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SENATE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

HOUSE BILL NO. 115

AN ACT

To repeal sections 302.441, 311.070, 311.179, 311.275, 311.462, 311.510, and 311.540, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof seven new sections relating to intoxicating liquor, with existing penalty provisions.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI, AS FOLLOWS:

- 1 Section A. Sections 302.441, 311.070, 311.179, 311.275,
- 2 311.462, 311.510, and 311.540, RSMo, are repealed and seven new
- 3 sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections
- 4 302.441, 311.070, 311.075, 311.179, 311.275, 311.510, and
- 5 311.540, to read as follows:
- 6 302.441. 1. If a person is required to have an ignition
- 7 interlock device installed on such person's vehicle, he or she
- 8 may apply to the court for an employment exemption variance to
- 9 allow him or her to drive an employer-owned vehicle not equipped
- 10 with an ignition interlock device for employment purposes only.
- 11 Such exemption shall not be granted to a person who is
- self-employed or who wholly or partially owns or controls an
- entity that owns an employer-owned vehicle.

- 2. A person who is granted an employment exemption variance under subsection 1 of this section shall not drive, operate, or be in physical control of an employer-owned vehicle used for transporting children under eighteen years of age or vulnerable persons, as defined in section 630.005, or an employer-owned vehicle for personal use.
- 7 311.070. 1. Distillers, wholesalers, winemakers, brewers 8 or their employees, officers or agents shall not, except as 9 provided in this section, directly or indirectly, have any 10 financial interest in the retail business for sale of intoxicating liquors, and shall not, except as provided in this 11 12 section, directly or indirectly, loan, give away or furnish 13 equipment, money, credit or property of any kind, except ordinary 14 commercial credit for liquors sold to such retail dealers. 15 However, notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter to 16 the contrary, for the purpose of the promotion of tourism, a 17 distiller whose manufacturing establishment is located within this state may apply for and the supervisor of liquor control may 18 19 issue a license to sell intoxicating liquor, as in this chapter 20 defined, by the drink at retail for consumption on the premises 21 where sold; and provided further that the premises so licensed 22 shall be in close proximity to the distillery and may remain open 23 between the hours of 6:00 a.m. and [midnight] 1:30 a.m., Monday through Saturday and between the hours of [11:00] 9:00 a.m. and 24 25 [9:00 p.m.] midnight, Sunday. The authority for the collection of 26 fees by cities and counties as provided in section 311.220, and 27 all other laws and regulations relating to the sale of liquor by 28 the drink for consumption on the premises where sold, shall apply

- 1 to the holder of a license issued under the provisions of this
- 2 section in the same manner as they apply to establishments
- 3 licensed under the provisions of section 311.085, 311.090, or
- 4 311.095.
- 5 2. Any distiller, wholesaler, winemaker or brewer who shall
- 6 violate the provisions of subsection 1 of this section, or permit
- 7 his employees, officers or agents to do so, shall be guilty of a
- 8 misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished as
- 9 follows:
- 10 (1) For the first offense, by a fine of one thousand
- 11 dollars;
- 12 (2) For a second offense, by a fine of five thousand
- 13 dollars; and
- 14 (3) For a third or subsequent offense, by a fine of ten
- thousand dollars or the license of such person shall be revoked.
- 16 3. As used in this section, the following terms mean:
- 17 (1) "Consumer advertising specialties", advertising items
- that are designed to be carried away by the consumer, such items
- include, but are not limited to: trading stamps, nonalcoholic
- 20 mixers, pouring racks, ash trays, bottle or can openers, cork
- 21 screws, shopping bags, matches, printed recipes, pamphlets,
- 22 cards, leaflets, blotters, postcards, pencils, shirts, caps and
- 23 visors:
- 24 (2) "Equipment and supplies", glassware (or similar
- containers made of other material), dispensing accessories,
- 26 carbon dioxide (and other gasses used in dispensing equipment) or
- ice. "Dispensing accessories" include standards, faucets, cold
- 28 plates, rods, vents, taps, tap standards, hoses, washers,

- couplings, gas gauges, vent tongues, shanks, and check valves;
- 2 (3) "Permanent point-of-sale advertising materials",
- 3 advertising items designed to be used within a retail business
- 4 establishment for an extended period of time to attract consumer
- 5 attention to the products of a distiller, wholesaler, winemaker
- 6 or brewer. Such materials shall only include inside signs
- 7 (electric, mechanical or otherwise), mirrors, and
- 8 sweepstakes/contest prizes displayed on the licensed premises;
- 9 (4) "Product display", wine racks, bins, barrels, casks,
- shelving or similar items the primary function of which is to
- 11 hold and display consumer products;

- 12 (5) "Promotion", an advertising and publicity campaign to
- 13 further the acceptance and sale of the merchandise or products of
- 14 a distiller, wholesaler, winemaker or brewer;
- 15 (6) "Temporary point-of-sale advertising materials",
- 16 advertising items designed to be used for short periods of time.
- 17 Such materials include, but are not limited to: banners,
- 18 decorations reflecting a particular season or a limited-time
- 19 promotion, or paper napkins, coasters, cups, or menus.
- 20 4. Notwithstanding other provisions contained herein, the
- 21 distiller, wholesaler, winemaker or brewer, or their employees,
- 22 officers or agents may engage in the following activities with a
- 23 retail licensee licensed pursuant to this chapter:
- 24 (1) The distiller, wholesaler, winemaker or brewer may give
- or sell product displays to a retail business if all of the
- 26 following requirements are met:
- 27 (a) The total value of all product displays given or sold
- to a retail business shall not exceed three hundred dollars per

brand at any one time in any one retail outlet. There shall be
no combining or pooling of the three hundred dollar limits to
provide a retail business a product display in excess of three
hundred dollars per brand. The value of a product display is the
actual cost to the distiller, wholesaler, winemaker or brewer who
initially purchased such product display. Transportation and

installation costs shall be excluded:

- (b) All product displays shall bear in a conspicuous manner substantial advertising matter on the product or the name of the distiller, wholesaler, winemaker or brewer. The name and address of the retail business may appear on the product displays; and
- (c) The giving or selling of product displays may be conditioned on the purchase of intoxicating beverages advertised on the displays by the retail business in a quantity necessary for the initial completion of the product display. No other condition shall be imposed by the distiller, wholesaler, winemaker or brewer on the retail business in order for such retail business to obtain the product display;
- (2) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the distiller, wholesaler, winemaker or brewer may provide, give or sell any permanent point-of-sale advertising materials, temporary point-of-sale advertising materials, and consumer advertising specialties to a retail business if all the following requirements are met:
- (a) The total value of all permanent point-of-sale advertising materials provided to a retail business by a distiller, wholesaler, winemaker, or brewer shall not exceed five hundred dollars per calendar year, per brand, per retail outlet.

- The value of permanent point-of-sale advertising materials is the actual cost to the distiller, wholesaler, winemaker or brewer who initially purchased such item. Transportation and installation costs shall be excluded. All permanent point-of-sale advertising materials provided to a retailer shall be recorded, and records shall be maintained for a period of three years;
 - (b) The provider of permanent point-of-sale advertising materials shall own and otherwise control the use of permanent point-of-sale advertising materials that are provided by any distiller, wholesaler, winemaker, or brewer;

- (c) All permanent point-of-sale advertising materials, temporary point-of-sale advertising materials, and consumer advertising specialties shall bear in a conspicuous manner substantial advertising matter about the product or the name of the distiller, wholesaler, winemaker or brewer. The name, address and logos of the retail business may appear on the permanent point-of-sale advertising materials, temporary point-of-sale advertising materials, or the consumer advertising specialties; and
- (d) The distiller, wholesaler, winemaker or brewer shall not directly or indirectly pay or credit the retail business for using or distributing the permanent point-of-sale advertising materials, temporary point-of-sale advertising materials, or consumer advertising specialties or for any incidental expenses arising from their use or distribution;
- (3) A distiller, wholesaler, winemaker, or brewer may give a gift not to exceed a value of one thousand dollars per year to a holder of a temporary permit as defined in section 311.482;

(4) The distiller, wholesaler, winemaker or brewer may sell equipment or supplies to a retail business if all the following requirements are met:

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- (a) The equipment and supplies shall be sold at a price not less than the cost to the distiller, wholesaler, winemaker or brewer who initially purchased such equipment and supplies; and
 - (b) The price charged for the equipment and supplies shall be collected in accordance with credit regulations as established in the code of state regulations;
- The distiller, wholesaler, winemaker or brewer may install dispensing accessories at the retail business establishment, which shall include for the purposes of beer equipment to properly preserve and serve draught beer only and to facilitate the delivery to the retailer the brewers and wholesalers may lend, give, rent or sell and they may install or repair any of the following items or render to retail licensees any of the following services: beer coils and coil cleaning, sleeves and wrappings, box couplings and draft arms, beer faucets and tap markers, beer and air hose, taps, vents and washers, gauges and regulators, beer and air distributors, beer line insulation, coil flush hose, couplings and bucket pumps; portable coil boxes, air pumps, blankets or other coverings for temporary wrappings of barrels, coil box overflow pipes, tilting platforms, bumper boards, skids, cellar ladders and ramps, angle irons, ice box grates, floor runways; and damage caused by any beer delivery excluding normal wear and tear and a complete record of equipment furnished and installed and repairs and service made or rendered must be kept by the brewer or wholesalers furnishing, making or

- rendering same for a period of not less than one year; 1
- 2 The distiller, wholesaler, winemaker or brewer may
- furnish, give or sell coil cleaning service to a retailer of 3
- 4 distilled spirits, wine or malt beverages;
- 5 A wholesaler of intoxicating liquor may furnish or give 6 and a retailer may accept a sample of distilled spirits or wine 7 as long as the retailer has not previously purchased the brand

from that wholesaler, if all the following requirements are met:

- 9 (a) The wholesaler may furnish or give not more than seven
- hundred fifty milliliters of any brand of distilled spirits and not more than seven hundred fifty milliliters of any brand of 11
- 12 wine; if a particular product is not available in a size within
- 13 the quantity limitations of this subsection, a wholesaler may
- 14 furnish or give to a retailer the next larger size;
- 15 The wholesaler shall keep a record of the name of the
- 16 retailer and the quantity of each brand furnished or given to
- such retailer: 17

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- For the purposes of this subsection, no samples of 18
- 19 intoxicating liquor provided to retailers shall be consumed on
- 20 the premises nor shall any sample of intoxicating liquor be
- 21 opened on the premises of the retailer except as provided by the
- 22 retail license;
- 23 For the purpose of this subsection, the word "brand"
- 24 refers to differences in brand name of product or differences in
- 25 nature of product; examples of different brands would be products
- 26 having a difference in: brand name; class, type or kind
- 27 designation; appellation of origin (wine); viticulture area
- 28 (wine); vintage date (wine); age (distilled spirits); or proof

1 (distilled spirits); differences in packaging such a different
2 style, type, size of container, or differences in color or design
3 of a label are not considered different brands;

- (8) The distiller, wholesaler, winemaker or brewer may package and distribute intoxicating beverages in combination with other nonalcoholic items as originally packaged by the supplier for sale ultimately to consumers; notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, for the purpose of this subsection, intoxicating liquor and wine wholesalers are not required to charge for nonalcoholic items any more than the actual cost of purchasing such nonalcoholic items from the supplier;
- (9) The distiller, wholesaler, winemaker or brewer may sell or give the retail business newspaper cuts, mats or engraved blocks for use in the advertisements of the retail business;
- (10) The distiller, wholesaler, winemaker or brewer may in an advertisement list the names and addresses of two or more unaffiliated retail businesses selling its product if all of the following requirements are met:
- (a) The advertisement shall not contain the retail price of the product;
 - (b) The listing of the retail businesses shall be the only reference to such retail businesses in the advertisement;
- (c) The listing of the retail businesses shall be relatively inconspicuous in relation to the advertisement as a whole; and
- 26 (d) The advertisement shall not refer only to one retail 27 business or only to a retail business controlled directly or 28 indirectly by the same retail business;

- 1 (11) Distillers, winemakers, wholesalers, brewers or
 2 retailers may conduct a local or national sweepstakes/contest
 3 upon a licensed retail premise. The sweepstakes/contest prize
 4 dollar amount shall not be limited and can be displayed in a
 5 photo, banner, or other temporary point-of-sale advertising
 6 materials on a licensed premises, if the following requirements
 7 are met:
- 8 (a) No money or something of value is given to the retailer 9 for the privilege or opportunity of conducting the sweepstakes or 10 contest; and

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- (b) The actual sweepstakes/contest prize is not displayed on the licensed premises if the prize value exceeds the permanent point-of-sale advertising materials dollar limit provided in this section;
 - (12) The distiller, wholesaler, winemaker or brewer may stock, rotate, rearrange or reset the products sold by such distiller, wholesaler, winemaker or brewer at the establishment of the retail business so long as the products of any other distiller, wholesaler, winemaker or brewer are not altered or disturbed;
- (13) The distiller, wholesaler, winemaker or brewer may provide a recommended shelf plan or shelf schematic for distilled spirits, wine or malt beverages;
- 24 (14) The distiller, wholesaler, winemaker or brewer 25 participating in the activities of a retail business association 26 may do any of the following:
- 27 (a) Display, serve, or donate its products at or to a convention or trade show;

- 1 (b) Rent display booth space if the rental fee is the same 2 paid by all others renting similar space at the association 3 activity;
- 4 (c) Provide its own hospitality which is independent from 5 the association activity;

- (d) Purchase tickets to functions and pay registration or sponsorship fees if such purchase or payment is the same as that paid by all attendees, participants or exhibitors at the association activity;
- 10 (e) Make payments for advertisements in programs or
 11 brochures issued by retail business associations if the total
 12 payments made for all such advertisements are fair and
 13 reasonable;
 - (f) Pay dues to the retail business association if such dues or payments are fair and reasonable;
 - (g) Make payments or donations for retail employee training on preventive sales to minors and intoxicated persons, checking identifications, age verification devices, and the liquor control laws;
 - (h) Make contributions not to exceed one thousand dollars per calendar year for transportation services that shall be used to assist patrons from retail establishments to his or her residence or overnight accommodations;
 - (i) Donate or serve up to five hundred dollars per event of alcoholic products at retail business association activities; and
 - (j) Any retail business association that receives payments or donations shall, upon written request, provide the division of alcohol and tobacco control with copies of relevant financial

