Chief Sponsor: Curtis Oda		
	Senate Sponsor: Scott K. Jenkins	
LONG TITLE		
General Description:		
This bill includes dis	splaying a dangerous weapon under certain circumstances in the	
definition of disorderly cond	duct.	
Highlighted Provisions:		
This bill:		
provides that dis	playing a dangerous weapon in public under certain circumstances	
may be disorderly conduct;	and	
confirms that me	erely displaying a dangerous weapon in public without other	
behavior is not disorderly co	onduct.	
Money Appropriated in th	nis Bill:	
None		
Other Special Clauses:		
None		
Utah Code Sections Affect	red:	
AMENDS:		
76-9-102 , as last am	ended by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter 20	

DISORDERLY CONDUCT AMENDMENTS

2014 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH



Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

76-9-102. Disorderly conduct.

Section 1. Section **76-9-102** is amended to read:

H.B. 276	03-04-14 3:32 PM
H.B. 276	03-04-14 3:32 PN

28	(1) A person is guilty of disorderly conduct if:	
29	(a) [he] the person refuses to comply with the lawful order of [the police] a law	
30	enforcement officer to move from a public place, or knowingly creates a hazardous or	
31	physically offensive condition, by any act which serves no legitimate purpose; or	
32	(b) intending to cause public inconvenience, annoyance, or alarm, or recklessly	
33	creating a risk thereof, [he] the person:	
34	(i) engages in fighting or in violent, tumultuous, or threatening behavior;	
35	(ii) makes unreasonable noises in a public place;	
36	(iii) makes unreasonable noises in a private place which can be heard in a public place;	
37	or	
38	(iv) obstructs vehicular or pedestrian traffic.	
39	(2) "Public place," for the purpose of this section, means any place to which the public	
40	or a substantial group of the public has access and includes but is not limited to streets,	
41	highways, and the common areas of schools, hospitals, apartment houses, office buildings,	
42	transport facilities, and shops.	
43	(3) The mere carrying or possession of a holstered or encased firearm, whether visible	
14	or concealed, without additional behavior or circumstances that would cause a reasonable	
4 5	person to believe the holstered or encased firearm was carried or possessed $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{unlawfully or}] \leftarrow \hat{S}$	
5a	with	
46	criminal intent, does not constitute a violation of this section. $\hat{S} \rightarrow [For purposes of this section, the$	
47	belief of a reasonable person may not be based on a mistake of law. ► Nothing in this Subsection	
48	(3) may limit or prohibit a law enforcement officer from approaching or engaging any person in	
1 9	a voluntary conversation.	
50	[(3)] (4) Disorderly conduct is a class C misdemeanor if the offense continues after a	
51	request by a person to desist. Otherwise it is an infraction.	

Legislative Review Note as of 1-21-14 10:18 AM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel