial, societal and emotional impacts that arise and the tremendous burdens that are placed on families and the community and on the health care, social services, educational and criminal justice systems as a result of the habitual lack of self-control of expectant mothers in the use of alcohol beverages, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, controlled substances, or controlled substance analogs, exhibited to a severe degree, during all stages of pregnancy.

(bm) To ensure that unborn children are protected against the harmful effects resulting from the habitual lack of self-control of their expectant mothers in the use of alcohol beverages, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, controlled substances, or controlled substance analogs, exhibited to a severe degree. To effectuate this purpose and the purpose specified in par. (am), it is the intent of the legislature that the provisions of this chapter that protect unborn children against those harmful effects and that provide for the needs of unborn children, as described in par. (am), shall be construed to apply throughout an expectant mother's pregnancy to the

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extent that application of those provisions throughout an expectant mother's pregnancy is constitutionally permissible and that expectant mothers who habitually lack self-control in the use of alcohol beverages, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, controlled substances, or controlled substance analogs, exhibited to a severe degree, be encouraged to seek treatment for that habitual lack of self-control voluntarily when voluntary treatment would be practicable and effective.

SECTION 16. 48.02 (1) (am) and (1e) of the statutes are amended to read:

48.02 (1) (am) When used in referring to an unborn child, serious physical harm inflicted on the unborn child, and the risk of serious physical harm to the child when born, caused by the habitual lack of self-control of the expectant mother of the unborn child in the use of alcohol beverages, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, controlled substances, or controlled substance analogs, exhibited to a severe degree.

- (1e) "Alcohol and other drug abuse impairment" means a condition of a person which is exhibited by characteristics of habitual lack of self-control in the use of alcohol beverages, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, controlled substances, or controlled substance analogs to the extent that the person's health is substantially affected or endangered or the person's social or economic functioning is substantially disrupted.
- **SECTION 17.** 48.02 (8b) of the statutes is created to read:
- 48.02 (**8b**) "Hemp-derived cannabinoid product" has the meaning given in s. 125.02 (6p).
 - **SECTION 18.** 48.02 (17m) of the statutes is amended to read:

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48.02 (17m) "Special treatment or care" means professional services which need to be provided to a child or his or her family to protect the well-being of the child, prevent placement of the child outside the home or meet the special needs of the child. "Special treatment or care" also means professional services which need to be provided to the expectant mother of an unborn child to protect the physical health of the unborn child and of the child when born from the harmful effects resulting from the habitual lack of self-control of the expectant mother in the use of alcohol, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, controlled substances, or controlled substance analogs, exhibited to a severe degree. This term includes, but is not limited to, medical, psychological or psychiatric treatment, alcohol or other drug abuse treatment or other services which the court finds to be necessary and appropriate.

SECTION 19. 48.08 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.08 (3) Any person authorized to provide or providing intake or dispositional services for the court under s. 48.067 or 48.069 has the power of police officers and deputy sheriffs only for the purpose of taking the expectant mother of an unborn child into physical custody when the expectant mother comes voluntarily or when there is a substantial risk that the physical health of the unborn child, and of the child when born, will be seriously affected or endangered due to the expectant mother's habitual lack of self-control in the use of alcohol beverages, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, controlled substances, or controlled substance analogs, exhibited to a severe degree.

SECTION 20. 48.133 of the statutes is amended to read:

48.133 Jurisdiction over unborn children in need of protection or

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services and the expectant mothers of those unborn children. The court has exclusive original jurisdiction over an unborn child alleged to be in need of protection or services which can be ordered by the court whose expectant mother habitually lacks self-control in the use of alcohol beverages, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, controlled substances, or controlled substance analogs, exhibited to a severe degree, to the extent that there is a substantial risk that the physical health of the unborn child, and of the child when born, will be seriously affected or endangered unless the expectant mother receives prompt and adequate treatment for that habitual lack of self-control. The court also has exclusive original jurisdiction over the expectant mother of an unborn child described in this section.

SECTION 21. 48.19 (1) (cm) and (d) 8. of the statutes are amended to read:

48.19 (1) (cm) An order of the judge if made upon a showing satisfactory to the judge that the child is an expectant mother, that due to the child expectant mother's habitual lack of self-control in the use of alcohol beverages, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, controlled substances, or controlled substance analogs, exhibited to a severe degree, there is a substantial risk that the physical health of the unborn child, and of the child when born, will be seriously affected or endangered unless the child expectant mother is taken into custody and that the child expectant mother is refusing or has refused to accept any alcohol or other drug abuse services offered to her or is not making or has not made a good faith effort to participate in any alcohol or other drug abuse services offered to her. The order shall specify that the child expectant mother be held in custody under s. 48.207 (1).

(d) 8. The child is an expectant mother and there is a substantial risk that the physical health of the unborn child, and of the child when born, will be seriously

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affected or endangered due to the child expectant mother's habitual lack of self-control in the use of alcohol beverages, <u>hemp-derived cannabinoid products</u>, controlled substances, or controlled substance analogs, exhibited to a severe degree, unless the child expectant mother is taken into custody.

SECTION 22. 48.193 (1) (c) and (d) 2. of the statutes are amended to read:

48.193 (1) (c) An order of the judge if made upon a showing satisfactory to the judge that due to the adult expectant mother's habitual lack of self-control in the use of alcohol beverages, hemp-derived_cannabinoid_products, controlled substances, or controlled substance analogs, exhibited to a severe degree, there is a substantial risk that the physical health of the unborn child, and of the child when born, will be seriously affected or endangered unless the adult expectant mother is taken into custody and that the adult expectant mother is refusing or has refused to accept any alcohol or other drug abuse services offered to her or is not making or has not made a good faith effort to participate in any alcohol or other drug abuse services offered to her. The order shall specify that the adult expectant mother be held in custody under s. 48.207 (1m).

(d) 2. There is a substantial risk that the physical health of the unborn child, and of the child when born, will be seriously affected or endangered due to the adult expectant mother's habitual lack of self-control in the use of alcohol beverages, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, controlled substances, or controlled substance analogs, exhibited to a severe degree, unless the adult expectant mother is taken into custody.

SECTION 23. 48.205 (1) (d) and (1m) of the statutes are amended to read:

48.205 (1) (d) Probable cause exists to believe that the child is an expectant

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mother, that if the child expectant mother is not held, there is a substantial risk that the physical health of the unborn child, and of the child when born, will be seriously affected or endangered by the child expectant mother's habitual lack of self-control in the use of alcohol beverages, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, controlled substances, or controlled substance analogs, exhibited to a severe degree, and that the child expectant mother is refusing or has refused to accept any alcohol or other drug abuse services offered to her or is not making or has not made a good faith effort to participate in any alcohol or other drug abuse services offered to her.

(1m) An adult expectant mother of an unborn child may be held under s. 48.207 (1m) if the intake worker determines that there is probable cause to believe that the adult expectant mother is within the jurisdiction of the court, to believe that if the adult expectant mother is not held, there is a substantial risk that the physical health of the unborn child, and of the child when born, will be seriously affected or endangered by the adult expectant mother's habitual lack of self-control in the use of alcohol beverages, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, controlled substances, or controlled substance analogs, exhibited to a severe degree, and to believe that the adult expectant mother is refusing or has refused to accept any alcohol or other drug abuse services offered to her or is not making or has not made a good faith effort to participate in any alcohol or other drug abuse services offered to her.

SECTION 24. 48.21 (1) (b) 4. of the statutes is amended to read:

48.21 (1) (b) 4. That, if the child is an expectant mother who was taken into custody under s. 48.19 (1) (cm) or (d) 8., probable cause exists to believe that there is a substantial risk that if the child expectant mother is not held, the physical health

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of the unborn child, and of the child when born, will be seriously affected or endangered by the child expectant mother's habitual lack of self-control in the use of alcohol beverages, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, controlled substances, or controlled substance analogs, exhibited to a severe degree, and to believe that the child expectant mother is refusing or has refused to accept any alcohol or other drug abuse services offered to her or is not making or has not made a good faith effort to participate in any alcohol or other drug abuse services offered to her.

SECTION 25. 48.213 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.213 (1) (b) If no petition has been filed by the time of the hearing, an adult expectant mother of an unborn child may be held in custody with the approval of the judge or circuit court commissioner for an additional 72 hours after the time of the hearing, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays, only if, as a result of the facts brought forth at the hearing, the judge or circuit court commissioner determines that probable cause exists to believe that there is a substantial risk that if the adult expectant mother is not held, the physical health of the unborn child, and of the child when born, will be seriously affected or endangered by the adult expectant mother's habitual lack of self-control in the use of alcohol beverages, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, controlled substances, or controlled substance analogs, exhibited to a severe degree, and to believe that the adult expectant mother is refusing or has refused to accept any alcohol or other drug abuse services offered to her or is not making or has not made a good faith effort to participate in any alcohol or other drug abuse services offered to her. The extension may be granted only once for any petition. In the event of failure to file a petition within the extension period provided for in this paragraph, the judge or circuit court

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commissioner shall order the adult expectant mother's immediate release from custody.

SECTION 26. 48.245 (2) (a) 3. and 4. of the statutes are amended to read:

48.245 (2) (a) 3. That the child or expectant mother submit to an alcohol and other drug abuse assessment that conforms to the criteria specified under s. 48.547 (4) and that is conducted by an approved treatment facility for an examination of the use of alcohol beverages, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, controlled substances, or controlled substance analogs by the child or expectant mother and any medical, personal, family or social effects caused by its use, if the multidisciplinary screen conducted under s. 48.24 (2) shows that the child or expectant mother is at risk of having needs and problems related to the use of alcohol beverages, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, controlled substances, or controlled substance analogs and its medical, personal, family or social effects.

4. That the child or expectant mother participate in an alcohol and other drug abuse outpatient treatment program or an education program relating to the abuse of alcohol beverages, <u>hemp-derived cannabinoid products</u>, controlled substances, or controlled substance analogs, if an alcohol and other drug abuse assessment conducted under subd. 3. recommends outpatient treatment or education.

SECTION 27. 48.295 (1) and (1g) of the statutes are amended to read:

48.295 (1) After the filing of a petition and upon a finding by the court that reasonable cause exists to warrant a physical, psychological, mental, or developmental examination or an alcohol and other drug abuse assessment that conforms to the criteria specified under s. 48.547 (4), the court may order any child coming within its jurisdiction to be examined as an outpatient by personnel in an

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approved treatment facility for alcohol and other drug abuse, by a physician, psychiatrist or licensed psychologist, or by another expert appointed by the court holding at least a master's degree in social work or another related field of child development, in order that the child's physical, psychological, alcohol or other drug dependency, mental, or developmental condition may be considered. The court may also order a physical, psychological, mental, or developmental examination or an alcohol and other drug abuse assessment that conforms to the criteria specified under s. 48.547 (4) of a parent, guardian, or legal custodian whose ability to care for a child is at issue before the court or of an expectant mother whose ability to control her use of alcohol beverages, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, controlled substances, or controlled substance analogs is at issue before the court. The court shall hear any objections by the child or the child's parents, guardian, or legal custodian to the request for such an examination or assessment before ordering the examination or assessment. The expenses of an examination, if approved by the court, shall be paid by the county of the court ordering the examination in a county having a population of less than 750,000 or by the department in a county having a population of 750,000 or more. The payment for an alcohol and other drug abuse assessment shall be in accordance with s. 48.361.

(1g) If the court orders an alcohol or other drug abuse assessment under sub.

(1), the approved treatment facility shall, within 14 days after the court order, report the results of the assessment to the court, except that, upon request by the approved treatment facility and if the child is not an expectant mother under s.

48.133 and is not held in secure or nonsecure custody, the court may extend the period for assessment for not more than 20 additional working days. The report

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shall include a recommendation as to whether the child or expectant mother is in need of treatment for abuse of alcohol beverages, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, controlled substances, or controlled substance analogs or education relating to the use of alcohol beverages, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, controlled substances, and controlled substance analogs and, if so, shall recommend a service plan and an appropriate treatment, from an approved treatment facility, or a court-approved education program.

SECTION 28. 48.31 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.31 (4) The court or jury shall make findings of fact and the court shall make conclusions of law relating to the allegations of a petition filed under s. 48.13, 48.133 or 48.42, except that the court shall make findings of fact relating to whether the child or unborn child is in need of protection or services which can be ordered by the court. In cases alleging a child to be in need of protection or services under s. 48.13 (11), the court may not find that the child is suffering emotional damage unless a licensed physician specializing in psychiatry or a licensed psychologist appointed by the court to examine the child has testified at the hearing that in his or her opinion the condition exists, and adequate opportunity for the crossexamination of the physician or psychologist has been afforded. The judge may use the written reports if the right to have testimony presented is voluntarily, knowingly and intelligently waived by the guardian ad litem or legal counsel for the child and the parent or guardian. In cases alleging a child to be in need of protection or services under s. 48.13 (11m) or an unborn child to be in need of protection or services under s. 48.133, the court may not find that the child or the expectant mother of the unborn child is in need of treatment and education for

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needs and problems related to the use or abuse of alcohol beverages, <u>hemp-derived</u> cannabinoid products, controlled substances, or controlled substance analogs and its medical, personal, family or social effects unless an assessment for alcohol and other drug abuse that conforms to the criteria specified under s. 48.547 (4) has been conducted by an approved treatment facility.

SECTION 29. 48.345 (13) (a) and (b) and (14) (a) of the statutes are amended to read:

48.345 (13) (a) If the report prepared under s. 48.33 (1) recommends that the child is in need of treatment for the use or abuse of alcohol beverages, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, controlled substances, or controlled substance analogs and its medical, personal, family or social effects, the court may order the child to enter an outpatient alcohol and other drug abuse treatment program at an approved treatment facility. The approved treatment facility shall, under the terms of a service agreement between the approved treatment facility and the county in a county having a population of less than 750,000 or the department in a county having a population of 750,000 or more, or with the written informed consent of the child or the child's parent if the child has not attained the age of 12, report to the agency primarily responsible for providing services to the child as to whether the child is cooperating with the treatment and whether the treatment appears to be effective.

(b) If the report prepared under s. 48.33 (1) recommends that the child is in need of education relating to the use of alcohol beverages, <u>hemp-derived</u> <u>cannabinoid products</u>, controlled substances, or controlled substance analogs, the court may order the child to participate in an alcohol or other drug abuse education

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program approved by the court. The person or agency that provides the education program shall, under the terms of a service agreement between the education program and the county in a county having a population of less than 750,000 or the department in a county having a population of 750,000 or more, or with the written informed consent of the child or the child's parent if the child has not attained the age of 12, report to the agency primarily responsible for providing services to the child about the child's attendance at the program.

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(14) (a) If, based on an evaluation under s. 48.295 and the report under s. 48.33, the judge finds that the child expectant mother of an unborn child in need of protection or services is in need of inpatient treatment for her habitual lack of selfcontrol in the use of alcohol, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, controlled substances, or controlled substance analogs, exhibited to a severe degree, that inpatient treatment is appropriate for the child expectant mother's needs and that inpatient treatment is the least restrictive treatment consistent with the child expectant mother's needs, the judge may order the child expectant mother to enter an inpatient alcohol or other drug abuse treatment program at an inpatient facility, as defined in s. 51.01 (10). The inpatient facility shall, under the terms of a service agreement between the inpatient facility and the county in a county having a population of less than 750,000 or the department in a county having a population of 750,000 or more, or with the written and informed consent of the child expectant mother or the child expectant mother's parent if the child expectant mother has not attained the age of 12, report to the agency primarily responsible for providing services to the child expectant mother as to whether the child expectant mother is cooperating with the treatment and whether the treatment appears to be effective.

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SECTION 30. 48.347 (5) (a) and (b) and (6) (a) of the statutes are amended to read:

48.347 (5) (a) If the report prepared under s. 48.33 (1) recommends that the adult expectant mother is in need of treatment for the use or abuse of alcohol beverages, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, controlled substances, or controlled substance analogs and its medical, personal, family or social effects, the court may order the adult expectant mother to enter an outpatient alcohol and other drug abuse treatment program at an approved treatment facility. The approved treatment facility shall, under the terms of a service agreement between the approved treatment facility and the county in a county having a population of less than 750,000 or the department in a county having a population of 750,000 or more, or with the written informed consent of the adult expectant mother, report to the agency primarily responsible for providing services to the adult expectant mother as to whether the adult expectant mother is cooperating with the treatment and whether the treatment appears to be effective.

(b) If the report prepared under s. 48.33 (1) recommends that the adult expectant mother is in need of education relating to the use of alcohol beverages, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, controlled substances, or controlled substance analogs, the court may order the adult expectant mother to participate in an alcohol or other drug abuse education program approved by the court. The person or agency that provides the education program shall, under the terms of a service agreement between the education program and the county in a county having a population of less than 750,000 or the department in a county having a population of 750,000 or more, or with the written informed consent of the adult expectant

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mother, report to the agency primarily responsible for providing services to the adult expectant mother about the adult expectant mother's attendance at the program.

(6) (a) If, based on an evaluation under s. 48.295 and the report under s. 48.33, the judge finds that the adult expectant mother is in need of inpatient treatment for her habitual lack of self-control in the use of alcohol, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, controlled substances, or controlled substance analogs, exhibited to a severe degree, that inpatient treatment is appropriate for the adult expectant mother's needs and that inpatient treatment is the least restrictive treatment consistent with the adult expectant mother's needs, the judge may order the adult expectant mother to enter an inpatient alcohol or other drug abuse treatment program at an inpatient facility, as defined in s. 51.01 (10). The inpatient facility shall, under the terms of a service agreement between the inpatient facility and the county in a county having a population of less than 750,000 or the department in a county having a population of 750,000 or more, or with the written and informed consent of the adult expectant mother, report to the agency primarily responsible for providing services to the adult expectant mother as to whether the adult expectant mother is cooperating with the treatment and whether the treatment appears to be effective.

SECTION 31. 48.547 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.547 (1) LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS AND PURPOSE. The legislature finds that the use and abuse of alcohol and other drugs by children and the expectant mothers of unborn children is a state responsibility of statewide dimension. The legislature recognizes that there is a lack of adequate procedures to screen, assess and treat

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children and the expectant mothers of unborn children for alcohol and other drug abuse. To reduce the incidence of alcohol and other drug abuse by children and the expectant mothers of unborn children, the legislature deems it necessary to experiment with solutions to the problems of the use and abuse of alcohol and other drugs by children and the expectant mothers of unborn children by establishing a juvenile and expectant mother alcohol and other drug abuse program in a limited number of counties. The purpose of the program is to develop intake and court procedures that screen, assess and give new dispositional alternatives for children and expectant mothers with needs and problems related to the use of alcohol beverages, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, controlled substances, or controlled substance analogs who come within the jurisdiction of a court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under this chapter and ch. 938 in the counties selected by the department.

SECTION 32. 51.01 (8r) of the statutes is created to read:

51.01 (**8r**) "Hemp-derived cannabinoid product" has the meaning given in s. 125.02 (6p). "Hemp-derived cannabinoid product" is a drug for purposes of sub. (8).

SECTION 33. 51.45 (2) (f) and (4) (L) of the statutes are amended to read:

51.45 (2) (f) "Intoxicated person" means a person whose mental or physical functioning is substantially impaired as a result of the use of alcohol, a hemp-derived cannabinoid product, a controlled substance, a controlled substance analog, or another drug.

(4) (L) Develop and maintain, in cooperation with other state agencies, local governments and businesses and industries in the state, appropriate prevention, treatment and rehabilitation programs and services for alcohol abuse, alcoholism,

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- hemp-derived cannabinoid product abuse, controlled substance use, and drug dependence among employees thereof.
- 3 **SECTION 34.** 51.49 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
- 51.49 (1) (c) "Intoxicant" means any alcohol beverage, <u>hemp-derived</u>
 cannabinoid product, hazardous inhalant, controlled substance, controlled
 substance analog, or other drug, or any combination thereof.
 - **SECTION 35.** 64.28 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
 - 64.28 (1) At the election held, as provided by law, upon the first Tuesday in April next succeeding the adoption of the provisions of ss. 64.25 to 64.40, there shall be elected a council consisting of a mayor and 2 other members. Any person possessing all the qualifications of an elector in such city other than the qualification of residence therein shall be eligible to election as mayor or other member of the council, but no person who holds a license for the sale of intoxicating liquors or of hemp-derived cannabinoid products, as defined in s. 125.02 (6p), shall be eligible to any such office. Both the mayor and the council members shall be nominated and elected by the voters of the city at large.
 - **SECTION 36.** 68.02 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
- 68.02 (1) The grant or denial in whole or in part after application of an initial permit, license, right, privilege, or authority, except an alcohol beverage license or license for the retail sale of hemp-derived cannabinoid products, as defined in s. 125.02 (6p).
- **SECTION 37.** 68.03 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:
- 23 68.03 (5) The grant, denial, suspension, or revocation under s. 125.12 (1) of an

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- alcohol beverage license under s. 125.12 (1) or license for the retail sale of hempderived cannabinoid products, as defined in s. 125.02 (6p).
- 3 **SECTION 38.** 73.01 (4) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
- 4 73.01 (4) (a) Subject to the provisions for judicial review contained in s. 5 73.015, the commission shall be the final authority for the hearing and determination of all questions of law and fact arising under sub. (5) and s. 72.86 (4), 1985 stats., and ss. 70.38 (4) (a), 70.397, 70.64, and 70.995 (8), s. 76.38 (12) (a), 1993 stats., ss. 76.39 (4) (c), 76.48 (6), 77.26 (3), 77.59 (5m) and (6) (b), 78.01, 78.22, 78.40, 78.555, 139.02, 139.03, 139.032, 139.06, 139.31, 139.315, 139.33, 139.76, 139.78, 177.1103, 177.1206 (3), 341.405, and 341.45, subch. XIV of ch. 71, and subch. VII of Whenever with respect to a pending appeal there is filed with the commission a stipulation signed by the department of revenue and the adverse party, under s. 73.03 (25), or the department of transportation and the adverse party agreeing to an affirmance, modification, or reversal of the department of revenue's or department of transportation's position with respect to some or all of the issues raised in the appeal, the commission shall enter an order affirming or modifying in whole or in part, or canceling the assessment appealed from, or allowing in whole or in part or denying the petitioner's refund claim, as the case may be, pursuant to and in accordance with the stipulation filed. No responsibility shall devolve upon the commission, respecting the signing of an order of dismissal as to any pending appeal settled by the department of revenue or the department of transportation without the approval of the commission.
 - **SECTION 39.** 77.51 (3t) of the statutes is amended to read:
- 24 "Food and food ingredient" means a substance in liquid, 77.51 (3t)

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SECTION 40. 77.51 (4p) of the statutes is created to read:

6 77.51 (**4p**) "Hemp-derived cannabinoid product" has the meaning given in s. 125.02 (6p).

SECTION 41. 77.98 (1) (am) of the statutes is created to read:

77.98 (1) (am) Hemp-derived cannabinoid products, as defined in s. 125.02 (6p), if the hemp-derived cannabinoid products are for consumption on the seller's premises.

SECTION 42. 77.98 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

77.98 (3) For purposes of sub. (1) (a) and (am), "premises" shall be broadly construed and shall include the lobby, aisles, and auditorium of a theater or the seating, aisles, and parking area of an arena, a rink, or a stadium, or the parking area of a drive-in or an outdoor theater. The premises of a caterer with respect to catered meals or, beverages, or hemp-derived cannabinoid products shall be the place where served.

SECTION 43. 77.98 (4) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

77.98 (4) (a) Except as provided in par. (b), the tax imposed under this section shall not be imposed on the sale of alcoholic beverages, <u>hemp-derived cannabinoid products</u>, candy, prepared food, or soft drinks sold by a person primarily engaged, as determined by the department, in the retail trade as a food and beverage store, as classified under sector 44-45, subsector 445, of the North American Industry

policy under s. 344.15 (1).

Classification System, 2017 edition, published by the U.S. office of management		
and budget, beginning on the first day of the calendar quarter that is at least 120		
days after the date on which the bonds issued by the district under subch. II of ch.		
229 during the first 60 months after April 26, 1994, and any debt issued to fund or		
refund those bonds, are retired. The district shall notify the department of revenue,		
in the manner prescribed by the department, when such bonds and debt are retired.		
SECTION 44. 85.55 of the statutes is renumbered 85.55 (2) and amended to		
read:		
85.55 (2) The department may award grants to any county or, municipality, or		
to any nonprofit corporation, as defined in s. 66.0129 (6) (b), to cover the costs of		
transporting persons suspected of having a prohibited alcohol concentration, as		
defined in s. 340.01 (46m), being intoxicated from any premises licensed under ch.		
125 to sell alcohol beverages <u>or hemp-derived cannabinoid products</u> to their places		
of residence or to cover the costs of advertising the availability of a service provided		
by the county, municipality, or nonprofit corporation transporting persons		
suspected of having a prohibited alcohol concentration, as defined in s. 340.01		
(46m), being intoxicated from any such licensed premises licensed under ch. 125 to		
sell alcohol beverages to their places of residence.		
(3) The amount of a grant under this section may not exceed 80 percent of the		
costs necessary to provide the service.		
(4) The liability of a provider of a safe-ride program to persons transported		

under the program is limited to the amounts required for an automobile liability

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1	(5) Grants awarded under this section shall be paid from the appropriation
2	under s. 20.395 (5) (ek).
3	SECTION 45. 85.55 (1) of the statutes is created to read:
4	85.55 (1) In this section:
5	(a) "Hemp-derived cannabinoid product" has the meaning given in s. 125.02
6	(6p).
7	(b) "Intoxicated" means any of the following:
8	1. Having a prohibited alcohol concentration, as defined in s. 340.01 (46m).
9	2. Being under the influence of a hemp-derived cannabinoid product to a
10	degree that renders the person incapable of safely driving a motor vehicle.
11	(c) "Nonprofit corporation" has the meaning given in s. 66.0129 (6) (b).
12	SECTION 46. 94.55 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 94.55 (1) (intro.) and
13	amended to read:
14	94.55 (1) DEFINITION DEFINITIONS. (intro.) In this section, "hemp":
15	(a) "Hemp" means the plant Cannabis sativa L. and any part of that plant
16	including the seeds thereof and all derivatives, extracts, cannabinoids, isomers
17	acids, salts, and salts of isomers, whether growing or not, with a delta-9

including the seeds thereof and all derivatives, extracts, cannabinoids, isomers, acids, salts, and salts of isomers, whether growing or not, with a delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of not more than 0.3 percent on a dry weight basis or the maximum concentration allowed under federal law up to 1 percent, whichever is greater, as tested using post-decarboxylation or other similarly reliable methods. "Hemp" includes a hemp-derived cannabinoid product, as defined in s. 125.02 (6p). "Hemp" does not include a prescription drug product that has been approved by the U.S. food and drug administration.

SECTION 47. 94.55 (1) (b) of the statutes is created to read:

94.55 (1) (b) "Hemp producer" means an owner, operator, landlord, tenant, or
sharecropper who shares in the risk of producing a hemp crop and who is entitled to
share in the crop available for marketing from the farm or would have shared had
the crop been produced. A producer includes a grower of hybrid hemp seed.
SECTION 48. 94.55 (1) (c) of the statutes is created to read:
94.55 (1) (c) "Produce" means to grow a plant or crop for market or for
cultivation for market.
SECTION 49. 94.55 (1m) of the statutes is created to read:
94.55 (1m) EXEMPTION. Subsections (2) to (4) do not apply to hemp-derived
cannabinoid products, as defined in s. 125.02 (6p).
SECTION 50. 97.29 (1) (c) and (h) 3. of the statutes are amended to read:
97.29 (1) (c) "Bottling establishment" means any place where drinking water
soda water beverage, hemp-derived cannabinoid product beverage, or alcohol
beverage is manufactured or bottled for sale. "Bottling establishment" does not
include a retail establishment engaged in the preparation and sale of beverages
under a license issued under s. 125.26 er, 125.51, or 125.761 or a license issued
under s. 97.30 for a restaurant or other license issued under s. 97.605.
(h) 3. An establishment covered by a license or permit under ch. 125 to sell
alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products if the food processing
activities related to alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products at that

SECTION 51. 97.29 (1) (hg) of the statutes is created to read:

establishment are limited to preparing individual servings of alcohol beverages or

hemp-derived cannabinoid product beverages that are sold on the premises in

accordance with the terms of the establishment's license or permit under ch. 125.

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97.29 (1) (hg) "Hemp-derived cannabinoid product" has the meaning given in s. 125.02 (6p).

SECTION 52. 100.30 (2) (am) 1. and 2. and (c) 1. a. and 2. of the statutes are amended to read:

100.30 (2) (am) 1. With respect to the sale of cigarettes or other tobacco products, fermented malt beverages or, intoxicating liquor, or wine hemp-derived cannabinoid products, "cost to retailer" means the invoice cost of the merchandise to the retailer within 30 days prior to the date of sale, or replacement cost of the merchandise to the retailer, whichever is lower, less all trade discounts except customary discounts for cash, plus any excise taxes imposed on such merchandise or the sale thereof other than excise taxes collected by the retailer, and any cost incurred for transportation and any other charges not otherwise included in the invoice cost or the replacement cost of the merchandise as herein set forth, to which shall be added a markup to cover a proportionate part of the cost of doing business, which markup, in the absence of proof of a lesser cost, shall be 6 percent of the cost to the retailer as herein set forth.

2. With respect to the sale of merchandise other than cigarettes or other tobacco products, fermented malt beverages, intoxicating liquor or wine, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, or motor vehicle fuel, "cost to retailer" means the invoice cost of the merchandise to the retailer, or replacement cost of the merchandise to the retailer, whichever is lower, less all trade discounts except customary discounts for cash, plus any excise taxes imposed on such merchandise or the sale thereof other than excise taxes collected by the retailer, and any cost

- incurred for transportation and any other charges not otherwise included in the invoice cost or the replacement cost of the merchandise as herein set forth.
- (c) 1. a. With respect to the sale of cigarettes or other tobacco products, fermented malt beverages or intoxicating liquor, or wine hemp-derived cannabinoid products, "cost to wholesaler" means, except as provided in subd. 1. b., the invoice cost of the merchandise to the wholesaler within 30 days prior to the date of sale, or the replacement cost of the merchandise to the wholesaler, whichever is lower, less all trade discounts except customary discounts for cash, plus any excise taxes imposed on the sale thereof prior to the sale at retail, and any cost incurred for transportation and any other charges not otherwise included in the invoice cost or the replacement cost of the merchandise as herein set forth, to which shall be added, except for sales at wholesale between wholesalers, a markup to cover a proportionate part of the cost of doing business, which markup, in the absence of proof of a lesser cost, shall be 3 percent of the cost to the wholesaler as herein set forth.
- 2. With respect to the sale of merchandise other than cigarettes or other tobacco products, fermented malt beverages, intoxicating liquor or wine, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, or motor vehicle fuel, "cost to wholesaler" means the invoice cost of the merchandise to the wholesaler, or the replacement cost of the merchandise to the wholesaler, whichever is lower, less all trade discounts except customary discounts for cash, plus any excise taxes imposed on the sale thereof prior to the sale at retail, and any cost incurred for transportation and any other charges not otherwise included in the invoice cost or the replacement cost of the merchandise as herein set forth.

