ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1630

State of Washington 67th Legislature 2022 Regular Session

By House Civil Rights & Judiciary (originally sponsored by Representatives Senn, Berg, Ryu, Berry, Wicks, Bateman, Ramel, Fitzgibbon, Sells, Walen, Valdez, Callan, Cody, Davis, Goodman, Taylor, Macri, Peterson, Ramos, Santos, Slatter, Bergquist, Tharinger, Kloba, Pollet, Harris-Talley, Hackney, and Frame)

READ FIRST TIME 01/25/22.

AN ACT Relating to establishing restrictions on the possession of weapons in certain locations; amending RCW 9.41.280 and 9.41.305; reenacting RCW 9.41.280; adding a new section to chapter 9.41 RCW; prescribing penalties; and providing a contingent effective date.

5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

6 **Sec. 1.** RCW 9.41.280 and 2019 c 325 s 5001 are each amended to 7 read as follows:

8 (1) It is unlawful for a person to <u>knowingly</u> carry onto, or to 9 possess on, public or private elementary or secondary school 10 premises, school-provided transportation, ((or)) areas of facilities 11 while being used exclusively by public or private schools, or areas 12 <u>of facilities while being used for official meetings of a school</u> 13 district board of directors:

14 (a) Any firearm;

15

(b) Any other dangerous weapon as defined in RCW 9.41.250;

16 (c) Any device commonly known as "nun-chu-ka sticks," consisting 17 of two or more lengths of wood, metal, plastic, or similar substance 18 connected with wire, rope, or other means;

(d) Any device, commonly known as "throwing stars," which are multipointed, metal objects designed to embed upon impact from any aspect; 1 (e) Any air gun, including any air pistol or air rifle, designed 2 to propel a BB, pellet, or other projectile by the discharge of 3 compressed air, carbon dioxide, or other gas; or

4 (f)(i) Any portable device manufactured to function as a weapon 5 and which is commonly known as a stun gun, including a projectile 6 stun gun which projects wired probes that are attached to the device 7 that emit an electrical charge designed to administer to a person or 8 an animal an electric shock, charge, or impulse; or

9 (ii) Any device, object, or instrument which is used or intended 10 to be used as a weapon with the intent to injure a person by an 11 electric shock, charge, or impulse.

12 (2) Any such person violating subsection (1) of this section is quilty of a gross misdemeanor. If any person is convicted of a 13 violation of subsection (1)(a) of this section, the person shall have 14 his or her concealed pistol license, if any revoked for a period of 15 16 three years. Anyone convicted under this subsection is prohibited 17 from applying for a concealed pistol license for a period of three years. The court shall send notice of the revocation to the 18 19 department of licensing, and the city, town, or county which issued 20 the license.

Any violation of subsection (1) of this section by elementary or secondary school students constitutes grounds for expulsion from the state's public schools in accordance with RCW 28A.600.010. An appropriate school authority shall promptly notify law enforcement and the student's parent or guardian regarding any allegation or indication of such violation.

Upon the arrest of a person at least twelve years of age and not 27 more than twenty-one years of age for violating subsection (1)(a) of 28 this section, the person shall be detained or confined in a juvenile 29 or adult facility for up to seventy-two hours. The person shall not 30 31 be released within the seventy-two hours until after the person has 32 been examined and evaluated by the designated crisis responder unless 33 the court in its discretion releases the person sooner after a determination regarding probable cause or on probation bond or bail. 34

Within twenty-four hours of the arrest, the arresting law enforcement agency shall refer the person to the designated crisis responder for examination and evaluation under chapter 71.05 or 71.34 RCW and inform a parent or guardian of the person of the arrest, detention, and examination. The designated crisis responder shall examine and evaluate the person subject to the provisions of chapter

1 71.05 or 71.34 RCW. The examination shall occur at the facility in 2 which the person is detained or confined. If the person has been 3 released on probation, bond, or bail, the examination shall occur 4 wherever is appropriate.

5 Upon completion of any examination by the designated crisis 6 responder, the results of the examination shall be sent to the court, 7 and the court shall consider those results in making any 8 determination about the person.

