HOUSE BILL 1508

State of Washington 64th Legislature 2015 Regular Session

By Representatives Kretz, Blake, Short, Reykdal, and Condotta

Read first time 01/21/15. Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Natural Resources.

AN ACT Relating to providing permissive authority for counties to assume authority over local forest fire management; amending RCW 76.04.610, 76.04.630, 76.04.015, and 76.04.016; and adding a new section to chapter 76.04 RCW.

5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** A new section is added to chapter 76.04 7 RCW to read as follows:

8 (1) Any county may, by action of its legislative authority, 9 create a local forest fire protection division that is responsible 10 for preventing and responding to forest fires in the county. If 11 created, the local forest fire protection division assumes primary 12 command over any fire response in the county and assumes independent 13 decision-making authority over all local aspects of forest fire 14 prevention and response.

(2) The department must be notified of the creation of a localforest fire protection division within thirty days of its creation.

17 (3) Two or more counties may organize into a single local forest 18 fire protection division.

19 (4) The department must, upon the request of a county's local 20 forest fire protection division, assist the county in any fire 21 response necessary to protect public safety. 1 Sec. 2. RCW 76.04.610 and 2012 2nd sp.s. c 7 s 922 are each
2 amended to read as follows:

3 (1)(a) If any owner of forest land within a forest protection 4 zone neglects or fails to provide adequate fire protection as 5 required by RCW 76.04.600, the department shall provide such 6 protection and shall annually impose the following assessments on 7 each parcel of such land: (i) A flat fee assessment of seventeen 8 dollars and fifty cents; and (ii) twenty-seven cents on each acre 9 exceeding fifty acres.

10 (b) Assessors may, at their option, collect the assessment on tax 11 exempt lands. If the assessor elects not to collect the assessment, 12 the department may bill the landowner directly.

13 (2) An owner who has paid assessments on two or more parcels, 14 each containing fewer than fifty acres and each within the same 15 county, may obtain the following refund:

16 (a) If all the parcels together contain less than fifty acres, 17 then the refund is equal to the flat fee assessments paid, reduced by 18 the total of (i) seventeen dollars and (ii) the total of the amounts 19 retained by the county from such assessments under subsection ((+5))20 (7) of this section.

(b) If all the parcels together contain fifty or more acres, then the refund is equal to the flat fee assessments paid, reduced by the total of (i) seventeen dollars, (ii) twenty-seven cents for each acre exceeding fifty acres, and (iii) the total of the amounts retained by the county from such assessments under subsection (((5))) (7) of this section.

27 (3) Applications for refunds shall be submitted to the department 28 on a form prescribed by the department and in the same year in which 29 the assessments were paid. The department may not provide refunds to 30 applicants who do not provide verification that all assessments and 31 property taxes on the property have been paid. Applications may be 32 made by mail.

33 <u>(4)(a)</u> In addition to the procedures under this subsection, 34 property owners with multiple parcels in a single county who qualify 35 for a refund under this section may apply to the department on an 36 application listing all the parcels owned in order to have the 37 assessment computed on all parcels but billed to a single parcel. 38 ((Property owners with the following number of parcels may apply to 39 the department in the year indicated:

1	Year	Number of Parcels
2	2002	10 or more parcels
3	2003	8 or more parcels
4	2004 and thereafter	6 or more parcels))

5 (b) The department must compute the correct assessment and 6 allocate one parcel in the county to use to collect the assessment. 7 The county must then bill the forest fire protection assessment on 8 that one allocated identified parcel. The landowner is responsible 9 for notifying the department of any changes in parcel ownership.

10 (((3) Beginning January 1, 1991,)) (5) Under the administration 11 and at the discretion of the department, up to two hundred thousand 12 dollars per year of this assessment shall be used in support of those 13 rural fire districts assisting the department in fire protection 14 services on forest lands.

