SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2907

State of Washington 65th Legislature 2018 Regular Session

By House Early Learning & Human Services (originally sponsored by Representatives Goodman, Frame, Kagi, and Doglio)

READ FIRST TIME 02/02/18.

AN Relating to confinement in juvenile rehabilitation 1 ACT 2 facilities; amending RCW 72.01.410, 72.01.410, 13.40.300, and 3 13.40.300; creating new sections; providing an effective date; and providing an expiration date. 4

5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

6 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature recognizes state and 7 national efforts to reform policies that incarcerate youth in the adult criminal justice system. The legislature acknowledges that 8 9 transferring youth to the adult criminal justice system is not effective in reducing future criminal behavior. Youth incarcerated in 10 11 the adult criminal justice system are more likely to recidivate than their counterparts housed in juvenile facilities. 12

13 The legislature intends to enhance community safety by 14 emphasizing rehabilitation of juveniles convicted even of the most serious violent offenses under the adult criminal justice system. 15 16 Juveniles adjudicated as adults should be served and housed within 17 the facilities of the juvenile rehabilitation administration up until age twenty-five and one-half but released earlier if their sentence 18 ends prior to that. This emphasis on rehabilitation up to age twenty-19 20 five and one-half reflects similar programming in other states, which has significantly reduced recidivism of juveniles confined in adult
correctional facilities.

3 Sec. 2. RCW 72.01.410 and 2015 c 156 s 2 are each amended to 4 read as follows:

5 (1) Whenever any child under the age of eighteen is convicted as 6 an adult in the courts of this state of a crime amounting to a 7 felony, and is committed for a term of confinement, that child shall 8 be ((initially)) placed in a facility operated by the department of 9 ((corrections)) social and health services to determine the child's 10 earned release date.

(a) ((If the earned release date is prior to the child's twentyfirst birthday, the department of corrections shall transfer the child to the custody of the department of social and health services, or to such other institution as is now, or may hereafter be authorized by law to receive such child, until such time as the child completes the ordered term of confinement or arrives at the age of twenty-one years.

18 (i)) While in the custody of the department of social and health services, the ((child)) individual must have the same treatment, 19 20 housing options, transfer, and access to program resources as any other ((child)) individual committed ((directly)) to that juvenile 21 correctional facility or institution pursuant to chapter 13.40 RCW. 22 Treatment, placement, and program decisions shall be at the sole 23 24 discretion of the department of social and health services. The 25 ((youth)) individual shall only be transferred ((back)) to the custody of the department of corrections with the approval of the 26 27 department of social and health services or when the ((child)) 28 individual reaches the maximum age of ((twenty-one)) juvenile offender commitment by a juvenile court for the same offense provided 29 30 under RCW 13.40.300.

31 (((ii))) (b) If the ((child's)) individual's sentence includes a term of community custody, the department of social and health 32 services ((shall not)) is required to consult the department of 33 corrections prior to the individual's release ((the child)) to 34 35 community custody ((until the department of corrections has approved the child's release plan)) pursuant to RCW 9.94A.729(5)(b). If ((a 36 child)) an individual is held past his or her earned release date 37 38 pending release plan approval, the department of social and health services shall retain custody until a plan is approved or the 39

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1 ((child)) individual completes the ordered term of confinement prior 2 to the maximum age ((twenty-one)) of juvenile offender commitment by 3 a juvenile court for the same offense provided under RCW 13.40.300.

4 (((iii))) (c) If the department of social and health services 5 determines that retaining custody of the ((child)) individual 6 presents a <u>significant</u> safety risk, the ((child)) individual may be 7 ((returned)) <u>transferred</u> to the custody of the department of 8 corrections.

(((b))) (d) If the ((child's)) individual's earned release date 9 is on or after the ((child's twenty-first birthday)) maximum age of 10 juvenile offender commitment by a juvenile court for the same offense 11 12 provided under RCW 13.40.300, the ((department of corrections shall, with the consent of the)) secretary of the department of social and 13 14 health services((<u>transfer</u>)) shall retain the ((child to)) individual in a facility or institution operated by the department of 15 16 social and health services with the consent of the department of 17 <u>corrections</u>. ((Despite the transfer, the department of corrections retains authority over custody decisions and must approve any leave 18 19 from the facility.)) When the ((child turns age twenty-one)) individual reaches the maximum age of juvenile offender commitment by 20 a juvenile court for the same offense provided under RCW 13.40.300, 21 he or she must be transferred ((back)) to the department of 22 corrections. The department of social and health services has all 23 routine and day-to-day operations authority for the ((child)) 24 25 individual while he or she is in its custody.

