## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA **SESSION 2021**

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### **HOUSE BILL 911**

## **Committee Substitute Favorable 6/10/21** Committee Substitute #2 Favorable 8/5/21 Fourth Edition Engrossed 8/11/21

Senate Agriculture, Energy, and Environment Committee Substitute Adopted 5/24/22 Senate Judiciary Committee Substitute Adopted 5/25/22

Regulatory Reform Act of 2022.

Short Title:

	Short Title:	(Public)									
	Sponsors:										
	Referred to:										
	May 11, 2021										
1				A BILL TO BE ENTITLED							
2	AN ACT TO	PROVIDI	E FURT	THER REGULATORY RELIEF TO THE CIT	TIZENS OF NORTH						
3	CAROLI	NA.									
4 5	The General	Assembly	of Nort	th Carolina enacts:							
5 6	CLARIFY F	REQUEST	ING B	BOARD FOR RESIDENCY LICENSE							
7		_		G.S. 115C-270.20 reads as rewritten:							
8	"§ 115C-270	.20. Licer	sure r	equirements.							
9	(a) To	eacher Lic	enses. –	-The State Board shall adopt rules for the issua	ance of the following						
10	classes of tea	cher licens	ses, incl	luding required levels of preparation for each	classification:						
11											
12	(5	*	•	License or RL. – A one-year license, renewal	ble twice, that meets						
13		both		following requirements:							
14		a.		equested by the local board of education govern							
15				ool unit and accompanied by a certification of							
16				gnized educator preparation program in whi	ich the individual is						
17		•		olled.							
18		b.		individual for whom the license is request	ted meets all of the						
19				owing requirements:							
20 21			1.	Holds at least one of the following:  I. A bachelor's degree.							
22				<ul><li>I. A bachelor's degree.</li><li>II. An advanced degree.</li></ul>							
23			2.	Has either completed coursework releva	ant to the requested						
24			2.	licensure area or passed the content area e	•						
25				to the requested licensure area that has be							
26				State Board.	een approved by the						
27			3.	Is enrolled in a recognized educator prepa	ration program.						
28			4.	Meets all other requirements established							
29				including completing preservice requ	•						
30				teaching.	1						
31		"									



**SECTION 1.(b)** This section is effective when it becomes law and applies to individuals seeking licensure on or after that date.

# TOLLING THE TERMS OF CHARTERS TO ALLOW TIME TO OBTAIN LAND USE APPROVALS

**SECTION 2.** G.S. 115C-218.5 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

A charter school shall be entitled to automatically extend any deadline to begin

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operations or commence the term of its charter until the next school year if it notifies the State Board by June 30 that it is seeking land use or development approvals for its selected site or facilities or if it is challenging the denial of any requested land use or development approvals. The term of the charter issued by the State Board shall be tolled during the period of any extension or extensions issued under this section."

# AUTHORIZE SANITARY DISTRICTS TO CREATE, MAINTAIN, AND OPERATE PARKS AND RECREATION PROGRAMS AND FACILITIES

**SECTION 3.** G.S. 130A-55 reads as rewritten:

### "§ 130A-55. Corporate powers.

A sanitary district board shall be a body politic and corporate and may sue and be sued in matters relating to the sanitary district. Notwithstanding any limitation in the petition under G.S. 130A-48, but subject to the provisions of G.S. 130A-55(17)e, each sanitary district may exercise all of the powers granted to sanitary districts by this Article. In addition, the sanitary district board shall have the following powers:

(4a) To provide for the creation, maintenance, and operation of parks and recreation programs and facilities with all the powers provided to cities and counties in G.S. 160A-353. However, a sanitary district may not exercise the power of eminent domain to acquire real property for parks and recreation programs or facilities.

# CLARIFY NC VETERINARY MEDICAL BOARD AUTHORITY TO ISSUE CERTAIN CIVIL PENALTIES

**SECTION 4.(a)** G.S. 90-187.8 reads as rewritten:

# "§ 90-187.8. Discipline of licensees.

(b) The Board may impose and collect from a licensee\_licensee, or a veterinary facility permittee, a civil monetary penalty of up to five thousand dollars (\$5,000) for each violation of this Article or a rule adopted under this Article. The clear proceeds of these civil penalties shall be remitted to the Civil Penalty and Forfeiture Fund in accordance with G.S. 115C-457.2.