1	SECTION 53. 100.30 (2) (cjm) of the statutes is created to read:
2	100.30 (2) (cjm) "Fermented malt beverages" has the meaning given in s.
3	125.02 (6).
4	SECTION 54. 100.30 (2) (ck) of the statutes is created to read:
5	100.30 (2) (ck) "Hemp-derived cannabinoid product" has the meaning given in
6	s. 125.02 (6p).
7	SECTION 55. 100.30 (2) (ckm) of the statutes is created to read:
8	100.30 (2) (ckm) "Intoxicating liquor" has the meaning given in s. 125.02 (8).
9	SECTION 56. 100.30 (2) (k) of the statutes is amended to read:
10	100.30 (2) (k) In the case of retail sales of alcohol fermented malt beverages,
11	intoxicating liquor, or hemp-derived cannabinoid products, "trade discount" shall
12	not include discounts in the form of cash or merchandise.
13	SECTION 57. 100.30 (5) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
14	100.30 (5) (a) The department may issue a special order as provided in s.
15	93.18 against a retailer, wholesaler, wholesaler of motor vehicle fuel, or refiner
16	requiring the person to cease and desist from violating this section in the sale of
17	cigarettes or other tobacco products, fermented malt beverages, intoxicating liquor
18	or wine, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, or motor vehicle fuel. The
19	department or a district attorney may commence an action on behalf of the state
20	against a retailer, wholesaler, wholesaler of motor vehicle fuel, or refiner who
21	violates a special order issued under this paragraph to recover a forfeiture of not
22	less than \$200 nor more than \$5,000 for each violation.
23	SECTION 58. 101.123 (1) (av) of the statutes is created to read:
24	101.123 (1) (av) "Inhalable hemp-derived cannabinoid product" means a

- SECTION 58
- 1 hemp-derived cannabinoid product, as defined in s. 125.02 (6p), that is produced,
- 2 marketed, or otherwise intended to be inhaled.
- 3 **SECTION 59.** 101.123 (1) (h) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
- 4 101.123 (1) (h) (intro.) "Smoking" means burning or holding, or inhaling or
- 5 exhaling smoke from, any of the following items containing that, except with
- 6 <u>respect to subd. 5., contain</u> tobacco:
- **SECTION 60.** 101.123 (1) (h) 5. of the statutes is created to read:
- 8 101.123 (1) (h) 5. A lighted inhalable hemp-derived cannabinoid product.
- 9 **SECTION 61.** 108.02 (17g) of the statutes is created to read:
- 10 108.02 (17g) HEMP-DERIVED CANNABINOID PRODUCT. "Hemp-derived
- cannabinoid product" has the meaning given in s. 125.02 (6p).
- **SECTION 62.** 108.04 (5) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
- 13 108.04 (5) (a) A violation by an employee of an employer's reasonable written
- policy concerning the use of alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid
- products, or use of a controlled substance or a controlled substance analog, if the
- 16 employee:
- 1. Had knowledge of the alcohol beverage, hemp-derived cannabinoid product,
- or controlled substance policy; and
- 2. Admitted to the use of alcohol beverages, hemp-derived cannabinoid
- 20 products, or a controlled substance or controlled substance analog or refused to take
- a test or tested positive for the use of alcohol beverages, hemp-derived cannabinoid
- products, or a controlled substance or controlled substance analog in a test used by
- 23 the employer in accordance with a testing methodology approved by the
- department.

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1	SECTION 63. 111.32 (7r) of the statutes is created to read:
2	111.32 (7r) "Hemp-derived cannabinoid product" has the meaning given in s.
3	125.02 (6p).
4	SECTION 64. 111.32 (9m) of the statutes is created to read:
5	111.32 (9m) "Lawful product" does not include any hemp-derived
6	cannabinoid product.
7	SECTION 65. 111.34 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
8	111.34 (1) (b) Refusing Subject to sub. (3), refusing to reasonably
9	accommodate an employee's or prospective employee's disability unless the
10	employer can demonstrate that the accommodation would pose a hardship on the
11	employer's program, enterprise or business.
12	SECTION 66. 111.34 (3) of the statutes is created to read:
13	111.34 (3) (a) Notwithstanding s. 111.322, this subchapter does not apply
14	with respect to any act of an employer based upon an individual's use or possession
15	of hemp-derived cannabinoid products or the individual testing positive for the
16	presence of tetrahydrocannabinols.
17	(b) Nothing in this subchapter requires an employer to permit, accommodate,
18	or allow the use or possession of hemp-derived cannabinoid products or to modify
19	any job or working conditions of any employee who engages or wishes to engage in
20	the use or possession of hemp-derived cannabinoid products.
21	(c) Nothing in this subchapter prohibits an employer from refusing to hire,
22	terminating, discharging, disciplining, or otherwise discriminating against an

individual with respect to hiring, discharging, tenure, promotion, or compensation,

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SECTION 66

- or in terms, conditions, or privileges of employment as a result, in whole or in part,

 of the individual's use or possession of hemp-derived cannabinoid products or the

 individual testing positive for the presence of tetrahydrocannabinols, regardless of

 any impairment or lack of impairment resulting therefrom.
- **SECTION 67.** 114.002 (14m) of the statutes is created to read:
- 6 114.002 (**14m**) "Hemp-derived cannabinoid product" has the meaning given in s. 125.02 (6p).
- 8 **SECTION 68.** 114.09 (1) (b) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:
 - 114.09 (1) (b) 1. No person may operate an aircraft in the air or on the ground or water while under the influence of intoxicating liquor, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, or controlled substances or controlled substance analogs under ch. 961 or a combination thereof, under the influence of any other drug to a degree which renders him or her incapable of safely operating an aircraft, or under the combined influence of intoxicating liquor and any other drug to a degree which renders him or her incapable of safely operating an aircraft.
 - **SECTION 69.** 114.09 (2) (bm) 1. (intro.) and 4. of the statutes are amended to read:
 - 114.09 (2) (bm) 1. (intro.) Except as provided in subd. 1. a. or b., the court shall order the person violating sub. (1) (b) 1. or 1m. to submit to and comply with an assessment by an approved public treatment facility as defined in s. 51.45 (2) (c) for examination of the person's use of alcohol, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, controlled substances, or controlled substance analogs and development of an airman safety plan for the person. The court shall notify the person, the

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department, and the proper federal agency of the assessment order. The assessment order shall:

- 4. The assessment report shall order compliance with an airman safety plan. The report shall inform the person of the fee provisions under s. 46.03 (18) (f). The safety plan may include a component that makes the person aware of the effect of his or her offense on a victim and a victim's family. The safety plan may include treatment for the person's misuse, abuse, or dependence on alcohol, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, controlled substances, or controlled substance analogs. If the plan requires inpatient treatment, the treatment shall not exceed 30 days. An airman safety plan under this paragraph shall include a termination date consistent with the plan that shall not extend beyond one year. The county department under s. 51.42 shall assure notification of the department of transportation and the person of the person's compliance or noncompliance with assessment and treatment.
 - **SECTION 70.** 115.001 (3f) of the statutes is created to read:
- 115.001 (**3f**) HEMP-DERIVED CANNABINOID PRODUCT. "Hemp-derived cannabinoid product" has the meaning given in s. 125.02 (6p).
 - **SECTION 71.** 115.35 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
 - 115.35 (1) A critical health problems education program is established in the department. The program shall be a systematic and integrated program designed to provide appropriate learning experiences based on scientific knowledge of the human organism as it functions within its environment and designed to favorably influence the health, understanding, attitudes and practices of the individual child which will enable him or her to adapt to changing health problems of our society.

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The program shall be designed to educate youth with regard to critical health problems and shall include, but not be limited to, the following topics as the basis for comprehensive education curricula in all elementary and secondary schools: controlled substances, as defined in s. 961.01 (4); controlled substance analogs, as defined in s. 961.01 (4m); hemp-derived cannabinoid products; alcohol; tobacco; mental health; sexually transmitted diseases. including acquired immunodeficiency syndrome; human growth and development; and related health and safety topics. Participation in the human growth and development topic of the curricula shall be entirely voluntary. The department may not require a school board to use a specific human growth and development curriculum.

SECTION 72. 118.01 (2) (d) 2. c., 6. and 7. of the statutes are amended to read: 118.01 (2) (d) 2. c. Knowledge of physiology and hygiene, sanitation, the effects of controlled substances under ch. 961, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, and alcohol upon the human system, symptoms of disease and the proper care of the body. No pupil may be required to take instruction in these subjects if his or her parent files with the teacher a written objection thereto. If a pupil does not take instruction in these subjects as a result of parental objection, the pupil may not be required to be examined in the subjects and may not be penalized in any way for not taking such instruction, but if the subjects receive credit toward graduation, the school board may require the pupil to complete an alternative assignment that is similar to the subjects in the length of time necessary to complete. Instruction in physiology and hygiene shall include instruction on sexually transmitted diseases and shall be offered in every high school.

6. Knowledge of the prevention of accidents and promotion of safety on the

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public highways, including instruction on the relationship between highway safety
and the use of alcohol, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, and controlled
substances, including prescription drugs, under ch. 961.

- 7. The skills needed to make sound decisions, knowledge of the conditions which may cause and the signs of suicidal tendencies, knowledge of the relationship between youth suicide and the use of alcohol, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, and controlled substances, including prescription drugs, under ch. 961 and knowledge of the available community youth suicide prevention and intervention services. Instruction shall be designed to help prevent suicides by pupils by promoting the positive emotional development of pupils.
 - **SECTION 73.** 118.124 (2) (a) 6. of the statutes is amended to read:
- 118.124 (2) (a) 6. Use or possession of alcohol, <u>a hemp-derived cannabinoid</u> product, a controlled substance, as defined in s. 961.01 (4), or a controlled substance analog, as defined in s. 961.01 (4m).
 - **SECTION 74.** 118.257 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
- 118.257 (2) A school administrator, principal, pupil services professional, or teacher employed by a school board is not liable for referring a pupil enrolled in the school district to law enforcement authorities, or for removing a pupil from the school premises or from participation in a school-sponsored activity, for suspicion of possession, distribution, delivery or consumption of an alcohol beverage or a, hemp-derived cannabinoid product, controlled substance, or controlled substance analog.
 - **SECTION 75.** Chapter 125 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:

CHAPTER 125

ALCOHOL BEVERAGES

1	AND HEMP-DERIVED
2	CANNABINOID PRODUCTS
3	SECTION 76. 125.02 (5g) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	125.02 (5g) "Division" means the division of alcohol beverages intoxicating
5	<u>products</u> in the department.
6	SECTION 77. 125.02 (6i) of the statutes is created to read:
7	125.02 (6i) "Hemp" has the meaning given in s. 94.55 (1) (a).
8	SECTION 78. 125.02 (6k) of the statutes is created to read:
9	125.02 (6k) "Hemp concentrate" means the extracts or resins of hemp,
10	including extracts or resins that are refined to increase the presence of targeted
11	cannabinoids, but does not include refined cannabinoids or synthetic cannabinoids.
12	SECTION 79. 125.02 (6m) of the statutes is renumbered 125.02 (6t).
13	SECTION 80. 125.02 (6n) of the statutes is created to read:
14	125.02 (6n) (a) Subject to par. (b), "hemp-derived cannabinoid" means any
15	cannabinoid that is extracted from hemp, including a refined cannabinoid and
16	including any of the following:
17	1. Delta-6-tetrahydrocannabinol or delta-6-tetrahydrocannabinolic acid or
18	delta-6-tetrahydrocannabivarin.
19	2. Delta-8-tetrahydrocannabinol or delta-8-tetrahydrocannabinolic acid or
20	delta-8-tetrahydrocannabivarin.
21	3. Delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol or delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinolic acid or
22	delta-9-tetrahydrocannabivarin.
23	4. Delta-10-tetrahydrocannabinol or delta-10-tetrahydrocannabinolic acid or
24	delta-10-tetrahydrocannabivarin.

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1	(b) "Hemp-derived cannabinoid" does not include any of the following:
2	1. Tetrahydrocannabiphorol.
3	2. Tetrahydrocannabinol acetate.
4	3. Hexahydrocannabinol.
5	4. Any synthetic cannabinoid.
6	SECTION 81. 125.02 (6p) of the statutes is created to read:
7	125.02 (6p) (a) Subject to par. (b), "hemp-derived cannabinoid product"
8	means a product that contains or that is labeled to contain a hemp-derived
9	cannabinoid and that is produced, marketed, or otherwise intended to be ingested
10	orally, inhaled, or absorbed through the skin.
11	(b) "Hemp-derived cannabinoid product" does not include any of the following:
12	1. A hemp-derived topical product, as defined in s. 125.775 (1).
13	2. A cannabidiol product, as defined in s. 961.01 (3r), that is governed by ss.
14	961.32 (2m) and 961.38 (1n) (b), and any tetrahydrocannabinol contained in a
15	cannabidiol product that is dispensed as provided in s. 961.38 (1n) (a) or that is
16	possessed as provided in s. 961.32 (2m) (b).
17	3. A prescription drug product that has been approved by the U.S. food and
18	drug administration.
19	SECTION 82. 125.02 (9) of the statutes is amended to read:
20	125.02 (9) "License" means an authorization to sell alcohol beverages or
21	hemp-derived cannabinoid products issued by a municipal governing body under
22	this chapter.
23	SECTION 83. 125.02 (10) of the statutes is amended to read:

125.02 (10) "Manufacturer" Except in ss. 125.25 (2) (b) 7. and 125.26 (2) (b) 7.

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- and subch. IV, "manufacturer" means a person, other than a rectifier, that
 ferments, manufactures, or distills intoxicating liquor.
- 3 **SECTION 84.** 125.02 (16m) of the statutes is created to read:
 - 125.02 (16m) "Refined cannabinoid" means a cannabinoid extracted from hemp with a chemical makeup that is changed after extraction to create a different cannabinoid or other chemical compound by applying a catalyst other than heat or light. "Refined cannabinoid" includes any tetrahydrocannabinol created from cannabidiol or hemp concentrate, except that "refined cannabinoid" does not include a cannabinoid described in sub. (6n) (b) 1. to 4. or a product described in sub. (6p) (b).
 - **SECTION 85.** 125.02 (19) of the statutes is amended to read:
- 12 125.02 (19) "Retailer" means any person who sells, or offers for sale, any alcohol beverages <u>or hemp-derived cannabinoid products</u> to any person other than a person holding a permit or a license under this chapter.
 - **SECTION 86.** 125.02 (20) of the statutes is amended to read:
 - 125.02 (20) "Sell", "sold", "sale" or "selling" means any transfer of alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products with consideration or any transfer without consideration if knowingly made for purposes of evading the law relating to the sale of alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products, or any shift, device, scheme, or transaction for obtaining alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products, including the solicitation of orders for, or the sale for future delivery of, alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products.
 - **SECTION 87.** 125.02 (20e) of the statutes is created to read:
- 24 125.02 (20e) "Synthetic cannabinoid" means a substance with a similar

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chemical structure and pharmacological activity to a cannabinoid but that is not extracted or derived from hemp and is instead created or produced by chemical or biochemical synthesis.

SECTION 88. 125.025 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

125.025 (1) ADMINISTRATION; PERSONNEL. (a) The division, under the direction and supervision of the administrator, shall administer this chapter and have jurisdiction over alcohol beverages and hemp-derived cannabinoid product regulation, enforcement, and education in this state. The division is responsible for administering regulatory programs; promoting regulatory transparency; promoting statutory changes to create clarity, consistency, and simplicity in alcohol beverage and hemp-derived cannabinoid product regulatory requirements; and ensuring active, consistent enforcement of alcohol beverage and hemp-derived cannabinoid product laws.

- (b) The administrator may appoint, in the classified service, special agents and other employees necessary to carry out the permitting, audit, legal, education, and enforcement functions of the division. The division shall employ no fewer than 10 alcohol beverage field agents to perform enforcement activities under the direction of the director of the bureau created under s. 15.433 (2) (b) dedicated to enforcement.
- (c) The administrator and any employee of the division may not be employed by or have a substantial financial interest in the alcohol beverages <u>or hemp-derived</u> cannabinoid product industry or any business subject to the division's jurisdiction.
 - **SECTION 89.** 125.025 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:
 - 125.025 (3) INSPECTION FOR ENFORCEMENT. Duly authorized employees of the

SECTION 89

department of justice and the division and any sheriff, police officer, marshal, or constable, within their respective jurisdictions, may, during normal business hours, enter any licensed premises, and examine the books, papers, and records of any brewer, brewpub, manufacturer, rectifier, wholesaler, retailer, permittee under s. 125.751, 125.753, 125.755, 125.756, or 125.757, fulfillment house, or common carrier and may inspect and examine, according to law, any premises where fermented malt alcohol beverages or intoxicating liquors hemp-derived cannabinoid products are manufactured, sold, exposed for sale, possessed, or stored, for the purpose of inspecting the same and determining whether this chapter is being complied with. Any refusal to permit such examination of such premises is sufficient grounds under s. 125.12 for revocation or suspension of any license or permit issued under this chapter and is punishable under s. 125.11 (3). Inspection of hemp-derived cannabinoid products under this subsection may include testing or sampling these products.

SECTION 90. 125.025 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

125.025 (4) LIST OF PERMITTEES. The division shall provide the department with all information necessary for the department to publish the information specified in s. 139.11 (4) (a) 2. and, (b) 2., and (c).

SECTION 91. 125.025 (6) of the statutes is created to read:

125.025 **(6)** ADDITIONAL POWERS AND DUTIES RELATED TO HEMP-DERIVED CANNABINOID PRODUCTS. (a) The division shall develop, maintain, and enforce, consistent with the provisions of this chapter, an organized system of regulation for the hemp-derived cannabinoid product industry.

(b) The division may enter into interagency agreements with the department

of agriculture, trade and consumer protection to ensure that hemp-derived						
cannabinoid products that are produced, marketed, or otherwise intended to be						
ingested orally are handled in a manner consistent with relevant food safety						
requirements.						
(c) The division shall, annually on or before October 15, submit to the						
governor, the joint committee on finance, and the chief clerk of each house of the						
legislature for distribution to the appropriate standing committees under s. 13.172						
(3) a report detailing the revenue generated from fees and taxes related to hemp-						
derived cannabinoid products in the preceding fiscal year.						
(d) Alcohol beverages regulation and enforcement; enforcing the 3-tier system						
for alcohol beverages production, distribution, and sale; and general program						
operations of the division include administering and enforcing all provisions of this						
chapter.						
SECTION 92. 125.035 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:						
125.035 (title) Civil liability exemption: furnishing alcohol beverages						
or hemp-derived cannabinoid products.						
SECTION 93. 125.035 (2m) of the statutes is created to read:						
125.035 (2m) A person is immune from civil liability arising out of the act of						
procuring hemp-derived cannabinoid products for or selling, dispensing, or giving						
away hemp-derived cannabinoid products to another person.						
SECTION 94. 125.035 (3m) of the statutes is created to read:						
125.035 (3m) Subsection (2m) does not apply if the person procuring, selling,						

dispensing, or giving away hemp-derived cannabinoid products causes their

consumption	by	force	\mathbf{or}	by	representing	that	the	products	do	not	contain	any
cannabinoid.												

SECTION 95. 125.035 (4) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

125.035 (4) (a) In this subsection, "provider" means a person, including a licensee or permittee, who procures alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products for or sells, dispenses, or gives away alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products to an underage person in violation of s. 125.07 (1) (a).

SECTION 96. 125.035 (4) (b) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

125.035 (4) (b) (intro.) Subsection (2) does Subsections (2) and (2m) do not apply if the provider knew or should have known that the underage person was under the legal drinking age and if the alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products provided to the underage person were a substantial factor in causing injury to a 3rd party. In determining whether a provider knew or should have known that the underage person was under the legal drinking age, all relevant circumstances surrounding the procuring, selling, dispensing, or giving away of the alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products may be considered, including any circumstance under subds. 1. to 4. In addition, sub. (2) does subs. (2) and (2m) apply if all of the following occur:

SECTION 97. 125.035 (4) (b) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

125.035 (4) (b) 3. The alcohol beverages <u>or hemp-derived cannabinoid</u> <u>products</u> are provided in good faith reliance on the underage person's representation that he or she has attained the legal drinking age.

SECTION 98. 125.035 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

125.035 (5) Subsection (2) does Subsections (2) and (2m) do not apply to civil

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1	forfeiture actions for violation of any provision of this chapter or any local ordinance								
2	in conformity with any provision of this chapter.								
3	SECTION 99. 125.037 (intro.), (1) and (2) of the statutes are amended to read:								
4	125.037 Civil liability exemption for municipalities. (intro.) No								
5	municipality, as defined in s. 67.01 (5), or municipal governing body, committee,								
6	official, or employee is civilly liable for damage to any person or property caused by								
7	the consumption of alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products by that								
8	person or any other person, by reason of any of the following:								
9	(1) Issuing a license to sell alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid								
10	<u>products</u> .								
11	(2) Allowing the holder of a license or permit to sell, dispense, or give away								
12	alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products on property owned or								
13	leased by the municipality.								
14	SECTION 100. 125.04 (3) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:								
15	125.04 (3) (a) 1. A history of the applicant relevant to the applicant's fitness to								
16	hold a license or permit, including whether the applicant is a restricted investor								
17	requiring disclosure under s. 125.20 (6) (a) 5. or 125.765 (3) (a) 5. and the basis of								
18	this status.								
19	SECTION 101. 125.04 (3) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:								
20	125.04 (3) (a) 3. The premises where alcohol beverages or hemp-derived								
21	cannabinoid products will be sold or stored or both.								
22	SECTION 102. 125.04 (3) (f) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:								
23	125.04 (3) (f) 1. Except as provided in subds. 2. and 3., all applications for								

licenses to sell alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products shall be

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1	filed with the clerk of the municipality in which the premises are located at least 15
2	days prior to the granting of the license.
3	SECTION 103. 125.04 (3) (g) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	125.04 (3) (g) Publication of application for license. (intro.) The municipal
5	clerk shall publish each application for a Class "A", Class "B", "Class A", "Class B"
6	or "Class C" license, except licenses under ss. 125.26 (6) and 125.51 (10), and each
7	application for a Class "HDC-A" or Class "HDC-B" license, prior to its issuance in
8	a newspaper according to the following conditions:
9	SECTION 104. 125.04 (3) (h) of the statutes is amended to read:
10	125.04 (3) (h) Subsequent changes. Within 30 days of any change in any fact
11	set out in an application for a license or permit to sell alcohol beverages or hemp-
12	derived cannabinoid products, the licensee or permittee shall file with the issuing
13	authority a written description of the changed fact, including any change in
14	restricted investors under s. 125.20 (6) (a) 5. or 125.765 (3) (a) 5.
15	SECTION 105. 125.04 (3) (i) 1. and 2. of the statutes are amended to read:
16	125.04 (3) (i) 1. Any person may inspect applications for licenses to sell alcohol
17	beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products.
18	2. The clerk of the municipality shall retain all applications made to it for
19	licenses to sell alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products.
20	SECTION 106. 125.04 (3) (j) of the statutes is amended to read:
21	125.04 (3) (j) Penalty for materially false application information, affidavit

representation. Any person who knowingly provides materially false information in

an application for a license or permit under this chapter or on a form under par. (k)

or (L), and any person who materially violates any representation made in an

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- affidavit under s. 125.20 (6) (a) 6. or (c) 4. or 125.765 (3) (a) 6. or (c) 4., may be required to forfeit not more than \$1,000.
- 3 **SECTION 107.** 125.04 (3) (L) of the statutes is created to read:
- 125.04 (3) (L) Approval of retail outlets of hemp-derived cannabinoid product
 manufacturers. The division shall prepare a form for use by a permittee under s.
 125.751 to request approval for a retail outlet under s. 125.751 (6) (d) 1. The form
 shall be similar to the form for a retail license application under par. (a). An
 applicant shall use the form to submit a request for approval of a retail outlet under
 s. 125.751 (6) (d) 1.
- SECTION 108. 125.04 (5) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
- 12 125.04 (5) (a) Natural persons. (intro.) Licenses and permits related to alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products, issued to natural persons under this chapter, may be issued only to persons who fulfill all of the following requirements:
 - **SECTION 109.** 125.04 (5) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
 - 125.04 (5) (b) Criminal offenders. No license or permit related to alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products may, subject to ss. 111.321, 111.322 and 111.335, be issued under this chapter to any person who has habitually been a law offender or has been convicted of a felony unless the person has been duly pardoned.
- **SECTION 110.** 125.04 (5) (e) of the statutes is created to read:
- 125.04 (5) (e) Hemp-derived cannabinoid product licenses and permits. 1.
 Paragraph (a) 5. does not apply to applicants for permits issued under s. 125.751,
 125.753, 125.755, 125.756, or 125.757 or licenses issued under s. 125.761.

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2. Paragraph (a) 2. to 5. does not apply to applicants for a permit issued under
s. 125.759, but a permit under s. 125.759 may be issued only to applicants who have
attained the age of 18 years.

SECTION 111. 125.04 (6) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

125.04 **(6)** (a) *Agent*. (intro.) No corporation or limited liability company organized under the laws of this state or of any other state or foreign country may be issued any alcohol beverage license or permit, or any hemp-derived cannabinoid product license or permit, unless:

SECTION 112. 125.04 (6) (a) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

125.04 **(6)** (a) 2. The entity vests in the agent, by properly authorized and executed written delegation, full authority and control of the premises described in the license or permit of the entity, and of the conduct of all business on the premises relative to alcohol beverages <u>or hemp-derived cannabinoid products</u>, that the licensee or permittee could have and exercise if it were a natural person.

SECTION 113. 125.04 (8) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

125.04 (8) (a) No license for the sale of alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products may be delivered to the applicant until the applicant files with the municipal clerk a receipt showing payment of the license fee to the appropriate treasurer. No city or village may require an applicant to pay the license fee more than 15 days prior to the date the license is to be issued. No town may require an applicant to pay the license fee more than 30 days prior to the date the license is to be issued.

SECTION 114. 125.04 (8) (c) of the statutes is created to read:

125.04 (8) (c) Notwithstanding par. (b), the division shall charge an annual fee

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of \$2,000 for a permit issued under s. 12	25.753,\$100 for a permit issued un	ider s.
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- 2 125.757, and \$100 for a permit issued under s. 125.759.
- 3 **SECTION 115.** 125.04 (9) of the statutes is amended to read:
 - 125.04 (9) SEPARATE LICENSE OR PERMIT REQUIRED. Except as provided under ss. 125.27 (2) (a) and 125.51 (5) (c) 1., permittees under subch. IV, wholesalers, manufacturers, rectifiers, brewers, brewpubs, and retailers shall have a separate permit or license covering each location or premises, except a licensed public warehouse, from which deliveries and sales of alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products are made or at which alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products are stored.
 - **SECTION 116.** 125.04 (10) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
 - 125.04 (10) (a) Frame. Permits for the retail sale of alcohol beverages, permits under s. 125.751 authorizing the retail sale of hemp-derived cannabinoid products, and licenses for the sale of alcohol beverages, or hemp-derived cannabinoid products shall be enclosed in a frame having a transparent front which allows the license or permit to be clearly read.
 - **SECTION 117.** 125.04 (11) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
- 18 125.04 (11) (a) *Permits*. All permits to sell alcohol beverages <u>or hemp-derived</u>
 19 <u>cannabinoid products</u> shall expire as specified in the valid certificate issued under
 20 s. 73.03 (50).
- 21 **SECTION 118.** 125.04 (11) (b) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:
- 125.04 (11) (b) 1. The municipal governing body of a 1st class city may issue a retail license for the sale of alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid

<u>products</u> at any time during a year. Each license shall be valid for one year and shall specify its date of expiration.

SECTION 119. 125.04 (12) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

125.04 (12) (a) From place to place. Every alcohol beverage license or permit, and every hemp-derived cannabinoid product license, may be transferred to another place or premises within the same municipality. An alcohol beverage warehouse permit under s. 125.19, a winery permit under s. 125.53, er a wholesaler's permit under s. 125.28 or 125.54, a permit under s. 125.753 or 125.757, or, subject to s. 125.751 (6) (f) 5., a permit under s. 125.751 may be transferred to another premises within this state. Transfers shall be made by the issuing authority upon payment of a fee of \$10 to the issuing authority. No retail licensee, retail permittee, wholesaler permittee, permittee under s. 125.751, 125.753, or 125.757, or holder of a warehouse or winery permit is entitled to more than one transfer during the license or permit year. This paragraph does not apply to a license issued under s. 125.51 (4) (v) or to a reserve "Class B" license, as defined in s. 125.51 (4) (a).

SECTION 120. 125.04 (12) (b) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

cannabinoid products may be transferred to persons other than the licensee if the licensee, or an applicant for a subsequently granted license, dies, becomes bankrupt, or makes an assignment for the benefit of creditors during the license year or after filing the application. If a retail licensee becomes disabled, the municipality may, upon application, transfer the license to the licensee's spouse if that spouse may hold a license under sub. (5) and complies with all of the requirements under this chapter applicable to original applicants, except that the

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spouse is exempt from payment of the license fee for the year in which the transfer takes place.

SECTION 121. 125.045 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

125.045 (1) The division shall prepare a booklet explaining the state statutes and rules relating to the retail sale of alcohol beverages <u>and hemp-derived</u> <u>cannabinoid products</u>, written concisely in language which is clearly understood by those required to utilize it.

SECTION 122. 125.045 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

125.045 (3) (a) A municipality shall provide a copy of the booklet under sub. (1) to each person issued a license, including a renewal, under s. 125.17, 125.18, 125.25, 125.26 or, 125.51 (1), or 125.761 by the municipality unless the municipality requires the person to complete an instructional program which includes the subject matter of the booklet or unless the license is issued under s. 125.17, 125.18, 125.25, 125.26, or 125.51 (1) and the person completes the program under s. 125.04 (5) (a) 5. or 125.17 (6). This section does not preclude a municipality from charging a fee for such a program. A municipality may charge for the booklet in an amount not to exceed the amount charged by the division under sub. (2) (a).