(((4))) (6) For the purpose of this chapter, the department may 15 divide the forest lands of the state, or any part thereof, into 16 17 districts, for fire protection and assessment purposes, may classify lands according to the character of timber prevailing, and the fire 18 19 hazard existing, and place unprotected lands under the administration of the proper district. Amounts paid or contracted to be paid by the 20 21 department for protection of forest lands from funds at its disposal 22 shall be a lien upon the property protected, unless reimbursed by the owner within ten days after October 1st of the year in which they 23 24 were incurred. The department shall be prepared to make statement 25 thereof, upon request, to a forest owner whose own protection has not 26 been previously approved as to its adequacy, the department shall 27 report the same to the assessor of the county in which the property 28 is situated. The assessor shall extend the amounts upon the tax rolls covering the property, and upon authorization from the department 29 shall levy the forest protection assessment against the amounts of 30 unimproved land as shown in each ownership on the county assessor's 31 32 records. The assessor may then segregate on the records to provide that the improved land and improvements thereon carry the millage 33 levy designed to support the rural fire protection districts as 34 provided for in RCW 52.16.170. 35

(((+5))) (7)(a) The amounts assessed shall be collected at the time, in the same manner, by the same procedure, and with the same penalties attached that general state and county taxes on the same

1 property are collected, except that errors in assessments may be 2 corrected at any time by the department certifying them to the 3 treasurer of the county in which the land involved is situated. 4 Assessments shall be known and designated as assessments of the year 5 in which the amounts became reimbursable.

6 (b) Except for counties that have created a local forest fire 7 protection division under section 1 of this act, upon the collection 8 of assessments, the county treasurer shall place fifty cents of the 9 total assessments paid on a parcel for fire protection into the 10 county current expense fund to defray the costs of listing, billing, 11 and collecting these assessments. The treasurer shall then transmit 12 the balance to the department.

13 (c) For counties that have created a local forest fire protection 14 division under section 1 of this act, the county treasurer shall 15 place all collections in a local account designated by the county 16 legislative authority to be used exclusively for local forest fire 17 prevention and response.

18 (d) Collections shall be applied against expenses incurred in 19 carrying out the provisions of this section, including necessary and 20 reasonable administrative costs incurred by the department in the 21 enforcement of these provisions. The department may also expend sums 22 collected from owners of forest lands or received from any other 23 source for necessary administrative costs in connection with the 24 enforcement of RCW 76.04.660.

25 (((6))) (8) When land against which forest protection assessments 26 are outstanding is acquired for delinguent taxes and sold at public auction, the state or, if appropriate, the county shall have a prior 27 lien on the proceeds of sale over and above the amount necessary to 28 29 satisfy the county's delinquent tax judgment. The county treasurer, in case the proceeds of sale exceed the amount of the delinquent tax 30 31 judgment, shall immediately remit to the department or the county the 32 amount of the outstanding forest protection assessments.

All 33 ((+7))(9)(a) nonfederal public bodies owning or administering forest land included in a forest protection zone shall 34 pay the forest protection assessments provided in this section and 35 36 the special forest fire suppression account assessments under RCW 76.04.630. The forest protection assessments and special forest fire 37 38 suppression account assessments shall be payable by nonfederal public 39 bodies from available funds within thirty days following receipt of

the written notice from the department which is given after October
 1st of the year in which the protection was provided.

(b) Unpaid assessments are not a lien against the nonfederal 3 publicly owned land but shall constitute a debt by the nonfederal 4 public body to the department or the appropriate county and are 5 6 subject to interest charges at the legal rate. ((During the 2011-2013) 7 fiscal biennium, the forest fire protection assessment account may be appropriated to The Evergreen State College for analysis and 8 recommendations to improve the efficiency and effectiveness of the 9 10 state's mechanisms for funding fire prevention and suppression 11 activities.

12 (8))) (10) A public body, having failed to previously pay the 13 forest protection assessments required of it by this section, which 14 fails to suppress a fire on or originating from forest lands owned or 15 administered by it, is liable for the costs of suppression incurred 16 by the department or its agent and is not entitled to reimbursement 17 of costs incurred by the public body in the suppression activities.

18 (((9))) <u>(11)</u> The department may adopt rules to implement this 19 section, including, but not limited to, rules on levying and 20 collecting forest protection assessments.