The amount of the civil penalty, up to the maximum, shall be determined upon a finding of one or more of the following factors:

- (1) The degree and extent of harm to the public health or to the health of the animal under the licensee's care.
- (2) The duration and gravity of the violation.
- (3) Whether the violation was committed willfully or intentionally or reflects a continuing pattern.
- (4) Whether the violation involved elements of fraud or deception either to the client or to the Board, or both.
- (5) The prior disciplinary record with the Board of the licensee.
- (6) Whether and the extent to which the licensee profited by the violation.

**SECTION 4.(b)** This section is effective when it becomes law and applies to civil penalties issued on or after that date.

#### STATE AUDITOR TECHNICAL CHANGE

**SECTION 5.** G.S. 143C-6-23 reads as rewritten:

"§ 143C-6-23. State grant funds: administration; oversight and reporting requirements.

Office of State Budget Rules Must Require Uniform Administration of State Grants. (d) - The Office of State Budget and Management shall adopt rules to ensure the uniform administration of State grants by all grantor State agencies and grantees or subgrantees. The Office of State Budget and Management shall consult with the Office of the State Auditor and the Attorney General in establishing the rules required by this subsection. The rules shall establish policies and procedures for disbursements of State grants and for State agency oversight, monitoring, and evaluation of grantees and subgrantees. The policies and procedures shall:

(6) Establish mandatory periodic reporting requirements for grantees and subgrantees, including methods of reporting, to provide financial and program performance information. The mandatory periodic reporting requirements shall require grantees and subgrantees to file with the State Auditor copies of reports and statements that are filed with State agencies pursuant to this subsection. Compliance with the mandatory periodic reporting requirements of this subdivision shall not require grantees and subgrantees to file with the State Auditor the information described in subsections (b) and (c) of this section.

Require grantees and subgrantees to ensure that work papers in the possession <del>(8)</del> of their auditors are available to the State Auditor for the purposes set out in subsection (i) of this section.

State Agencies to Submit Grant List to Auditor. No later than October 1 of each year, each State agency shall submit a list to the State Auditor, in the format prescribed by the State Auditor, of every grantee to which the agency disbursed grant funds in the prior fiscal year. The list shall include the amount disbursed to each grantee and other information as required by the State Auditor to comply with the requirements of this section.

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#### CONFORMING CHANGE TO LEAD DUST STANDARDS

**SECTION 6.(a)** G.S. 130A-131.7 reads as rewritten:

**"§ 130A-131.7. Definitions.** 

The following definitions apply in this Part:

(4) "Department" means the Department of Environmental Quality-Health and Human Services or its authorized agent.

(7) "Lead poisoning hazard" means any of the following:

Any concentration of lead dust that is equal to or greater than 40-10 c. micrograms per square foot on <del>floors or 250-floors, 100 micrograms</del> per square foot on interior windowsills, or 250 micrograms per square foot on vinyl miniblinds, bathtubs, kitchen sinks, or lavatories.