(b) A municipality shall provide to each person initially issued a license under s. 125.26 (1) or, 125.51 (3) or (3m), or 125.761 (2) information regarding the safe ride program described in s. 85.55.

SECTION 123. 125.06 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:

125.06 (6) PUBLIC PARKS. The sale of fermented malt beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products in any public park operated by a county or municipality. Fermented malt beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products

shall be sold by officers or employees of the county or municipality under an ordinance, resolution, rule or regulation enacted by the governing body.

SECTION 124. 125.06 (7) of the statutes is amended to read:

125.06 (7) JUDICIAL, PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE'S, GUARDIAN'S, RECEIVER'S OR TRUSTEE'S SALE. The sale of alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products at any judicial, personal representative's or guardian's sale or any sale by a receiver or trustee in insolvency or bankruptcy, where the estate being administered possesses a license or permit in effect on the date of such sale.

SECTION 125. 125.06 (8) of the statutes is amended to read:

125.06 (8) SALE BY SECURED PARTY. The sale of alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products by a secured party in good faith under the terms of a security agreement, if the sale is not for the purpose of avoiding this chapter or ch. 139. The sale must be in the ordinary course of the business of lending money secured by a security interest in alcohol beverages or, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, warehouse receipts, or other evidence of ownership. A sale of fermented malt beverages must be made within 15 days after the secured party takes possession of the fermented malt beverages unless the secured party demonstrates good cause why a sale in compliance with s. 409.610 (2) or the security agreement cannot be made within this time period.

SECTION 126. 125.06 (10) of the statutes is amended to read:

125.06 (10) RAFFLES. The awarding of alcohol beverages <u>or hemp-derived</u> <u>cannabinoid products</u> in original, unopened packages, containers or bottles as a prize, in a raffle conducted by an organization licensed to conduct the raffle under ch. 563, to any person who has attained the legal drinking age.

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SECTION 127. 125.06 (11) of the statutes is amended to re-	SECTION 127.	125 06 ((11) of the	statutes is	amended to	read.
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125.06 (11) AUCTION SALES. The sale by an auction house at public auction of a collection of sealed bottles of intoxicating liquor or unopened packages or containers of hemp-derived cannabinoid products for the purpose of settling an estate or disposing of the collection or the auction sale of sealed bottles or containers of wine or of, unopened bottles of intoxicating liquor or fermented malt beverages, or unopened packages or containers of hemp-derived cannabinoid products by a charitable organization, as defined in s. 202.11 (1), at an auction held to raise money for the charitable organization.

SECTION 128. 125.07 (1) (title) of the statutes is amended to read:

125.07 (1) (title) Alcohol beverages; restrictions Restrictions relating to underage persons.

SECTION 129. 125.07 (1) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

125.07 (1) (a) 1. No person may procure for, sell, dispense, or give away any alcohol beverages to any underage person not accompanied by his or her parent, guardian, or spouse who has attained the legal drinking age. No person may procure for, sell, dispense, or give away any hemp-derived cannabinoid product to any underage person.

SECTION 130. 125.07 (1) (a) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

125.07 (1) (a) 2. No licensee or permittee may sell, vend, deal, or traffic in alcohol beverages to or with any underage person not accompanied by his or her parent, guardian, or spouse who has attained the legal drinking age. No licensee or permittee may sell, vend, deal, or traffic in hemp-derived cannabinoid products to or with any underage person. No licensee or permittee may transfer possession of

in conformity with this section.

hemp-derived cannabinoid products to a person unless the licensee or permitt	<u>ee</u>
first verifies that the person has attained the legal drinking age by examining the	<u>he</u>
person's identification document containing the person's photograph and date	<u>of</u>
birth or by using another reliable method of age verification authorized by the	<u>he</u>
division.	
SECTION 131. 125.07 (1) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:	
125.07 (1) (a) 3. No adult may knowingly permit or fail to take action	to
prevent the illegal consumption of alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabino	<u>id</u>
products by an underage person on property, including any premises, owned an	nd
occupied by the adult or occupied by the adult and under the adult's control. The	iis
subdivision applies at a lodging establishment, as defined in s. 106.52 (1) (d), only	' if
the adult has furnished payment or security for lodging. This subdivision does n	ot
apply to alcohol beverages used exclusively as part of a religious service.	
SECTION 132. 125.07 (1) (b) 5. of the statutes is amended to read:	
125.07 (1) (b) 5. A person who holds a Class "A" license, a Class "B" license	or
permit, a "Class A" license or, a "Class B" license or permit, a Class "HDC-A	<u>A"</u>
<u>license</u> , or a <u>Class "HDC-B" license</u> who commits a violation is subject to subd.	3.
but is not subject to subd. 2. or s. 125.11.	
SECTION 133. 125.07 (1) (b) 6. b. of the statutes is amended to read:	
125.07 (1) (b) 6. b. Subject to subd. 6. c., only one penalty may be impose	ed
under this paragraph for each underage person who is provided alcohol beverag	es
or hemp-derived cannabinoid products contrary to this section or a local ordinan	ce

SECTION 134. 125.07 (1) (b) 6. c. of the statutes is amended to read:

125.07 (1) (b) 6. c. If a violation occurs on licensed premises and the violation
is detected by means of an undercover underage person employed by or assisting a
law enforcement agency, only the individual responsible for providing the alcohol
beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products to the underage person may be
issued a citation for, or charged with, the violation.
SECTION 135. 125.07 (2) (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
125.07 (2) (title) Sales of alcohol beverages or hemp-derived
CANNABINOID PRODUCTS TO INTOXICATED PERSONS.
SECTION 136. 125.07 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
125.07 (2) (a) Restrictions. 1. No person may procure for, sell, dispense, or
give away alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products to a person who
is intoxicated.
2. No licensee or permittee may sell, vend, deal, or traffic in alcohol beverages
or hemp-derived cannabinoid products to or with a person who is intoxicated.
SECTION 137. 125.07 (3) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
125.07 (3) (a) Restrictions. (intro.) An underage person not accompanied by
his or her parent, guardian, or spouse who has attained the legal drinking age may
not enter, knowingly attempt to enter, or be on any premises for which a license or
permit for the retail sale of alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid
products has been issued, for any purpose except the transaction of business
pertaining to the licensed premises with or for the licensee or his or her employee.
The business may not be amusement or the purchase, receiving, or consumption of
edibles or beverages or similar activities which normally constitute activities of a

customer of the premises. This paragraph does not apply to:

SECTION 138.	125.07	(3) (a) 2.	of the	statutes is	amended	to read:
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125.07 (3) (a) 2. An underage person who enters or is on a Class "A," or "Class A," or Class "HDC-A" premises for the purpose of purchasing items other than alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products. An underage person so entering the premises may not remain on the premises after the purchase.

SECTION 139. 125.07 (3) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

125.07 (3) (a) 3. Hotels, drug stores, grocery stores, bowling centers, movie theaters, painting studios, billiards centers having on the premises 12 or more billiards tables that are not designed for coin operation and that are 8 feet or longer in length, indoor golf simulator facilities, indoor golf and baseball facilities on premises for which the only alcohol beverage license issued under this chapter is a Class "B" license or Class "HDC-B" license, axe throwing facilities on premises operated under Class "B_{*}" or Class B_{*}" or Class "HDC-B" licenses, service stations, vessels, cars operated by any railroad, regularly established athletic fields, outdoor volleyball courts that are contiguous to a licensed premises, stadiums, music festival venues during an event with a projected attendance of at least 2,500 persons, public facilities as defined in s. 125.51 (5) (b) 1. d. which are owned by a county or municipality or centers for the visual or performing arts.

SECTION 140. 125.07 (3) (a) 3m. of the statutes is amended to read:

125.07 (3) (a) 3m. Premises having an indoor volleyball court that measures at least 9 meters by 18 meters in area. The exception under this subdivision does not authorize an underage person to loiter in any room that is primarily used for the sale or consumption of alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products.

SECTION 141. 125.07 (3) (a) 6. of the statutes is amended to read:

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125.07 (3) (a) 6. Premises operated under both a Class "B" or license or permit, a "Class B" license or permit, or a Class "HDC-B" license and also under a license under s. 97.30 for a restaurant where the principal business conducted is that of a restaurant. If the premises are operated under both a Class "B" or "Class B" license or permit and a license under s. 97.30 for a restaurant, the The principal business conducted on these premises is presumed to be the sale of alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products, but the presumption may be rebutted by competent evidence.

SECTION 142. 125.07 (3) (a) 7. of the statutes is amended to read:

125.07 (3) (a) 7. An underage person who enters or remains on a Class "B," or "Class B," or Class "HDC-B" premises for the purpose of transacting business at an auction or market, if the person does not enter or remain in a room where alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products are sold, furnished, or possessed.

SECTION 143. 125.07 (3) (a) 8. of the statutes is amended to read:

125.07 (3) (a) 8. An underage person who enters or remains in a room on Class "B_{*}" or "Class B_{*}" or Class "HDC-B" licensed premises separate from any room where alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products are sold or served, if no alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products are furnished or consumed by any person in the room where the underage person is present and the presence of underage persons is authorized under this subdivision. An underage person may enter and remain on Class "B_{*}" or "Class B_{*}" or Class "HDC-B" premises under this subdivision only if the municipality which issued the Class "B_{*}" or "Class B_{*}" or Class "HDC-B" license adopts an ordinance permitting underage persons to enter and remain on the premises as provided in this

subdivision and the law enforcement agency responsible for enforcing the ordinance issues to the Class "B" or "Class B" licensee a written authorization permitting underage persons to be present under this subdivision on the date specified in the authorization. Before issuing the authorization, the law enforcement agency shall make a determination that the presence of underage persons on the licensed premises will not endanger their health, welfare, or safety or that of other members of the community. The licensee shall obtain a separate authorization for each date on which underage persons will be present on the premises.

SECTION 144. 125.07 (3) (a) 10. of the statutes is amended to read:

125.07 (3) (a) 10. An underage person who enters or remains on Class "B," or "Class B," or Class "HDC-B" licensed premises on a date specified by the licensee or permittee during times when no alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products are consumed, sold, or given away. During those times, the licensee, the agent named in the license if the licensee is a corporation or limited liability company, or a person who has an operator's license or operator's permit shall be on the premises unless all alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products are stored in a locked portion of the premises. The licensee shall notify the local law enforcement agency, in advance, of the times underage persons will be allowed on the premises under this subdivision.

SECTION 145. 125.07 (3) (a) 11. of the statutes is amended to read:

125.07 (3) (a) 11. An underage person who enters or remains in a dance hall or banquet or hospitality room attached to Class "B," or "Class B," or Class "HDC-B" licensed premises for the purpose of attending a banquet, reception, dance, or other similar event.

1	SECTION 146. 125.07 (4) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:
2	125.07 (4) (a) 1. Procures or attempts to procure alcohol beverages or hemp-
3	derived cannabinoid products from a licensee or permittee.
4	SECTION 147. 125.07 (4) (a) 2m. of the statutes is created to read:
5	125.07 (4) (a) 2m. Possesses or consumes hemp-derived cannabinoid products
6	on licensed premises.
7	SECTION 148. 125.07 (4) (a) 4. of the statutes is amended to read:
8	125.07 (4) (a) 4. Falsely represents his or her age for the purpose of receiving
9	alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products from a licensee or
10	permittee.
11	SECTION 149. 125.07 (4) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
12	125.07 (4) (b) Except as provided in par. (bm), any underage person not
13	accompanied by his or her parent, guardian, or spouse who has attained the legal
14	drinking age who knowingly possesses or consumes alcohol beverages is guilty of a
15	violation. Except as provided in par. (bp), any underage person who knowingly
16	possesses or consumes hemp-derived cannabinoid products is guilty of a violation.
17	SECTION 150. 125.07 (4) (bp) of the statutes is created to read:
18	125.07 (4) (bp) An underage person may possess hemp-derived cannabinoid
19	products in the course of employment during his or her working hours if employed
20	by any of the following:
21	1. A Class "A," Class "B," Class "HDC-A," or Class "HDC-B" licensee under
22	the conditions specified in s. 125.32 (2) or 125.767 (1) or for delivery of unopened
23	containers to the home or vehicle of a customer.
24	2. A permittee under s. 125.751 or 125.753.

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SECTION 151.	125.07 (4) (e) 2. a.	of the statutes	is amended to read:
DECITOR 101.	120.01 (1) (C) 2 . u.	or one sources	is afficilact to read.

125.07 (4) (e) 2. a. Submit to an alcohol <u>and other drug</u> abuse assessment that conforms to the criteria specified under s. 938.547 (4) and that is conducted by an approved treatment facility. The order shall designate an approved treatment facility to conduct the alcohol <u>and other drug</u> abuse assessment and shall specify the date by which the assessment must be completed.

SECTION 152. 125.07 (4) (e) 2. b. of the statutes is amended to read:

125.07 (4) (e) 2. b. Participate in an outpatient alcohol <u>and other drug</u> abuse treatment program at an approved treatment facility, if an alcohol <u>and other drug</u> abuse assessment conducted under subd. 2. a. recommends treatment.

SECTION 153. 125.07 (4) (e) 2. c. of the statutes is amended to read:

125.07 (4) (e) 2. c. Participate in a court-approved alcohol and other drug abuse education program.

SECTION 154. 125.07 (4) (e) 4. of the statutes is amended to read:

125.07 (4) (e) 4. If the defendant completes the alcohol and other drug abuse treatment program or court-approved alcohol and other drug abuse education program, the approved treatment facility or court-approved alcohol and other drug abuse education program shall, with the written informed consent of the defendant, notify the agency primarily responsible for providing services to the defendant that the defendant has complied with the order and the court shall notify the defendant of whether or not the penalty will be reinstated. If the court had ordered the suspension of the defendant's operating privilege under par. (bs) or (c), the court may order the secretary of transportation to reinstate the operating privilege of the

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defendant if he or she completes the alcohol <u>and other drug</u> abuse treatment program or court-approved alcohol <u>and other drug</u> abuse education program.

SECTION 155. 125.07 (4) (e) 5. of the statutes is amended to read:

125.07 (4) (e) 5. If an approved treatment facility or court-approved alcohol and other drug abuse education program, with the written informed consent of the defendant, notifies the agency primarily responsible for providing services to the defendant that the defendant is not participating in the program or that the defendant has not satisfactorily completed a recommended alcohol and other drug abuse treatment program or an education program, the court shall hold a hearing to determine whether the penalties under par. (bs) or (c) should be imposed.

SECTION 156. 125.07 (6) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

125.07 (6) DEFENSES. (intro.) In determining whether or not a licensee or permittee has violated subs. (1) (a) and (3) (a), all relevant circumstances surrounding the presence of the underage person or the procuring, selling, dispensing, or giving away of alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products may be considered, including any circumstance under pars. (a) to (d). In addition, proof of all of the following facts by a seller of alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products to an underage person is a defense to any prosecution for a violation of this section:

SECTION 157. 125.07 (7) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

125.07 (7) (a) (intro.) Every <u>alcohol beverage</u> or <u>hemp-derived cannabinoid</u> <u>product</u> retail <u>alcohol beverage</u> licensee or permittee may keep a book for the purposes of sub. (6). The licensee or permittee or his or her employee may require any of the following persons to sign the book:

SECTION 138. 125.07 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
125.07 (7) (b) The book may show the date of the purchase of the alcohol
beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products, the identification used in making
the purchase or the identification used to establish that a person is an underage
person's parent, guardian, or spouse and has attained the legal drinking age, the
address of the purchaser, and the purchaser's signature.
SECTION 159. 125.075 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
125.075 (title) Injury or death by providing alcohol beverages or
hemp-derived cannabinoid products to a minor.
SECTION 160. 125.075 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
125.075 (1) (intro.) Any person who procures alcohol beverages or hemp-
<u>derived cannabinoid products</u> for or sells, dispenses, or gives away alcohol beverages
or hemp-derived cannabinoid products to a person under 18 years of age in violation
of s. 125.07 (1) (a) 1. or 2. may be penalized as provided in sub. (2) if:
SECTION 161. 125.075 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
125.075 (1) (b) The underage person dies or suffers great bodily harm, as
defined in s. 939.22 (14), as a result of consuming the alcohol beverages or hemp-
derived cannabinoid products provided in violation of s. 125.07 (1) (a) 1. or 2.
SECTION 162. 125.075 (1m) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
125.075 (1m) (intro.) In determining under sub. (1) (a) whether a person
knew or should have known that the underage person was under the legal drinking
age, all relevant circumstances surrounding the procuring, selling, dispensing, or
giving away of the alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products may be

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considered, including any circumstance under pars. (a) to (d). In addition, a person
has a defense to criminal liability under sub. (1) if all of the following occur:

SECTION 163. 125.075 (1m) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

125.075 (1m) (c) The alcohol beverages <u>or hemp-derived cannabinoid</u> <u>products</u> are provided in good faith reliance on the underage person's representation that he or she has attained the legal drinking age.

SECTION 164. 125.085 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

125.085 (2) USE. No card other than the identification card authorized under this section may be recognized as an official identification card in this state. Any Subject to s. 125.07 (1) (a) 2., any licensee or permittee under this chapter may require a person to present an official identification card, documentary proof of age, an operator's license issued by another jurisdiction, or any other form of identification or proof of age acceptable to the licensee or permittee before providing alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products to the person or allowing the person to enter the premises for which the license or permit has been issued. Nothing in this subsection requires a licensee or permittee to accept any form of identification that does not appear to be valid or authentic or appears altered.

SECTION 165. 125.09 (1) (a) of the statutes, as affected by 2023 Wisconsin Act 73, is amended to read:

125.09 (1) (a) No owner, lessee, or person in charge of a public place may permit the consumption of alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products on the property of the public place, unless the person has an appropriate retail license or permit or a no-sale event venue permit.

SECTION 166. 125.09 (1) (e) of the statutes is created to read:

125.09 (1) (e) No person may distribute samples of hemp-derived cannabinoid
products in a public place. This paragraph does not apply to premises for which a
license or permit is issued authorizing the sale, possession, or consumption of
hemp-derived cannabinoid products.
SECTION 167. 125.09 (2) (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
125.09 (2) (title) Possession of Alcohol beverages or hemp-derived
CANNABINOID PRODUCTS ON SCHOOL GROUNDS PROHIBITED.
SECTION 168. 125.09 (2) (b) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
125.09 (2) (b) (intro.) Except as provided by par. (c) no person may possess or
consume alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products:
SECTION 169. 125.09 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
125.09 (2) (c) Alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products may
be possessed or consumed on school premises, in motor vehicles, or by participants
in school-sponsored activities if specifically permitted in writing by the school
administrator consistent with applicable laws, ordinances, and school board
policies.
SECTION 170. 125.09 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:
125.09 (3) PLACE-TO-PLACE DELIVERIES. No person may peddle any alcohol
beverage or hemp-derived cannabinoid product from house to house where the sale
and delivery are made concurrently.
SECTION 171. 125.09 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:
125.09 (6) MUNICIPAL STORES. No municipality may engage in the sale of

alcohol beverages, except as authorized under s. 125.26 (6). No municipality may

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engage in the sale of hemp-derived cannabinoid products. This subsection does not apply to municipal stores in operation on November 6, 1969.

SECTION 172. 125.10 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

125.10 (1) AUTHORIZATION. Any municipality may enact regulations incorporating any part of this chapter and may prescribe additional regulations, not in conflict with this chapter, for the sale of alcohol beverages, not in conflict with this chapter and, subject to sub. (6), for the sale of hemp-derived cannabinoid products if consistent with the regulations for the sale of alcohol beverages. The municipality may prescribe forfeitures or license suspension or revocation for violations of any such regulations. Regulations providing forfeitures or license suspension or revocation must be adopted by ordinance. Any municipality may, by ordinance, regulate contests, competitions, or other events for the exhibition, demonstration, judging, tasting, or sampling of homemade wine or fermented malt beverages.

SECTION 173. 125.10 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

125.10 (2) REGULATION OF UNDERAGE PERSONS. A municipality or a county may enact an ordinance regulating conduct regulated by s. 125.07 (1) or (4) (a), (b) er, (bm), or (bp), 125.085 (3) (b), or 125.09 (2) only if it strictly conforms to the statutory subsection. A county ordinance enacted under this subsection does not apply within any municipality that has enacted or enacts an ordinance under this subsection.

SECTION 174. 125.10 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

125.10 (4) REGULATION OF CLOSED RETAIL PREMISES. A municipality may not prohibit the permittee, licensee, employees, salespersons, employees of wholesalers

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issued a permit under s. 125.28 (1) or 125.54 (1); employees of distributors issued a
permit under s. 125.753; employees of permittees under s. 125.295 with respect to
the permittee's own retail premises; or service personnel from being present on
premises operated under a Class "A,", "Class A," <u>Class "HDC-A," Class "HDC-B,"</u>
or "Class C" license or under a Class "B" or "Class B" license or permit during
hours when the premises are not open for business if those persons are performing
job-related activities.

- **SECTION 175.** 125.10 (6) of the statutes is created to read:
- 9 125.10 (6) HEMP-DERIVED CANNABINOID PRODUCTS. (a) A municipality or county may not prohibit any of the following:
- The possession or consumption of hemp-derived cannabinoid products at a
 private residence.
 - 2. The transportation of hemp-derived cannabinoid products within the municipality or county.
 - 3. Personal use of hemp-derived cannabinoid products, except with respect to location as provided in this chapter and s. 101.123.
 - 4. Possession or transportation of hemp-derived cannabinoid products by a permittee under s. 125.753.
 - (b) A municipality or county may, by ordinance, prohibit the possession, sale, or consumption of hemp-derived cannabinoid products within 300 feet of a church, hospital, child care center, preschool, school, playground, county or municipal park, sports arena, or other facility of an organization specifically serving children, except at a private residence.
- 24 (c) A municipality may, by ordinance, prohibit Class "A" and Class "B"

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- licensees in the municipality from making retail sales of hemp-derived cannabinoid products.
- (d) A municipality may, by ordinance, prohibit brewers, wineries,
 manufacturers, and rectifiers in the municipality from making retail sales of hemp derived cannabinoid products.
 - **SECTION 176.** 125.11 (4) of the statutes is created to read:
- 7 125.11 (4) HEMP-DERIVED CANNABINOID PRODUCT SAFE HARBOR. (a) A
 8 violation of this chapter involving a product that is a hemp-derived cannabinoid
 9 product does not affect the status of the hemp-derived cannabinoid product under s.
 10 94.55 and ch. 961.
- (b) This chapter has no effect on the status of a product under s. 94.55 and ch.
 961 if the product is not a hemp-derived cannabinoid product.
- 13 **SECTION 177.** 125.12 (4) (ag) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:
- 125.12 (4) (ag) 3. That the licensee has sold alcohol beverages to known habitual drunkards or hemp-derived cannabinoid products to persons known to have a history of drug dependency.
- SECTION 178. 125.12 (6m) of the statutes is created to read:
 - 125.12 (6m) REVOCATION OR SUSPENSION OF DISTRIBUTORS' PERMITS FOR CERTAIN VIOLATIONS. (a) Any person may file a sworn written complaint with the division alleging that a permittee under s. 125.753 has violated s. 125.753 (5) (a). The complaint shall identify the specific legal basis for the complaint and sufficient facts for the division to determine whether there is cause to find that a violation has occurred. The division shall provide a copy of the complaint to any distributor against whom allegations are made, along with notice of the time period under par.

- (b) to show cause why the distributor's permit should not be revoked or suspended or to request a hearing.
- (b) Within 30 days of receiving a copy of the complaint under par. (a), any distributor against whom allegations are made may file a sworn written response or a written request for an evidentiary hearing before the division under s. 227.44.
- (c) Subject to pars. (e) 1. and (f), if no request for an evidentiary hearing is made under par. (b), within 60 days of receiving any response under par. (b) or, if no response is made, within 60 days of the date on which a response or request for hearing is due under par. (b), the division shall make a written decision as to whether a violation has occurred and either dismiss the complaint or take action under par. (g). Any decision under this paragraph shall include findings of fact and conclusions of law and shall state all reasons for the decision. The division shall provide a copy of the decision to the complainant and to any distributor against whom allegations are made.
- (d) Subject to pars. (e) 2. and (f), if a request for an evidentiary hearing is made under par. (b), the hearing shall be conducted in the manner specified for a contested case under ss. 227.44 to 227.50, except that the hearing shall be conducted within 45 days of receiving the request for hearing under par. (b) and the division shall make its written decision, including whether a violation has occurred and whether the complaint is dismissed or action is taken under par. (g), within 15 days after the hearing. In addition to service of the decision as provided under s. 227.48, the division shall provide a copy of the decision to the complainant.
- (e) 1. If no request for an evidentiary hearing is made under par. (b), within 60 days of receiving any response under par. (b) or, if no response is made, within 60

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- days of the date on which a response or request for hearing is due under par. (b), the division may extend the time period for making a decision under par. (c) by an additional 60 days if the division provides notice within the time period specified in par. (c) that an additional 60 days is necessary for investigation.
- 2. If a request for an evidentiary hearing is made under par. (b), within 45 days of receiving the request for hearing under par. (b), the division may extend the time period for conducting the hearing by an additional 45 days if the division provides notice within 45 days of receiving the request for hearing under par. (b) that an additional 45 days is necessary for investigation.
- (f) Within 45 days of receiving any response or request for hearing under par. (b) or, if no response or request for hearing is made, within 45 days of the date on which a response or request for hearing is due under par. (b), the division may elect to file a complaint in circuit court under sub. (4) that includes all allegations of the complaint under par. (a) for which the division determines there is cause to find that a violation of s. 125.753 (5) (a) has occurred. If the division files a complaint in circuit court as provided under this paragraph, the division shall not conduct a hearing under par. (d) or make a written decision under par. (c), but shall proceed with the matter as provided under sub. (4).
- (g) If the division finds the allegations under par. (a) true and sufficient, the division shall either suspend for not less than 10 days nor more than 90 days or revoke the distributor's permit, and give notice of the suspension or revocation to the distributor.
 - (h) A revocation or suspension proceeding under this subsection is a contested

- case under ch. 227, except that ss. 227.44 to 227.50 apply to a proceeding under this subsection only if a request for an evidentiary hearing is made under par. (b).
 - **SECTION 179.** 125.14 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
 - 125.14 (2) CONFISCATION; DISPOSAL. (a) *Contraband*. All alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products owned, possessed, kept, stored, manufactured, sold, distributed, or transported in violation of this chapter or ch. 139 and all personal property used in connection therewith is unlawful property and may be seized by any peace officer. Any peace officer confiscating personal property under this section may proceed under this section.
 - (c) *Identification*. Any person seizing alcohol beverages, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, or personal property and electing to dispose of it under this subsection shall exercise reasonable diligence to ascertain the name and address of the owner of the alcohol beverages, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, or property and of all persons holding a security interest in the property seized. The person shall report his or her findings in writing to the division.
- (d) *Order*. Upon conviction of any person for owning, possessing, keeping, storing, manufacturing, selling, distributing, or transporting alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products in violation of this chapter or ch. 139, the court shall order part or all of the alcohol beverages, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, or personal property seized to be destroyed if it is unfit for sale. Alcohol beverages, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, and other personal property fit for sale shall be turned over to the division for disposition. Upon receipt of the confiscated property, the division shall exercise reasonable diligence to ascertain the names and addresses of all owners of the property and of all persons holding a security

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interest in the property. If a motor vehicle is confiscated, the division shall obtain the written advice of the department of transportation as to the ownership of the motor vehicle and shall make a reasonable search for perfected security interests in the vehicle.

- (e) Disposal. The division shall dispose of the alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products turned over to it by the court by either giving it to law enforcement agencies free of charge for use in criminal investigations, selling it to the highest bidder if the bidder is a person holding a license or permit issued under this chapter, or destroying it, at the discretion of the division. If the division elects to sell the alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products, it shall publish a class 2 notice under ch. 985 asking for sealed bids from qualified bidders. Any items or groups of items in the inventory subject to a security interest, the existence of which was established in the proceedings for conviction as being bona fide and as having been created without the secured party having notice that the items were being used or were to be used in connection with the violation, shall be sold separately. The net proceeds from the sale, less all costs of seizure, storage, and sale, shall be turned over to the secretary of administration and credited to the common school fund.
- (f) *Sale*. Any personal property, other than alcohol beverages <u>or hemp-derived</u> <u>cannabinoid products</u>, seized under par. (a) and fit for sale, shall be turned over by the division to the department of administration for disposal at public auction to the highest bidder, at a time and place stated in a notice of sale which describes the property to be sold. The sale shall be held in a conveniently accessible place in the county where the property was confiscated. A copy of the notice shall be published

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as a class 2 notice under ch. 985. The last insertion shall be at least 10 days before the sale. The division shall serve a copy of the notice of sale at least 2 weeks before the date thereof on all persons who are or may be owners or holders of security interests in the property. Any confiscated property worth more than \$100 shall be sold separately, and the balance of the confiscated property shall be sold in bulk or separately at the discretion of the department of administration. The net proceeds from the sale, less all costs of seizure, storage, and sale, shall be turned over to the secretary of administration. No motor vehicle or motorboat confiscated under this section may be sold within 30 days after the date of seizure.

SECTION 180. 125.14 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

125.14 (5) NUISANCES. Any building or place where alcohol, including alcohol beverages or alcohol is, or hemp-derived cannabinoid products are sold, possessed, stored, brewed, bottled, manufactured, or rectified without a valid permit or license issued under this chapter or ch. 139, or where persons are permitted to drink alcohol beverages or consume hemp-derived cannabinoid products in violation of this chapter is a public nuisance and may be closed until the activity in violation of this chapter is abated. When the activity is abated, the building or place may be used for any lawful purpose.