(2)(a) Except as provided in (b) and (c) of this subsection, an offender under the age of eighteen who is ((convicted in adult criminal court and who is committed to a term of confinement at)) transferred to the custody of the department of corrections must be placed in a housing unit, or a portion of a housing unit, that is separated from offenders eighteen years of age or older, until the offender reaches the age of eighteen.

(b) An offender who is transferred to the custody of the 33 department of corrections and reaches eighteen years of age may 34 remain in a housing unit for offenders under the age of eighteen if 35 the secretary of corrections determines that: (i) The offender's 36 needs and the ((correctional)) rehabilitation goals for the offender 37 could continue to be better met by the programs and housing 38 39 environment that is separate from offenders eighteen years of age and 40 older; and (ii) the programs or housing environment for offenders

1 under the age of eighteen will not be substantially affected by the continued placement of the offender in that environment. The offender 2 may remain placed in a housing unit for offenders under the age of 3 eighteen until such time as the secretary of corrections determines 4 that the offender's needs and ((correctional)) goals are no longer 5 б better met in that environment but in no case past the ((offender's twenty-first birthday)) maximum age of juvenile offender commitment 7 by a juvenile court for the same offense provided under RCW 8 13.40.300. 9

10 (c) An offender <u>transferred to the custody of the department of</u> 11 <u>corrections who is</u> under the age of eighteen may be housed in an 12 intensive management unit or administrative segregation unit 13 containing offenders eighteen years of age or older if it is 14 necessary for the safety or security of the offender or staff. In 15 these cases, the offender must be kept physically separate from other 16 offenders at all times.

17 **Sec. 3.** RCW 72.01.410 and 2017 3rd sp.s. c 6 s 728 are each 18 amended to read as follows:

(1) Whenever any child under the age of eighteen is convicted as an adult in the courts of this state of a crime amounting to a felony, and is committed for a term of confinement, that child shall be ((initially)) placed in a facility operated by the department of ((corrections)) children, youth, and families to determine the child's earned release date.

(a) ((If the earned release date is prior to the child's twentyfirst birthday, the department of corrections shall transfer the child to the custody of the department of children, youth, and families, or to such other institution as is now, or may hereafter be authorized by law to receive such child, until such time as the child completes the ordered term of confinement or arrives at the age of twenty-one years.

(i)) While in the custody of the department of children, youth, 32 and families, the ((child)) individual must have the same treatment, 33 housing options, transfer, and access to program resources as any 34 35 other ((child)) individual committed ((directly)) to that juvenile correctional facility or institution pursuant to chapter 13.40 RCW. 36 Treatment, placement, and program decisions shall be at the sole 37 discretion of the department of children, youth, and families. The 38 ((youth)) individual shall only be transferred ((back)) to the 39

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1 custody of the department of corrections with the approval of the 2 department of children, youth, and families or when the ((child)) 3 <u>individual</u> reaches the <u>maximum</u> age of ((twenty-one)) juvenile 4 <u>offender commitment by a juvenile court for the same offense provided</u> 5 <u>under RCW 13.40.300</u>.

б ((((ii))) (b) If the ((child's)) individual's sentence includes a 7 term of community custody, the department of children, youth, and families ((shall not)) is required to consult the department of 8 corrections prior to the individual's release ((the child)) to 9 community custody ((until the department of corrections has approved 10 the child's release plan)) pursuant to RCW 9.94A.729(5)(b). If ((a 11 12 child)) an individual is held past his or her earned release date pending release plan approval, the department of children, youth, and 13 14 families shall retain custody until a plan is approved or the ((child)) individual completes the ordered term of confinement prior 15 16 to the maximum age ((twenty-one)) of juvenile offender commitment by 17 a juvenile court for the same offense provided under RCW 13.40.300.

18 (((iii))) (c) If the department of children, youth, and families 19 determines that retaining custody of the ((child)) individual 20 presents a <u>significant</u> safety risk, the ((child)) <u>individual</u> may be 21 ((returned)) <u>transferred</u> to the custody of the department of 22 corrections.