2		SECT	<b>TON 6.(b)</b>	G.S.	130A-	131.9C(i).	, as am	ended b	y S.L.	2021-69,	reads as
3	rewritten:										
4	"(i)	All rer	mediation pla	ans sh	all requ	uire that th	ne lead p	oisoning	g hazard	s be reduc	ced to the
5	following	levels:									
6		(1)	Fewer Less	than 4	<del>40</del> - <u>10</u> n	nicrogram	is per sq	uare foo	t for lead	d dust on	floors.
7		(2)	Fewer Less	than 2	<del>250</del> - <u>100</u>	<u>0 microgra</u>	ams per	square fe	oot for le	ead dust o	on interior
8			windowsill	s, bath	<del>itubs, k</del>	<del>itchen sin</del>	ks, and	<del>lavatorie</del>	<del>s.</del> windo	wsills.	
9		<u>(2a)</u>	Less than 2	250 mi	crograi	ms per sq	uare foo	t for lea	d dust o	n vinyl m	iniblinds
10			bathtubs, ki	itchen	sinks,	and lavate	<u>ories.</u>				
11		(3)	Fewer Less	<u>than</u>	400 m	nicrograms	s per squ	uare foo	t for lea	d dust or	ı window
12			troughs.								
13		(4)	Fewer Less	s_than	400 p	arts per r	nillion f	for lead	in bare	soil in pl	lay areas
14			gardens, pe	et slee	ping a	reas, and	areas v	vithin th	ree feet	of the re	esidential
15			housing un	it or cl	hild-oc	cupied fac	cility. Le	ead in ba	re soil ir	n other lo	cations of
16			the yard sha	all be	reduced	d to less th	nan 1,20	0 parts p	er millio	on.	
17		(5)	Fewer Less	than	10 part	s per billio	on for le	ad in dri	nking w	ater."	
18		SECT	<b>TON 6.(c)</b> T	This se	ection b	ecomes et	ffective	on Dece	mber 1,	2022.	
19											
20	SENSITI	VE PU	BLIC SECU	JRITY	Y INFO	ORMATI	ON PUI	BLIC R	ECORI	OS CHAN	<b>IGES</b>
21		SECT	<b>TON 7.(a)</b> (	G.S. 13	32-1.7 1	reads as re	ewritten:	•			
22	"§ 132-1.7		itive public		•						
23	(a)	Public	records, as d	lefined	d in G.S	S. 132-1, s	hall not	include <del>i</del>	<del>nformat</del>	<del>ion</del> -sensiti	<u>ive public</u>
24	security in	<u>formati</u>	on, which m								
25		<u>(1)</u>	Information								
26			arrangemer			-		_	-		-
27			infrastructu			_			_	_	
28			drawings c			-					<u>formation</u>
29			storage sys								
30		<u>(2)</u>	Plans, sche								
31			patterns or	-				-			•
32		<u>(3)</u>	Specific so					_	_		practices
33			associated y								
34		<u>(4)</u>	Specific se								actices to
35		, <b>-</b> \	prevent or 1	-		_	_	_	_	-	
36		<u>(5)</u>	Specific en	_	_		•		_		
37			proposed or								al, for the
38	( 1)	D 11'	production.	_							•,
39	(a1)		records, a							-	-security
40			tailed plans,								
41	(a2)		records, a							-	•
42			tailed plans,	pane	rns, or	practices	to preve	ent or res	<del>spona to</del>	<del>- criminai,</del>	<del>, gang, or</del>
43	organized "	megai i	activity.								
44	••••	CECT	TON 7 (b) (	7 0 1/	20 4 20	M maada ay	~ <b>~~~~~</b>				
45 46	"S 120A 2		ION 7.(b) (					en:			
46 47			onfidential in		-	•		ha tha D	lanartma	ont in the	course of
	(a)		ollowing info			-	-	•	-		
48			ities and resp				Arucie 1	s comid	zmuai IIII	tormation	and shall
49	not be subject to disclosure under G.S. 132-6:										

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Information which the Secretary determines is entitled to confidential

treatment pursuant to G.S. 132-1.2. If the Secretary determines that

information received by the Department is not entitled to confidential treatment, the Secretary shall inform the person who provided the information of that determination at the time such determination is made. The Secretary may refuse to accept or may return any information that is claimed to be confidential that the Secretary determines is not entitled to confidential treatment.

(2) Information that is confidential under any provision of federal or state law.

 (3) Information compiled in anticipation of enforcement or criminal proceedings, but only to the extent disclosure could reasonably be expected to interfere with the institution of such proceedings.

(4) Sensitive public security information, as defined in G.S. 132-1.7.

(b) Confidential information may be disclosed to officers, employees, or authorized representatives of federal or state agencies if such disclosure is necessary to carry out a proper function of the Department or the requesting agency or when relevant in any proceeding under this Article.

(c) Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section or as otherwise provided by law, any officer or employee of the State who knowingly discloses information designated as confidential under this section shall be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor and shall be removed from office or discharged from employment."

**SECTION 7.(c)** G.S. 143-215.3C reads as rewritten:

## "§ 143-215.3C. Confidential information protected.

(a) Information obtained under this Article or Article 21A or 21B of this Chapter shall be available to the public except that, upon a showing satisfactory to the Commission by any person that information to which the Commission has access, if made public, would divulge methods or processes entitled to protection as trade secrets pursuant to G.S. 132-1.2, or would divulge sensitive public security information, as defined in G.S. 132-1.7, the Commission shall consider the information confidential.