9 The designated crisis responder shall, to the extent permitted by 10 law, notify a parent or guardian of the person that an examination 11 and evaluation has taken place and the results of the examination. 12 Nothing in this subsection prohibits the delivery of additional, 13 appropriate mental health examinations to the person while the person 14 is detained or confined.

15 If the designated crisis responder determines it is appropriate, 16 the designated crisis responder may refer the person to the local 17 behavioral health administrative services organization for follow-up 18 services or other community providers for other services to the 19 family and individual.

20

(3) Subsection (1) of this section does not apply to:

(a) Any student or employee of a private military academy when onthe property of the academy;

(b) Any person engaged in military, law enforcement, or school 23 24 district security activities. However, a person who is not a 25 commissioned law enforcement officer and who provides school security services under the direction of a school administrator may not 26 possess a device listed in subsection (1)(f) of this section unless 27 he or she has successfully completed training in the use of such 28 29 devices that is equivalent to the training received by commissioned law enforcement officers; 30

31 (c) Any person who is involved in a convention, showing, 32 demonstration, lecture, or firearms safety course authorized by 33 school authorities in which the firearms of collectors or instructors 34 are handled or displayed;

35 (d) Any person while the person is participating in a firearms or 36 air gun competition approved by the school or school district;

(e) Any person in possession of a pistol who has been issued a license under RCW 9.41.070, or is exempt from the licensing requirement by RCW 9.41.060, while picking up or dropping off a student; 1 (f) Any nonstudent at least eighteen years of age legally in 2 possession of a firearm or dangerous weapon that is secured within an 3 attended vehicle or concealed from view within a locked unattended 4 vehicle while conducting legitimate business at the school;

5 (g) Any nonstudent at least eighteen years of age who is in 6 lawful possession of an unloaded firearm, secured in a vehicle while 7 conducting legitimate business at the school; or

8 (h) Any law enforcement officer of the federal, state, or local 9 government agency.

10 (4) Subsections (1)(c) and (d) of this section do not apply to 11 any person who possesses nun-chu-ka sticks, throwing stars, or other 12 dangerous weapons to be used in martial arts classes authorized to be 13 conducted on the school premises.

(5) Subsection (1)(f)(i) of this section does not apply to any person who possesses a device listed in subsection (1)(f)(i) of this section, if the device is possessed and used solely for the purpose approved by a school for use in a school authorized event, lecture, or activity conducted on the school premises.

19 (6) Except as provided in subsection (3)(b), (c), (f), and (h) of 20 this section, firearms are not permitted in a public or private 21 school building.

(7) "GUN-FREE ZONE" signs shall be posted around school facilities giving warning of the prohibition of the possession of firearms on school grounds.

25 <u>(8) A school district board of directors must post signs</u> 26 providing notice of the restrictions on possession of firearms and 27 other weapons under this section at facilities being used for 28 official meetings of the school district board of directors.

29 Sec. 2. RCW 9.41.305 and 2021 c 261 s 2 are each amended to read 30 as follows:

(1) Unless exempt under subsection (((4))) (3) of this section, it is unlawful for any person to knowingly open carry a firearm or other weapon, as defined in RCW 9.41.300(1)(b), while knowingly being in the following locations:

35 <u>(a)</u> The west state capitol campus grounds; any buildings on the 36 state capitol grounds; any state legislative office; or any location 37 of a public <u>state</u> legislative hearing or meeting during the hearing 38 or meeting; or

(b) City, town, county, or other municipality buildings used in connection with meetings of the governing body of the city, town, county, or other municipality, or any location of a public meeting or hearing of the governing body of a city, town, county, or other municipality during the hearing or meeting.