SECTION 181. 125.14 (6) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

125.14 (6) (a) Form of complaint. In a prosecution for a violation of a statute relating to the sale of alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products, it is not necessary to allege in the complaint, information, or indictment the kind or quantity of alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products sold or the person to whom it was sold. It is sufficient to allege generally that the defendant

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- sold alcohol beverages <u>or hemp-derived cannabinoid products</u> at a time and place mentioned, together with a brief statement of the facts showing that the sale was a violation of this chapter.
 - **SECTION 182.** 125.155 of the statutes is created to read:
- 125.155 Actions against distributors. (1) A permittee under s. 125.753; Class "A," Class "B," Class "HDC-A," or Class "HDC-B" licensee; or hemp-derived cannabinoid product trade association that makes a written complaint to the division under s. 125.12 (6m) of a violation of s. 125.753 (5) (a) may bring an action to enforce the provisions of s. 125.753 (5) if any of the following applies:
 - (a) The division has not rendered a decision within the time periods specified in s. 125.12 (6m) (c) to (e).
 - (b) The division has rendered a decision under s. 125.12 (6m) in which the division has determined that a violation has occurred but no action has been brought in circuit court by the division, attorney general, or a district attorney to prosecute the violation.
 - (2) A permittee under s. 125.753; Class "A," Class "B," Class "HDC-A," or Class "HDC-B" licensee; or hemp-derived cannabinoid product trade association that brings an action under sub. (1) shall be entitled to recover reasonable attorney fees if found to be the prevailing party.
 - **SECTION 183.** 125.16 of the statutes is amended to read:
 - **125.16 Actions to recover price denied.** No action may be brought to recover the price of any alcohol beverages <u>or hemp-derived cannabinoid products</u> sold in violation of this chapter or ch. 139.
 - **SECTION 184.** 125.17 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

125.17 (1) AUTHORIZATION. Every municipal governing body shall issue an
operator's license to any applicant who is qualified under s. 125.04 (5), except that
the municipal governing body may by ordinance authorize a designated municipal
official to issue operator's licenses. Operators' licenses may not be required other
than for the purpose of complying with ss. 125.32 (2) and, 125.68 (2), and 125.767
(1) or s. 125.06 (3g). Operators' licenses may be issued only upon written
application.

SECTION 185. 125.175 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

125.175 (1) Subject to sub. (4), the division shall issue an operator's permit to any applicant who is qualified under s. 125.04 (5). Operators' permits may not be required other than for the purpose of complying with ss. 125.32 (2) and, 125.68 (2), and 125.767 (1) or s. 125.06 (3g). Operators' permits may be issued only upon written application.

SECTION 186. 125.185 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

125.185 (1) A municipal governing body that issues licenses authorizing the retail sale of fermented malt beverages, intoxicating liquor, or wine hemp-derived cannabinoid products shall issue provisional retail licenses. The municipal governing body may by ordinance establish standards under which provisional retail licenses shall be issued and shall by ordinance designate the municipal official having authority to issue provisional retail licenses.

SECTION 187. 125.185 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

125.185 (2) A provisional retail license may be issued only to a person who has applied for a Class "A,", Class "B,", "Class A,", "Class B," or "Class C," Class

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"bottling."

1	"HDC-A," or Class "HDC-B" license and authorizes only the activities that the type
2	of retail license applied for authorizes.
3	SECTION 188. 125.185 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	125.185 (4) A provisional retail license expires 60 days after its issuance or
5	when the Class "A,", Class "B,", "Class A,", "Class B," or "Class C," <u>Class "HDC-</u>
6	A," or Class "HDC-B" license is issued to the holder, whichever is sooner. The
7	official who issued the provisional retail license may revoke the license if he or she
8	discovers that the holder of the license made a false statement on the application.
9	SECTION 189. 125.19 (3) of the statutes is created to read:
10	125.19 (3) MULTIPLE PERMITS FOR SAME LOCATION. The division may issue
11	multiple permits under this section for the same location and the permitted
12	premises may overlap. If the division issues multiple permits under this section for
13	the same location, each permittee's alcohol beverages shall be stored in areas that
14	are visually distinct from any area where another permittee's alcohol beverages are
15	stored.
16	SECTION 190. 125.21 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
17	125.21 (1) (b) "Bottling" means placing alcohol beverages into sealed finished
18	packages, including cans, bottles, boxes, bags, kegs, barrels, or any other packaging

of finished products, but does not include placing sealed finished packages into

additional packaging. When "bottle" is used as a verb, it has the same meaning as

125.21 (2) (b) Except as provided in par. (c) and sub. (3) (b) 2. and 3.,

SECTION 191. 125.21 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

agreements authorized under this section may be entered into only	by producers
who hold permits issued under the same section of this chapter.	

SECTION 192. 125.21 (2) (c) of the statutes is created to read:

125.21 (2) (c) The licensor in a licensing agreement is not required to hold a permit issued under subch. II or III. This paragraph does not apply if the licensor also conducts alcohol beverage operations that are regulated under subch. II or III.

SECTION 193. 125.21 (3) (f) and (g) of the statutes are created to read:

- 125.21 (3) (f) 1. A recipe producer is not required to hold more than one permit issued under the same section of this chapter. If a recipe producer enters into one or more contract production agreements that result in the recipe producer's alcohol beverages being produced at multiple premises, the recipe producer's permit under s. 125.29, 125.295, 125.52, or 125.53, as applicable, shall be issued for the premises at which its alcohol beverages are first produced.
- 2. For each additional premises at which the recipe producer's alcohol beverages will be produced by a contract producer, the recipe producer shall submit to the division a notice countersigned by the applicable contract producer. This notice shall be submitted within 10 days after the contract producer first produces the recipe producer's alcohol beverages at the premises. The division may charge a fee, not to exceed \$50, for each notice.
- (g) The division is not required to inspect a premises related to a recipe producer's application for a permit under s. 125.29, 125.295, 125.53, or 125.52, as applicable, or a recipe producer's notice under par. (f) 2.

SECTION 194. 125.24 (1) (a) of the statutes, as created by 2023 Wisconsin Act 73. is amended to read:

125.24 (1) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the division may
issue to property owners no-sale event venue permits that authorize the permittee
to rent or lease real property for use as an event venue at which fermented malt
beverages and, wine, and hemp-derived cannabinoid products in beverage form are
consumed if all requirements under this section are satisfied.
SECTION 195. 125.24 (1) (d) of the statutes, as created by 2023 Wisconsin Act
73, is amended to read:
125.24 (1) (d) Subject to sub. (2) (c) 3., a permit may not be issued under this
section for premises that are covered by any other license or permit under this
chapter, but a caterer holding Class "B" and "Class B" licenses may deliver
fermented malt beverages and wine, and, subject to s. 125.10 (6) (c), a caterer
holding a Class "B" or Class "HDC-B" license may deliver hemp-derived
cannabinoid products in beverage form, to the event venue if all requirements
under sub. (2) are satisfied.
SECTION 196. 125.24 (2) (a) of the statutes, as created by 2023 Wisconsin Act
73, is amended to read:
125.24 (2) (a) A no-sale event venue permit authorizes the permittee to rent
or lease real property for use as an event venue at which fermented malt beverages
and, wine, and hemp-derived cannabinoid products in beverage form are consumed
on no more than 6 days per calendar year and no more than one day per month.
SECTION 197. 125.24 (2) (b) of the statutes, as created by 2023 Wisconsin Act
73, is amended to read:
125.24 (2) (b) 1. A no-sale event venue permittee may not sell or otherwise
provide alcohol beverages or hamp-derived cannabinoid products to the renter or

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Wisconsin Act 73, are amended to read:

lessee of the event venue or to any guest or attendee of an event on the event venue, including charging admission for an event on the event venue at which any alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products are served. 2. A no-sale event venue permittee may not allow any person to possess distilled spirits, or hemp-derived cannabinoid products that are not in beverage form, on the event venue when the event venue is being used by a renter or lessee. **SECTION 198.** 125.24 (2) (c) 1., 2. and 4. of the statutes, as created by 2023 Wisconsin Act 73, are amended to read: 125.24 (2) (c) 1. Allow the renter or lessee of the event venue to bring the renter's or lessee's own fermented malt beverages and, wine, and hemp-derived cannabinoid products in beverage form onto the event venue and serve it to guests without charge. 2. Allow the guests of the renter or lessee to bring fermented malt beverages and, wine, and hemp-derived cannabinoid products in beverage form onto the event venue to be consumed by the guests without charge. 4. Allow the renter or lessee to contract with a caterer holding Class "B" and "Class B" licenses for the caterer to provide fermented malt beverages and wine, or, subject to s. 125.10 (6) (c), with a caterer holding a Class "B" or Class "HDC-B" license for the caterer to provide hemp-derived cannabinoid products in beverage form, to the renter or lessee and the renter's or lessee's guests without charge on the event venue. **SECTION 199.** 125.24 (2) (d) 1., 2. and 3. of the statutes, as created by 2023

125.24 (2) (d) 1. Neither the renter or lessee of the event venue nor any guest

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license under s. 125.17.

1	of the renter or lessee may bring alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid
2	<u>products</u> onto the event venue.
3	2. The caterer may serve the fermented malt beverages and, wine, and hemp-
4	derived cannabinoid products in beverage form that are provided on the event
5	venue, but service shall be performed only by persons holding an operator's license
6	under s. 125.17.
7	3. The caterer may not provide fermented malt beverages or, wine, or hemp-
8	derived cannabinoid products in beverage form on the event venue unless the renter
9	or lessee has first purchased the fermented malt beverages or, wine, or hemp-
10	derived cannabinoid products in beverage form from the caterer in a face-to-face
11	transaction at the caterer's licensed retail premises.
12	SECTION 200. 125.24 (2) (e) 1., 2. and 3. of the statutes, as created by 2023
13	Wisconsin Act 73, are amended to read:
14	125.24 (2) (e) 1. Except as provided in par. (c) 3., sell any alcohol beverages or
15	hemp-derived cannabinoid products to guests or attendees of an event on the event
16	venue, including charging admission for an event on the event venue at which any
17	alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products are served.
18	2. Allow any person to possess distilled spirits or hemp-derived cannabinoid
19	products that are not in beverage form on the event venue.
20	3. If there are 20 or more people on the event venue, allow the service of
21	fermented malt beverages or, wine, or hemp-derived cannabinoid products in

beverage form unless the service is performed by a person holding an operator's

SECTION 201. 125.24 (3) (g), (h), (i) and (j) of the statutes are created to read:

- 1 125.24 (3) (g) A manufacturer's permit issued under s. 125.751.
- 2 (h) A distributor's permit issued under s. 125.753.
- 3 (i) An out-of-state shipper's permit issued under s. 125.755 or out-of-state
- 4 ingredient supplier's permit issued under s. 125.756.
- 5 (j) A Class "HDC-A" or Class "HDC-B" license issued under s. 125.761.
- 6 **SECTION 202.** 125.25 (1m) of the statutes is created to read:
- 125.25 (1m) Subject to s. 125.10 (6) (c), in addition to the authorization specified in sub. (1), a Class "A" license authorizes retail sales of hemp-derived cannabinoid products for consumption off the premises where sold and in original packages or containers.
- SECTION 203. 125.25 (2) (b) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
- 12 125.25 **(2)** (b) (intro.) Subject to s. ss. 125.20 (6) and 125.765 (3), a Class "A" license may not be issued to any person who holds, or has an interest in a permittee
- holding, any of the following:
- **SECTION 204.** 125.25 (2) (b) 7., 8. and 9. of the statutes are created to read:
- 16 125.25 (2) (b) 7. A manufacturer's permit issued under s. 125.751.
- 17 8. A distributor's permit issued under s. 125.753.
- 9. An out-of-state shipper's permit issued under s. 125.755 or out-of-state ingredient supplier's permit issued under s. 125.756.
- **SECTION 205.** 125.26 (1m) of the statutes is created to read:
- 125.26 (1m) Subject to s. 125.10 (6) (c), in addition to the authorization specified in sub. (1), a Class "B" license authorizes retail sales of hemp-derived cannabinoid products to be consumed either on the premises where sold or off the premises.

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SECTION 206	125.26 (2) (b)	(intro.)	of the statutes	is amended to read:
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- 2 125.26 (2) (b) (intro.) Subject to s. ss. 125.20 (6) and 125.765 (3), a Class "B"
- 3 license may not be issued to any person who holds, or has an interest in a permittee
- 4 holding, any of the following:
- **SECTION 207.** 125.26 (2) (b) 7., 8. and 9. of the statutes are created to read:
- 6 125.26 (2) (b) 7. A manufacturer's permit issued under s. 125.751.
- 7 8. A distributor's permit issued under s. 125.753.
 - 9. An out-of-state shipper's permit issued under s. 125.755 or out-of-state ingredient supplier's permit issued under s. 125.756.
 - **SECTION 208.** 125.29 (7) (i) of the statutes is created to read:
 - 125.29 (7) (i) 1. Subject to s. 125.10 (6) (d), a brewer authorized to make full-service retail sales under this subsection may also make retail sales of hemp-derived cannabinoid products, for consumption on or off the premises, at the location where full-service retail sales are authorized. The brewer may make these retail sales only if the brewer has purchased the hemp-derived cannabinoid products from a distributor holding a permit under s. 125.753 or the brewer holds a permit under s. 125.751 and manufactured the hemp-derived cannabinoid products. A brewer that makes retail sales of hemp-derived cannabinoid products is subject to s. 125.767 (6) to the same extent as if the brewer were a retail licensee, except with respect to hemp-derived cannabinoid products manufactured by the brewer.
 - 2. If a brewer that holds a permit under s. 125.751 is authorized to establish a retail outlet under s. 125.751 (6) (b), this retail outlet may be in the same location as a full-service retail outlet authorized under this subsection.

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SECTION 209. 125.32 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

125.32 (2) OPERATORS LICENSES AND PERMITS: CLASS "A." CLASS "B." AND OTHER PREMISES. Except as provided under sub. (3) (b) and ss. 125.07 (3) (a) 10, and 125.26 (6), no premises operated under a Class "A" or Class "B" license or permit may be open for business, and no person who holds a brewer's permit, manufacturer's or rectifier's permit, or winery permit may allow the sale or provision of taste samples of fermented malt beverages on the brewery premises. manufacturing or rectifying premises, winery premises, or any retail outlet operated by the brewer, manufacturer, rectifier, or winery under s. 125.29 (7). 125.52 (4), or 125.53 (3), unless there is upon the premises the licensee or permittee, the agent named in the license or permit if the licensee or permittee is a corporation or limited liability company, or some person who has an operator's license or operator's permit and who is responsible for the acts of all persons serving any fermented malt beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products to customers. An operator's license issued in respect to a vessel under s. 125.27 (2) is valid outside the municipality that issues it. For the purpose of this subsection, any person holding a manager's license under s. 125.18 or any member of the licensee's or permittee's immediate family who has attained the age of 18 shall be considered the holder of an operator's license. No person other than the licensee, permittee, or agent may serve fermented malt beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products in any place operated under a Class "A" or Class "B" license or permit or on brewery premises, manufacturing or rectifying premises, winery premises, or any retail outlet operated by a brewer, manufacturer, rectifier, or winery under s. 125,29 (7), 125.52 (4), or 125.53 (3) unless he or she has an operator's license or operator's

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permit, is considered to have an operator's license under this subsection, or is at least 18 years of age and is under the immediate supervision of the licensee, permittee, agent, or a person holding an operator's license or operator's permit,

who is on the premises at the time of the service.

SECTION 210. 125.52 (4) (h) of the statutes is created to read:

125.52 (4) (h) 1. Subject to s. 125.10 (6) (d), a manufacturer or rectifier authorized to make full-service retail sales under this subsection may also make retail sales of hemp-derived cannabinoid products, for consumption on or off the premises, at the location where full-service retail sales are authorized. The manufacturer or rectifier may make these retail sales only if the manufacturer or rectifier has purchased the hemp-derived cannabinoid products from a distributor holding a permit under s. 125.753 or the manufacturer or rectifier holds a permit under s. 125.751 and manufactured the hemp-derived cannabinoid products. A manufacturer or rectifier that makes retail sales of hemp-derived cannabinoid products is subject to s. 125.767 (6) to the same extent as if the manufacturer or rectifier were a retail licensee, except with respect to hemp-derived cannabinoid products manufactured by the manufacturer or rectifier.

2. If a manufacturer or rectifier that holds a permit under s. 125.751 is authorized to establish a retail outlet under s. 125.751 (6) (b), this retail outlet may be in the same location as a full-service retail outlet authorized under this subsection.

SECTION 211. 125.53 (3) (h) of the statutes is created to read:

125.53 (3) (h) 1. Subject to s. 125.10 (6) (d), a winery authorized to make full-service retail sales under this subsection may also make retail sales of hemp-

and ingredients.

derived cannabinoid products, for consumption on or off the premises, at the
location where full-service retail sales are authorized. The winery may make these
retail sales only if the winery has purchased the hemp-derived cannabinoid
products from a distributor holding a permit under s. 125.753 or the winery holds a
permit under s. 125.751 and manufactured the hemp-derived cannabinoid
products. A winery that makes retail sales of hemp-derived cannabinoid products
is subject to s. 125.767 (6) to the same extent as if the winery were a retail licensee,
except with respect to hemp-derived cannabinoid products manufactured by the
winery.
2. If a winery that holds a permit under s. 125.751 is authorized to establish
a retail outlet under s. 125.751 (6) (b), this retail outlet may be in the same location
as a full-service retail outlet authorized under this subsection.
SECTION 212. Subchapter IV of chapter 125 [precedes 125.741] of the statutes
is created to read:
CHAPTER 125
SUBCHAPTER IV
HEMP-DERIVED
CANNABINOID PRODUCTS
125.741 Definitions. In this subchapter:
(1) "Batch" means a specific quantity of a hemp-derived cannabinoid product
that is all of the following:
(a) Manufactured at the same time and using the same methods, equipment,

(j) Cannabitriol.

1	(b) Uniform and intended to meet specifications for identity, strength, purity,
2	and composition.
3	(c) Manufactured, packaged, and labeled according to a single batch
4	production record.
5	(2) "Distributor" means a person who sells or delivers a hemp-derived
6	cannabinoid product that the person did not manufacture to a retailer for sale to
7	consumers. "Distributor" does not include a common carrier used only to complete
8	delivery from a permittee under s. 125.753 to a retailer.
9	(3) "Manufacturer" means, except in ss. 125.751 (1) (a), 125.755 (1), 125.756
10	(1), and 125.763, a person holding a hemp-derived cannabinoid product
11	manufacturer's permit issued under s. 125.751.
12	(4) "Nonintoxicating cannabinoid" means any substance extracted from hemp
13	that does not produce intoxicating effects when consumed by any route of
14	administration. "Nonintoxicating cannabinoid" includes all of the following:
15	(a) Cannabidiol.
16	(b) Cannabidiolic acid.
17	(c) Cannabidivarin.
18	(d) Cannabidivarinic acid.
19	(e) Cannabichromene.
20	(f) Cannabichromenic acid.
21	(g) Cannabigerolic acid.
22	(h) Cannabigerol.
23	(i) Cannabinol.

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- (5) "Primary source of supply," with respect to a hemp-derived cannabinoid product, means the manufacturer that manufactured the hemp-derived cannabinoid product or the exclusive agent designated by the manufacturer.
- 125.743 Requirements and restrictions for hemp-derived cannabinoid products. (1) (a) Except as provided in par. (c), and subject to sub. (4) (b), no product containing cannabinoids may be manufactured, transported, stored, or sold in this state unless the product is a hemp-derived cannabinoid product and the hemp-derived cannabinoid contained in the product is derived from a federally licensed or state-licensed hemp producer, as defined in s. 94.55 (1) (b).
- (b) Subject to sub. (4) (b), hemp-derived cannabinoid products may contain nonintoxicating cannabinoids but only the nonintoxicating cannabinoids specified in s. 125.741 (4) (a) to (j).
 - (c) Paragraph (a) does not apply to any of the following:
- 1. A cannabidiol product, as defined in s. 961.01 (3r), that is governed by ss. 961.32 (2m) and 961.38 (1n) (b), and any tetrahydrocannabinol contained in a cannabidiol product that is dispensed as provided in s. 961.38 (1n) (a) or that is possessed as provided in s. 961.32 (2m) (b).
- 2. A prescription drug product that has been approved by the U.S. food and drug administration.
- 3. A hemp-derived topical product, as defined in s. 125.775 (1), subject to the requirements under s. 125.775.
- (2) Subject to sub. (1) and the requirements under this chapter, hemp-derived cannabinoid products may be manufactured, transported, stored, sold, and consumed in this state.

8. Benzoic acid.

(3) (a) No hemp-derived cannabinoid product may be manufactured by
applying an extracted or concentrated hemp-derived cannabinoid to a commercially
available candy or snack food item.
(b) No hemp-derived cannabinoid product may contain an ingredient, other
than a hemp-derived cannabinoid, that is not approved or generally recognized as
safe by the federal food and drug administration.
(c) No hemp-derived cannabinoid product may be packaged or mixed with or
as part of an alcohol beverage or with any liquid having an alcohol content greater
than 0.5 percent alcohol by volume.
(d) No hemp-derived cannabinoid product may contain any controlled
substance, as defined in s. 961.01 (4), or controlled substance analog, as defined in
s. 961.01 (4m), or its salts, isomers, or salts of isomers.
(e) No hemp-derived cannabinoid product may contain caffeine in excess of
100 milligrams per serving.
(4) (a) A hemp-derived cannabinoid product that is produced, marketed, or
otherwise intended to be inhaled may not contain any of the following substances:
1. Acetates.
2. Medium-chain triglycerides.
3. Polyethylene glycol.
4. Propylene glycol.
5. Diketones, including diacetyl, acetylpropionyl, and acetoin.
6. Myclobutanil.
7. Artificial food coloring.

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- (b) A hemp-derived cannabinoid product that is produced, marketed, or otherwise intended to be inhaled may contain an ingredient, other than a hemp-derived cannabinoid, if the ingredient is listed in, and the concentration and route of the ingredient is authorized under, the inactive ingredient database of the federal food and drug administration.
- (5) A hemp-derived cannabinoid product may be sold in only the following forms and only in compliance with the applicable requirements or restrictions specified for the form in pars. (a) to (f):
- (a) As a single-serving beverage, if all of the following apply:
- 1. The product is bottled, canned, or otherwise placed in a container having a capacity of not less than 50 milliliters and not more than 19.2 ounces.
 - 2. The product is bottled with a sealed cap or is canned or otherwise placed in another container that utilizes a traditional pull-tab.
- 3. The container of the product does not contain more than one serving of theproduct.
 - 4. There are not more than 20 milligrams of tetrahydrocannabinols in the container of the product.
 - (b) As a multi-serving beverage, if all of the following apply:
- 1. The product is bottled or otherwise placed in a container having a capacity 20 of not less than 375 milliliters and not more than 1.75 liters.
 - 2. The product is bottled or otherwise placed in a resealable container.
- 3. The measure of a serving size of the product in the container is 1.5 ounces.
- 4. The product contains not more than 20 milligrams of tetrahydrocannabinols per serving.

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- (c) As a tincture, if all of the following apply:
- 1. The product is in the form of a solution of hemp concentrate or refined cannabinoid that is dissolved in glycerin, food-grade oils, or other food-grade solvents.
 - 2. The product is intended to be orally ingested.
- 6 3. The product contains servings measured in single milliliters.
- 7 4. The product container does not contain more than 60 milliliters of the 8 product.
- 9 5. The product contains not more than 20 milligrams of tetrahydrocannabinols per serving.
 - (d) As an edible product, if all of the following apply:
- 1. The product is intended to be orally ingested and is in a form other than a beverage or tincture.
 - 2. Each serving of the product within the product packaging or container is scored or wrapped or has another indicator that clearly identifies the serving size.
 - 3. The product contains not more than 20 milligrams of tetrahydrocannabinols per serving.
- 4. The packaging or container of the product contains not more than 40servings.
 - (e) As an inhalable product, if all of the following apply:
- 1. The product is intended to be consumed by combustion or vaporization of the product and inhalation of the resulting smoke, aerosol, or vapor, including hemp flower or hemp plant parts.
- 24 2. The product contains not more than 800 milligrams of

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- tetrahydrocannabinols if in cartridge form or, if in the form of hemp flower or hemp plant parts, the container of the product contains not more than one ounce of the product.
- (f) As a product intended to be absorbed through the skin, if the container of the hemp-derived cannabinoid product contains not more than 800 milligrams of tetrahydrocannabinols.
- 125.745 Testing of hemp-derived cannabinoid products. (1) No hempderived cannabinoid product may be sold in this state unless the manufacturer has first submitted a representative sample of each batch of the product to an independent, accredited laboratory for testing and certification that the product is in compliance with the applicable standards of this chapter and the laboratory has made such a certification. A certification shall be accompanied by the certificate of analysis of testing results required under sub. (4). The manufacturer shall provide the certificate of analysis of testing results for each batch of a hemp-derived cannabinoid product to the product's distributor.
- (2) Testing under sub. (1) shall, at a minimum, satisfy all of the following requirements:
 - (a) It is consistent with generally accepted industry standards.
 - (b) It meets all standards established by the division.
- (3) Certification under sub. (1) may not be made unless testing of the hempderived cannabinoid product confirms all of the following requirements are satisfied:
- (a) The product contains the amount of cannabinoids stated on the label of the product, disclosed as a percentage, as milligrams per serving, and, if there is more

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- than one serving of the product in a package or container, as total milligrams for the package or container, subject to the variance under s. 125.749 (10).
- (b) The product does not contain more than trace amounts of any mold, residual solvents, or other catalysts, pesticides, fertilizers, mycotoxins, or heavy metals.
- (c) The product is derived from hemp and does not contain a delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of more than 0.3 percent on a dry weight basis or the maximum concentration allowed under federal law up to 1 percent, whichever is greater.
- (4) A hemp-derived cannabinoid product may not be sold in this state unless it is accompanied by a certificate of analysis of testing results verifying that the product is derived from hemp and retains a concentration of delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol of not more than 0.3 percent on a dry weight basis or the maximum concentration allowed under federal law up to 1 percent, whichever is greater. This certificate of analysis of testing results may be provided by means of a quick response code on the product's label or packaging. If a hemp-derived cannabinoid product contains hemp concentrate or refined cannabinoids, the certificate of analysis required under this subsection shall include the certificate of analysis required under s. 125.751 (4) (e) for the hemp concentrate or refined cannabinoids.
- (5) The division may promulgate rules establishing laboratory and testing requirements under this section, including any of the following:
- (a) Minimum laboratory qualifications required for the division to accept the laboratory's certification under sub. (1).

(h) 5	Specific	standards	applicable	under	suh	(3)	(h)	١
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- 125.747 Hemp-derived cannabinoid product registration. (1) (a) A manufacturer or an out-of-state shipper holding a permit under s. 125.755, before selling any hemp-derived cannabinoid product in this state, shall register the product with the division.
 - (b) No hemp-derived cannabinoid product may be sold in this state unless it is first registered under par. (a) and, at the time of sale, continues to appear in the registry under sub. (3) (a).
 - (2) The division shall require, as part of the registration under sub. (1), that the manufacturer or out-of-state shipper certify that the hemp-derived cannabinoid product complies with the requirements of this chapter.
 - (3) (a) The division shall maintain and make publicly available on its website a registry of hemp-derived cannabinoid products that are registered under this section. The division shall update this registry at least monthly to ensure the registry remains current and accurate.
 - (b) Before removing a hemp-derived cannabinoid product from the registry under par. (a), the division shall provide to the manufacturer or out-of-state shipper that registered the product notice and an opportunity to cure deficiencies in the registration. The division may not remove a product from the registry earlier than 15 business days after providing this notice. The division's determination on whether to remove a product from the registry is subject to review under ch. 227.
 - (c) If a hemp-derived cannabinoid product is removed from the registry under par. (a), any distributor holding a permit under s. 125.753 or any Class "A," Class

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major food allergens.

1	"B," Class "HDC-A," or Class "HDC-B" licensee in possession of the product shall
2	do all of the following:
3	1. Remove the product from its inventory no later than 21 days after the date
4	the product is removed from the registry.
5	2. Return the product to the manufacturer or out-of-state shipper for disposal
6	(4) Any person who violates sub. (1) or (3) (c) may be required to forfeit not
7	more than \$1,000 for each day on which a violation occurs.
8	125.749 Label and packaging requirements. (1) In this section, "label"
9	includes material attached to, printed or embossed on, or incorporated into the
10	immediate container in which a hemp-derived cannabinoid product is sold.
11	(2) No hemp-derived cannabinoid product may be sold in this state unless the
12	product is labeled in compliance with this section and the label is expressly or
13	impliedly approved by the division as provided in sub. (8).
14	(3) Each hemp-derived cannabinoid product sold in this state shall bear one
15	or more labels that contain, at a minimum, all of the following information:
16	(a) The name, location, contact phone number, and website address of the
17	product's manufacturer or brand owner.
18	(b) The product's batch number.
19	(c) The product's serving size and number of servings per package or
20	container if more than one serving is included in the package or container.
21	(d) The product's cannabinoid profile per serving and in total for the
22	container.

(e) A list of the product's ingredients, including identification by name of any

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(f) The product's potency, labeled as milligrams per serving, for total
tetrahydrocannabinol and for any hemp-derived cannabinoid present in excess of 1
percent of the total tetrahydrocannabinol present in the serving. A product
containing multiple servings per container or package shall also include the total
amounts of tetrahydrocannabinol, and of any other hemp-derived cannabinoid
present in excess of 1 percent of the total tetrahydrocannabinol, present in the
package or container.

- (4) (a) In addition to the information required under sub. (3), a label on each hemp-derived cannabinoid product sold in this state shall include a warning statement that is conspicuous, clearly legible, and printed in at least 6-point type on a contrasting background and that contains the information specified in par. (b) and, if applicable, the statement specified in par. (c).
- (b) The warning statement under par. (a) for all hemp-derived cannabinoid products shall include all of the following information in substantially similar form:
 - 1. Keep out of the reach of children.
 - 2. Must be 21 or older to possess or consume.
 - 3. May be harmful to those who are pregnant or breastfeeding.
 - 4. May impair ability to drive or operate machinery.
- 5. May contain unidentified substances that are harmful or toxic.
- 6. This product is not approved by the FDA for cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of any disease.
 - 7. Use of this product may result in a positive drug test.
- 23 (c) A hemp-derived cannabinoid product that is produced, marketed, or

otherwise intended to be inhaled shall include the following in addition to the
statement under par. (b):
"WARNING: Inhalation of cannabis smoke has been associated with lung
injury."
(5) No label of a hemp-derived cannabinoid product sold in this state may
contain any claim that the product may be used for or is effective for the prevention,
treatment, or cure of a disease or that it may be used to alter the structure or
function of human or animal bodies, unless the claim has been approved by the
federal food and drug administration.
(6) No hemp-derived cannabinoid product may be sold in this state unless the
product packaging satisfies all of the following requirements:
(a) It is child-resistant according to the packaging standards set forth in 16
CFR 1700.15, unless the product is a beverage.
(b) It does not contain any feature likely to be appealing to children, including
any of the following:
1. Cartoon images, superhero characters, comic book characters, video game
characters, television show characters, movie characters, or unicorns or other
mythical creatures.
2. Likeness to commercially available candy, snacks, baked goods, or
beverages.
(c) It contains no information that would be prohibited on the label under sub.
(5).
(7) (a) A hemp-derived cannabinoid product that is not a beverage shall be

placed in packaging that is opaque to an extent that the contents are not viewable.