(b) Effluent data, as defined in 40 Code of Federal Regulations § 2.302 (1 July 1993 Edition) and emission data, as defined in 40 Code of Federal Regulations § 2.301 (1 July 1993 Edition) is not entitled to confidential treatment under this section.

(c) Confidential information may be disclosed to any officer, employee, or authorized representative of any federal or state agency if disclosure is necessary to carry out a proper function of the Department or other agency or when relevant in any proceeding under this Article or Article 21A or Article 21B of this Chapter.

(d) The Commission shall provide for adequate notice to any person who submits information of any decision that the information is not entitled to confidential treatment and of any decision to release information that the person who submits the information contends is entitled to confidential treatment. Any person who requests information and any person who submits information who is dissatisfied with a decision of the Commission to withhold or release information may request a declaratory ruling from the Commission under G.S. 150B-4 within 10 days after the Commission notifies the person of its decision. The information may not be released by the Commission until the Commission issues a declaratory ruling or, if judicial review of the final agency decision is sought by any party, the information may not be released by the Commission until a final judicial determination has been made."

# CLARIFY LIABILITY FOR ONSITE WASTEWATER SYSTEMS INSTALLED PURSUANT TO LICENSED SOIL SCIENTISTS OPTION FOR NONENGINEERED SYSTEMS

**SECTION 8.(a)** G.S. 130A-335(a2) reads as rewritten:

"(a2) Evaluations conducted by a licensed soil scientist or a licensed geologist pursuant to subsection (a1) of this section to produce design and construction features for a new proposed

wastewater system or a proposed repair project for an existing wastewater system, including the addressing of any special hydrologic conditions that may be required under the applicable rules for an authorization to construct or for permitting, shall be approved by the applicable permitting authorities under G.S. 130A-336 and G.S. 130A-336.1, G.S. 130A-336, 130A-336.1, and 130A-336.2, provided both of the following conditions are met:

- The evaluation of soil conditions, site <u>features</u>, <u>features</u>, <u>design features</u>, <u>construction features</u>, or geologic and hydrogeologic conditions satisfies all requirements of this Article. The evaluation shall not cover areas outside the scope of the applicable license.
- (2) The licensed soil scientist or licensed geologist conducting the evaluation maintains an errors and omissions liability insurance policy issued by an insurer licensed under Chapter 58 of the General Statutes in an amount commensurate with the risk.

Upon receipt of a signed written evaluation from the soil scientist or licensed geologist, the Department, the Department's authorized agents, and the local health department shall be discharged and released from any liabilities, duties, and responsibilities imposed by statute or in common law from any claim arising out of or attributed to the soil conditions, site features, features, design features, construction features, geologic conditions, or hydrogeologic conditions for which the signed written evaluation was submitted."

**SECTION 8.(b)** This section is effective when it becomes law and applies to evaluations conducted by a licensed soil scientist pursuant to G.S. 130A-336.2 on or after that date.

# EXEMPT OFF-FRAME MODULAR HOMES FROM CERTAIN DESIGN ELEMENTS REQUIRED BY THE NORTH CAROLINA BUILDING CODE

**SECTION 9.** G.S. 143-139.1 reads as rewritten:

- "§ 143-139.1. Certification of manufactured buildings, structures or components by recognized independent testing laboratory; minimum standards for <a href="single-family">single-family</a>, on-frame modular homes.
- Certification. The State Building Code may provide, in circumstances deemed (a) appropriate by the Building Code Council, for testing, evaluation, inspection, and certification of buildings, structures or components manufactured off the site on which they are to be erected, by a recognized independent testing laboratory having follow-up inspection services approved by the Building Code Council. Approval of such buildings, structures or components shall be evidenced by labels or seals acceptable to the Council. All building units, structures or components bearing such labels or seals shall be deemed to meet the requirements of the State Building Code and this Article without further inspection or payment of fees, except as may be required for the enforcement of the Code relative to the connection of units and components and enforcement of local ordinances governing zoning, utility connections, and foundations permits. The Building Code Council shall adopt and may amend from time to time such reasonable and appropriate rules and regulations as it deems necessary for approval of agencies offering such testing, evaluation, inspection, and certification services and for overseeing their operations. Such rules and regulations shall include provisions to insure that such agencies are independent and free of any potential conflicts of interest which might influence their judgment in exercising their functions under the Code. Such rules and regulations may include a schedule of reasonable fees to cover administrative expenses in approving and overseeing operations of such agencies and may require the posting of a bond or other security satisfactory to the Council guaranteeing faithful performance of duties under the Code.