6

(2) For the purposes of this section:

(a) "Buildings on the state capitol grounds" means the following 7 buildings located on the state capitol grounds, commonly known as 8 Legislative, Temple of Justice, John L. O'Brien, John A. Cherberg, 9 Irving R. Newhouse, Joel M. Pritchard, Helen Sommers, Insurance, 10 11 Governor's Mansion, Visitor Information Center, Carlyon House, Ayer 12 House, General Administration, 1500 Jefferson, James M. Dolliver, Old Capitol, Capitol Court, State Archives, Natural Resources, Office 13 Building #2, Highway-License, Transportation, Employment Security, 14 Child Care Center, Union Avenue, Washington Street, Professional 15 16 Arts, State Farm, and Powerhouse Buildings.

17 (((3))) <u>(b) "Governing body" has the same meaning as in RCW</u>
18 <u>42.30.020.</u>

19 (c) "West state capitol campus grounds" means areas of the campus 20 south of Powerhouse Rd. SW, south of Union Avenue SW as extended 21 westward to Powerhouse Rd. SW, west of Capitol Way, north of 15th 22 Avenue SW between Capitol Way S. and Water Street SW, west of Water 23 Street between 15th Avenue SW and 16th Avenue SW, north of 16th 24 Avenue SW between Water Street SW and the east banks of Capitol Lake, 25 and east of the banks of Capitol Lake.

26 (((4))) (3) Duly authorized federal, state, or local law 27 enforcement officers or personnel are exempt from this section when 28 carrying a firearm or other weapon in conformance with their 29 employing agency's policy. Members of the armed forces of the United 30 States or the state of Washington are exempt from this section when 31 carrying a firearm or other weapon in the discharge of official duty 32 or traveling to or from official duty.

33 (((+5))) (4) A person violating this section is guilty of a gross 34 misdemeanor.

35 (((6))) <u>(5)</u> Nothing in this section applies to the lawful 36 concealed carry of a firearm by a person who has a valid concealed 37 pistol license.

38 (6) A city, town, county, or other municipality must post signs
 39 providing notice of the restrictions on possession of firearms and

1 other weapons under this section at any locations specified in

2 <u>subsection (1) (b) of this section.</u>

3 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 9.41 RCW 4 to read as follows:

5 (1) Except as provided in subsections (3) and (4) of this 6 section, it is unlawful for a person to knowingly carry onto, or to 7 possess in, a ballot counting center, a voting center, a student 8 engagement hub, or the county elections and voter registration 9 office, or areas of facilities while being used as a ballot counting 10 center, a voting center, a student engagement hub, or the county 11 elections and voter registration office:

12 (a) Any firearm;

(b) Any other dangerous weapon as described in RCW 9.41.250;

(c) Any air gun, including any air pistol or air rifle, designed to propel a BB, pellet, or other projectile by the discharge of compressed air, carbon dioxide, or other gas;

(d) (i) Any portable device manufactured to function as a weapon and which is commonly known as a stun gun, including a projectile stun gun that projects wired probes that are attached to the device that emit an electrical charge designed to administer to a person or an animal an electric shock, charge, or impulse; or

(ii) Any device, object, or instrument that is used or intended to be used as a weapon with the intent to injure a person by an electric shock, charge, or impulse; or

25

13

(e) Any spring blade knife as defined in RCW 9.41.250.

(2) A person who violates subsection (1) of this section is 26 27 quilty of a gross misdemeanor. If a person is convicted of a violation of subsection (1)(a) of this section, the person shall have 28 his or her concealed pistol license, if any, revoked for a period of 29 30 three years. Anyone convicted under subsection (1) (a) of this section is prohibited from applying for a concealed pistol license for a 31 period of three years from the date of conviction. The court shall 32 order the person to immediately surrender any concealed pistol 33 license, and within three business days notify the department of 34 licensing in writing of the required revocation of any concealed 35 pistol license held by the person. Upon receipt of the notification 36 by the court, the department of licensing shall determine if the 37 person has a concealed pistol license. If the person does have a 38 concealed pistol license, the department of licensing shall 39

1 immediately notify the license-issuing authority which, upon receipt 2 of the notification, shall immediately revoke the license.