- (b) A hemp-derived cannabinoid product shall be placed in tamper-evident packaging or a tamper-evident container or contain a tamper-evident seal.
- (8) Before a hemp-derived cannabinoid product may be sold in this state, all labels for the product shall be submitted to the division with an application for label approval. If the division has not acted upon an application within 30 days after the application is submitted, the application is considered approved. The division may deny an application for label approval only on the basis that the label does not comply with the requirements under this section.
- (9) Any information required under this section on a hemp-derived cannabinoid product label may, if the immediate container holding the product is too small to contain all of the required information, instead be displayed on the product's outer packaging and by means of a quick response code on the product label of the immediate container holding the product.
- (10) Information on a hemp-derived cannabinoid product label relating to the percentage or milligrams of cannabinoids contained in the product is accurate if the labeled information is within one milligram or 10 percent, whichever is greater, of the actual cannabinoid content of the product.
- 125.751 Hemp-derived cannabinoid product manufacturers. (1) (a) The division shall issue hemp-derived cannabinoid product manufacturers' permits to qualified applicants. Except as provided under s. 125.765, a manufacturer's permit may be issued under this section to any person who holds a valid certificate issued under s. 73.03 (50) and who is qualified under s. 125.04 (5), except a person acting as an agent for, or in the employ of, another person.

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(g)

1	(b) A permit issued under this section shall particularly describe the premises
2	for which issued and is not transferable, except as provided in s. 125.04 (12).
3	(c) 1. A permit issued under this section shall include an endorsement
4	identifying any of the following forms of hemp-derived cannabinoid products
5	manufactured on the premises:
6	a. Beverage products.
7	b. Edible products.
8	c. Inhalable products.
9	d. Tinctures.
10	e. Products absorbed through the skin.
11	2. The endorsement under subd. 1. shall also indicate whether hemp
12	concentrate or refined cannabinoids are manufactured on the premises as
13	authorized under sub. (4) (a).
14	(2) A permit issued under this section authorizes the permittee to do all of the
15	following:
16	(a) Purchase hemp concentrate and refined cannabinoids from other persons
17	authorized to engage in such transactions.
18	(b) Make hemp concentrate.
19	(c) Manufacture refined cannabinoids.
20	(d) Manufacture hemp-derived cannabinoid products for public consumption.
21	(e) Package and label hemp-derived cannabinoid products for sale.

(f) Sell hemp concentrate and refined cannabinoids to other manufacturers

Sell finished and packaged hemp-derived cannabinoid products to

holding a permit under this section for further manufacturing or finishing.

- distributors holding a permit under s. 125.753, other manufacturers holding a permit under this section, or persons located outside this state authorized to receive such products.
- (3) A manufacturer may manufacture hemp-derived cannabinoid products only in a facility and on equipment that meets applicable health and safety requirements established by the division, including requirements for cleaning and testing machinery between production of different products.
- (4) (a) A manufacturer may not create hemp concentrate or refined cannabinoids unless the manufacturer has first obtained an endorsement from the division.
- (b) A manufacturer seeking an endorsement to create hemp concentrate shall inform the division of all methods of extraction and concentration that the manufacturer intends to use and identify the volatile chemicals, if any, that will be involved in the creation of hemp concentrate. A manufacturer may not use a method of extraction and concentration or a volatile chemical without approval by the division.
- (c) A manufacturer seeking an endorsement to create refined cannabinoids shall inform the division of all methods of conversion that the manufacturer will use, including any specific catalysts that the manufacturer will employ, to create refined cannabinoids and the molecular nomenclature of all cannabinoids or other chemical compounds that the manufacturer will create. A manufacturer may not use a method of conversion or a catalyst without approval by the division.
- (d) Before any division approval under this subsection, a manufacturer shall obtain a certification from an independent, 3rd-party industrial hygienist or

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- professional engineer approving all of the following with respect to the manufacturer:
 - 1. All electrical, gas, fire suppression, and exhaust systems.
- 2. A plan for safe storage and disposal of hazardous substances, including any
 volatile chemicals.
 - (e) A manufacturer, with the sale to any person of hemp concentrate or refined cannabinoids, shall provide to the person all of the following:
 - 1. A statement that discloses the method of extraction and concentration or conversion used and any solvents, gases, catalysts, or other volatile chemicals involved in that method.
 - 2. A certificate of analysis indicating that the hemp concentrate or refined cannabinoids are derived from hemp, that the hemp concentrate or refined cannabinoids do not contain more than trace amounts of any mold, residual solvents, or other catalysts, pesticides, fertilizers, mycotoxins, or heavy metals, and the total cannabinoid profile of the product.
 - (f) A manufacturer, prior to the sale or transfer of hemp concentrate or refined cannabinoids, shall place the hemp concentrate or refined cannabinoids in tamper-evident packaging or a tamper-evident container bearing the following label: "WARNING: UNFINISHED PRODUCT; NOT INTENDED FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION IN THIS FORM."
 - (5) (a) A manufacturer may transport hemp concentrate and refined cannabinoids on public roadways only if all of the following requirements are satisfied:
 - 1. The hemp concentrate or refined cannabinoids are in a locked, safe, and

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- secure storage compartment that is part of the transporting vehicle or in a locked storage container that has a separate key or combination pad.
- 2. The hemp concentrate or refined cannabinoids are packaged in tamperevident containers that are not visible or recognizable from outside the transporting vehicle.
 - 3. The manufacturer has a bill of lading or other shipping documents in its possession that describe the contents of all tamper-evident containers, that demonstrate the contents of these containers were lawfully produced, and that identify the logistical details of the transportation.
- 4. The manufacturer appropriately documents all departures, arrivals, and stops.
- 5. Only designated employees of the manufacturer enter the transporting vehicle while it is transporting hemp concentrate or refined cannabinoids.
 - 6. The manufacturer complies with any other rules promulgated by the division.
 - (b) Any vehicle transporting, or assigned by the manufacturer to transport, hemp concentrate or refined cannabinoids is subject to inspection at any time by any person authorized to conduct inspections under s. 125.025 (3).
 - (6) (a) 1. Notwithstanding ss. 125.04 (9) and 125.09 (1), a manufacturer may make retail sales, on the manufacturing premises, of hemp-derived cannabinoid products that have been manufactured by the manufacturer on these premises or on other premises of the manufacturer, for on-premises or off-premises consumption.
- 2. Notwithstanding ss. 125.04 (9) and 125.09 (1), if a manufacturer manufactured, on all of the manufacturer's premises operated by the manufacturer

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- in this state, hemp-derived cannabinoid products containing a cumulative total of at least 5,000 grams of hemp-derived cannabinoids in any one of the 3 preceding calendar years, the manufacturer may engage in retail sales on the manufacturing premises.
- (b) Notwithstanding ss. 125.04 (9) and 125.09 (1), and subject to pars. (d) and (f), if a manufacturer manufactured, on all of the manufacturer's premises operated by the manufacturer in this state, hemp-derived cannabinoid products containing a cumulative total of at least 5,000 grams of hemp-derived cannabinoids in any one of the 3 preceding calendar years, the manufacturer may engage in retail sales at off-site locations identified in the manufacturer's permit. Subject to pars. (e) and (f), the number of retail sales locations a manufacturer is allowed in addition to the manufacturing premises is determined by the cumulative total of hemp-derived cannabinoids contained in hemp-derived cannabinoid products it manufactured on all of its manufacturing premises in this state in any one of the 3 preceding calendar years, as follows:
- 1. If the manufacturer's cumulative total in a year was at least 5,000 grams of hemp-derived cannabinoids but less than 15,000 grams of hemp-derived cannabinoids, the manufacturer may establish one retail outlet.
- 2. If the manufacturer's cumulative total in a year was at least 15,000 grams of hemp-derived cannabinoids but less than 25,000 grams of hemp-derived cannabinoids, the manufacturer may establish not more than 2 retail outlets.
- 3. If the manufacturer's cumulative total in a year was at least 25,000 grams of hemp-derived cannabinoids, the manufacturer may establish not more than 3 retail outlets.

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- (c) 1. Except as provided in subd. 2., a manufacturer may make retail sales of hemp-derived cannabinoid products on the manufacturing premises and at any of its retail outlets only if the hemp-derived cannabinoid products were purchased by the manufacturer from a distributor holding a permit under s. 125.753.
- 2. A manufacturer is not required to purchase from another permittee hempderived cannabinoid products manufactured by the manufacturer that the manufacturer sells at retail on the manufacturing premises or at its retail outlet.
- 3. Subject to subd. 2., a manufacturer engaged in retail sales on the manufacturing premises or at its retail outlet is subject to s. 125.767 (6) to the same extent as if the manufacturer were a retail licensee.
- (d) 1. A manufacturer may not commence sales of hemp-derived cannabinoid products at a retail outlet unless, prior to commencing such sales, the manufacturer receives approval from the municipality in which the retail outlet is located and from the division as provided in par. (f).
- 2. A municipality's approval under subd. 1. shall be based on the same standards and criteria that the municipality has established by ordinance for the evaluation and approval of applications for a retail license under s. 125.761. A municipality may not impose any requirement or restriction in connection with the approval under subd. 1. that the municipality does not impose on retail licenses issued under s. 125.761. If a municipality does not issue retail licenses under s. 125.761, a municipality may deny an application under subd. 1.
- (e) If a person holds more than one manufacturer's permit under this section, the retail sales authority under this subsection for the manufacturing premises

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- applies with respect to each manufacturer's permit, but the limit on retail outlets is an aggregate maximum, regardless of the number of manufacturer's permits held.
- (f) 1. An application for a manufacturer's permit, including an application for an amendment to the manufacturer's permit, shall specify each retail outlet of the manufacturer and particularly describe the premises of the retail outlet.
- 2. The division shall establish a process for approval of a manufacturer's retail outlet and for revocation of this approval. Subject to par. (d), the division shall approve a manufacturer's retail outlet, and may not revoke this approval, unless the manufacturer has violated a provision of this chapter related to retail outlets. The division's failure to approve, or revocation of approval of, a retail outlet described in a manufacturer's application or permit does not affect any other retail outlet or the manufacturer's premises as described in the application or permit.
- 3. If the division approves a retail outlet, the manufacturer's permit, as initially issued or as amended, shall particularly describe the premises constituting the retail outlet, which shall be considered part of the premises under the manufacturer's permit.
- 4. If the division approves a retail outlet, the agent appointed under s. 125.04(6) for the manufacturer's permit shall also serve as the agent for the retail outlet.
- 5. Section 125.04 (12) (a) does not apply to a manufacturer's retail outlet. Upon notice to the division, a manufacturer may relocate any retail outlet to a new location within this state once per calendar year, except that one retail outlet of a manufacturer may be relocated without limitation on frequency in each calendar year.
 - (g) If a manufacturer also holds a permit issued under s. 125.29, 125.52, or

- SECTION 212
- 1 125.53 and is authorized to establish a full-service retail outlet under s. 125.29 (7),
- 2 125.52 (4), or 125.53 (3), the manufacturer's retail outlet under this subsection may
- 3 be in the same location as a full-service retail outlet authorized under s. 125.29 (7),
- 4 125.52 (4), or 125.53 (3).
- 5 (7) (a) In this subsection, "delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol permissible limit"
- 6 means a delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of not more than 0.3 percent
- on a dry weight basis or the maximum concentration allowed under federal law up
- 8 to 1 percent, whichever is greater, as tested using post-decarboxylation or other
- 9 similarly reliable methods.
- 10 (b) A manufacturer may possess, and may transfer to another manufacturer,
- 11 hemp concentrate or refined cannabinoids with a delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol
- 12 concentration above the delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol permissible limit if the hemp
- concentrate or refined cannabinoids are reconditioned or processed into a finished
- hemp-derived cannabinoid product that is below the delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol
- permissible limit and the requirements under s. 125.745 are satisfied.
- 16 **125.753** Hemp-derived cannabinoid product distributors. (1) (a) The
- division shall issue hemp-derived cannabinoid product distributors' permits to
- qualified applicants. Except as provided in sub. (3) and s. 125.765, a distributor's
- permit may be issued under this section to any person who holds a valid certificate
- issued under s. 73.03 (50) and who is qualified under s. 125.04 (5), except a person
- acting as an agent for, or in the employ of, another person.
- 22 (b) A permit issued under this section shall particularly describe the premises
- for which issued and is not transferable, except as provided in s. 125.04 (12).

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	(2) A permit issued under this section authorizes the permittee to do all of the
follo	wing:

- (a) Purchase, receive, and transport hemp-derived cannabinoid products from manufacturers holding a permit under s. 125.751 or out-of-state shippers holding a permit under s. 125.755.
- (b) Sell, provide, and transport hemp-derived cannabinoid products to other distributors, to retailers holding a Class "A," Class "B," Class "HDC-A," or Class "HDC-B" license; to permittees under ss. 125.29, 125.52, and 125.53 for authorized retail sale on their production premises or full-service retail outlets established under ss. 125.29 (7), 125.52 (4), and 125.53 (3); and to manufacturers as provided in s. 125.751 (6) (c) 1.
- (3) The division may not issue a permit under this section unless the permit applicant demonstrates policies for all of the following:
- (a) Avoiding purchases of hemp-derived cannabinoid products from persons who do not hold a permit under this section or s. 125.751 or 125.755.
- (b) Avoiding sales to persons who do not hold a Class "A," Class "B," Class "HDC-A," or Class "HDC-B" license or are not authorized to make sales of hemp-derived cannabinoid products under s. 125.29 (7), 125.52 (4), or 125.53 (3), except for sales under s. 125.751 (6) (c) 1. or sales to other distributors.
- (4) A distributor holding a permit under this section shall store all hemp-derived cannabinoid products on the premises described in the permit issued under this section or under s. 125.757 in an area that is visually distinct from any area where other food or alcohol beverages are stored.
 - (5) (a) All hemp-derived cannabinoid products sold by a distributor holding a

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- 1 permit under this section, whether shipped to the distributor from inside this state
- 2 or from outside this state, shall be physically unloaded at the premises described in
- 3 the permit issued under this section, or at a warehouse premises for which the
- 4 distributor holds a permit under s. 125.757, prior to being delivered to a retail
- licensee; a permittee under s. 125.29, 125.52, or 125.53; another distributor; or a
- 6 manufacturer as provided in s. 125.751 (6) (c) 1.
- 7 (b) A distributor holding a permit under this section shall annually sell and
- 8 deliver hemp-derived cannabinoid products to at least 25 retail licensees;
- 9 permittees under s. 125.29, 125.52, or 125.53; manufacturer's retail outlets; or
- other distributors that do not have an interest in each other or in the distributor.
- The division may not issue a permit under this section unless the applicant
- represents to the division an intention to satisfy this requirement, and may not
- renew a permit issued under this section unless the distributor demonstrates that
- this requirement has been satisfied.
- 15 (c) This subsection does not apply to a cooperative distributor under s.
- 16 125.763.
- 17 (6) Any person holding a permit issued under this section may solicit orders
- for sales or shipments by the permittee without obtaining a sales solicitation
- permit under s. 125.65 or 125.759, but every agent, salesperson, or other
- 20 representative who solicits orders for sales or shipments by the permittee under
- 21 this section shall first obtain a permit for soliciting orders under s. 125.65 or
- 22 125.759.
- 23 (7) No distributor may purchase hemp-derived cannabinoid products for
- resale unless the distributor purchases the products either from the primary source

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of supply for the brand of the products or from a distributor that holds a permit under this section. No distributor may sell hemp-derived cannabinoid products purchased by the distributor to any other licensee or permittee under this chapter if the hemp-derived cannabinoid products were not purchased by the distributor from the primary source of supply or from another distributor holding a permit under this section.

125.755 Out-of-state shippers of hemp-derived cannabinoid products.

- (1) The division shall issue out-of-state shippers' permits to qualified applicants that are manufacturers or suppliers of hemp-derived cannabinoid products located in another state. Except as provided under s. 125.765, an out-of-state shipper's permit may be issued under this section to any person who holds a valid certificate issued under s. 73.03 (50) and who is qualified under s. 125.04 (5), except a person acting as an agent for, or in the employ of, another person.
- (2) (a) A permit issued under this section authorizes the permittee to ship hemp-derived cannabinoid products only to holders of a distributor's permit issued under s. 125.753.
- (b) No person may ship into this state hemp-derived cannabinoid products unless the person holds a permit under this section and ships the hemp-derived cannabinoid products to a distributor that holds a permit under s. 125.753.
- (c) No person may receive hemp-derived cannabinoid products in this state that have been directly shipped from outside this state unless the person is a distributor holding a permit under s. 125.753 who receives the hemp-derived cannabinoid products from a permittee under this section.
 - (d) A permittee under this section shall certify that all hemp-derived

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- cannabinoid products shipped into this state conform to the applicable requirements under this chapter.
 - (e) No permittee under this section may sell hemp-derived cannabinoid products in this state or ship hemp-derived cannabinoid products into this state unless the permittee is the primary source of supply for the hemp-derived cannabinoid products.
 - (3) The application for an out-of-state shipper's permit shall include a provision that the permittee agrees to do all of the following:
 - (a) Comply with applicable requirements under this chapter and ch. 139 relating to filing returns, paying taxes, and recordkeeping.
 - (b) Permit inspections and examinations of the permittee's premises and records by the division and its duly authorized employees, as authorized under s. 125.025 (3).
 - (c) Pay the expenses reasonably attributable to the inspections and examinations under par. (b) made within the United States.
 - (d) Accept service of process and consent to jurisdiction in any proceeding in this state to enforce the provisions of this chapter or ch. 139.
 - (4) Any person holding an out-of-state shipper's permit issued under this section may solicit orders for sales or shipments by the permittee without obtaining the sales solicitation permit required under s. 125.759, but every agent, salesperson, or other representative who solicits orders for sales or shipments by the permittee under this section shall first obtain a permit for soliciting orders under s. 125.759.
- 125.756 Out-of-state ingredient suppliers. (1) The division shall issue

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- out-of-state ingredient suppliers' permits to qualified applicants that are manufacturers or suppliers of hemp concentrate or refined cannabinoids located in another state. Except as provided under s. 125.765, an out-of-state ingredient supplier's permit may be issued under this section to any person who holds a valid certificate issued under s. 73.03 (50) and who is qualified under s. 125.04 (5), except a person acting as an agent for, or in the employ of, another person.
- (2) (a) A permit issued under this section authorizes the permittee to do all of the following:
- 1. Deliver hemp concentrate or refined cannabinoids only to holders of a manufacturer's permit issued under s. 125.751 in the manner authorized under s. 125.751 (5).
- 2. Ship hemp concentrate or refined cannabinoids only to holders of a manufacturer's permit issued under s. 125.751 through a common carrier.
- (b) No person may ship or deliver into this state hemp concentrate or refined cannabinoids unless the person holds a permit under this section and ships or delivers the hemp concentrate or refined cannabinoids to a manufacturer that holds a permit under s. 125.751.
- (c) No person may receive hemp concentrate or refined cannabinoids in this state that have been directly shipped or delivered from outside this state unless the person is a manufacturer holding a permit under s. 125.751 who receives the hemp concentrate or refined cannabinoids from a permittee under this section.
- (3) The application for an out-of-state shipper's permit shall include a provision that the permittee agrees to do all of the following:
 - (a) Permit inspections and examinations of the permittee's premises and

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- records by the division and its duly authorized employees, as authorized under s. 125.025 (3).
- 3 (b) Pay the expenses reasonably attributable to the inspections and 4 examinations under par. (a) made within the United States.
 - (c) Accept service of process and consent to jurisdiction in any proceeding in this state to enforce the provisions of this chapter.
 - (4) An out-of-state ingredient supplier under this section, with the sale to any manufacturer of hemp concentrate or refined cannabinoids, shall provide to the manufacturer the information required under s. 125.751 (4) (e).
 - (5) All hemp concentrate or refined cannabinoids shipped or delivered under this section shall be in a tamper-evident container and contain the warning statement specified in s. 125.751 (4) (f).
 - 125.757 Hemp-derived cannabinoid product warehouse permit. (1) The division shall issue hemp-derived cannabinoid product warehouse permits that authorize the permittees to store and warehouse hemp-derived cannabinoid products in warehouse premises covered by the permits, subject to rules promulgated by the division. The permit does not authorize the sale of any hemp-derived cannabinoid product.
 - (2) (a) Permits may be issued under this section only to a person who holds a valid certificate issued under s. 73.03 (50) and is qualified under s. 125.04 (5), except a person acting as an agent for, or in the employ of, another person.
 - (b) A permit may not be issued under this section to a Class "A," Class "B," Class "HDC-A," or Class "HDC-B" licensee.

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- (3) (a) Subject to par. (b), a permit may be issued under this section for the same location as a warehouse for which a permit is issued under s. 125.19.
- (b) All hemp-derived cannabinoid products stored on the premises of a permit issued under this section shall be stored in an area that is visually distinct from any area where other food or alcohol beverages are stored.
- (4) The division may issue multiple permits under this section for the same location and the permitted premises may overlap. If the division issues multiple permits under this section for the same location, each permittee's hemp-derived cannabinoid products shall be stored in areas that are visually distinct from any area where another permittee's hemp-derived cannabinoid products are stored.

125.759 Salesperson permit for hemp-derived cannabinoid products.

- (1) The division may issue a permit for wholesale sales for future delivery that authorizes the permittee to solicit orders, and to engage in the sale, of hemp-derived cannabinoid products for delivery at a future date. A person holding a permit under this section may give a sample of a brand of hemp-derived cannabinoid products to a Class "A" or Class "HDC-A" licensee who has not previously purchased that brand from the permittee.
- (2) Permits under this section may be issued to a person who holds a valid certificate issued under s. 73.03 (50) and who is qualified under s. 125.04 (5).
- (3) (a) Except as provided in par. (b) and ss. 125.753 (6) and 125.755 (4), both individuals engaged in actual solicitation of orders or sales and their employers shall obtain permits under this section.
 - (b) A person may hold a permit under s. 125.65 in lieu of a permit under this

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- section. No requirement under this section applies to a person who holds a permit under s. 125.65.
 - (4) The division shall require the following information in applications for permits under this section:
 - (a) The type of permit desired.
 - (b) The name and address of the applicant; if the applicant is a partnership, limited liability company, or association, the name and address of each member thereof; or if the applicant is a corporation, the name and address of each of its officers.
 - (c) The places where the business is to be conducted.
 - (d) For the period of at least 3 years immediately preceding the date of application, the business or occupation, if any, engaged in by the applicant; if a partnership, limited liability company, or association, by each member thereof; or if a corporation, by each officer.
 - (e) Any other information required by the division.
 - (5) Employers shall furnish the division with the names of all employees engaged in activities requiring a permit under this section and shall notify the division whenever an employee begins or terminates employment. Upon leaving employment, an employee shall submit his or her permit to the division for cancellation.
 - (6) Every person holding a permit under this section shall exhibit it upon request to any prospective purchaser.
 - (7) Nonresident persons holding permits under this section may solicit sales

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- from retailers in this state only if the orders are solicited for, and will be filled by, persons holding permits under s. 125.753.
- (8) Any person who violates this section shall be fined not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 or imprisoned for not less than 30 days nor more than 6 months or both. Conviction for a violation of this section shall result in automatic revocation of any permit issued under this section. If a permit issued under this section is so revoked, another permit may not be issued to the same person for a period of 2 years following revocation.
- (9) The division may not require a fee for a permit under this section for an individual who is eligible for the veterans fee waiver program under s. 45.44.
- 125.761 Hemp-derived cannabinoid product retailers. (1) Subject to sub. (3), a municipal governing body may issue Class "HDC-A" licenses for the sale of hemp-derived cannabinoid products from premises within the municipality. A Class "HDC-A" license authorizes retail sales of hemp-derived cannabinoid products for consumption off the premises where sold and in original packages or containers.
- (2) Subject to sub. (3), a municipal governing body may issue Class "HDC-B" licenses for the sale of hemp-derived cannabinoid products from premises within the municipality. A Class "HDC-B" license authorizes retail sales of hemp-derived cannabinoid products for consumption either on the premises where sold or off the premises.
- (3) (a) Except as provided in par. (b) and s. 125.765, Class "HDC-A" and Class "HDC-B" licenses may be issued to any person qualified under s. 125.04 (5), except a person acting as an agent for, or in the employ of, another person.

(b) A municipality may not issue Class "HDC-A" licenses or Class "HDC-B"		
licenses unless the governing body of the municipality has enacted an ordinance		
allowing for the issuance of the license. This authorizing ordinance shall conform		
to the requirements under this chapter and, notwithstanding s. $125.10(1)$, may not		
impose additional burdens or requirements on the licensee or on sales of hemp-		
derived cannabinoid products that are not also imposed on alcohol beverages.		

- (4) Class "HDC-A" and Class "HDC-B" licenses shall particularly describe the premises for which issued and are not transferable, except as provided in s. 125.04 (12). Class "HDC-A" and Class "HDC-B" licenses are subject to revocation for violation of any of the terms or provisions of the license.
- (5) In addition to the requirements under s. 125.04 (5), an applicant for a Class "HDC-A" or Class "HDC-B" license shall submit all of the following with the license application:
- (a) A floor plan of the proposed licensed premises accompanied by a detailed description of the premises.
- (b) Affidavits from all of the applicant's officers, partners, members, and agents, as applicable, containing biographical information prescribed by the division.
- (6) The annual fee for a license issued under this section shall be determined by the municipal governing body issuing the license and shall be the same for all Class "HDC-A" licenses and all Class "HDC-B" licenses, respectively, except that the minimum fee is \$50 and the maximum fee is \$500. The fee for a license for less than 12 months shall be prorated according to the number of months or fraction thereof for which the license is issued.

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1	(7) A person need not hold a Class "HDC-A" or Class "HDC-B" license issued
2	by a municipality under this section if all of the following apply:
3	(a) The person holds a Class "A" or Class "B" license issued by the
4	municipality.
5	(b) The municipality has not adopted an ordinance under s. 125.10 (6) (c).
6	125.763 Small cooperative distributors. (1) In this section:
7	(a) "Cooperative distributor" means an entity established under this section.
8	(b) "Member" means a small manufacturer that meets the requirements
9	established under this section for membership in a cooperative distributor and that
10	has been qualified and accepted for membership in a cooperative distributor.
11	(c) "Out-of-state manufacturer" means a person that manufactures hemp-
12	derived cannabinoid products and that is located in a state other than this state.
13	(d) "Retailer" means any person holding a Class "A," Class "B," Class "HDC-
14	A," or Class "HDC-B" license.
15	(e) "Small manufacturer" means a Wisconsin manufacturer or out-of-state
16	manufacturer that produces hemp-derived cannabinoid products containing less
17	than 5,500 total grams of hemp-derived cannabinoids in a calendar year.
18	(f) "Wisconsin manufacturer" means a manufacturer operating under a
19	permit issued under s. 125.751.
20	(2) (a) 1. A cooperative distributor may only be created as provided under this
21	section and s. 185.043 (3). Each cooperative distributor operating under authority
22	of this section shall be organized under ch. 185 but shall be subject to the

limitations on such cooperatives imposed by this section. Subject to subd. 3., only

small manufacturers may be members of a cooperative distributor. The principal

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- purpose of a cooperative distributor shall be to sell and distribute hemp-derived cannabinoid products manufactured by its members.
 - 2. Notwithstanding s. 185.08 (1), a cooperative distributor shall include in its articles of incorporation under ch. 185 a single location for its agent and principal office, which location shall be in this state.
 - 3. A small manufacturer may become a member of a cooperative distributor only if the small manufacturer is certified by the division under sub. (6) as a small manufacturer.
 - (b) In addition to the requirements specified in s. 185.31 for the board of directors of a cooperative distributor, a director representing a member that is a Wisconsin manufacturer shall be either an owner or an employee of that Wisconsin manufacturer. If any out-of-state manufacturer is a member of the cooperative distributor, at least one director shall be either an owner or an employee of an out-of-state manufacturer that is a member of the cooperative distributor.
 - (c) Notwithstanding any provision of ch. 185, a cooperative distributor may not employ any owner or employee of a member. However, an individual that is an owner or an employee of a member may act as a volunteer to assist that cooperative distributor in the sale and distribution of hemp-derived cannabinoid products to retailers and other distributors in the manner authorized under this section.
 - (3) (a) 1. Within 7 days after filing its articles of incorporation under ch. 185, a cooperative distributor shall apply to the division for a distributor's permit under s. 125.753. The provisions of s. 125.04 (5) (c) and (6) shall apply to a cooperative distributor as if the cooperative distributor were a corporation or a limited liability company, and for each of these provisions, the division shall determine whether the

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- cooperative distributor is most similar to a corporation or a limited liability company in the context of that provision and apply that provision to the cooperative distributor accordingly.
- 2. The division may issue not more than one distributor's permit to any cooperative distributor. The division may not issue more than a total of 6 distributors' permits to cooperative distributors in this state. The division may not issue any new distributor's permit to a cooperative distributor after the first day of the 13th month beginning after the effective date of this subdivision [LRB inserts date], but may renew distributors' permits that were initially issued to cooperative distributors prior to that date.
- 3. No cooperative distributor may operate in this state without a distributor's permit.
- (b) 1. Notwithstanding s. 125.753 (2), and except as provided in subd. 3., a cooperative distributor issued a distributor's permit under par. (a) is authorized to sell and distribute only hemp-derived cannabinoid products. Except as provided in subd. 3., a cooperative distributor may not sell or distribute any product other than hemp-derived cannabinoid products.
- 2. A cooperative distributor shall purchase hemp-derived cannabinoid products from its members to be resold to retailers and other distributors. A cooperative distributor may not purchase hemp-derived cannabinoid products from any person other than a member. A cooperative distributor may not resell or distribute a hemp-derived cannabinoid product unless it has been purchased from a member. Notwithstanding s. 125.753 (2), a cooperative distributor may not sell or

- distribute hemp-derived cannabinoid products except to a retailer or to a distributor holding a permit under s. 125.753.
- 3. A cooperative distributor may purchase ancillary industry trade goods used by manufacturers in the packaging and sale of hemp-derived cannabinoid products if such trade goods do not include any hemp-derived cannabinoid products. Any industry trade goods purchased by a cooperative distributor under this subdivision may be offered for resale to the cooperative distributor's members or to any manufacturer that was formerly a member of the cooperative distributor.
- 4. A cooperative distributor shall work with all of its members on evenhanded terms. Any preferential treatment by a cooperative distributor for the benefit of a member that is a Wisconsin manufacturer, and any discrimination against a member that is an out-of-state manufacturer, is prohibited.
- (c) Neither a cooperative distributor nor its members are subject to any restriction on dealings under s. 125.765 between distributors and manufacturers. Except as provided in s. 125.753 (5) (c) and as otherwise provided in this section, all provisions of this chapter and ch. 139 that apply to a distributor issued a permit under s. 125.753 also apply to a cooperative distributor issued a permit under s. 125.753.
- (4) A member of a cooperative distributor may make its hemp-derived cannabinoid products available for purchase by a retailer or another distributor only through the cooperative distributor of which it is a member. A member of a cooperative distributor may not sell its hemp-derived cannabinoid products directly to any other distributor or directly to a retailer.
 - (5) With each application for renewal of a distributor's permit issued to a

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- cooperative distributor, the cooperative distributor shall file with the division, in the form and manner prescribed by the division by rule, a biennial report that includes detailed information on its members, board of directors, and sale and distribution activities.
- (6) (a) The division shall, upon application, certify eligible applicants as small manufacturers and renew prior certifications of eligible applicants as small manufacturers.
- (b) Any manufacturer seeking to become a member of, or to maintain its membership in, a cooperative distributor may apply to the division for certification as a small manufacturer. If the manufacturer meets the definition of a small manufacturer under this section and submits any other information that the division determines is necessary to certify that the manufacturer is operating as a small manufacturer and is eligible for membership in a cooperative distributor, the division shall certify the manufacturer as a small manufacturer. This certification shall remain valid for one year.
- (c) In certifying any manufacturer under par. (b), the division shall classify the manufacturer as either a Wisconsin manufacturer or an out-of-state manufacturer.
- (d) The division shall refuse to certify under this subsection any manufacturer that cannot demonstrate it holds all necessary permits for its operations or that the division finds is otherwise not in full compliance with the laws of this state.
- (7) (a) Any manufacturer that sells or distributes its hemp-derived cannabinoid products directly to a retailer, rather than through a distributor or

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- 1 cooperative distributor, is subject to a fine of not more than \$10,000 and revocation 2 of all of its permits by the division under s. 125.12 (5).
 - (b) Any cooperative distributor that provides preferential treatment to a Wisconsin manufacturer or discriminates against an out-of-state manufacturer is subject to a fine of not more than \$10,000 and revocation of its distributor's permit by the division under s. 125.12 (5).
- 7 125.765 Interest restrictions related to hemp-derived cannabinoid 8 products. (1) In this section:
 - (a) "Licensee" means a person who holds a license issued under this chapter.
 - (b) "Permittee" means a person who holds a permit issued under this chapter.
- 11 (c) "Restricted entity" means an entity holding more than a 10 percent 12 ownership interest in a permittee or licensee.
 - (d) "Restricted individual" means any of the following:
- 14 1. An individual who works or acts in a managerial capacity for a permittee or licensee.
 - 2. An individual serving as an officer, director, member, manager, or agent of a corporation or limited liability company holding a permit or license.
 - 3. An individual holding more than a 10 percent ownership interest in a permittee or licensee.
 - (e) "Restricted investor" means a restricted individual or restricted entity.
 - (2) (a) Subject to sub. (3), a manufacturer's permit under s. 125.751 may not be issued to any person who holds, or has an interest in a licensee or permittee holding, any of the following:
- 1. A distributor's permit issued under s. 125.753.

