| 1 | HOUSE BILL NO. 629 |
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| 2 | INTRODUCED BY T. MANZELLA |
| 3 | |
| 4 | A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT LIMITING CERTAIN STATE AGENCY POWERS RELATED TO |
| 5 | WATER; LIMITING STATE AUTHORITY RELATED TO WATER RESOURCE AGREEMENTS WITH A LOCAL |
| 6 | GOVERNMENT UNIT, THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, OR A TRIBAL GOVERNMENT; PROHIBITING |
| 7 | AGENCY CO-OWNERSHIP OF WATER RIGHTS; PROVIDING FOR AN INTERIM STUDY OF COMPLIANCE |
| 8 | WITH THIS ACT ISSUES RELATED TO WATER RIGHTS; PROVIDING AN APPROPRIATION; AMENDING |
| 9 | SECTIONS 2-1-404, 18-11-103, 23-1-111, 85-1-204, 87-1-209, AND 87-1-301, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN |
| 10 | EFFECTIVE DATE AND AN APPLICABILITY DATE ." |
| 11 | |
| 12 | WHEREAS, by the Public Land Laws of 1866 14 Stat. 253 and 1870 16 Stat. 218, ownership of the |
| 13 | United States in the nonnavigable waters was severed from the public domain and transferred to the states and |
| 14 | territories for their determination on appropriate administrative systems (California Oregon Power Co. v. Beaver |
| 15 | Portland Cement Co., 295 U.S. 142); and |
| 16 | WHEREAS, Montana retains plenary authority over nonnavigable streams, and all surplus water over |
| 17 | and above each actual appropriation and use, together with the water of all lakes, belongs to the citizens pursuant |
| 18 | to the Montana Constitution and laws of the state; and |
| 19 | WHEREAS, recently proposed federal rules, specifically the Waters of the United States rule, envision |
| 20 | that the states relinquish control over all nonnavigable streams and surplus waters occurring in lakes, ponds, and |
| 21 | ditches back to the federal government; and |
| 22 | WHEREAS, ongoing regional-based and watershed-based discussions propose that water management |
| 23 | objectives, administrative functions, and water management decisions be transferred to a quasi-jurisdictional, |
| 24 | multistate body or bodies; and |
| 25 | WHEREAS, such organizations and decisionmaking would violate the provisions of Article IX of the |
| 26 | Montana Constitution, could impact state water resources, and would violate the rights of Montana citizens to a |
| 27 | "republican form of government" (Article IV, section 4, United States Constitution); and |
| 28 | WHEREAS, it is reasonable to expect potential future federal reservations or federal withdrawals of |
| 29 | Montana lands from the public domain, such as the proposed central Montana bison reserve; and |
| 30 | WHEREAS, the Montana Constitution requires that the Legislature provide for the administration and |
| | |

1 control of water pursuant to state statute; and

WHEREAS, cession and retrocession of state jurisdiction on lands purchased by the United States, including parks and other reserves, require affirmative action by the Montana Legislature according to Title 2, chapter 1, part 2; and

WHEREAS, the Clean Water Rule and regional decisionmaking may inadvertently require the state to suspend or give up its constitutionally derived jurisdiction in a manner that prevents full legislative review and acknowledgment of the cession of jurisdiction; and

WHEREAS, federal grants to state agencies to implement federal or state programs, or local government agreements, may also inadvertently erode the sovereign and constitutional prerogatives of the state without knowledge of the legislative branch; and

WHEREAS, the goal of this effort is to retain the state of Montana's constitutional mandates and sovereign prerogatives for Montana's water resources.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 1. Jurisdiction over water resources on lands purchased or reserved by federal government -- reservation of rights to state. (1) Pursuant to Article IX of the Montana constitution, all waters of the state are owned by the state for the beneficial use of its citizens.

(2) Except as otherwise provided in this part, the state reserved the right to manage, administer, and develop state-based water rights on private or state lands within the exterior boundaries of land purchased by the federal government.