3

(3) Subsection (1) of this section does not apply to:

4 (a) Any law enforcement officer of a federal, state, or local 5 government agency; or

6 (b) Any security personnel hired by a county and engaged in 7 security specifically for a counting center, a voting center, a student engagement hub, or the county elections and voter 8 registration office or areas of facilities used for such purposes. 9 However, a person who is not a commissioned law enforcement officer 10 11 and who provides elections and voter registration security services 12 under the direction of a county may not possess a firearm or device listed in subsection (1)(d) of this section unless he or she has 13 successfully completed training in the use of firearms or such 14 devices that is equivalent to the training received by commissioned 15 16 law enforcement officers.

17 (4) Subsection (1) of this section does not prohibit concealed carry of a pistol, by a person licensed to carry a concealed pistol 18 pursuant to RCW 9.41.070, in any voting center, student engagement 19 hub, county elections and voter registration office, or areas of 20 21 facilities while being used as a voting center, student engagement hub, or county elections and voter registration office. However, no 22 weapon restricted by this section, whether concealed or openly 23 carried, may be possessed in any ballot counting center or areas of 24 25 facilities while being used as a ballot counting center.

(5) Elections officers and officials must post signs providing notice of the restriction on possession of firearms and other weapons at each counting center, voting center, student engagement hub, or county elections and voter registration office, or areas of facilities while being used as a counting center, a voting center, a student engagement hub, or the county elections and voter registration office.

33

(6) For the purposes of this section:

34 (a) "Ballot counting center" has the same meaning as "counting 35 center" in RCW 29A.04.019;

36 (b) "Voting center" means a voting center as described in RCW 37 29A.40.160; and

38 (c) "Student engagement hub" means a student engagement hub as 39 described in RCW 29A.40.180.

1 Sec. 4. RCW 9.41.280 and 2022 c . . . s 1 (section 1 of this 2 act) and 2022 c . . . (Substitute House Bill No. 1224) s 2 are each 3 reenacted to read as follows:

4 (1) It is unlawful for a person to knowingly carry onto, or to 5 possess on, public or private elementary or secondary school 6 premises, school-provided transportation, areas of facilities while 7 being used exclusively by public or private schools, or areas of 8 facilities while being used for official meetings of a school 9 district board of directors:

10 11

(a) Any firearm;

(b) Any other dangerous weapon as defined in RCW 9.41.250;

12 (c) Any device commonly known as "nun-chu-ka sticks," consisting 13 of two or more lengths of wood, metal, plastic, or similar substance 14 connected with wire, rope, or other means;

(d) Any device, commonly known as "throwing stars," which are multipointed, metal objects designed to embed upon impact from any aspect;

(e) Any air gun, including any air pistol or air rifle, designed
to propel a BB, pellet, or other projectile by the discharge of
compressed air, carbon dioxide, or other gas;

(f) (i) Any portable device manufactured to function as a weapon and which is commonly known as a stun gun, including a projectile stun gun which projects wired probes that are attached to the device that emit an electrical charge designed to administer to a person or an animal an electric shock, charge, or impulse; or

(ii) Any device, object, or instrument which is used or intended
to be used as a weapon with the intent to injure a person by an
electric shock, charge, or impulse; or

29

(g) Any spring blade knife as defined in RCW 9.41.250.

(2) Any such person violating subsection (1) of this section is 30 31 quilty of a gross misdemeanor. If any person is convicted of a violation of subsection (1)(a) of this section, the person shall have 32 his or her concealed pistol license, if any revoked for a period of 33 three years. Anyone convicted under this subsection is prohibited 34 from applying for a concealed pistol license for a period of three 35 36 years. The court shall send notice of the revocation to the department of licensing, and the city, town, or county which issued 37 38 the license.

Any violation of subsection (1) of this section by elementary or secondary school students constitutes grounds for expulsion from the

ESHB 1630

1 state's public schools in accordance with RCW 28A.600.010. An 2 appropriate school authority shall promptly notify law enforcement 3 and the student's parent or guardian regarding any allegation or 4 indication of such violation.