- 1 2. A Class "HDC-A" or Class "HDC-B" license issued under s. 125.761.
- 2 3. A Class "A" license issued under s. 125.25 or Class "B" license issued under
- 3 s. 125.26.
- 4 (b) Subject to sub. (3), a distributor's permit under s. 125.753 may not be
- 5 issued to any person who holds, or has an interest in a licensee or permittee
- 6 holding, any of the following:
- 7 1. A manufacturer's permit issued under s. 125.751.
- 8 2. An out-of-state shipper's permit issued under s. 125.755 or out-of-state
- 9 ingredient supplier's permit issued under s. 125.756.
- 10 3. A Class "HDC-A" or Class "HDC-B" license issued under s. 125.761.
- 4. A Class "A" license issued under s. 125.25 or Class "B" license issued under
- 12 s. 125.26.
- 13 (c) Subject to sub. (3), an out-of-state shipper's permit under s. 125.755 may
- not be issued to any person who holds, or has an interest in a licensee or permittee
- 15 holding, any of the following:
- 16 1. A distributor's permit issued under s. 125.753.
- 17 2. A Class "HDC-A" or Class "HDC-B" license issued under s. 125.761.
- 3. A Class "A" license issued under s. 125.25 or Class "B" license issued under
- 19 s. 125.26.
- 20 (d) Subject to sub. (3), neither a Class "HDC-A" license nor a Class "HDC-B"
- license under s. 125.761 may be issued to any person who holds, or has an interest
- in a permittee holding, any of the following:
- 1. A manufacturer's permit issued under s. 125.751.
- 24 2. A distributor's permit issued under s. 125.753.

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- 3. An out-of-state shipper's permit issued under s. 125.755 or out-of-state ingredient supplier's permit issued under s. 125.756.
- 3 (e) Subject to sub. (3), an out-of-state ingredient supplier's permit under s.
 4 125.756 may not be issued to any person who holds, or has an interest in a licensee
 5 or permittee holding, any of the following:
- 6 1. A distributor's permit issued under s. 125.753.
- 7 2. A Class "HDC-A" or Class "HDC-B" license issued under s. 125.761.
- 8 3. A Class "A" license issued under s. 125.25 or Class "B" license issued under s. 125.26.
 - (f) If a license or permit may not be issued to a person under pars. (a) to (e), the person may not acquire an interest prohibited under pars. (a) to (e) after the license or permit has been issued.
 - (3) (a) A licensee or permittee may be owned in part by, or grant an ownership interest to, a restricted investor who would otherwise be prohibited from having an ownership interest in the licensee or permittee if all of the following are satisfied:
 - 1. No single restricted investor holds more than a 10 percent ownership interest in the licensee or permittee, including any passive or disregarded entity connected to the restricted investor.
 - 2. No restricted investor serves as an officer, director, manager, operator, or agent of the licensee or permittee.
 - 3. No restricted investor is involved in the day-to-day operations of the licensee or permittee or exerts any control over such operations beyond the person's ability to vote as an owner.

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- 4. The aggregate amount of ownership held by all restricted investors in the licensee or permittee does not exceed 49 percent.
 - 5. The licensee or permittee discloses all restricted investors to the division.
- 6. Each restricted investor executes an affidavit, on a form prescribed by the division, swearing to a complete lack of involvement in the day-to-day operations of, and lack of control over, the licensee or permittee beyond the restricted investor's ability to vote as an owner. If the restricted investor is a restricted entity, the affidavit shall be executed on behalf of the restricted entity by an individual who is an officer or director of the restricted entity or who otherwise has management authority over the restricted entity.
- (b) A licensee or permittee, or a restricted individual of a licensee or permittee, may enter into a landlord-tenant relationship with another licensee or permittee who would otherwise be prohibited from having an ownership interest in the licensee or permittee if all of the following are satisfied:
- 1. The lease or rental agreement explicitly states that the landlord has no control over or day-to-day involvement in the business of the tenant.
- 2. No control or involvement in the business of the tenant by the landlord exists.
 - 3. The landlord and tenant maintain compliance with s. 125.771 as applicable and subject to s. 125.771 (2) (h), and this requirement is set forth in the lease or rental agreement.
- 4. The lease or rental agreement is in writing and disclosed to the division for review.

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- (c) A spouse may have an interest in the license or permit of the other spouse if all of the following are satisfied:
- 1. The marriage is governed by a valid marital property agreement or prenuptial agreement.
 - 2. The marital property agreement or prenuptial agreement was disclosed on any license or permit application.
 - 3. A copy of the marital property agreement or prenuptial agreement is provided to the municipal clerk or division prior to issuance of the license or permit.
 - 4. Both spouses execute an affidavit, on a form prescribed by the division, swearing to a complete lack of involvement in the day-to-day operations of, and lack of control over, each respective business.
 - (d) For purposes of sub. (2), employment in a nonmanagerial capacity for a licensee or permittee is not an interest in the licensee or permittee.
 - (e) This section does not prohibit a manufacturer from having a retail outlet or making retail sales as provided in s. 125.751 (6).
 - 125.767 Requirements for retail operations. (1) Except as provided under sub. (2) (c) and s. 125.07 (3) (a) 10., no premises operated under a Class "HDC-A" or Class "HDC-B" license may be open for business, and no person who holds a manufacturer's permit may allow the sale of hemp-derived cannabinoid products on the manufacturing premises or on a retail outlet operated by the manufacturer under s. 125.751 (6), unless there is upon the premises the licensee or permittee, the agent named in the license or permit if the licensee or permittee is a corporation or limited liability company, or some person who has an operator's license or operator's permit and who is responsible for the acts of all persons

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serving any hemp-derived cannabinoid products to customers. For the purpose of this subsection, any member of the licensee's or permittee's immediate family who has attained the age of 18 is considered the holder of an operator's license. No person other than the licensee, permittee, or agent may serve hemp-derived cannabinoid products in any place operated under a Class "HDC-A" or Class "HDC-B" license or on a manufacturer's manufacturing premises or retail outlet unless the person has an operator's license or operator's permit, is considered to have an operator's license under this subsection, or is at least 18 years of age and is under the immediate supervision of the licensee, permittee, agent, or a person holding an operator's license or operator's permit, who is on the premises at the time of the service.

- (2) (a) No premises for which a Class "HDC-B" license is issued may remain open between the hours of 2 a.m. and 6 a.m., except as provided in this paragraph and par. (d). On Saturday and Sunday, the closing hours shall be between 2:30 a.m. and 6 a.m. except that, on the Sunday that daylight saving time begins as specified in s. 175.095 (2), the closing hours shall be between 3:30 a.m. and 6 a.m. On January 1, premises operating under a Class "HDC-B" license are not required to close.
- (b) Between 12 midnight and 6 a.m., no person may sell hemp-derived cannabinoid products on Class "HDC-B" licensed premises in an original unopened package or container or for consumption away from the premises.
- (c) Class "HDC-A" premises may remain open for the conduct of their regular business but may not sell hemp-derived cannabinoid products between 12 midnight and 6 a.m. Subsection (1) does not apply to Class "HDC-A" premises between 12

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- midnight and 6 a.m. or at any other time during which the sale of hemp-derived cannabinoid products is prohibited by a municipal ordinance adopted under par. (e).
- (d) Hotels and restaurants the principal business of which is the furnishing of food and lodging to patrons, bowling centers, movie theaters, painting studios, indoor golf and baseball facilities, racetrack grounds, as defined in s. 125.27 (5) (a), indoor horseshoe-pitching facilities, curling clubs, golf courses, and golf clubhouses may remain open for the conduct of their regular business but may not sell hemp-derived cannabinoid products during the hours specified in par. (a).
- (e) A municipality may, by ordinance, impose more restrictive hours than those provided in par. (b) or (c) but may not impose different hours than those provided in par. (a) or (d).
- (3) (a) On a manufacturer's manufacturing premises, no person may sell hemp-derived cannabinoid products at retail for on-premises consumption or consume hemp-derived cannabinoid products during the closing hours applicable to a Class "HDC-B" licensee under sub. (2) (a). A retail outlet under s. 125.751 (6) shall be subject to the same closing hours applicable to a Class "HDC-B" licensee under sub. (2) (a).
- (b) On a manufacturer's manufacturing premises and retail outlets, no person may sell hemp-derived cannabinoid products at retail for off-premises consumption during the hours in which a Class "HDC-B" licensee in the municipality where the manufacturing premises or retail outlet is located may not make retail sales under sub. (2) (b) and (e).
 - (c) No member of the public or invited guests may be present on a

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- manufacturer's manufacturing premises during the closing hours applicable to a Class "HDC-B" licensee under sub. (2) (a).
- 3 (d) Activities authorized under s. 125.751 (2) may occur on a manufacturer's premises at any time.
 - (4) A Class "HDC-A" or Class "HDC-B" license authorizes only face-to-face sales to consumers at the premises described in the retail license.
 - other business is conducted in connection with the premises, except that this restriction does not apply if the premises for which the Class "HDC-B" license is issued is connected to premises where other business is conducted by a secondary doorway that serves as a safety exit and is not the primary entrance to the Class "HDC-B" premises. No other business may be conducted on premises operating under a Class "HDC-B" license. These restrictions do not apply to any of the following:
- 15 (a) A hotel.
 - (b) A restaurant, whether or not it is a part of or located in any mercantile establishment.
 - (c) A combination grocery store and tavern.
- (d) A combination sporting goods store and tavern in towns, villages, and 4thclass cities.
- 21 (e) A combination novelty store and tavern.
- 22 (f) A bowling center or recreation premises.
- 23 (g) A club, society, or lodge that has been in existence for 6 months or more prior to the date of filing the application for the Class "HDC-B" license.

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1	(h) A movie theater.
2	(i) A painting studio.
3	(j) An axe throwing facility.
4	(6) (a) A Class "A," Class "B," Class "HDC-A," or Class "HDC-B" licensee
5	may purchase hemp-derived cannabinoid products only from a distributor holding a
6	permit under s. 125.753.
7	(b) No Class "A," Class "B," Class "HDC-A," or Class "HDC-B" licensee may
8	possess hemp-derived cannabinoid products purchased from any person other than
9	a distributor holding a permit issued under s. 125.753.
10	(c) Any person who violates par. (a) or (b), if the total volume of hemp-derived
11	cannabinoid products purchased or possessed by that person in one month contains
12	not more than 4 grams of hemp-derived cannabinoids, may be required to forfeit not
13	more than \$100. A person who purchases or possesses hemp-derived cannabinoid
14	products containing more than a total volume of 4 grams of hemp-derived
15	cannabinoids in one month in violation of par. (a) or (b) shall be fined not more than
16	\$10,000 or imprisoned for not more than 9 months or both.
17	(d) Notwithstanding par. (c), a Class "HDC-B" licensee who purchases hemp-
18	derived cannabinoid products from a Class "HDC-A" licensee for resale or who
19	possesses hemp-derived cannabinoid products purchased from a Class "HDC-A"
20	licensee for resale may be fined not more than \$100.
21	(e) No person may possess on premises covered by a Class "A," Class "B,"

Class "HDC-A," or Class "HDC-B" license any hemp-derived cannabinoid products

(7) A Class "A," Class "B," Class "HDC-A," or Class "HDC-B" licensee may

not authorized by law for sale on the premises.

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- store hemp-derived cannabinoid products only on the licensed retail premises to which the hemp-derived cannabinoid product are delivered under s. 125.769 (5) (c). The licensee may not transport hemp-derived cannabinoid products from one licensed premises to another licensed premises.
- (8) (a) No person may allow another to use the person's Class "HDC-A" or Class "HDC-B" license to sell hemp-derived cannabinoid products. The license of a person who violates this paragraph shall be revoked.
- (b) No person may give away hemp-derived cannabinoid products, or use any other means, to evade any provision of this chapter or ch. 139. A person who violates this paragraph may be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned for not more than 9 months or both.
- (9) A Class "A," Class "B," Class "HDC-A," or Class "HDC-B" licensee shall maintain all hemp-derived cannabinoid products behind a barrier or at the point of sale unless the product is a beverage in a container with a capacity of at least 4 fluid ounces.

125.769 Distribution restrictions for hemp-derived cannabinoid products. (1) In this section:

(a) "Brand" means any word, name, group of letters, symbol, or combination thereof, including the name of the manufacturer or out-of-state shipper if the manufacturer's or out-of-state shipper's name is also a significant part of the product name, adopted and used by a manufacturer or out-of-state shipper to identify a specific hemp-derived cannabinoid product and to distinguish that product from other hemp-derived cannabinoid products produced by that

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- manufacturer or out-of-state shipper or other manufacturers or out-of-state shippers.
- (b) "Designated sales territory" means the geographical area identified in a written agreement between a distributor and a manufacturer or out-of-state shipper under which the distributor is authorized to distribute one or more brands of hemp-derived cannabinoid products supplied by the manufacturer or out-of-state shipper.
 - (c) "Out-of-state shipper" means a permittee under s. 125.755.
- 9 (d) "Retailer" means any person holding a Class "A," Class "B," Class "HDC-10 A," or Class "HDC-B" license.
 - (e) "Retail premises" means the premises described in a Class "A," Class "B," Class "HDC-A," or Class "HDC-B" license.
 - (2) No hemp-derived cannabinoid product may be sold, transported, or delivered to a retailer unless, prior to such sale, transport, or delivery, the hemp-derived cannabinoid product is first unloaded at, physically at rest at, and only then distributed from a distributor's warehouse premises covered by a permit issued under s. 125.753 or 125.757.
 - (3) (a) 1. A distributor may not sell, transport, or deliver any brand of hemp-derived cannabinoid product unless the distributor has entered into a written agreement with the manufacturer or out-of-state shipper supplying the brand that grants to the distributor distribution rights for the brand and identifies the designated sales territory for which such distribution rights are granted, including the precise geographical area comprising the designated sales territory.
 - 2. A manufacturer or out-of-state shipper may not, in any agreement under

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- this paragraph, grant to more than one distributor distribution rights for the same brand in the same designated sales territory or in any part of the same designated sales territory.
- (b) Within a distributor's designated sales territory for any brand of hemp-derived cannabinoid product, the distributor may not refuse to sell the brand of hemp-derived cannabinoid product, or refuse to offer reasonable service related to the sale of the brand of hemp-derived cannabinoid product, to any retailer.
- (c) A distributor has an obligation to negotiate in good faith with any manufacturer that seeks to sell its products in this state through the distributor.
- (4) No distributor may sell, transport, or deliver, or cause to be sold, transported, or delivered, any brand of hemp-derived cannabinoid product to any of the following:
- (a) Any retailer located outside the distributor's designated sales territory for the brand. This paragraph does not apply if another distributor that has been granted distribution rights for the brand in the designated sales territory where the sale, transportation, or delivery occurs is unable to service the designated sales territory and the manufacturer or out-of-state shipper granting distribution rights has, notwithstanding sub. (3) (a), given consent for the sale, transportation, or delivery, which consent shall be limited to the time period that another distributor is unable to service the designated sales territory.
- (b) Any person, other than another distributor, that the distributor knows or should know will transport the product for resale in a designated sales territory for which another distributor has been granted distribution rights for the brand.

- (5) (a) A manufacturer or out-of-state shipper may sell, transport, and deliver hemp-derived cannabinoid products only to a distributor.
- (b) A distributor may purchase hemp-derived cannabinoid products only from a manufacturer, an out-of-state shipper, or another distributor. A distributor may not sell hemp-derived cannabinoid products unless the products were purchased from a manufacturer, an out-of-state shipper, or another distributor.
- (c) Deliveries of hemp-derived cannabinoid products to retailers may be made only by distributors and shall be made to retailers only at their retail premises.
- 125.771 Regulation of trade practices for hemp-derived cannabinoid products. (1) (a) Except as provided in this section, no manufacturer or distributor may furnish, give, lend, lease, or sell any furniture, fixtures, fittings, equipment, money, or other thing of value to any Class "B" or Class "HDC-B" licensee, or to any person for the use, benefit, or relief of any Class "B" or Class "HDC-B" licensee, or guarantee the repayment of any loan or the fulfillment of any financial obligation of any Class "B" or Class "HDC-B" licensee. Such actions may not be taken by the manufacturer or distributor directly or indirectly, or through a subsidiary or affiliate corporation or limited liability company, or by any officer, director, stockholder, partner, or member thereof.
- (b) No manufacturer or distributor may enter into any agreement whereby any Class "B" or Class "HDC-B" licensee is required to purchase the hemp-derived cannabinoid products of any manufacturer to the exclusion of those manufactured by other manufacturers. Such contracts may not be entered into by the manufacturer or distributor, directly or indirectly, or through a subsidiary or an

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- affiliate corporation or limited liability company, or by any officer, director, stockholder, partner, or member thereof.
- (c) No Class "A," Class "B," Class "HDC-A," or Class "HDC-B" licensee may condition the purchase of hemp-derived cannabinoid products from a manufacturer or distributor upon the furnishing by the manufacturer or distributor of any thing of value, other than the products purchased, to the licensee or to any person for the use, benefit, or relief of the licensee.
- (d) A distributor may not sell or offer to sell a brand of hemp-derived cannabinoid products exclusively to one Class "A" or Class "HDC-A" licensee or to a group of Class "A" or Class "HDC-A" licensees affiliated through common ownership, management, or control, unless the brand of hemp-derived cannabinoid products is produced by a manufacturer that produces hemp-derived cannabinoid products containing less than 50,000 total grams of hemp-derived cannabinoids in a calendar year.
- (e) A manufacturer or distributor may not directly or indirectly induce a Class "A," Class "B," Class "HDC-A," or Class "HDC-B" licensee to purchase the manufacturer's or distributor's hemp-derived cannabinoid products to the exclusion, in whole or in part, of such products sold or offered for sale by another manufacturer or distributor by any of the following means:
- 1. Requiring the retail licensee to take and dispose of a certain quota of any such products.
- 2. Requiring the retail licensee to purchase one product in order to obtain another, including by requiring the retail licensee to purchase a minimum quantity

- of a product in standard packaging to obtain the same product in premium packaging or by offering multiple products only in combination packaging.
- (f) Nothing in par. (a) affects the extension of usual and customary commercial credits for hemp-derived cannabinoid products, or related industry products, that are actually sold and delivered. Nothing in par. (a) prohibits the bona fide sale and delivery of hemp-derived cannabinoid products.
- (g) Any licensee who is a party to a violation of par. (a) or (b) or who receives the benefits thereof is guilty of the violation.
- (2) Notwithstanding the prohibitions in sub. (1) (a) and (b), a manufacturer or distributor may do any of the following:
- (a) Give to any Class "B" or Class "HDC-B" licensee, at any given time, for placement inside the premises, signs, clocks, or menu boards with an aggregate value of not more than \$2,500. If a gift of any item would cause the \$2,500 limit to be exceeded, the recipient shall pay the manufacturer or distributor the amount of the item's value in excess of \$2,500. Each recipient shall keep an invoice or credit memo containing the name of the donor and the number and value of items received under this paragraph. The value of an item is its cost to the donor. Each recipient shall make the records kept under this paragraph available to the division for inspection upon request.
- (b) Give to any Class "B" or Class "HDC-B" licensee signs made from paper, cardboard, plastic, vinyl, or other like material for placement inside the premises, notwithstanding the aggregate value limitation of par. (a).
- (c) Sell at fair market value to a Class "B" or Class "HDC-B" licensee miscellaneous advertising matter, the items specified under pars. (a) and (b),

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- nonmechanical coolers, and supply items used in the consumption of food or hempderived cannabinoid products.
- (d) Sell consumable merchandise intended for resale, including the sale or loan of containers thereof, to Class "B" or Class "HDC-B" licensees in the regular course of business.
- (e) Purchase advertising and other services and rights for a fair consideration from any corporate Class "B" or Class "HDC-B" licensee who is a member of a regularly established athletic league and whose principal business is the ownership, maintenance, and operation of a professional athletic team playing a regular schedule of games and whose principal source of income is derived from the sale of tickets to games played by such teams.
- (f) Contribute money or other things of value to or for the benefit of a nonprofit corporation, exempt under section 501 (c) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code, as defined in s. 71.22 (4), that is conducting festivals of limited duration in a 1st class city if the festivals are sponsored and endorsed in whole or part by a municipal corporation.
- (g) Contribute money or other things of value to or for a nonprofit corporation, exempt under section 501 (c) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code, as defined in s. 71.22 (4), that conducts an autumn ethnic festival of limited duration in a 2nd class city that had a population in 1986 of at least 49,000 but less than 50,000, if that festival is sponsored and endorsed in whole or part by that municipal corporation.
- (h) Enter into a landlord-tenant relationship with a Class "B" or Class "HDC-B" licensee if all of the requirements under s. 125.20 (6) (b) or 125.765 (3) (b) are satisfied.

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- (i) 1. Purchase advertising from a person who does not hold a license under this chapter and who conducts national or regional sweepstakes, contests, or promotions on the premises of Class "B" or Class "HDC-B" licensees that sell the manufacturer's or distributor's products. The person may promote an event or activity in connection with a sweepstakes, contest, or promotion, including promoting the location of the event or activity, if the Class "B" or Class "HDC-B" licensee on whose premises the event or activity will occur does not receive money for hosting the event or activity and, except as provided in subd. 3., if the advertising for the event or activity identifies at least 4 unaffiliated Class "B" or Class "HDC-B" licensees.
- 2. Conduct national or regional sweepstakes, contests, or promotions on the premises of Class "B" or Class "HDC-B" licensees that sell the manufacturer's or distributor's products. The manufacturer or distributor may promote an event or activity in connection with a sweepstakes, contest, or promotion, including promoting the location of the event or activity, if the Class "B" or Class "HDC-B" licensee on whose premises the event or activity will occur does not receive money for hosting the event or activity and, except as provided in subd. 3., if the advertising for the event or activity identifies at least 4 unaffiliated Class "B" or Class "HDC-B" licensees.
- 3. A manufacturer that produces hemp-derived cannabinoid products containing less than 5,500 total grams of hemp-derived cannabinoids annually may purchase advertising under subd. 1., and may promote sweepstakes, contests, or promotions through advertising under subd. 2., if the advertising identifies at least one Class "B" or Class "HDC-B" licensee.

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- (j) Purchase products from a Class "B" or Class "HDC-B" licensee.
- 2 (k) 1. Provide, in this state, reasonable business entertainment that is 3 deductible under section 162 of the Internal Revenue Code to a Class "B" or Class 4 "HDC-B" licensee by doing any of the following:
 - a. Providing tickets or free admission to athletic events, concerts, or similar activities.
 - b. Providing food and beverages and paying for local ground transportation in connection with activities described in subd. 1. a. and business meetings.
 - 2. Notwithstanding subd. 1., no manufacturer or distributor may provide business entertainment to a Class "B" or Class "HDC-B" licensee under subd. 1. in one day that has a value exceeding \$500, and no manufacturer or distributor may provide business entertainment to a Class "B" or Class "HDC-B" licensee under subd. 1. on more than 8 days in any calendar year.
 - (3) Distributors of hemp-derived cannabinoid products shall charge the same price to all Class "A," Class "B," Class "HDC-A," and Class "HDC-B" licensees making purchases in similar quantities. Any discount offered on hemp-derived cannabinoid products shall be delivered to the licensee in a single transaction and single delivery and on a single invoice.
 - (4) (a) 1. No Class "A," Class "B," Class "HDC-A," or Class "HDC-B" licensee may do any of the following:
 - a. Receive, purchase, or acquire hemp-derived cannabinoid products from any distributor, except for cash or credit for a period of not more than 30 days.
 - b. Receive, purchase, or acquire hemp-derived cannabinoid products from any distributor if at the time of the receipt, purchase, or acquisition the retail licensee is

- indebted to any distributor for hemp-derived cannabinoid products received, purchased, acquired, or delivered more than 30 days earlier.
 - 2. No Class "A," Class "B," Class "HDC-A," or Class "HDC-B" licensee may receive any hemp-derived cannabinoid products on consignment or on any basis other than a bona fide sale.
 - (b) No Class "A," Class "B," Class "HDC-A," or Class "HDC-B" license may be issued to a person having an indebtedness for hemp-derived cannabinoid products outstanding for more than 30 days. In each application for a Class "A," Class "B," Class "HDC-A," or Class "HDC-B" license, the applicant shall state whether the applicant has indebtedness for hemp-derived cannabinoid products to any distributor that has been outstanding for more than 30 days.
 - (c) A licensee that violates this subsection is subject to the penalties under s. 125.11 except that the licensee may not be imprisoned. No manufacturer or distributor may be subjected to any penalty as the result of the sale of hemp-derived cannabinoid products to a retail licensee when purchased by the retail licensee in violation of this subsection.
 - 125.773 Effect of subchapter on employment and property rights; regulated professions. (1) Nothing in this subchapter does any of the following:
 - (a) Requires an employer to permit or accommodate the use or possession of hemp-derived cannabinoid products at a place of employment by an employee.
 - (b) Interferes with an employer's ability to limit or prohibit the use or possession of hemp-derived cannabinoid products at a place of employment by an employee.
 - (c) Provides a cause of action against an employer.

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- (d) Limits an employer's ability to establish and enforce a drug-free workplace policy.
 - (e) Limits an employer's ability to prohibit an employee from engaging in work-related activities while under the influence of hemp-derived cannabinoid products.
 - (2) Nothing in this subchapter does any of the following:
 - (a) Requires an owner or person in control of property to permit or accommodate the use or possession of hemp-derived cannabinoid products on the property.
 - (b) Interferes with the ability of an owner or person in control of property to limit or prohibit the use or possession of hemp-derived cannabinoid products on the property.
 - (c) Provides a cause of action against an owner or person in control of property.
 - (d) Limits the ability of an owner or person in control of property to establish and enforce a drug-free policy for the property.
 - (e) Limits the ability of an owner or person in control of property to prohibit a person from accessing the property or engaging in activities on the property while the person is under the influence of hemp-derived cannabinoid products.
 - (3) A person who practices in an occupation or profession regulated by the department of safety and professional services, an examining board, an affiliated credentialing board, or the supreme court may not undertake any task as part of the practice of that occupation or profession while the person is under the influence

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- of any hemp-derived cannabinoid product if doing so would constitute professional malpractice.
 - 125.775 Hemp-derived topical products. (1) In this section, "hempderived topical product" means a product containing hemp concentrate intended for external application to a part of the body of a human or animal and not intended to be absorbed through the skin and into the bloodstream.
 - (2) Hemp-derived topical products may not contain cannabinoids other than nonintoxicating cannabinoids.
 - (3) A hemp-derived topical product may not be sold in this state unless it bears a label indicating it is for topical application only and not intended for human consumption.
 - (4) A hemp-derived topical product may be manufactured in this state only by a permittee under s. 125.751.
 - (5) Except for the provisions under this section, this chapter does not apply to hemp-derived topical products.