(3) The state reserved the right to manage, administer, and develop state-based water rights on private or state lands within the exterior boundaries of a federal reservation.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 2. State agreements with local government units. A state official or an agency of this state, as defined in 2-18-101, may not enter into an agreement with a local government unit, as defined in 2-11-103, that diminishes the authority of the state to own, manage, administer, or protect its water resources for the benefit of its citizens.

NEW SECTION. Section 3. Limits on water right ownership. The department of environmental quality



1 may not co-own a water right with the federal government, a tribal government or corporation, a nongovernmental
 2 organization, or a corporation.

NEW SECTION. Section 1. Interim study. (1) The water policy interim committee, as provided for in 5-5-231, shall conduct a study of issues related to the provisions of [this act], including agency authorities, procedures, and existing agreements, to ensure compliance with [this act]. JURISDICTION OVER WATER RESOURCES PURCHASED OR RESERVED BY THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, FEDERAL LAWS OR REGULATIONS THAT AFFECT THE STATE'S OWNERSHIP OF WATER OR THE STATE'S ABILITY TO MANAGE WATER, AND ANY AGREEMENTS OR AUTHORITY TO ENTER INTO AGREEMENTS THAT DIMINISHES THE AUTHORITY OF THE STATE TO OWN, MANAGE, ADMINISTER, OR PROTECT ITS WATER RESOURCES FOR THE BENEFIT OF ITS CITIZENS.

(2) THE STUDY MUST EXAMINE THE LEGALITY OF THE STATE CO-OWNING WATER RIGHTS IN RELATION TO ALL ADMINISTRATIVE FUNCTIONS GOVERNING WATER RIGHTS, INCLUDING ADJUDICATION, CHANGES OF WATER RIGHTS, AND ENFORCEMENT.

(2)(3) The water policy interim committee shall prepare a final report of its findings, conclusions, and recommendations and submit the final report to the 66th legislature by September 15, 2018, as provided in 5-11-210.

Section 5. Section 2-1-404, MCA, is amended to read:

"2-1-404. State programs to implement federal statutes. (1) A state official or employee charged with the duty of implementing a federal statute shall implement the law as required by the federal statute in good faith and with a critical view toward the provisions of any federal regulation, guideline, or policy in order to identify those provisions of any federal regulation, guideline, or policy that are inconsistent with Montana policy or do not advance Montana policy in a cost-effective manner.

(2) An executive branch agency of state government that is authorized to develop a state program to respond to any mandates contained in a federal statute shall develop the state program and promulgate any necessary rules, using the following criteria:

(a) State programs should be developed by the state agency to meet the requirements of federal statutes in good faith and with a critical view toward any federal regulations, guidelines, or policies.

(b) State programs should be developed with due consideration of the financial restraints of local governments, the citizens of Montana, and the state, including the limitation imposed by Article VIII, section 9,