21 **Sec. 3.** RCW 76.04.630 and 2010 1st sp.s. c 7 s 129 are each 22 amended to read as follows:

There is created a landowner contingency forest 23 (1) fire 24 suppression account in the state treasury. Moneys in the account may 25 be spent only as provided in this section. Disbursements from the account shall be on authorization of the commissioner of public lands 26 27 or the commissioner's designee. The account is subject to the 28 allotment procedure provided under chapter 43.88 RCW, but no appropriation is required for disbursements. 29

30 (2) The department may expend from this account the amounts as may be available and as it considers appropriate for the payment of 31 emergency fire costs resulting from a participating landowner fire. 32 The department may, when moneys are available from the landowner 33 contingency forest fire suppression account, expend moneys for 34 summarily abating, isolating, or reducing an extreme fire hazard 35 under RCW 76.04.660. All moneys recovered as a result of the 36 department's actions, from the owner or person responsible, under RCW 37 38 76.04.660 shall be deposited in the landowner contingency forest fire suppression account. 39

1 (3) When a determination is made that the fire was started by other than a landowner operation, moneys expended from this account 2 in the suppression of such fire shall be recovered from the general 3 may be available for 4 fund appropriations as emergency fire suppression costs. The department shall deposit in the landowner 5 6 contingency forest fire suppression account moneys paid out of the 7 account which are later recovered, less reasonable costs of recovery.

(4)(a) This account shall be established and renewed by an annual 8 fire suppression account 9 special forest assessment paid by participating landowners at a rate to be established by the 10 11 department. In establishing assessments, the department shall seek to 12 establish and thereafter reestablish a balance in the account of three million dollars. 13

(b) The department may establish a flat fee assessment of no more 14 than seven dollars and fifty cents for participating landowners 15 16 owning parcels of fifty acres or less. For participating landowners 17 owning parcels larger than fifty acres, the department may charge the 18 flat fee assessment plus a per acre assessment for every acre over fifty acres. The per acre assessment established by the department 19 may not exceed fifteen cents per acre per year. The assessments 20 21 established under this subsection may differ to equitably distribute 22 the assessment based on emergency fire suppression cost experience necessitated by landowner operations. 23

24 (c) Amounts assessed for this account shall be a lien upon the 25 forest lands with respect to which the assessment is made and may be 26 collected as directed by the department in the same manner as forest 27 protection assessments.

28 (d) Payment of emergency costs from this account shall in no way 29 restrict the right of the department to recover costs pursuant to RCW 30 76.04.495 or other laws.

31 (e) Any assessments collected under this chapter in a county that 32 has created a local forest fire protection division under section 1 33 of this act must be transferred to the county where the assessments 34 were collected at least once per fiscal year.

35 (5) When the department determines that a forest fire was started 36 in the course of or as a result of a landowner operation, the 37 determination shall be final, unless, within ninety days of the 38 notification, or an interested party serves a request for a hearing 39 before the department. The hearing shall constitute an adjudicative 40 proceeding under chapter 34.05 RCW, the administrative procedure act,

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and an appeal shall be in accordance with RCW 34.05.510 through
 34.05.598.

3 Sec. 4. RCW 76.04.015 and 2012 c 38 s 1 are each amended to read 4 as follows:

5 (1) The department may, at its discretion, appoint trained 6 personnel possessing the necessary qualifications to carry out the 7 duties and supporting functions of the department and may determine 8 their respective salaries.

9 (2) The department shall have direct charge of and supervision of 10 all matters pertaining to the forest fire service of the state.

11 (3) The department shall:

12 (a) Enforce all laws within this chapter;

13 (b) Be empowered to take charge of and direct the work of 14 suppressing forest fires <u>in counties that have not created a local</u> 15 <u>forest fire protection division under section 1 of this act</u>;

16 (c)(i) Investigate the origin and cause of all forest fires to determine whether either a criminal act or negligence by any person, 17 firm, or corporation caused the starting, spreading, or existence of 18 the fire. In conducting investigations, the department shall work 19 cooperatively, to the extent possible, with utilities, property 20 owners, and other interested parties to identify and preserve 21 evidence. Except as provided otherwise in this subsection, the 22 department in conducting investigations is authorized, without court 23 24 order, to take possession or control of relevant evidence found in plain view and belonging to any person, firm, or corporation. To the 25 extent possible, the department shall notify the person, firm, or 26 27 corporation of its intent to take possession or control of the 28 evidence. The person, firm, or corporation shall be afforded reasonable opportunity to view the evidence and, before the 29 30 department takes possession or control of the evidence, also shall be 31 afforded reasonable opportunity to examine, document, and photograph it. If the person, firm, or corporation objects in writing to the 32 department's taking possession or control of the evidence, the 33 department must either return the evidence within seven days after 34 day on which the department is provided with the written 35 the objections or obtain a court order authorizing the continued 36 possession or control. 37