125.777 Production agreements involving hemp-derived cannabinoid **products.** (1) DEFINITIONS. In this section:

- (a) "Alternating proprietorship" means an arrangement in which a host producer provides use of space and equipment, and may additionally provide personnel, to a guest producer for the production of hemp-derived cannabinoid products.
- "Contract producer" means a producer who directly manufactures, (b) packages, or labels hemp-derived cannabinoid products as an agent of a recipe producer or out-of-state recipe supplier.

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(c) "Contract prod	uction" means a	contract, a	igreement, or	business
arrangement described in	sub. (3) (b) wherel	by a recipe	producer or o	ut-of-state
recipe supplier provides co	onsideration to a co	ontract prod	ucer for the p	roduction,
packaging, or labeling of he	emp-derived cannab	oinoid produ	cts.	

- (d) "Guest producer" means a producer who enters into a contract, agreement, or business arrangement with a host producer whereby the producer has use of the host producer's premises and equipment, and may have use of the host producer's personnel, for the production of the guest producer's hemp-derived cannabinoid products.
- (e) "Host producer" means a producer who enters into a contract, agreement, or business arrangement with a guest producer whereby the guest producer has use of the producer's premises and equipment, and may have use of the producer's personnel, for the production of the guest producer's hemp-derived cannabinoid products.
- (f) "Licensing agreement" means an agreement between a licensor and a producer for the production of hemp-derived cannabinoid products containing the name, symbol, or mark of the licensor.
- (g) "Out-of-state recipe supplier" means a person to whom all of the following applies:
- 1. The person is located in another state and produces hemp-derived cannabinoid products in that state.
- 2. The person does not hold a permit under this subchapter, other than a permit issued under s. 125.755.
 - 3. The person purchases hemp-derived cannabinoid products from a producer

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- that are manufactured consistently with a recipe provided by the person or are packaged or labeled for the person.
 - (h) "Packaging" means placing hemp-derived cannabinoid products into sealed finished packages, including cans, bottles, boxes, bags, or any other packaging of finished products, but does not include placing sealed finished packages into additional packaging. When "package" is used as a verb, it has the same meaning as "packaging."
 - (i) "Producer" means a manufacturer holding a permit under s. 125.751.
 - (j) "Recipe producer" means a producer who purchases hemp-derived cannabinoid products from another producer that are manufactured consistently with a recipe provided by the recipe producer or are packaged or labeled for the recipe producer.
 - (2) PRODUCTION ARRANGEMENTS AUTHORIZED; AGREEMENTS BETWEEN SAME PRODUCER TYPE. (a) Production arrangements under subs. (3) to (5) are authorized as provided in this section. A permittee under this subchapter that enters into such a production arrangement does not act as an agent for or in the employ of another under s. 125.751 (1), and such a production arrangement is not a prohibited interest under s. 125.765.
 - (b) Except as provided in par. (c) and sub. (3) (b) 2., agreements authorized under this section may be entered into only by producers.
 - (c) The licensor in a licensing agreement is not required to hold a permit issued under this subchapter. This paragraph does not apply if the licensor also conducts hemp-derived cannabinoid product operations that are regulated under this subchapter.

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- (3) CONTRACT PRODUCTION. (a) An agreement for contract production shall comply with the requirements of this subsection.
- (b) An agreement for contract production may be entered into between any of the following:
 - 1. Two producers.
 - 2. A producer and an out-of-state recipe supplier.
- (c) All contract production activities shall occur pursuant to a written agreement between the contract producer and the recipe producer or out-of-state recipe supplier.
 - (d) 1. Except as provided in subd. 2., hemp-derived cannabinoid products produced under an agreement for contract production between a contract producer and a recipe producer shall count toward the production volume of the recipe producer and shall be considered, for this purpose, as produced on the recipe producer's premises.
 - 2. Hemp-derived cannabinoid products produced under an agreement for contract production between a contract producer and a recipe producer may not be considered in determining production volume for purposes of s. 125.751 (6), but shall be considered as produced by the recipe producer for other purposes under s. 125.751 (6).
 - (e) The recipe producer shall be considered the producer for purposes of filing reports under s. 139.11 (2) and taxation under s. 139.032, and shall include hemp-derived cannabinoid products manufactured under a contract production agreement in the report required under s. 139.11 (2). For hemp-derived cannabinoid products produced under an agreement for contract production

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- between a contract producer and a recipe producer, the contract producer shall exclude the hemp-derived cannabinoid products from reports required under s. 139.11 (2).
 - (f) 1. A recipe producer is not required to hold more than one manufacturer's permit issued under s. 125.751. If a recipe producer enters into one or more contract production agreements that result in the recipe producer's hemp-derived cannabinoid product being produced at multiple premises, the recipe producer's manufacturer's permit shall be issued for the premises at which its hemp-derived cannabinoid product is first produced.
 - 2. For each additional premises at which the recipe producer's hemp-derived cannabinoid product will be produced by a contract producer, the recipe producer shall submit to the division a notice countersigned by the applicable contract producer. This notice shall be submitted within 10 days after the contract producer first produces the recipe producer's hemp-derived cannabinoid product at the premises. The division may charge a fee, not to exceed \$50, for each notice.
 - (g) The division is not required to inspect a premises related to a recipe producer's application for a manufacturer's permit or a recipe producer's notice under par. (f) 2.
 - (4) ALTERNATING PROPRIETORSHIP. (a) An alternating proprietorship shall comply with the requirements of this subsection.
 - (b) All alternating proprietorships shall occur pursuant to a written agreement between the host producer and guest producer.
- (c) The agreement under par. (b) shall provide that the guest producer retains the right to control the production of the hemp-derived cannabinoid products. If the

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- agreement provides that the host producer and host producer's personnel are agents of the guest producer or acting under the direction of the guest producer, the agreement shall specify the terms and compensation for the use of the host producer's personnel.
- (d) The guest producer shall be considered the producer for purposes of filing reports under s. 139.11 (2) and taxation under s. 139.032, and shall include hemp-derived cannabinoid products manufactured under an alternating proprietorship in the report required under s. 139.11 (2). The host producer shall exclude hemp-derived cannabinoid products manufactured in an alternating proprietorship from reports required under s. 139.11 (2).
- (e) Hemp-derived cannabinoid products produced under an alternating proprietorship shall count toward the production volume of the guest producer and shall be considered, for this purpose, as produced on the guest producer's premises.
- (5) LICENSING AGREEMENTS. (a) A producer may enter into a licensing agreement or contract with a licensor authorizing the producer-licensee to use the licensor's trademark or name if all of the following requirements are satisfied:
 - 1. The licensing agreement or contract is in writing.
- 2. The producer-licensee is entirely responsible for producing the hempderived cannabinoid products and for all related processing steps and regulatory requirements.
- (b) Hemp-derived cannabinoid products produced under the licensing agreement shall count toward the production volume of the producer-licensee and shall be considered, for this purpose, as produced on the producer-licensee's premises.

SECTION 213. 134.96 (1) (bm) of the statutes is created to re	SECTION 213	134.96 (1) (bm) of the statutes is	created to re	ead:
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2 134.96 (1) (bm) "Hemp-derived cannabinoid product" has the meaning given

3 in s. 125.02 (6p).

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SECTION 214. 134.96 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

134.96 (3) An owner or employee of a lodging establishment may deny lodging to an adult if the owner or employee reasonably believes that consumption of an alcohol beverage by an underage person not accompanied by his or her parent, guardian or spouse who has attained the legal drinking age, consumption of a hemp-derived cannabinoid product by an underage person, or illegal use of a controlled substance or controlled substance analog, may occur in the area of the lodging establishment procured.

SECTION 215. 135.02 (3) (c) of the statutes is created to read:

135.02 (3) (c) A contract or agreement, either expressed or implied, whether oral or written, between 2 or more persons by which a distributor of hemp-derived cannabinoid products is granted the right to sell or distribute hemp-derived cannabinoid products or use a trade name, trademark, service mark, logotype, advertising, or other commercial symbol related to hemp-derived cannabinoid products. This paragraph does not apply if the dealer's net revenues from the sale of all of the grantor's brands of hemp-derived cannabinoid products constitute less than 5 percent of the dealer's total net revenues from the sale of hemp-derived cannabinoid products during the dealer's most recent fiscal year.

SECTION 216. 135.02 (5f) of the statutes is created to read:

23 135.02 (**5f**) "Hemp" has the meaning given in s. 94.55 (1).

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4. Any synthetic cannabinoid.

1	SECTION 217. 135.02 (5f) of the statutes, as created by 2025 Wisconsin Act
2	(this act), is amended to read:
3	135.02 (5f) "Hemp" has the meaning given in s. 94.55 (1) (a).
4	SECTION 218. 135.02 (5g), (5h), (5m) and (5p) of the statutes are created to
5	read:
6	135.02 (5g) "Hemp concentrate" means the extracts or resins of hemp,
7	including extracts or resins that are refined to increase the presence of targeted
8	cannabinoids, but does not include refined cannabinoids or synthetic cannabinoids.
9	(5h) (a) Subject to par. (b), "hemp-derived cannabinoid" means any
10	cannabinoid that is extracted from hemp, including a refined cannabinoid and
11	including any of the following:
12	1. Delta-6-tetrahydrocannabinol or delta-6-tetrahydrocannabinolic acid or
13	delta-6-tetrahydrocannabivarin.
14	2. Delta-8-tetrahydrocannabinol or delta-8-tetrahydrocannabinolic acid or
15	delta-8-tetrahydrocannabivarin.
16	3. Delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol or delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinolic acid or
17	delta-9-tetrahydrocannabivarin.
18	4. Delta-10-tetrahydrocannabinol or delta-10-tetrahydrocannabinolic acid or
19	delta-10-tetrahydrocannabivarin.
20	(b) "Hemp-derived cannabinoid" does not include any of the following:
21	1. Tetrahydrocannabiphorol.
22	2. Tetrahydrocannabinol acetate.
23	3. Hexahydrocannabinol.

(5m) (a)	Subject to par. (b), "hemp-derived cannabinoid product" means	а
product that co	ntains or that is labeled to contain a hemp-derived cannabinoid ar	nc
that is produce	d, marketed, or otherwise intended to be ingested orally, inhaled,	01
absorbed throu	gh the skin.	

- (b) "Hemp-derived cannabinoid product" does not include any of the following:
- 6 1. A hemp-derived topical product.
 - 2. A cannabidiol product, as defined in s. 961.01 (3r), that is governed by ss. 961.32 (2m) and 961.38 (1n) (b), and any tetrahydrocannabinol contained in a cannabidiol product that is dispensed as provided in s. 961.38 (1n) (a) or that is possessed as provided in s. 961.32 (2m) (b).
 - 3. A prescription drug product that has been approved by the U.S. food and drug administration.
 - (**5p**) "Hemp-derived topical product" means a product containing hemp concentrate intended for external application to a part of the body of a human or animal and not intended to be absorbed through the skin and into the bloodstream.
 - **SECTION 219.** 135.02 (7) of the statutes is created to read:
 - 135.02 (7) "Refined cannabinoid" means a cannabinoid extracted from hemp with a chemical makeup that is changed after extraction to create a different cannabinoid or other chemical compound by applying a catalyst other than heat or light. "Refined cannabinoid" includes any tetrahydrocannabinol created from cannabidiol or hemp concentrate, except that "refined cannabinoid" does not include a cannabinoid described in sub. (5h) (b) 1. to 4. or a product described in sub. (5m) (b).
 - **SECTION 220.** 135.02 (8) of the statutes is created to read:

1	135.02 (8) "Synthetic cannabinoid" means a substance with a similar
2	chemical structure and pharmacological activity to a cannabinoid but that is not
3	extracted or derived from hemp and is instead created or produced by chemical or
4	biochemical synthesis.
5	SECTION 221. Chapter 139 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
6	CHAPTER 139
7	ALCOHOL BEVERAGE, HEMP-DERIVED
8	CANNABINOID PRODUCT,
9	AND TOBACCO TAXES
10	SECTION 222. Subchapter I (title) of chapter 139 [precedes 139.01] of the
11	statutes is amended to read:
12	CHAPTER 139
13	SUBCHAPTER I
14	<u>ALCOHOL</u> BEVERAGE <u>AND</u>
15	HEMP-DERIVED CANNABINOID
16	PRODUCT TAXES
17	SECTION 223. 139.01 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 139.01 (1m).
18	SECTION 224. 139.01 (1g) of the statutes is created to read:
19	139.01 (1g) "Alcohol beverages" has the meaning given in s. 125.02 (1).
20	SECTION 225. 139.01 (2p) of the statutes is amended to read:
21	139.01 (2p) "Division" means the division of alcohol beverages intoxicating
22	products in the department.
23	SECTION 226. 139.01 (2tg), (2tm) and (2ts) of the statutes are created to read:

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SECTION	226

- 139.01 (2tg) "Hemp-derived cannabinoid product" has the meaning given in 1 s. 125.02 (6p). $\mathbf{2}$
- "Hemp-derived cannabinoid product distributor" means a person 3 (2tm) 4 holding a permit issued under s. 125.753.
- 5 "Hemp-derived cannabinoid product manufacturer" means a person holding a permit issued under s. 125.751. 6
- 7 **SECTION 227.** 139.01 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:
 - A "manufacturer" is, except in the term "hemp-derived 139.01 **(5)** cannabinoid product manufacturer," means a person, other than a rectifier, who manufactures or distills intoxicating liquors, including selling at wholesale such intoxicating liquors manufactured or distilled by the licensee at the premises designated in the license.
 - **SECTION 228.** 139.01 (7) of the statutes is amended to read:
- 14 139.01 (7) "Retailer" as applied to a seller of fermented malt beverages or 15 hemp-derived cannabinoid products has the same meaning as in s. 125.02 (19), and 16 as applied to a seller of intoxicating liquors is any person who sells such liquors to 17 consumers.
 - **SECTION 229.** 139.01 (9) of the statutes is amended to read:
 - 139.01 (9) "Sell" or "sold" or "sale" or "selling" includes the transfer, gift. barter, trade, or exchange of intoxicating liquor or fermented malt alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products; offering or exposing intoxicating liquor or fermented malt alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products for transfer, gift, barter, trade, or exchange; possession of intoxicating liquor or fermented malt alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products with

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- intent to transfer, give, barter, trade, or exchange the same; or any shift, device, scheme, or transaction whatever whereby intoxicating liquor or fermented malt alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products may be obtained; but excludes the solicitation of orders for, or the sale for, future delivery.
 - **SECTION 230.** 139.032 of the statutes is created to read:
 - 139.032 Hemp-derived cannabinoid product tax. (1) An occupational tax is imposed upon the selling of hemp-derived cannabinoid products, as provided in sub. (2).
 - (2) (a) Except as provided in par. (c), the rate of the tax under sub. (1) is as follows:
 - 1. For a hemp-derived cannabinoid product that is a beverage, \$0.03 per milligram of tetrahydrocannabinol in each hemp-derived cannabinoid product sold to a retailer of hemp-derived cannabinoid products, based on the certificate of analysis of testing results provided to the hemp-derived cannabinoid product distributor by the hemp-derived cannabinoid product manufacturer under s. 125.745 (1).
 - 2. Except as provided in subd. 3., for a hemp-derived cannabinoid product that is not a beverage, \$0.045 per milligram of tetrahydrocannabinol in each hemp-derived cannabinoid product sold to a retailer of hemp-derived cannabinoid products, based on the certificate of analysis of testing results provided to the hemp-derived cannabinoid product distributor by the hemp-derived cannabinoid product manufacturer under s. 125.745 (1).
 - 3. For a hemp-derived cannabinoid product that is in the form of hemp plant parts or hemp flower, \$50 per one ounce of weight, based on the certificate of

- analysis of testing results provided to the hemp-derived cannabinoid product distributor by the hemp-derived cannabinoid product manufacturer under s. 125.745 (1).
- (b) Except as provided in par. (c), liability for the tax under sub. (1) is incurred by a hemp-derived cannabinoid product distributor at the time of the hemp-derived cannabinoid product's sale to the retailer.
- (c) The rate of the tax specified in par. (a) applies to a hemp-derived cannabinoid product sold by a hemp-derived cannabinoid product manufacturer to a consumer under s. 125.751 (6), except that the applicable tax is based on the hemp-derived cannabinoid product sold to the consumer, rather than a retailer, based on the certificate of analysis of testing results obtained by the manufacturer under s. 125.745. Liability for the tax is incurred by the hemp-derived cannabinoid product manufacturer at the time of the sale to the consumer.
- (3) (a) The tax imposed under sub. (1) shall be paid to, and a monthly return filed with, the department on or before the 15th of the month following the month in which the tax liability is incurred. Each person subject to this tax shall file an information report on the dates prescribed by the secretary.
- (b) Each person required to file a return and pay the tax under sub. (1) shall first provide security in the amount, at the time, and of the type required by the department or enter into a surety bond with a corporate surety to secure payment of the tax with bond and surety to be approved by the department. This bond shall be twice the department's estimate of the taxpayer's maximum monthly tax liability but shall not be less than \$1,000 nor more than \$100,000. These bonds shall be filed.

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- (4) (a) Not more than one occupational tax under this section may be required to be paid on any one container of hemp-derived cannabinoid products.
- (b) The tax imposed under this section is in addition to the applicable tax imposed under s. 77.52 or 77.53 on the sale of the hemp-derived cannabinoid product.
- **SECTION 231.** 139.04 (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
- **139.04 Exclusions.** (intro.) No tax is levied by ss. 139.02 and, 139.03, and 139.032 in respect to:
 - **SECTION 232.** 139.04 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:
 - 139.04 (5) Sale, possession, or removal of fermented malt alcohol beverages or intoxicating liquor hemp-derived cannabinoid products for shipment in interstate or foreign commerce.
 - **SECTION 233.** 139.08 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:
 - 139.08 (4) Inspection for enforcement. Duly authorized employees of the department of justice and the department of revenue and any sheriff, police officer, marshal, or constable, within their respective jurisdictions, may at all reasonable hours enter any licensed premises, and examine the books, papers, and records of any brewer, brewpub, manufacturer, bottler, rectifier, wholesaler, hemp-derived cannabinoid product distributor, or retailer, for the purpose of inspecting the same and determining whether the tax and fee imposed by ss. 139.01 to 139.25 have been fully paid, and may inspect and examine, according to law, any premises where fermented malt alcohol beverages or intoxicating liquors hemp-derived cannabinoid products are manufactured, sold, exposed for sale, possessed, or stored, for the purpose of inspecting the same and

determining whether the tax imposed by ss. 139.01 to 139.25 has been fully paid, and whether ss. 139.01 to 139.25 are being complied with. Any refusal to permit such examination of such premises is sufficient grounds under s. 125.12 for revocation or suspension of any license or permit granted for the sale of any fermented malt alcohol beverages or intoxicating liquors hemp-derived cannabinoid products and is punishable under s. 139.25 (10).

SECTION 234. 139.09 of the statutes is amended to read:

139.09 Registration. Every brewer, brewpub, bottler, manufacturer, rectifier, wholesaler, <u>hemp-derived cannabinoid product manufacturer</u>, <u>hemp-derived cannabinoid product distributor</u>, or retailer liable for payment of the occupational tax imposed in ss. 139.01 to 139.25 shall hold a valid certificate under s. 73.03 (50). The secretary shall assign the person a registration number.

SECTION 235. 139.10 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

139.10 (1) On the certificate of the secretary, the secretary of administration shall refund to any purchaser or any banking institution in Wisconsin the tax paid on hemp-derived cannabinoid products, intoxicating liquor, or on whole cases or full kegs of fermented malt beverages which are spoiled or unfit to drink or otherwise consume and the tax paid on fermented malt beverages sold to the U.S. armed forces or the secretary may make allowance of the amount of the tax.

SECTION 236. 139.11 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

139.11 (1) PRESERVATION OF RECORDS. Every person who manufactures, rectifies, distributes, imports, transports, stores, warehouses, or sells intoxicating liquor or fermented malt alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products shall keep complete and accurate records of all such liquor or malt alcohol

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beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products purchased, sold, manufactured, rectified, brewed, fermented, distilled, produced, stored, warehoused, imported, or transported within this state. Such records shall be of a kind and in the form prescribed by the secretary and shall be safely preserved to ensure accessibility for inspection by the secretary or by the division as provided in s. 125.025 (3). A person required to keep records under this subsection may keep such records in electronic form only. Any common carrier or fulfillment house required to submit reports under s. 125.22 or 125.23 shall maintain, for 3 years, all records related to the reports or otherwise required to be kept under this subsection.

SECTION 237. 139.11 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

139.11 (2) REPORT. Each brewer, brewpub, bottler, manufacturer, rectifier, and wholesaler, hemp-derived cannabinoid product manufacturer, and hemp-derived cannabinoid product distributor shall on or before the 15th day of each calendar month or the dates prescribed by the secretary file a verified report of all fermented malt alcohol beverages or intoxicating liquor hemp-derived cannabinoid products manufactured, received, sold, delivered, or shipped by him or her during the preceding calendar month, except that the department may allow wholesale, winery, and out-of-state shipper permittees whose tax liability is less than \$500 per quarter to file on a quarterly basis. Quarterly reports shall be filed on or before the 15th of the next month following the close of the calendar quarter.

SECTION 238. 139.11 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

139.11 (3) Secretary's powers. When the secretary finds that the records kept by any brewer, brewpub, bottler, manufacturer, rectifier, wholesaler, <u>hempderived cannabinoid product</u>

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distributor, or retailer are in such condition that an unusual amount of time is required to determine therefrom the amount of tax due, the secretary may give notice of such fact to such person and may require the records to be kept in such form as the secretary prescribes. If such requirements are not complied with within 30 days after the date of the notice, the brewer, brewpub, bottler, manufacturer, rectifier, wholesaler, hemp-derived cannabinoid product manufacturer, hemp-derived cannabinoid product distributor, or retailer shall pay the expenses reasonably attributable to the determination of tax at the rate of \$30 per day for each auditor. The secretary shall render a bill therefor by registered mail to the person charged with payment at the conclusion of the audit, which bill shall constitute notice of assessment and demand of payment thereof. The brewer, brewpub, bottler, manufacturer, rectifier, wholesaler, hemp-derived cannabinoid product manufacturer, hemp-derived cannabinoid product distributor, or retailer shall, within 10 days after the mailing of the bill, pay its amount, and such payment shall be credited to the appropriation made in s. 20.566 (1) (a).

SECTION 239. 139.11 (4) (c) of the statutes is created to read:

139.11 (4) (c) Sections 71.78 (1), (1g), (1m), and (4) to (9) and 71.83 (2) (a) 3. and 3m., relating to confidentiality of income and franchise tax returns, apply to any information obtained from any person on a hemp-derived cannabinoid product tax return, report, schedule, exhibit, or other document or from an audit report relating to any of those documents, except that the department of revenue shall publish a current list, available on paper and on the department's website, providing detailed information regarding every person issued a permit under s.

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125.751, 125.753, 125.755, or 125.756. This information shall include the name and address of the permit holder and the date on which the division issued the permit.

SECTION 240. 139.18 (3) of the statutes is created to read:

139.18 (3) The possession of any hemp-derived cannabinoid product on which a tax has not been paid, except upon the premises of a hemp-derived cannabinoid product manufacturer, hemp-derived cannabinoid product distributor, or warehouse for which a permit has been issued under s. 125.757, shall be deemed prima facie evidence that the hemp-derived cannabinoid product is possessed with the intent to sell it contrary to law.

SECTION 241. 139.22 of the statutes is amended to read:

139.22 Confiscation. If a duly authorized employee of the department of revenue or the department of justice or any sheriff, police officer, marshal, or constable, within his or her respective jurisdiction, discovers any fermented malt beverages upon any premises other than the premises of a brewer, brewpub, or bottler, er any intoxicating liquor upon any premises other than the premises of a manufacturer, rectifier, winery, or wholesaler, or any hemp-derived cannabinoid products upon any premises other than the premises of a hemp-derived cannabinoid product manufacturer or hemp-derived cannabinoid product distributor, and upon which the tax has not been paid or which was possessed, kept, stored, manufactured, sold, distributed, or transported in violation of ss. 139.01 to 139.25, the employee or any such officer may immediately seize the fermented malt beverages er, intoxicating liquors, or hemp-derived cannabinoid products. Any such fermented malt beverages er, intoxicating liquors, or hemp-derived cannabinoid

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<u>products</u> so seized shall be transferred by the department of revenue to the division and disposed of under s. 125.14 (2) (e).

SECTION 242. 139.25 (2) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

139.25 (2) DELINQUENT RETURNS. (intro.) Delinquent beverage tax returns required under this subchapter are subject to a \$10 late filing fee. Delinquent beverage taxes imposed by this subchapter bear interest at the rate of 1.5 percent per month until paid. The taxes imposed by this subchapter shall become delinquent if not paid:

SECTION 243. 139.25 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

139.25 (4) FAILURE TO FILE RETURN. In case of failure to file any return required under s. 139.032, 139.05, 139.06, or 139.11 by the due date, and upon a showing by the department under s. 73.16 (4), there shall be added to the amount required to be shown as tax on that return 5 percent of the amount of that tax if the failure is for not more than one month, and an additional 5 percent of the tax for each additional month or fraction thereof during which that failure continues, not exceeding 25 percent of the tax in the aggregate. For purposes of this subsection, the amount of tax required to be shown on the return shall be reduced by the amount of any part of the tax which is paid on or before the due date prescribed for payment of the tax and by the amount of any credit against the tax which may be claimed upon the return.

SECTION 244. 185.043 (1) and (2) of the statutes are amended to read:

185.043 (1) Except as provided in sub. subs. (2) and (3), 5 or more adults, one of whom must be a resident, may form a cooperative by signing, acknowledging, and filing articles.

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(2) If the cooperative is formed for purposes of operating as a small cooperative wholesaler under s. 125.545, 3 or more individuals, at least one of whom must be a resident and all of which must be owners of small wineries or small manufacturers certified by the division of alcohol beverages intoxicating products in the department of revenue under s. 125.545 (6) (a), may form a cooperative by signing, acknowledging, and filing articles. Membership in a cooperative formed under this subsection is limited to small wineries or small manufacturers certified by the division of alcohol beverages under s. 125.545 (6) (a).

SECTION 245. 185.043 (3) of the statutes is created to read:

185.043 (3) If the cooperative is formed for purposes of operating as a small cooperative distributor under s. 125.763, 3 or more individuals, at least one of whom must be a resident and all of which must be owners of small manufacturers certified by the division of intoxicating products in the department of revenue under s. 125.763 (6), may form a cooperative by signing, acknowledging, and filing articles. Membership in a cooperative formed under this subsection is limited to small manufacturers certified by the division under s. 125.763 (6).

SECTION 246. 302.37 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

302.37 (2) Except as provided in s. 302.375 (2m), neither the sheriff or other keeper of any jail nor any other person shall give, sell or deliver to any prisoner for any cause whatever any alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid product, as defined in s. 125.02 (6p), unless a physician certifies in writing that the health of the prisoner requires it, in which case the prisoner may be allowed the quantity prescribed.

SECTION 247. 302.375 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:

1	302.375 (title) Restrictions on liquor and dangerous drugs other
2	intoxicating substances; placement of prisoners.
3	SECTION 248. 302.375 (1g) (ar) of the statutes is created to read:
4	$302.375~(\mathbf{1g})~(\mathrm{ar})~\mathrm{``Hemp-derived}~\mathrm{cannabinoid}~\mathrm{product''}~\mathrm{has}~\mathrm{the}~\mathrm{meaning}~\mathrm{given}$
5	in s. 125.02 (6p).
6	SECTION 249. 302.375 (1m) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
7	302.375 (1m) (a) Sells, gives or delivers any intoxicating liquor or hemp-
8	derived cannabinoid product to the prisoner.
9	SECTION 250. 302.375 (1m) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
10	302.375 (1m) (b) Willfully permits a prisoner to have any controlled
11	substance, controlled substance analog or, intoxicating liquor, or hemp-derived
12	cannabinoid product.
13	SECTION 251. 302.375 (1m) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
14	302.375 (1m) (c) Has within his or her possession in the prison, jail or house
15	of correction any intoxicating liquor or hemp-derived cannabinoid product, with
16	intent to sell, give, or deliver the liquor or hemp-derived cannabinoid product to the
17	prisoner.
18	SECTION 252. 302.375 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
19	302.375 (2) Except as provided in sub. (2m), any prisoner who uses
20	intoxicating liquor or hemp-derived cannabinoid products in violation of s. 302.37
21	(2) shall be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned for not more than 9 months
22	or both.
23	SECTION 253. 340.01 (21m) of the statutes is created to read:

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340.01 (21m)	"Hemp-derived	cannabinoid	product"	has the	meaning	given ir
s. 125.02 (6p).						

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SECTION 254. 340.01 (50m) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

340.01 (**50m**) (e) Delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol Tetrahydrocannabinol isomers, excluding its any precursors or metabolites, at a total concentration of one or more nanograms per milliliter of a person's blood.

SECTION 255. 343.06 (1) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

343.06 (1) (d) To any person whose dependence on alcohol <u>or hemp-derived</u> <u>cannabinoid products</u> has attained such a degree that it interferes with his or her physical or mental health or social or economic functioning, or who is addicted to the use of controlled substances or controlled substance analogs, except that the secretary may issue a license if the person submits to an examination, evaluation or treatment in a treatment facility meeting the standards prescribed in s. 51.45 (8) (a), as directed by the secretary, in accordance with s. 343.16 (5).

SECTION 256. 343.10 (5) (a) 1. and (8) (intro.) of the statutes are amended to read:

343.10 (5) (a) 1. In addition to any restrictions appearing on the former operator's license of the applicant, the occupational license shall contain definite restrictions as to hours of the day, not to exceed 12, hours per week, not to exceed 60, type of occupation and areas or routes of travel which are permitted under the license. The occupational license may permit travel to and from church during specified hours if the travel does not exceed the restrictions as to hours of the day and hours per week in this subdivision. The occupational license may permit travel necessary to comply with a driver safety plan ordered under s. 343.30 (1q) or

SECTION 256

- 1 343.305 if the travel does not exceed the restrictions as to hours of the day and
- 2 hours per week in this subdivision. The occupational license may contain
- 3 restrictions on the use of alcohol and hemp-derived cannabinoid products and on
- 4 <u>the use</u> of controlled substances and controlled substance analogs in violation of s.
- 5 961.41.