| 1 | of the Montana constitution. |
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| 2 | (c) A state program that implements the goals of the federal statute should provide for the most efficient |
| 3 | method possible, with careful consideration given to the cost of the program and the impact of the program on |
| 4 | local governments and Montana citizens and on the long-range public health, safety, and welfare of citizens of |
| 5 | the state. |
| 6 | (3) A state official or an agency of this state, as defined in 2-18-101, may not enter into an agreement |
| 7 | with a federal entity that diminishes the authority of the state to own, manage, administer, or protect its water |
| 8 | resources for the benefit of its citizens." |
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| 10 | Section 6. Section 18-11-103, MCA, is amended to read: |
| 11 | "18-11-103. Authorization to enter agreement general contents. (1) Any Except as provided in |
| 12 | subsection (5), any one or more public agencies may enter into an agreement with any one or more tribal |
| 13 | governments to: |
| 14 | (a) perform any administrative service, activity, or undertaking that a public agency or a tribal government |
| 15 | entering into the contract is authorized by law to perform; and |
| 16 | (b) assess and collect or refund any tax or license or permit fee lawfully imposed by the state or a public |
| 17 | agency and a tribal government and to share or refund the revenue from the assessment and collection. |
| 18 | (2) The agreement must be authorized and approved by the governing body of each party to the |
| 19 | agreement. If a state agency is a party to an agreement, the governor or the governor's designee is the governing |
| 20 | body. |
| 21 | (3) The agreement must set forth fully the powers, rights, obligations, and responsibilities of the parties |
| 22 | to the agreement. |
| 23 | (4) (a) Prior to entering into an agreement on taxation with a tribal government, a public agency shall |
| 24 | provide public notice and hold a public meeting on the reservation whose government is a party to the proposed |
| 25 | agreement for the purpose of receiving comments from and providing written and other information to interested |
| 26 | persons with respect to the proposed agreement. |
| 27 | (b) At least 14 days but not more than 30 days prior to the date scheduled for the public meeting, a notice |
| 28 | of the proposed agreement and public meeting must be published in a newspaper of general circulation in the |
| 29 | county or counties in which the reservation is located. |
| 30 | (c) At the time the notice of the meeting is published, a synopsis of the proposed agreement must be |

1 made available to interested persons. 2 (5) A state official or an agency of this state, as defined in 2-18-101, may not enter into an agreement 3 with a tribal government for the administration of water, including enforcement of water rights, permitting of water 4 rights, adjudication of water rights, change of a water right, or data management." 5 6 Section 7. Section 23-1-111, MCA, is amended to read: 7 <u>"23-1-111. Powers and duties of board -- rulemaking -- meetings. (1) Except as provided in</u> 8 subsection (2), for state parks, primitive parks, state recreational areas, public camping grounds, state historic 9 sites, state monuments, and other heritage and recreational resources, land, and water administered pursuant 10 to Title 23, chapter 1, and Title 23, chapter 2, parts 1, 4, and 9, the board shall: 11 (a) set the policies and provide direction to the department for: 12 (i) the management, protection, conservation, and preservation of these properties, lands, and waters 13 and their appropriate role relative to tourism and the economic health of Montana; 14 (ii) coordinating, integrating, promoting, and furthering opportunities for education and recreation at these 15 sites, including but not limited to camping, hiking, snowmobiling, off-highway vehicle use, horseback riding, 16 mountain biking, boating, and swimming; 17 (b) work with the commission to maintain hunting and angling opportunities on these lands and waters; 18 (c) establish the rules of the department governing the use of these properties and lands. The rules must be adopted in the interest of public health, public safety, public welfare, and protection of property and public 19 20 resources in regulating recreation, including picnicking, camping, and swimming, and sanitation. These rules are 21 subject to review and approval by the department of public health and human services with regard to issues of 22 public health and sanitation before becoming effective. Copies of the rules must show that endorsement. 23 (d) review and approve all acquisitions or transfers of interest in these properties, lands, and waters by 24 the department, except as provided in 87-1-209(4) and subject to 87-1-209(9); 25 (e) review and approve the budget of the department for the administration of these properties, lands, 26 and waters prior to its transmittal to the office of budget and program planning; 27 (f) review and approve construction projects that have an estimated cost of more than \$5,000; 28 (g) work with local, state, and federal agencies to evaluate, integrate, coordinate, and promote 29 recreational opportunities statewide; and 30 (h) encourage citizen involvement in management planning for these properties, lands, and waters.