(((b))) (d) If the ((child's)) individual's earned release date 23 is on or after the ((child's twenty-first birthday)) maximum age of 24 25 juvenile offender commitment by a juvenile court for the same offense provided under RCW 13.40.300, the ((department of corrections shall, 26 with the consent of the)) secretary of the department of children, 27 youth, and families((, transfer)) shall retain the ((child to)) 28 29 individual in a facility or institution operated by the department of children, youth, and families with the consent of the department of 30 31 <u>corrections</u>. ((Despite the transfer, the department of corrections 32 retains authority over custody decisions and must approve any leave from the facility.)) When the ((child turns age twenty-one)) 33 individual reaches the maximum age of juvenile offender commitment by 34 a juvenile court for the same offense provided under RCW 13.40.300, 35 36 he or she must be transferred ((back)) to the department of corrections. The department of children, youth, and families has all 37 38 routine and day-to-day operations authority for the ((child)) 39 individual while he or she is in its custody.

1 (2)(a) Except as provided in (b) and (c) of this subsection, an 2 offender under the age of eighteen who is ((convicted in adult 3 criminal court and who is committed to a term of confinement at)) 4 <u>transferred to the custody of</u> the department of corrections must be 5 placed in a housing unit, or a portion of a housing unit, that is 6 separated from offenders eighteen years of age or older, until the 7 offender reaches the age of eighteen.

(b) An offender who is transferred to the custody of the 8 department of corrections and reaches eighteen years of age may 9 remain in a housing unit for offenders under the age of eighteen if 10 11 the secretary of corrections determines that: (i) The offender's 12 needs and the ((correctional)) rehabilitation goals for the offender could continue to be better met by the programs and housing 13 environment that is separate from offenders eighteen years of age and 14 older; and (ii) the programs or housing environment for offenders 15 16 under the age of eighteen will not be substantially affected by the 17 continued placement of the offender in that environment. The offender may remain placed in a housing unit for offenders under the age of 18 19 eighteen until such time as the secretary of corrections determines that the offender's needs and ((correctional)) goals are no longer 20 21 better met in that environment but in no case past the ((offender's twenty-first birthday)) maximum age of juvenile offender commitment 22 by a juvenile court for the same offense provided under RCW 23 13.40.300. 24

(c) An offender <u>transferred to the custody of the department of</u> <u>corrections who is</u> under the age of eighteen may be housed in an intensive management unit or administrative segregation unit containing offenders eighteen years of age or older if it is necessary for the safety or security of the offender or staff. In these cases, the offender must be kept physically separate from other offenders at all times.

32 **Sec. 4.** RCW 13.40.300 and 2005 c 238 s 2 are each amended to 33 read as follows:

(1) ((In no case may)) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, a juvenile offender may not be committed by the juvenile court to the department of social and health services for placement in a juvenile correctional institution beyond the juvenile offender's twenty-first birthday.

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1 (2) A juvenile offender adjudicated of a serious violent offense 2 as defined under RCW 9.94A.030 may be committed by the juvenile court 3 to the department of social and health services for placement in a 4 correctional institution up to the time the juvenile offender is age 5 twenty-five and one-half years old, but not beyond.

6 (3) A juvenile may be under the jurisdiction of the juvenile 7 court or the authority of the department of social and health 8 services beyond the juvenile's eighteenth birthday only if prior to 9 the juvenile's eighteenth birthday:

10 (a) Proceedings are pending seeking the adjudication of a 11 juvenile offense and the court by written order setting forth its 12 reasons extends jurisdiction of juvenile court over the juvenile 13 beyond his or her eighteenth birthday;

(b) The juvenile has been found guilty after a fact finding or after a plea of guilty and an automatic extension is necessary to allow for the imposition of disposition;

17 (c) Disposition has been held and an automatic extension is necessary to allow for the execution and enforcement of the court's 18 order of disposition. If an order of disposition imposes commitment 19 to the department, then jurisdiction is automatically extended to 20 21 include a period of up to twelve months of parole, in no case extending beyond the offender's twenty-first birthday except under 22 subsection (2) of this section in which case commitment may not 23 extend beyond age twenty-five and one-half years; or 24

25 (d) While proceedings are pending in a case in which jurisdiction 26 has been transferred to the adult criminal court pursuant to RCW 13.04.030, the juvenile turns eighteen years of age 27 and is subsequently found not guilty of the charge for which he or she was 28 transferred, or is convicted in the adult criminal court of a lesser 29 included offense, and an automatic extension is necessary to impose 30 31 the disposition as required by RCW 13.04.030(1)(e)(v)(E).

32 $((\frac{2}{2}))$ $(\frac{4}{2})$ If the juvenile court previously has extended 33 jurisdiction beyond the juvenile offender's eighteenth birthday and 34 that period of extension has not expired, the court may further 35 extend jurisdiction by written order setting forth its reasons.

