## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2019

H HOUSE BILL 685

Short Title:	Clarify DVPO Expiration and Firearm Surrender.	(Public)
Sponsors:	Representatives Stevens, McNeill, and Hurley (Primary Sponsors).	
	For a complete list of sponsors, refer to the North Carolina General Assembly w	eb site.
Referred to:	Judiciary, if favorable, Rules, Calendar, and Operations of the House	

## April 11, 2019

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO ADD PROCEDURAL EFFICIENCIES WHEN A DEFENDANT IS ORDERED

TO ATTEND AN ABUSER TREATMENT PROGRAM AND TO CLARIFY THE

SPECIFIC TIME THAT A DOMESTIC VIOLENCE PROTECTION ORDER EXPIRES

ON THE LAST DAY THAT THE ORDER IS VALID.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

**SECTION 1.** G.S. 50B-3 reads as rewritten:

"§ 50B-3. Relief.

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- (a2) If the court orders that the defendant attend an abuser treatment program pursuant to G.S. 50B-3(a)(12), the defendant shall begin regular attendance of the program within 60 days of the entry of the order. When ordering a defendant to attend an abuser treatment program, the court shall also specify a date and time for a review hearing with the court to assess whether the defendant has complied with that part of the order. The review hearing shall be held as soon as practicable after 60 days from the entry of the original order. The date of the review shall be set at the same time as the entry of the original order, and the clerk shall issue a Notice of Hearing for the compliance review to be given to the defendant and filed with the court on the same day as the entry of the order. If a defendant is not present in court at the time the order to attend an abuser treatment program is entered and the Notice of Hearing for review is filed, the clerk shall serve a copy of the Notice of Hearing together with the service of the order. The plaintiff may, but is not required to, attend the 60-day review hearing.
- (a3) At any time prior to the 60-day review hearing set forth in subsection (a2) of this section, a defendant who is ordered to attend an abuser treatment program may present to the clerk a written statement from an abuser treatment program showing that the defendant has enrolled in and begun regular attendance in an abuser treatment program. Upon receipt of the written statement, the clerk shall remove the 60-day review hearing from the court docket, and the defendant shall not be required to appear for the 60-day review hearing. The clerk shall also notify the plaintiff that the defendant has complied with the order and that no 60-day review hearing will occur.
- (b) Protective orders entered pursuant to this Chapter shall be for a fixed period of time not to exceed one year. The court may renew a protective order for a fixed period of time not to exceed two years, including an order that previously has been renewed, upon a motion by the aggrieved party filed before the expiration of the current order; provided, however, that a temporary award of custody entered as part of a protective order may not be renewed to extend a temporary award of custody beyond the maximum one-year period. The court may renew a



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17 18 **SECTION 2.** G.S. 50B-3.1(a) reads as rewritten:

on the indicated expiration date, unless specifically stated otherwise in the order.

"(a) Required Surrender of Firearms. – Upon issuance of an emergency or order, ex parte order order, or an order issued following notice and due process to the defendant pursuant to this Chapter, the court shall order the defendant to surrender to the sheriff all firearms, machine guns, ammunition, permits to purchase firearms, and permits to carry concealed firearms that are in the care, custody, possession, ownership, or control of the defendant if the court finds any of the following factors:

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protective order for good cause. The commission of an act as defined in G.S. 50B-1(a) by the

defendant after entry of the current order is not required for an order to be renewed. Protective

orders entered, including consent orders, shall not be mutual in nature except where both parties

file a claim and the court makes detailed findings of fact indicating that both parties acted as

aggressors, that neither party acted primarily in self-defense, and that the right of each party to

due process is preserved. Protective orders entered pursuant to this Chapter expire at 11:59 P.M.

**SECTION 3.** This act becomes effective October 1, 2019, and applies to court orders issued on or after that date.