1 (2) Pursuant to 87-1-301(1), the board does not oversee department activities related to the 2 administration of fishing access sites. 3 (3) The members of the board shall hold quarterly or other meetings for the transaction of business at 4 times and places considered necessary and proper. The meetings must be called by the presiding officer or by 5 a majority of the board and must be held at the time and place specified in the call for the meeting. A majority of the members constitutes a quorum for the transaction of any business. The board shall keep a record of all the 6 7 business it transacts. The presiding officer and secretary shall sign all orders, minutes, or documents for the 8 board." 9 10 Section 8. Section 85-1-204, MCA, is amended to read: 11 "85-1-204. Department powers over state water. (1) The department may sell, lease, and otherwise 12 dispose of water impounded under this chapter. The water may be sold for the purpose of irrigation, development 13 of power, watering of stock, or other purposes. The department may also lease water under the state water 14 leasing program established under the provisions of 85-2-141. To the extent that it may be necessary to carry 15 out this chapter and subject to compliance with the other provisions of this chapter, the department has full control 16 of all the water of the state not under the exclusive control of the United States and not appropriated for private 17 use. The department shall take the necessary actions to appropriate and conserve the water for the use of the 18 people. The authority of the department conferred by this chapter extends and applies to rights to the natural flow 19 of the water of this state that it may acquire by condemnation pursuant to Title 70, chapter 30, or by purchase, 20 exchange, appropriation, or agreement. 21 (2) For the purpose of regulating the diversion of water, the department may enter upon the means and 22 place of use of all appropriators for making surveys of respective rights and seasonal needs. 23 (3) The department may take into consideration the decrees of the courts of this state having jurisdiction 24 that purport to adjudicate the water of a stream or its tributaries. A fair, reasonable, and equitable reconciliation 25 must be made between the claimants asserting rights under different decrees and between decreed rights and 26 asserted rights of appropriation not adjudicated by a court. 27 (4) The department may hold hearings relating to the rights of respective claimants after first giving the 28 notice that it considers appropriate. The department shall make findings of the date and quantity of appropriation 29 and use of all claimants that the department recognizes and observes in diverting the water that the department

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is appropriated. The department may measure and distribute the water to the holder of the recognized

1 appropriation right under agreed-upon terms. 2 (5) The department, when engaged in controlling and dividing the natural flow of a stream under the 3 authority granted by this chapter, is exercising a police power of the state, and water commissioners appointed by any court may not deprive the department of any of the water appropriated or administered under agreement 4 5 with respective water right holders. The holder of a prior right who contends that the department is not recognizing 6 and respecting the appropriation may resort to a court for the purpose of determining whether or not the rights 7 of the claimant have been invaded, and the department shall observe the terms of the final decree. 8 (6) When the department impounds or acquires the right of appropriation of the water of a stream, it may 9 divert or authorize the diversion at a point on the stream or a portion of the stream when it is done without injury 10 to a prior appropriator. 11 (7) The department may not co-own a water right with the federal government, a tribal government or 12 corporation, a nongovernmental organization, or a corporation." 13 14 Section 9. Section 87-1-209, MCA, is amended to read: 15 "87-1-209. Acquisition and sale of lands or waters. (1) Subject to 87-1-218 and subsection (8) 16 subsections (8) and (9) of this section, the department, with the consent of the commission or the board and, in 17 the case of land acquisition involving more than 100 acres or \$100,000 in value, the approval of the board of land 18 commissioners, may acquire by purchase, lease, agreement, gift, or devise and may acquire easements upon 19 lands or waters for the purposes listed in this subsection. The department may develop, operate, and maintain 20 acquired lands or waters: 21 (a) for fish hatcheries or nursery ponds; 22 (b) as lands or water suitable for game, bird, fish, or fur-bearing animal restoration, propagation, or 23 protection: 24 (c) for public hunting, fishing, or trapping areas; 25 (d) to capture, propagate, transport, buy, sell, or exchange any game, birds, fish, fish eggs, or fur-bearing 26 animals needed for propagation or stocking purposes or to exercise control measures of undesirable species; 27 (e) for state parks and outdoor recreation; 28 (f) to extend and consolidate by exchange, lands or waters suitable for these purposes. 29 (2) The department, with the consent of the board, may acquire by condemnation, as provided in Title 30 70, chapter 30, lands or structures for the preservation of historic or archaeological sites that are threatened with

destruction or alteration.