36 (((3) In no event may)) (5) Except as provided in this section 37 and for purposes of enforcing an order of restitution or penalty 38 assessment, the juvenile court ((have authority to)) may not extend 39 jurisdiction over any juvenile offender beyond the juvenile

1 offender's twenty-first birthday ((except for the purpose of 2 enforcing an order of restitution or penalty assessment)).

3 (((4))) (6) Notwithstanding any extension of jurisdiction over a 4 person pursuant to this section, the juvenile court has no 5 jurisdiction over any offenses alleged to have been committed by a 6 person eighteen years of age or older.

7 **Sec. 5.** RCW 13.40.300 and 2017 3rd sp.s. c 6 s 613 are each 8 amended to read as follows:

9 (1) ((In no case may)) Except as provided in subsection (2) of 10 this section, a juvenile offender may not be committed by the 11 juvenile court to the department of children, youth, and families for 12 placement in a juvenile correctional institution beyond the juvenile 13 offender's twenty-first birthday.

14 (2) A juvenile offender adjudicated of a serious violent offense 15 as defined under RCW 9.94A.030 may be committed by the juvenile court 16 to the department of children, youth, and families for placement in a 17 correctional institution up to the time the juvenile offender is age 18 twenty-five and one-half years old, but not beyond.

19 (3) A juvenile may be under the jurisdiction of the juvenile 20 court or the authority of the department of children, youth, and 21 families beyond the juvenile's eighteenth birthday only if prior to 22 the juvenile's eighteenth birthday:

(a) Proceedings are pending seeking the adjudication of a juvenile offense and the court by written order setting forth its reasons extends jurisdiction of juvenile court over the juvenile beyond his or her eighteenth birthday;

(b) The juvenile has been found guilty after a fact finding or after a plea of guilty and an automatic extension is necessary to allow for the imposition of disposition;

(c) Disposition has been held and an automatic extension is 30 necessary to allow for the execution and enforcement of the court's 31 order of disposition. If an order of disposition imposes commitment 32 to the department, then jurisdiction is automatically extended to 33 include a period of up to twelve months of parole, in no case 34 extending beyond the offender's twenty-first birthday except under 35 subsection (2) of this section in which case commitment may not 36 extend beyond age twenty-five and one-half years; or 37

(d) While proceedings are pending in a case in which jurisdictionhas been transferred to the adult criminal court pursuant to RCW

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1 13.04.030, the juvenile turns eighteen years of age and is subsequently found not guilty of the charge for which he or she was transferred, or is convicted in the adult criminal court of a lesser included offense, and an automatic extension is necessary to impose the disposition as required by RCW 13.04.030(1)(e)(v)(E).

6 (((2))) <u>(4)</u> If the juvenile court previously has extended 7 jurisdiction beyond the juvenile offender's eighteenth birthday and 8 that period of extension has not expired, the court may further 9 extend jurisdiction by written order setting forth its reasons.

10 (((3) In no event may)) (5) Except as provided in this section 11 and for purposes of enforcing an order of restitution or penalty 12 assessment, the juvenile court ((have authority to)) may not extend 13 jurisdiction over any juvenile offender beyond the juvenile 14 offender's twenty-first birthday ((except for the purpose of 15 enforcing an order of restitution or penalty assessment)).

16 (((4))) (6) Notwithstanding any extension of jurisdiction over a 17 person pursuant to this section, the juvenile court has no 18 jurisdiction over any offenses alleged to have been committed by a 19 person eighteen years of age or older.

20 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 6. The Washington state institute for public 21 policy must assess the impact of this act on community safety, racial 22 disproportionality, and youth rehabilitation and submit a report, in 23 compliance with RCW 43.01.036, to the governor and the appropriate 24 committees of the legislature by December 1, 2027.

25 NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. This act applies to all individuals 26 currently in the custody or who will be in the custody of the juvenile rehabilitation division of the department of social and 27 health services on or before the effective date of this section 28 29 following an adult court conviction. It does not apply to individuals 30 who were in the custody of the juvenile rehabilitation division of the department of social and health services and were transferred to 31 the custody of the department of corrections before the effective 32 33 date of this section. In all other respects, this act applies 34 prospectively.

35 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 8. Sections 3 and 5 of this act take effect 36 July 1, 2019.

1 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 9. Sections 2 and 4 of this act expire July 2 1, 2019.

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