38 (ii) Absent a court order authorizing otherwise, the department 39 may not take possession or control of evidence over the objection of

1 the owner of the evidence if the evidence is used by the owner in 2 conducting a business or in providing an electric utility service and 3 the department's taking possession or control of the evidence would 4 substantially and materially interfere with the operation of the 5 business or provision of electric utility service.

б (iii) Absent a court order authorizing otherwise, the department 7 may not take possession or control of evidence over the objection of an electric utility when the evidence is not owned by the utility but 8 9 has caused damage to property owned by the utility. However, this subsection (3)(c)(iii) does not apply if the department has notified 10 11 the utility of its intent to take possession or control of the evidence and provided the utility with reasonable time to examine, 12 13 document, and photograph the evidence.

14 (iv) Only personnel qualified to work on electrical equipment may 15 take possession or control of evidence owned or controlled by an 16 electric utility;

17 (d) Furnish notices or information to the public calling 18 attention to forest fire dangers and the penalties for violation of 19 this chapter;

20 (e) Be familiar with all timbered and cut-over areas of the 21 state; and

(f) Regulate and control the official actions of its employees,the wardens, and the rangers.

24 (4) The department may:

25 (a) Authorize all needful and proper expenditures for forest 26 protection;

(b) Adopt rules consistent with this section for the prevention, control, and suppression of forest fires as it considers necessary including but not limited to: Fire equipment and materials; use of personnel; and fire prevention standards and operating conditions including a provision for reducing these conditions where justified by local factors such as location and weather;

33 (c) Remove at will the commission of any ranger or suspend the 34 authority of any warden;

35 (d) Inquire into:

36 (i) The extent, kind, value, and condition of all timber lands 37 within the state;

38 (ii) The extent to which timber lands are being destroyed by fire 39 and the damage thereon;

1 (e)(i) Provide fire detection, prevention, presuppression, or 2 suppression services on nonforested public lands managed by the 3 department or another state agency, but only to the extent that 4 providing these services does not interfere with or detract from the 5 obligations set forth in subsection (3) of this section.

6 <u>(ii)</u> If the department provides fire detection, prevention, 7 presuppression, or suppression services on nonforested public lands 8 managed by another state agency, the department must be fully 9 reimbursed for the work through a cooperative agreement as provided 10 for in RCW 76.04.135(1).

(5) Any rules adopted under this section for the suppression of 11 12 forest fires must include a mechanism by which a local fire mobilization radio frequency, consistent with RCW 43.43.963, is 13 identified and made available during the initial response to any 14 forest fire that crosses jurisdictional lines so that all responders 15 16 have access to communications during the response. Different initial 17 response frequencies may be identified and used as appropriate in different geographic response areas. If the fire radio communication 18 19 needs escalate beyond the capability of the identified local radio frequency, the use of other available designated interoperability 20 21 radio frequencies may be used.

(6) When the department considers it to be in the best interest of the state, it may cooperate with any agency of another state, the United States or any agency thereof, the Dominion of Canada or any agency or province thereof, and any county, town, corporation, individual, or Indian tribe within the state of Washington in forest firefighting and patrol.

28 **Sec. 5.** RCW 76.04.016 and 1993 c 196 s 1 are each amended to 29 read as follows:

30 The department, and any county that has created a local forest fire protection division under section 1 of this act, when acting, in 31 good faith, in its statutory capacity as a fire prevention and 32 suppression agency, is carrying out duties owed to the public in 33 general and not to any individual person or class of persons separate 34 35 and apart from the public. Nothing contained in this title, including but not limited to any provision dealing with payment or collection 36 37 of forest protection or fire suppression assessments, may be 38 construed to evidence a legislative intent that the duty to prevent 39 and suppress forest fires is owed to any individual person or class

1 of persons separate and apart from the public in general. This 2 section does not alter the department's duties and responsibilities 3 as a landowner.

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