(3) (a) Subject to section 2(3), Chapter 560, Laws of 2005, and subsection (9) of this section, the department, with the consent of the commission or the board, may dispose of lands and water rights acquired by it on those terms after public notice as required by subsection (3)(b) of this section, without regard to other laws that provide for sale or disposal of state lands and with or without reservation, as it considers necessary and advisable. The department, with the consent of the commission or the board, may convey department lands and water rights for full market value to other governmental entities or to adjacent landowners without regard to the requirements of subsection (3)(b) or (3)(c) if the land is less than 10 acres or if the full market value of the interest to be conveyed is less than \$20,000. When the department conveys land or water rights to another governmental entity or to an adjacent landowner pursuant to this subsection, the department, in addition to giving notice pursuant to subsection (3)(b), shall give notice by mail to the landowners whose property adjoins the department property being conveyed.

(b) Subject to section 2(3), Chapter 560, Laws of 2005, notice of sale describing the lands or waters to be disposed of must be published once a week for 3 successive weeks in a newspaper with general circulation printed and published in the county where the lands or waters are situated or, if a newspaper is not published in that county, then in any newspaper with general circulation in that county.

(c) The notice must advertise for cash bids to be presented to the director within 60 days from the date of the first publication. Each bid must be accompanied by a cashier's check or cash deposit in an amount equal to 10% of the amount bid. The highest bid must be accepted upon payment of the balance due within 10 days after mailing notice by certified mail to the highest bidder. If that bidder defaults on payment of the balance due, then the next highest bidders must be similarly notified in succession until a sale is completed. Deposits must be returned to the unsuccessful bidders except bidders defaulting after notification.

(d) The department shall reserve the right to reject any bids that do not equal or exceed the full market value of the lands and waters as determined by the department. If the department does not receive a bid that equals or exceeds fair market value, it may then sell the lands or water rights at private sale. The price accepted on any private sale must exceed the highest bid rejected in the bid process.

(4) When necessary and advisable for the management and use of department property, the director is authorized to grant or acquire from willing sellers right-of-way easements for purposes of utilities, roads, drainage facilities, ditches for water conveyance, and pipelines if the full market value of the interest to be acquired is less than \$20,000. Whenever possible, easements must include a weed management plan. Approval

1 of the commission or the board is not required for grants and acquisitions made pursuant to this subsection. In 2 granting any right-of-way pursuant to this subsection, the department shall obtain a fair market value, but the 3 department is not otherwise required to follow the disposal requirements of subsection (3). The director shall 4 report any easement grant or acquisition made pursuant to this subsection to the commission or the board at its 5 next regular meeting. 6 (5) The department shall convey lands and water rights without covenants of warranty by deed executed 7 by the governor or in the governor's absence or disability by the lieutenant governor, attested by the secretary 8 of state and further countersigned by the director. 9 (6) Subject to 87-1-218, the department, with the consent of the commission, is authorized to utilize the 10 installment contract method to facilitate the acquisition of wildlife management areas in which game and nongame 11 fur-bearing animals and game and nongame birds may breed and replenish and areas that provide access to 12 fishing sites for the public. The total cost of installment contracts may not exceed the cost of purchases authorized 13 by the department and appropriated by the legislature. 14 (7) The department is authorized to enter into leases of land under its control in exchange for services 15 to be provided by the lessee on the leased land. 16 (8) Approval Subject to subsection (9), approval of the board for the acquisition or disposal of land or 17 water pursuant to this section is required only for land and water administered under Title 23, chapter 1, or Title 18 23, chapter 2, parts 1 and 4. 19 (9) The department may not co-own a water right with the federal government, a tribal government or 20 corporation, a nongovernmental organization, or a corporation." 21 22 Section 10. Section 87-1-301, MCA, is amended to read: 23 "87-1-301. Powers of commission. (1) Except as provided in subsections (7) and (8), the commission: 24 (a) shall set the policies for the protection, preservation, management, and propagation of the wildlife, 25 fish, game, furbearers, waterfowl, nongame species, and endangered species of the state and for the fulfillment 26 of all other responsibilities of the department related to fish and wildlife as provided by law; 27 (b) shall establish the hunting, fishing, and trapping rules of the department; 28 (c) except as provided in 23-1-111 and 87-1-303(3), shall establish the rules of the department governing 29 the use of lands owned or controlled by the department and waters under the jurisdiction of the department; 30 (d) must have the power within the department to establish wildlife refuges and bird and game preserves;

| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 | provided in 23-1-111 and 87-1-209(2) and (4) and subject to 87-1-209(9); (f) except as provided in 23-1-111, shall review and approve the budget of the department prior to its transmittal to the office of budget and program planning; (g) except as provided in 23-1-111, shall review and approve construction projects that have an estimated cost of more than \$1,000 but less than \$5,000; (h) shall manage elk, deer, and antelope populations based on habitat estimates determined as provided in 87-1-322 and maintain elk, deer, and antelope population numbers at or below population estimates as provided in 87-1-323. In developing or implementing an elk management plan, the commission shall consider |
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| 4 5 6 7 8 9 | transmittal to the office of budget and program planning; (g) except as provided in 23-1-111, shall review and approve construction projects that have an estimated cost of more than \$1,000 but less than \$5,000; (h) shall manage elk, deer, and antelope populations based on habitat estimates determined as provided in 87-1-322 and maintain elk, deer, and antelope population numbers at or below population estimates as |
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| 8 9 | in 87-1-322 and maintain elk, deer, and antelope population numbers at or below population estimates as |
| 9 | |
| | provided in 87-1-323. In developing or implementing an elk management plan, the commission shall consider |
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| | landowner tolerance when deciding whether to restrict elk hunting on surrounding public land in a particular |
| 11 | hunting district. As used in this subsection (1)(h), "landowner tolerance" means the written or documented verbal |
| 12 | opinion of an affected landowner regarding the impact upon the landowner's property within the particular hunting |
| 13 | district where a restriction on elk hunting on public property is proposed. |
| 14 | (i) shall set the policies for the salvage of antelope, deer, elk, or moose pursuant to 87-3-145; and |
| 15 | (j) shall comply with, adopt policies that comply with, and ensure the department implements in each |
| 16 | region the provisions of state wildlife management plans adopted following an environmental review conducted |
| 17 | pursuant to Title 75, chapter 1, parts 1 through 3. |
| 18 | (2) The commission may adopt rules regarding the use and type of archery equipment that may be |
| 19 | employed for hunting and fishing purposes, taking into account applicable standards as technical innovations in |
| 20 | archery equipment change. |
| 21 | (3) The commission may adopt rules regarding the establishment of special licenses or permits, seasons, |
| 22 | conditions, programs, or other provisions that the commission considers appropriate to promote or enhance |
| 23 | hunting by Montana's youth and persons with disabilities. |
| 24 | (4) (a) The commission may adopt rules regarding nonresident big game combination licenses to: |
| 25 | (i) separate deer licenses from nonresident elk combination licenses; |
| 26 | (ii) set the fees for the separated deer combination licenses and the elk combination licenses without the |
| 27 | deer tag; |
| 28 | (iii) condition the use of the deer licenses; and |
| 29 | (iv) limit the number of licenses sold. |
| 30 | |