The Building Code Council may also adopt rules to insure that any person that is not licensed, in accordance with G.S. 87-1, and that undertakes to erect a North Carolina labeled manufactured modular building, meets the manufacturer's installation instructions and applicable provisions of

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the State Building Code. Any such person, before securing a permit to erect a modular building, shall provide the code enforcement official proof that he has in force for each modular building to be erected a \$5,000 surety bond insuring compliance with the regulations of the State Building Code governing installation of modular buildings.

- a label or seal under subsection (a) of this section, a <u>single-family single-family</u>, <u>on-frame</u> modular home must meet or exceed the following construction and design standards:

  (1) Roof pitch. For homes with a single predominant roofline, the pitch of the

Minimum Standards for Single-Family, On-Frame Modular Homes. – To qualify for

 Roof pitch. – For homes with a single predominant roofline, the pitch of the roof shall be no less than five feet rise for every 12 feet of run.
 Eave projection. – The eave projections of the roof shall be no less than 10

inches, which may not include a gutter around the perimeter of the home, unless the roof pitch is 8/12 or greater.

(3) Exterior wall. – The minimum height of the exterior wall shall be at least seven feet six inches for the first story.

 (4) Siding and roofing materials. – The materials and texture for the exterior materials shall be compatible in composition, appearance, and durability to the exterior materials commonly used in standard residential construction.

 (5) Foundations. – The home shall be designed to require foundation supports around the perimeter. The supports may be in the form of piers, pier and curtain wall, piling foundations, a perimeter wall, or other approved perimeter supports."

23 EXTEND DEADLINE FOR SMALL MUNICIPALITIES TO

COMPREHENSIVE LAND-USE PLANS
 SECTION 10. Section 2.9(c) of S.L. 2019-111 reads as rewritten:

"SECTION 2.9.(c) Any local government that has adopted zoning regulations but that has not adopted a comprehensive plan shall adopt such plan no later than July 1, 2022, in order to retain the authority to adopt and apply zoning regulations, regulations, except that municipalities with a population of 1,500 or less according to the most recent federal decennial census shall adopt such plan no later than July 1, 2023."

# APPLY THE TMDL TRANSPORT FACTOR WHEN OFFSETTING PERMITTED WASTEWATER DISCHARGES FROM LOCAL GOVERNMENTS IN THE NEUSE RIVER BASIN

**SECTION 11.** Section 15 of S.L. 2020-18 reads as rewritten:

"SECTION 15.(a) Notwithstanding 15A NCAC 02B .0701 (Nutrient Strategies Definitions), 15A NCAC 02B .0703 (Nutrient Offset Credit Trading), and 15A NCAC 02B .0713 (Neuse Nutrient Strategy: Wastewater Discharge Requirements), nutrient offset credits shall be applied to a wastewater permit by applying the TMDL transport factor to the permitted wastewater discharge and to the nutrient offset credits.

"SECTION 15.(b) Subsection (a) of this section applies only to wastewater discharge permit applications for a local government governments located in the Neuse River Basin with a customer base of fewer than 15,000 connections. Basin.

"SECTION 15.(c) No later than August 1, 2020, the Department of Environmental Quality, in conjunction with affected parties, shall begin the modeling necessary to determine new transport zones and delivery factors for the Neuse River Basin for point source discharges and nutrient offset credits. Once the Department has completed the modeling, the Environmental Management Commission shall use the modeling and other information provided during the public comment period to adopt new transport zones and delivery factors by rule. The Environmental Management Commission may adopt temporary rules to implement this section.

"SECTION 15.(d) This section is effective when it becomes law. Subsections (a) and (b) of this section shall expire when the rule required by subsection (c) of this section becomes effective."

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### EFFECTIVE DATE

**SECTION 12.** Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective when it becomes law.