Upon the arrest of a person at least 12 years of age and not more 5 6 than 21 years of age for violating subsection (1)(a) of this section, the person shall be detained or confined in a juvenile or adult 7 facility for up to 72 hours. The person shall not be released within 8 the 72 hours until after the person has been examined and evaluated 9 by the designated crisis responder unless the court in its discretion 10 releases the person sooner after a determination regarding probable 11 12 cause or on probation bond or bail.

Within 24 hours of the arrest, the arresting law enforcement 13 agency shall refer the person to the designated crisis responder for 14 examination and evaluation under chapter 71.05 or 71.34 RCW and 15 16 inform a parent or guardian of the person of the arrest, detention, 17 and examination. The designated crisis responder shall examine and evaluate the person subject to the provisions of chapter 71.05 or 18 71.34 RCW. The examination shall occur at the facility in which the 19 person is detained or confined. If the person has been released on 20 probation, bond, or bail, the examination shall occur wherever is 21 22 appropriate.

23 Upon completion of any examination by the designated crisis 24 responder, the results of the examination shall be sent to the court, 25 and the court shall consider those results in making any 26 determination about the person.

The designated crisis responder shall, to the extent permitted by law, notify a parent or guardian of the person that an examination and evaluation has taken place and the results of the examination. Nothing in this subsection prohibits the delivery of additional, appropriate mental health examinations to the person while the person is detained or confined.

If the designated crisis responder determines it is appropriate, the designated crisis responder may refer the person to the local behavioral health administrative services organization for follow-up services or the health care authority or other community providers for other services to the family and individual.

(3) Subsection (1) of this section does not apply to:

38

39 (a) Any student or employee of a private military academy when on40 the property of the academy;

1 (b) Any person engaged in military, law enforcement, or school district security activities. However, a person who is not a 2 3 commissioned law enforcement officer and who provides school security services under the direction of a school administrator may not 4 possess a device listed in subsection (1)(f) of this section unless 5 6 he or she has successfully completed training in the use of such devices that is equivalent to the training received by commissioned 7 law enforcement officers; 8

9 (c) Any person who is involved in a convention, showing, 10 demonstration, lecture, or firearms safety course authorized by 11 school authorities in which the firearms of collectors or instructors 12 are handled or displayed;

13 (d) Any person while the person is participating in a firearms or 14 air gun competition approved by the school or school district;

(e) Any person in possession of a pistol who has been issued a license under RCW 9.41.070, or is exempt from the licensing requirement by RCW 9.41.060, while picking up or dropping off a student;

(f) Any nonstudent at least 18 years of age legally in possession of a firearm or dangerous weapon that is secured within an attended vehicle or concealed from view within a locked unattended vehicle while conducting legitimate business at the school;

(g) Any nonstudent at least 18 years of age who is in lawful possession of an unloaded firearm, secured in a vehicle while conducting legitimate business at the school; or

26 (h) Any law enforcement officer of the federal, state, or local 27 government agency.

(4) Subsections (1)(c) and (d) of this section do not apply to any person who possesses nun-chu-ka sticks, throwing stars, or other dangerous weapons to be used in martial arts classes authorized to be conducted on the school premises.

32 (5) Subsection (1)(f)(i) of this section does not apply to any 33 person who possesses a device listed in subsection (1)(f)(i) of this 34 section, if the device is possessed and used solely for the purpose 35 approved by a school for use in a school authorized event, lecture, 36 or activity conducted on the school premises.

37 (6) Except as provided in subsection (3)(b), (c), (f), and (h) of 38 this section, firearms are not permitted in a public or private 39 school building. 1 (7) "GUN-FREE ZONE" signs shall be posted around school 2 facilities giving warning of the prohibition of the possession of 3 firearms on school grounds.

4 (8) A school district board of directors must post signs
5 providing notice of the restrictions on possession of firearms and
6 other weapons under this section at facilities being used for
7 official meetings of the school district board of directors.

8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 5. Section 4 of this act takes effect July 1, 9 2022. Section 4 of this act takes effect only if Substitute House 10 Bill No. 1224 is enacted into law by the effective date of this 11 section.

--- END ---