| 1 | appropriate to regulate the harvest by nonresident big game combination license holders: |
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| 2 | (i) for the biologically sound management of big game populations of elk, deer, and antelope; |
| 3 | (ii) to control the impacts of those elk, deer, and antelope populations on uses of private property; and |
| 4 | (iii) to ensure that elk, deer, and antelope populations are at a sustainable level as provided in 87-1-321 |
| 5 | through 87-1-325. |
| 6 | (5) (a) Subject to the provisions of 87-2-115, the commission may adopt rules establishing license |
| 7 | preference systems to distribute hunting licenses and permits: |
| 8 | (i) giving an applicant who has been unsuccessful for a longer period of time priority over an applican |
| 9 | who has been unsuccessful for a shorter period of time; and |
| 10 | (ii) giving a qualifying landowner a preference in drawings. As used in this subsection (5)(a), "qualifying |
| 11 | landowner" means the owner of land that provides some significant habitat benefit for wildlife, as determined by |
| 12 | the commission. |
| 13 | (b) The commission shall square the number of points purchased by an applicant per species wher |
| 14 | conducting drawings for licenses and permits. |
| 15 | (6) (a) The commission may adopt rules to: |
| 16 | (i) limit the number of nonresident mountain lion hunters in designated hunting districts; and |
| 17 | (ii) determine the conditions under which nonresidents may hunt mountain lion in designated hunting |
| 18 | districts. |
| 19 | (b) The commission shall consider, but is not limited to consideration of, the following factors: |
| 20 | (i) harvest of lions by resident and nonresident hunters; |
| 21 | —————————————————————————————————————— |
| 22 | (iii) composition, including age and sex, of the lion harvest; |
| 23 | (iv) historical outfitter use; |
| 24 | (v) conflicts among hunter groups; |
| 25 | (vi) availability of public and private lands; and |
| 26 | (vii) whether restrictions on nonresident hunters are more appropriate than restrictions on all hunters. |
| 27 | (7) The commission may not regulate the use or possession of firearms, firearm accessories, or |
| 28 | ammunition, including the chemical elements of ammunition used for hunting. This does not prevent: |
| 29 | (a) the restriction of certain hunting seasons to the use of specified hunting arms, such as the |
| 30 | establishment of special archery seasons; |

| 1 | (b) for human safety, the restriction of certain areas to the use of only specified hunting arms, including |
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| 2 | bows and arrows, traditional handguns, and muzzleloading rifles; |
| 3 | (c) the restriction of the use of shotguns for the hunting of deer and elk pursuant to 87-6-401(1)(f); |
| 4 | (d) the regulation of migratory game bird hunting pursuant to 87-3-403; or |
| 5 | (e) the restriction of the use of rifles for bird hunting pursuant to 87-6-401(1)(g) or (1)(h). |
| 6 | (8) Pursuant to 23-1-111, the commission does not oversee department activities related to the |
| 7 | administration of state parks, primitive parks, state recreational areas, public camping grounds, state historic |
| 8 | sites, state monuments, and other heritage and recreational resources, land, and water administered pursuant |
| 9 | to Title 23, chapter 1, and Title 23, chapter 2, parts 1, 4, and 9." |
| 10 | |
| 11 | NEW SECTION. Section 2. Appropriation. There is appropriated \$25,000 \$15,000 for the biennium |
| 12 | beginning July 1, 2017, from the general fund to the legislative branch for use by the water policy interim |
| 13 | committee for the purposes described in [section 4] [SECTION 1]. |
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| 15 | NEW SECTION. Section 12. Codification instruction. (1) [Sections 1 and 2] are intended to be |
| 16 | codified as an integral part of Title 2, chapter 1, and the provisions of Title 2, chapter 1, apply to [sections 1 and |
| 17 | 2]. |
| 18 | (2) [Section 3] is intended to be codified as an integral part of Title 75, chapter 1, and the provisions of |
| 19 | Title 75, chapter 1, apply to [section 3]. |
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| 21 | NEW SECTION. Section 3. Effective date. [This act] is effective July 1, 2017. |
| 22 | |
| 23 | NEW SECTION. Section 14. Applicability. [This act] applies to water resource agreements entered |
| 24 | into after [the effective date of this act] and to water right ownership updates filed by the department of fish, |
| 25 | wildlife, and parks, the department of environmental quality, and the department of natural resources and |
| 26 | conservation indicating a transfer of ownership to shared ownership of a water right after [the effective date of |
| 27 | this act]. |
| 28 | - END - |