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- 6 **(8)** VIOLATION OF RESTRICTIONS. (intro.) Any person who violates a restriction on an occupational license as to hours of the day, area, routes or purpose of travel, vehicles allowed to be operated, use of an ignition interlock device, sobriety or use of alcohol, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, controlled substances, or
- 10 controlled substance analogs shall be:
- SECTION 257. 343.16 (5) (a) of the statutes, as affected by 2025 Wisconsin Act 12 17, is amended to read:
 - 343.16 (5) (a) The secretary may require any applicant for a license or any licensed operator to submit to a special examination by such persons or agencies as the secretary may direct to determine incompetency, physical or mental disability, disease, or any other condition that might prevent such applicant or licensed person from exercising reasonable and ordinary control over a motor vehicle. If the department requires the applicant to submit to an examination, the applicant shall pay for the examination. If the department receives an application for a renewal or duplicate license after voluntary surrender under s. 343.265 or receives a report from a physician, physician assistant, advanced practice registered nurse licensed under s. 441.09, or optometrist under s. 146.82 (3), or if the department has a report of 2 or more arrests within a one-year period for any combination of violations of s. 346.63 (1) or (5) or a local ordinance in conformity with s. 346.63 (1) or (5) or a law

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of a federally recognized American Indian tribe or band in this state in conformity with s. 346.63 (1) or (5), or s. 346.63 (1m), 1985 stats., or s. 346.63 (2) or (6) or 940.25, or s. 940.09 where the offense involved the use of a vehicle, the department shall determine, by interview or otherwise, whether the operator should submit to an examination under this section. The examination may consist of an assessment. If the examination indicates that education or treatment for a disability, disease or condition concerning the use of alcohol, a hemp-derived cannabinoid product, a controlled substance, or a controlled substance analog is appropriate, the department may order a driver safety plan in accordance with s. 343.30 (1q). If there is noncompliance with assessment or the driver safety plan, the department shall revoke the person's operating privilege in the manner specified in s. 343.30 (1q) (d).

SECTION 258. 343.30 (1q) (c) 1. (intro.) and (d) 1. of the statutes are amended to read:

343.30 (1q) (c) 1. (intro.) Except as provided in subd. 1. a., b., or d., the court shall order the person to submit to and comply with an assessment by an approved public treatment facility as defined in s. 51.45 (2) (c) for examination of the person's use of alcohol, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, controlled substances, or controlled substance analogs and development of a driver safety plan for the person. The court shall notify the department of transportation of the assessment order. The court shall notify the person that noncompliance with assessment or the driver safety plan will result in revocation of the person's operating privilege until the person is in compliance. The assessment order shall:

(d) 1. The assessment report shall order compliance with a driver safety plan.

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The report shall inform the person of the fee provisions under s. 46.03 (18) (f). The driver safety plan may include a component that makes the person aware of the effect of his or her offense on a victim and a victim's family. The driver safety plan may include treatment for the person's misuse, abuse or dependence on alcohol, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, controlled substances, or controlled substance analogs, or attendance at a school under s. 345.60, or both. If the plan requires treatment at an approved tribal treatment facility, as defined in s. 51.01 (2c), the plan may include traditional tribal treatment modes. If the plan requires inpatient treatment, the treatment shall not exceed 30 days. A driver safety plan under this paragraph shall include a termination date consistent with the plan which shall not extend beyond one year.

SECTION 259. 343.303 of the statutes is amended to read:

343.303 Preliminary breath screening test. If a law enforcement officer has probable cause to believe that the person is violating or has violated s. 346.63 (1) or (2m) or a local ordinance in conformity therewith, or s. 346.63 (2) or (6) or 940.25 or s. 940.09 where the offense involved the use of a vehicle, or if the officer detects any presence of alcohol, a hemp-derived cannabinoid product, a controlled substance, controlled substance analog or other drug, or a combination thereof, on a person driving or operating or on duty time with respect to a commercial motor vehicle or has reason to believe that the person is violating or has violated s. 346.63 (7) or a local ordinance in conformity therewith, the officer, prior to an arrest, may request the person to provide a sample of his or her breath for a preliminary breath screening test using a device approved by the department for this purpose. The result of this preliminary breath screening test may be used by the law enforcement

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officer for the purpose of deciding whether or not the person shall be arrested for a
violation of s. 346.63 (1), (2m), (5) or (7) or a local ordinance in conformity
therewith, or s. 346.63 (2) or (6), 940.09 (1) or 940.25 and whether or not to require
or request chemical tests as authorized under s. 343.305 (3). The result of the
preliminary breath screening test shall not be admissible in any action or
proceeding except to show probable cause for an arrest, if the arrest is challenged,
or to prove that a chemical test was properly required or requested of a person
under s. 343.305 (3). Following the screening test, additional tests may be required
or requested of the driver under s. 343.305 (3). The general penalty provision under
s. 939.61 (1) does not apply to a refusal to take a preliminary breath screening test.
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SECTION 260. 343.305 (8) (b) 2. g. of the statutes is amended to read:

343.305 **(8)** (b) 2. g. Whether the person had a valid prescription for methamphetamine or one of its metabolic precursors or gamma-hydroxybutyric acid or delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol tetrahydrocannabinol in a case in which subd. 4m. a. and b. apply.

SECTION 261. 343.305 (8) (b) 4m. (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

343.305 (8) (b) 4m. (intro.) If, at the time the offense allegedly occurred, all of the following apply, the hearing officer shall determine whether the person had a valid prescription for methamphetamine or one of its metabolic precursors, gammahydroxybutyric acid, or delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol tetrahydrocannabinol:

SECTION 262. 343.305 (8) (b) 4m. a. of the statutes is amended to read:

343.305 (8) (b) 4m. a. A blood test administered in accordance with this section indicated that the person had a detectable amount of methamphetamine or gamma-hydroxybutyric acid or a <u>total</u> concentration of one or more nanograms of

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SECTION	262

€	delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol tetrahydrocannabinol isomers, excluding its any
I	precursors or metabolites, per milliliter of the person's blood but did not have a
C	detectable amount of any other restricted controlled substance in his or her blood.
	SECTION 263. 343.305 (8) (b) 5. c. of the statutes is amended to read:

343.305 (8) (b) 5. c. In a case in which subd. 4m. a. and b. apply, the person had a valid prescription for methamphetamine or one of its metabolic precursors, gamma-hydroxybutyric acid, delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol \mathbf{or} tetrahvdrocannabinol.

SECTION 264. 343.305 (8) (b) 6. c. of the statutes is amended to read:

343.305 (8) (b) 6. c. In a case in which subd. 4m. a. and b. apply, the person did not have a valid prescription for methamphetamine or one of its metabolic precursors, gamma-hydroxybutyric acid, ordelta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol tetrahvdrocannabinol.

SECTION 265. 343.38 (1) (d) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

343.38 (1) (d) 2. Not more than 45 days before applying for reinstatement, the person submits to and complies with an assessment by an approved public treatment facility, as defined in s. 51.45 (2) (c), for examination of the person's use of alcohol, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, controlled substances, or controlled substance analogs and development of a driver safety plan for the person.

SECTION 266. 343.44 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

343.44 (1) (a) Operating while suspended. No person whose operating privilege has been duly suspended under the laws of this state may operate a motor vehicle upon any highway in this state during the period of suspension or in violation of any restriction on an occupational license issued to the person during

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the period of suspension. A person's knowledge that his or her operating privilege is suspended is not an element of the offense under this paragraph. In this paragraph, "restriction on an occupational license" means restrictions imposed under s. 343.10 (5) (a) as to hours of the day, area, routes or purpose of travel. vehicles allowed to be operated, use of an ignition interlock device, sobriety or use of alcohol, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, controlled substances, or controlled substance analogs.

SECTION 267. 343.44 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

343.44 (1) (b) Operating while revoked. No person whose operating privilege has been duly revoked under the laws of this state may operate a motor vehicle upon any highway in this state during the period of revocation or in violation of any restriction on an occupational license issued to the person during the period of revocation. A person's knowledge that his or her operating privilege is revoked is not an element of the offense under this paragraph. In this paragraph, "restriction" on an occupational license" means restrictions imposed under s. 343.10 (5) (a) as to hours of the day, area, routes or purpose of travel, vehicles allowed to be operated, use of an ignition interlock device, sobriety or use of alcohol, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, controlled substances, or controlled substance analogs.

SECTION 268. 346.63 (1) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

346.63 (1) (d) In an action under par. (am) that is based on the defendant allegedly having a detectable amount of methamphetamine, or gammahydroxybutyric acid, or delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol in his or her blood, or tetrahydrocannabinol isomers at a total concentration of one or more nanograms per milliliter of his or her blood, the defendant has a defense if he or she proves by

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a preponderance of the evidence that at the time of the incident or occurrence he or she had a valid prescription for methamphetamine or one of its metabolic precursors, gamma-hydroxybutyric acid, or delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol tetrahydrocannabinol.

SECTION 269. 346.63 (2) (b) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

346.63 (2) (b) 2. In an action under par. (a) 3. that is based on the defendant allegedly having a detectable amount of methamphetamine, or gamma-hydroxybutyric acid, or delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol in his or her blood, or tetrahydrocannabinol isomers at a total concentration of one or more nanograms per milliliter of his or her blood, the defendant has a defense if he or she proves by a preponderance of the evidence that at the time of the incident or occurrence he or she had a valid prescription for methamphetamine or one of its metabolic precursors, gamma-hydroxybutyric acid, or delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol tetrahydrocannabinol.

SECTION 270. 346.637 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

346.637 (1) The laws relating to operating a motor vehicle and drinking alcohol, <u>using hemp-derived cannabinoid products</u>, using controlled substances or controlled substance analogs, or using any combination of alcohol, <u>hemp-derived cannabinoid products</u>, controlled substances, and controlled substance analogs.

SECTION 271. 346.637 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

346.637 **(2)** The effects of alcohol, <u>hemp-derived cannabinoid products</u>, controlled substances, or controlled substance analogs, or the use of them in any combination, on a person's ability to operate a motor vehicle.

SECTION 272. 346.64 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

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346.64 (1) No person who owns or has direct control of a commercial motor vehicle or any vehicle operated upon a highway for the conveyance of passengers for hire shall employ as an operator of such vehicle and retain in the person's employment any person who is addicted to the excessive use of intoxicating liquor or hemp-derived cannabinoid products or to the use of a controlled substance or controlled substance analog under ch. 961. In addition to being subject to fine or imprisonment as prescribed by law, such person shall forfeit \$5 for each day such operator is retained in the person's employ.

SECTION 273. 346.93 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

346.93 (1) No underage person, as defined under s. 125.02 (20m), may knowingly possess, transport, or have under his or her control any alcohol beverage or hemp-derived cannabinoid product in any motor vehicle unless the person is employed by a brewer, brewpub, alcohol beverage or hemp-derived cannabinoid product licensee, wholesaler, retailer, distributor, manufacturer, or rectifier and is possessing, transporting, or having such beverage or product in a motor vehicle under his or her control during his or her working hours and in the course of employment, as provided under s. 125.07 (4) (bm) or (bp).

SECTION 274. 346.935 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 346.935 (1m) and amended to read:

346.935 (**1m**) No person may drink alcohol beverages or, inhale nitrous oxide, or consume hemp-derived cannabinoid products while he or she is in any motor vehicle when the vehicle is upon a highway.

SECTION 275. 346.935 (1g) of the statutes is created to read:

346.935 (1g) In this section, "hemp-derived cannabinoid product" has the meaning given in s. 125.02 (6p).

SECTION 276. 346.935 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

346.935 (2) No person may possess on his or her person, in a privately owned motor vehicle upon a public highway, any bottle, container, or receptacle containing alcohol beverages or, nitrous oxide, or hemp-derived cannabinoid products if the bottle, container, or receptacle has been opened, the seal has been broken, or the contents of the bottle, container, or receptacle have been partially removed or released.

SECTION 277. 346.935 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

346.935 (3) The owner of a privately owned motor vehicle, or the driver of the vehicle if the owner is not present in the vehicle, shall not keep, or allow to be kept in the motor vehicle when it is upon a highway, any bottle, container, or receptacle containing alcohol beverages er, nitrous oxide, or hemp-derived cannabinoid products if the bottle, container, or receptacle has been opened, the seal has been broken, or the contents of the bottle, container, or receptacle have been partially removed or released. This subsection does not apply if the bottle, container, or receptacle is kept in the trunk of the vehicle or, if the vehicle has no trunk, in some other area of the vehicle not normally occupied by the driver or passengers. A utility compartment or glove compartment is considered to be within the area normally occupied by the driver and passengers.

SECTION 278. 346.935 (4) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

346.935 (4) (b) This section does not apply to passengers in a limousine or in a motor bus who possess any bottle, container, or receptacle containing alcohol

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beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products that has been opened, on which the seal has been broken, or the contents of which have been partially removed or released if the vehicle is operated by a chauffeur holding a valid license and endorsements authorizing operation of the vehicle as provided in ch. 343 and is in compliance with any local ordinance or regulation adopted under s. 349.24.

SECTION 279. 350.01 (10v) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

350.01 (**10v**) (e) Delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol Tetrahydrocannabinol isomers, excluding its any precursors or metabolites, at a total concentration of one or more nanograms per milliliter of a person's blood.

SECTION 280. 350.101 (1) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

350.101 (1) (e) *Defenses*. In an action under par. (bm) that is based on the defendant allegedly having a detectable amount of methamphetamine, or gammahydroxybutyric acid, or delta 9-tetrahydrocannabinol in his or her blood, or tetrahydrocannabinol isomers at a total concentration of one or more nanograms per milliliter of his or her blood, the defendant has a defense if he or she proves by a preponderance of the evidence that at the time of the incident or occurrence he or she had a valid prescription for methamphetamine or one of its metabolic precursors, gamma-hydroxybutyric acid, or delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol tetrahydrocannabinol.

SECTION 281. 350.101 (2) (d) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

350.101 (2) (d) 2. In an action under par. (bm) that is based on the defendant allegedly having a detectable amount of methamphetamine, or gamma-hydroxybutyric acid, or delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol in his or her blood, or tetrahydrocannabinol isomers at a total concentration of one or more nanograms

per milliliter of his or her blood, the defendant has a defense if he or she proves by
a preponderance of the evidence that at the time of the incident or occurrence he or
she had a valid prescription for methamphetamine or one of its metabolic
precursors, gamma-hydroxybutyric acid, or delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol
tetrahydrocannabinol.

SECTION 282. 565.02 (3) (b) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

565.02 (3) (b) 3. The accessibility of the location from which the retailer will sell lottery tickets or lottery shares to the public. Restrictions under s. 125.07 relating to presence of underage persons on premises licensed to sell alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid products may not be used under this subdivision to deny a person a lottery retailer contract.

SECTION 283. 632.32 (2) (aj) of the statutes is created to read:

632.32 (2) (aj) "Hemp-derived cannabinoid product" has the meaning given in s. 125.02 (6p).

SECTION 284. 632.32 (6) (b) 4. of the statutes is amended to read:

632.32 (6) (b) 4. Any use of the motor vehicle for unlawful purposes, or for transportation of liquor or hemp-derived cannabinoid products in violation of law, or while the driver is under the influence of an intoxicant, a hemp-derived cannabinoid product, or a controlled substance or controlled substance analog under ch. 961 or a combination thereof, under the influence of any other drug to a degree which renders him or her incapable of safely driving, or under the combined influence of an intoxicant and any other drug to a degree which renders him or her incapable of safely driving, or any use of the motor vehicle in a reckless manner. In this subdivision, "drug" has the meaning specified in s. 450.01 (10).

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ASSEMBLY BILL 606

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1	SECTION 285. 767.41 (6) (g) 5. of the statutes is amended to read:
2	767.41 (6) (g) 5. If the party who committed the battery or abuse has a
3	significant problem with alcohol or drug abuse, prohibiting that party from being
4	under the influence of alcohol, a hemp-derived cannabinoid product, as defined in s
5	125.02 (6p), or any controlled substance when the parties exchange the child for
6	periods of physical placement and from possessing or consuming alcohol, a hemp-
7	derived cannabinoid product, or any controlled substance during his or her periods
8	of physical placement.
9	SECTION 286. 813.129 (2) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:
10	813.129 (2) (g) Whether the person has a history of abusing alcohol, a hemp-
11	derived cannabinoid product, as defined in s. 125.02 (6p), or a controlled substance
12	SECTION 287. 885.235 (1) (d) 5. of the statutes is amended to read:
13	885.235 (1) (d) 5. Delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol Tetrahydrocannabino
14	isomers, excluding its any precursors or metabolites, at a total concentration of one
15	or more nanograms per milliliter of a person's blood.
16	SECTION 288. 885.235 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:
17	885.235 (5) Notwithstanding sub. (4), in any action or proceeding for a
18	violation of s. 23.33 (4c) (a) 2m. or (b) 2m., 23.335 (12) (a) 2m. or (b) 2m., 30.681 (1
19	(b) 1m. or (2) (b) 1m., 346.63 (1) (am) or (2) (a) 3., 350.101 (1) (bm) or (2) (bm), 940.09
20	(1) (am) or (cm) or (1g) (am) or (cm), 940.25 (1) (am) or (cm), or 941.20 (1) (bm), the
21	only form of chemical analysis of a sample of human biological material that is

admissible as evidence bearing on the question of whether or not the person had

delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol tetrahydrocannabinol isomers

concentration of one or more nanograms per milliliter of the person's blood is a chemical analysis of a sample of the person's blood.

SECTION 289. 895.047 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

895.047 (3) (a) If the defendant proves by clear and convincing evidence that at the time of the injury the claimant was under the influence of any controlled substance of expectation, and an alcohol concentration, as defined in s. 340.01 (1v), of 0.08 or more, there shall be a rebuttable presumption that the claimant's intoxication or drug use was the cause of his or her injury.

SECTION 290. 895.53 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

895.53 (2) Any person withdrawing blood at the request of a traffic officer, law enforcement officer or conservation warden for the purpose of determining the presence or quantity of alcohol, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, as defined in s. 125.02 (6p), controlled substances, controlled substance analogs, or any combination of alcohol, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, controlled substances, and controlled substance analogs is immune from any civil or criminal liability for the act, except for civil liability for negligence in the performance of the act.

SECTION 291. 905.04 (4) (e) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

905.04 (4) (e) 3. There is no privilege in situations where the examination of the expectant mother of an abused unborn child creates a reasonable ground for an opinion of the physician, registered nurse, chiropractor, psychologist, social worker, marriage and family therapist or professional counselor that the physical injury inflicted on the unborn child was caused by the habitual lack of self-control of the expectant mother of the unborn child in the use of alcohol beverages, hemp-derived

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- cannabinoid products, as defined in s. 125.02 (6p), controlled substances, or controlled substance analogs, exhibited to a severe degree.
- 3 **SECTION 292.** 938.02 (1p) of the statutes is amended to read:
 - 938.02 (1p) "Alcohol or other drug abuse impairment" means a condition of a person which is exhibited by characteristics of habitual lack of self-control in the use of alcohol beverages, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, controlled substances, or controlled substance analogs to the extent that the person's health is substantially affected or endangered or the person's social or economic functioning is substantially disrupted.
- **SECTION 293.** 938.02 (8c) of the statutes is created to read:
- 938.02 (**8c**) "Hemp-derived cannabinoid product" has the meaning given in s. 12 125.02 (6p).
- 13 **SECTION 294.** 938.24 (2m) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:
 - 938.24 (2m) (a) 3. Alleged to have committed any offense that appears to the intake worker to be directly motivated by the juvenile's need to purchase or otherwise obtain alcohol beverages, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, controlled substances, or controlled substance analogs.
- **SECTION 295.** 938.245 (2) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:
 - 938.245 (2) (a) 3. 'Alcohol and other drug abuse assessment.' That the juvenile submit to an alcohol and other drug abuse assessment that meets the criteria under s. 938.547 (4) and that is conducted by an approved treatment facility for an examination of the juvenile's use of alcohol beverages, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, controlled substances, or controlled substance analogs and any medical, personal, family, or social effects caused by its use, if the

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multidisciplinary screen under s. 938.24 (2) shows that the juvenile is at risk of having needs and problems related to the use of alcohol beverages, <u>hemp-derived</u> <u>cannabinoid products</u>, controlled substances, or controlled substance analogs and its medical, personal, family, or social effects.

SECTION 296. 938.295 (1c) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.295 (1c) (c) The greater weight of the evidence at the fact-finding hearing indicates that any offense which formed the basis for the adjudication was motivated by the juvenile's need to purchase or otherwise obtain alcohol beverages, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, controlled substances, or controlled substance analogs.

SECTION 297. 938.295 (1g) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.295 (1g) REPORT OF RESULTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS. If the court orders an alcohol or other drug abuse assessment under sub. (1), the approved treatment facility shall, within 14 days after the order, report the results of the assessment to the court, except that, if requested by the facility and if the juvenile is not held in secure or nonsecure custody, the court may extend the period for assessment for not more than 20 additional working days. The report shall include a recommendation as to whether the juvenile is in need of treatment, intervention, or education relating to the use or abuse of alcohol beverages, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, controlled substances, or controlled substance analogs and, if so, shall recommend a service plan and appropriate treatment from an approved treatment facility or education from a court-approved alcohol or other drug abuse education program.

SECTION 298. 938.32 (1g) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

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938.32 (1g) Alcohol or other drug abuse treatment and education. (intro.) If the petition alleges that the juvenile committed a violation specified under ch. 961 and if the multidisciplinary screen conducted under s. 938.24 (2) shows that the juvenile is at risk of having needs and problems related to the use of alcohol beverages, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, controlled substances, or controlled substance analogs and its medical, personal, family, and social effects, the court may establish as a condition under sub. (1) any of the following:

SECTION 299. 938.34 (6r) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.34 (6r) (a) If the report prepared under s. 938.33 (1) recommends that the juvenile is in need of treatment for the use or abuse of alcohol beverages, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, controlled substances, or controlled substance analogs and its medical, personal, family, or social effects, order the juvenile to enter an outpatient alcohol and other drug abuse treatment program at an approved treatment facility. The approved treatment facility shall, under the terms of a service agreement between the county and the approved treatment facility, or with the written informed consent of the juvenile or the juvenile's parent if the juvenile has not attained the age of 12, report to the agency primarily responsible for providing services to the juvenile as to whether the juvenile is cooperating with the treatment and whether the treatment appears to be effective.

SECTION 300. 938.34 (6r) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.34 (**6r**) (b) If the report prepared under s. 938.33 (1) recommends that the juvenile is in need of education relating to the use of alcohol beverages, <u>hemp-derived cannabinoid products</u>, controlled substances, or controlled substance analogs, order the juvenile to participate in an alcohol or other drug abuse

education program approved by the court. The person or agency that provides the
education program shall, under the terms of a service agreement between the
county and the education program, or with the written informed consent of the
juvenile or the juvenile's parent if the juvenile has not attained the age of 12, report
to the agency primarily responsible for providing services to the juvenile about the
juvenile's attendance at the program.
SECTION 301. 938.343 (10) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
938.343 (10) Alcohol or drug assessment, treatment, or education.
(intro.) If the violation is related to the use or abuse of alcohol beverages, hemp-
derived cannabinoid products, controlled substances, or controlled substance
analogs, order the juvenile to do any of the following:
SECTION 302. 938.344 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
938.344 (title) Disposition; certain intoxicating liquor, beer alcohol
beverage, hemp-derived cannabinoid product, and drug violations.
SECTION 303. 938.344 (2) (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
938.344 (2) (title) Underage alcohol or hemp-derived cannabinoid
PRODUCT POSSESSION OR POSSESSION ON SCHOOL GROUNDS.
SECTION 304. 938.344 (2b) (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
DECITOR OF THE STANDARD IS AMERICAN
938.344 (2b) (title) Underage purchase of alcohol or hemp-derived
938.344 (2b) (title) Underage purchase of alcohol or hemp-derived
938.344 (2b) (title) Underage purchase of alcohol <u>or hemp-derived</u> <u>Cannabinoid product</u> or entering licensed premises.

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analog by a juvenile enrolled in the public school district, private school, or tribal school.

SECTION 306. 938.547 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.547 (1) Legislative findings and purpose. The legislature finds that the use and abuse of alcohol and other drugs by juveniles is a state responsibility of statewide dimension. The legislature recognizes that there is a lack of adequate procedures to screen, assess and treat juveniles for alcohol and other drug abuse. To reduce the incidence of alcohol and other drug abuse by juveniles, the legislature deems it necessary to experiment with solutions to the problems of the use and abuse of alcohol and other drugs by juveniles by establishing a juvenile alcohol and other drug abuse pilot program in a limited number of counties. The purpose of the program is to develop intake and court procedures that screen, assess and give new dispositional alternatives for juveniles with needs and problems related to the use of alcohol beverages, hemp-derived cannabinoid products, controlled substances, or controlled substance analogs who come within the jurisdiction of a court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under this chapter and ch. 48 in the pilot counties selected by the department.

SECTION 307. 939.22 (15m) of the statutes is created to read:

939.22 (**15m**) "Hemp-derived cannabinoid product" has the meaning given in s. 125.02 (6p).

SECTION 308. 939.22 (33) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

939.22 (33) (e) Delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol Tetrahydrocannabinol isomers, excluding its any precursors or metabolites, at a total concentration of one or more nanograms per milliliter of a person's blood.

SECTION 309. 940.09 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

940.09 (2) (b) In any action under sub. (1) (am) or (cm) or (1g) (am) or (cm) that is based on the defendant allegedly having a detectable amount of methamphetamine or gamma-hydroxybutyric acid or delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol in his or her blood, or tetrahydrocannabinol isomers at a total concentration of one or more nanograms per milliliter of his or her blood, the defendant has a defense if he or she proves by a preponderance of the evidence that at the time of the incident or occurrence he or she had a valid prescription for methamphetamine or one of its metabolic precursors or, gamma-hydroxybutyric acid, or delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol tetrahydrocannabinol.

SECTION 310. 940.225 (5) (ai) of the statutes is amended to read:

940.225 **(5)** (ai) "Intoxicant" means any alcohol beverage, <u>hemp-derived</u> cannabinoid product, hazardous inhalant, controlled substance, controlled substance analog, or other drug, or any combination thereof.

SECTION 311. 940.25 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

940.25 (2) (b) In any action under this section that is based on the defendant allegedly having a detectable amount of methamphetamine, or gamma-hydroxybutyric acid, or delta 9 tetrahydrocannabinol in his or her blood, or tetrahydrocannabinol isomers at a total concentration of one or more nanograms per milliliter of his or her blood, the defendant has a defense if he or she proves by a preponderance of the evidence that at the time of the incident or occurrence he or she had a valid prescription for methamphetamine or one of its metabolic precursors, gamma-hydroxybutyric acid, or delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol tetrahydrocannabinol.

SECTION 312. 941.20 (1) (bm) of the statutes is amended to read:
941.20 (1) (bm) Operates or goes armed with a firearm while he or she has a
detectable amount of a restricted controlled substance in his or her blood. A
defendant has a defense to any action under this paragraph that is based on the
defendant allegedly having a detectable amount of methamphetamine, or gamma-
hydroxybutyric acid , or delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol in his or her blood, <u>or</u>
tetrahydrocannabinol isomers at a total concentration of one or more nanograms
per milliliter of his or her blood, if he or she proves by a preponderance of the
evidence that at the time of the incident or occurrence he or she had a valid
prescription for methamphetamine or one of its metabolic precursors, gamma-
hydroxybutyric acid, or delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol tetrahydrocannabinol.
SECTION 313. 941.237 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
941.237 (title) Carrying handgun where alcohol beverages intoxicants
may be sold and consumed.
SECTION 314. 941.237 (1) (fm) of the statutes is amended to read:
941.237 (1) (fm) "Tavern" means an establishment, other than a private club
or fraternal organization, in which alcohol beverages or hemp-derived cannabinoid
products are sold for consumption on the premises.
SECTION 315. 941.237 (3) (cx) of the statutes is amended to read:
941.237 (3) (cx) A licensee, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (d), or an out-of-state
licensee, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (g), if the licensee or out-of-state licensee is not
consuming alcohol <u>or hemp-derived cannabinoid products</u> on the premises.
SECTION 316. 944.36 of the statutes is amended to read:

944.36 Solicitation of drinks intoxicants prohibited. Any licensee,

permittee, or bartender of a retail alcohol beverage establishment covered by a
license or permit issued under ch. 125 who permits an entertainer or employee to
solicit any hemp-derived cannabinoid product, a drink of any alcohol beverage, as
defined in s. 125.02 (1), or any other drink from a customer on the premises, or any
entertainer or employee who solicits such <u>products or</u> drinks from any customer, is
guilty of a Class B misdemeanor.
SECTION 317. 948.015 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:
948.015 (3) Section 125.07, relating to furnishing alcohol beverages or hemp-
derived cannabinoid products to underage persons.
SECTION 318. 961.11 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:
961.11 (5) The authority of the controlled substances board to control under
this section does not extend to intoxicating liquors, as defined in s. 139.01 (3), to
fermented malt beverages as defined in s. 125.02, to hemp-derived cannabinoid
products, as defined in s. 125.02 (6p), or to tobacco.
SECTION 319. 967.055 (1m) (b) 5. of the statutes is amended to read:
967.055 (1m) (b) 5. Delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol Tetrahydrocannabinol
isomers, excluding its any precursors or metabolites, at a total concentration of one
or more nanograms per milliliter of a person's blood.
SECTION 320. Nonstatutory provisions.
(1) DEPLETION OF LABEL INVENTORY. Notwithstanding the requirements
under s. 125.749 (2) to (5), if at the time of application an applicant for label
approval has an inventory of unused labels that do not meet all requirements under

s. 125.749 (2) to (5) but are in substantial compliance with these requirements, the

division of intoxicating products may, in approving the application, allow the
applicant to use labels from the inventory until the inventory is depleted.
SECTION 321. Effective dates. This act takes effect on the first day of the
10th month beginning after publication, except as follows:
(1) WISCONSIN FAIR DEALERSHIP LAW. The treatment of s. 135.02 (3) (c), (5g),
(5h), (5m), (5p), (7), and (8) and the creation of s. 135.02 (5f) take effect on the day
after publication.
(2) LABEL REQUIREMENTS. The treatment of s. 125.749 and SECTION $320(1)$ of
this act take effect on the first day of the 16th month beginning after publication.
(3) REPORTING. The treatment of s. 125.025 (6) (c) takes effect on the first day
of the 22nd month beginning after publication.

(END)