- 1 records and documents to ensure compliance with this subsection;
- 2 (15) The distiller, wholesaler, winemaker or brewer may
- 3 sell or give a permanent outside sign to a retail business if the
- 4 following requirements are met:
- 5 (a) The sign, which shall be constructed of metal, glass,
- 6 wood, plastic, or other durable, rigid material, with or without
- 7 illumination, or painted or otherwise printed onto a rigid
- 8 material or structure, shall bear in a conspicuous manner
- 9 substantial advertising matter about the product or the name of
- 10 the distiller, wholesaler, winemaker or brewer;
- 11 (b) The retail business shall not be compensated, directly
- or indirectly, for displaying the permanent sign or a temporary
- 13 banner;
- 14 (c) The cost of the permanent sign shall not exceed five
- 15 hundred dollars; and
- 16 (d) Temporary banners of a seasonal nature or promoting a
- specific event shall not be constructed to be permanent outdoor
- 18 signs and may be provided to retailers. The total cost of
- temporary outdoor banners provided to a retailer in use at any
- 20 one time shall not exceed five hundred dollars per brand;
- 21 (16) A wholesaler may, but shall not be required to,
- 22 exchange for an equal quantity of identical product or allow
- 23 credit against outstanding indebtedness for intoxicating liquor
- 24 with alcohol content of less than five percent by weight that was
- delivered in a damaged condition or damaged while in the
- 26 possession of the retailer;
- 27 (17) To assure and control product quality, wholesalers at
- 28 the time of a regular delivery may, but shall not be required to,

- withdraw, with the permission of the retailer, a quantity of intoxicating liquor with alcohol content of less than five percent by weight in its undamaged original carton from the
- retailer's stock, if the wholesaler replaces the product with an equal quantity of identical product;

- (18) In addition to withdrawals authorized pursuant to subdivision (17) of this subsection, to assure and control product quality, wholesalers at the time of a regular delivery may, but shall not be required to, withdraw, with the permission of the retailer, a quantity of intoxicating liquor with alcohol content of less than five percent by weight in its undamaged original carton from the retailer's stock and give the retailer credit against outstanding indebtedness for the product if:
- (a) The product is withdrawn at least thirty days after initial delivery and within twenty-one days of the date considered by the manufacturer of the product to be the date the product becomes inappropriate for sale to a consumer; and
- (b) The quantity of product withdrawn does not exceed the equivalent of twenty-five cases of twenty-four twelve-ounce containers; and
- (c) To assure and control product quality, a wholesaler may, but not be required to, give a retailer credit for intoxicating liquor with an alcohol content of less than five percent by weight, in a container with a capacity of four gallons or more, delivered but not used, if the wholesaler removes the product within seven days of the initial delivery; and
 - (19) Nothing in this section authorizes consignment sales.
 - 5. (1) A distiller, wholesaler, winemaker, or brewer that

is also in business as a bona fide producer or vendor of nonalcoholic beverages shall not condition the sale of its alcoholic beverages on the sale of its nonalcoholic beverages nor combine the sale of its alcoholic beverages with the sale of its nonalcoholic beverages, except as provided in subdivision (8) of subsection 4 of this section. The distiller, wholesaler, winemaker, or brewer that is also in business as a bona fide producer or vendor of nonalcoholic beverages may sell, credit, market, and promote nonalcoholic beverages in the same manner in which the nonalcoholic products are sold, credited, marketed, or promoted by a manufacturer or wholesaler not licensed by the supervisor of alcohol and tobacco control;

- (2) Any fixtures, equipment, or furnishings provided by any distiller, wholesaler, winemaker, or brewer in furtherance of the sale of nonalcoholic products shall not be used by the retail licensee to store, service, display, advertise, furnish, or sell, or aid in the sale of alcoholic products regulated by the supervisor of alcohol and tobacco control. All such fixtures, equipment, or furnishings shall be identified by the retail licensee as being furnished by a licensed distiller, wholesaler, winemaker, or brewer.
- 6. Distillers, wholesalers, brewers and winemakers, or their officers or directors shall not require, by agreement or otherwise, that any retailer purchase any intoxicating liquor from such distillers, wholesalers, brewers or winemakers to the exclusion in whole or in part of intoxicating liquor sold or offered for sale by other distillers, wholesalers, brewers, or winemakers.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter to the contrary, a distiller or wholesaler may install dispensing accessories at the retail business establishment, which shall include for the purposes of distilled spirits equipment to properly preserve and serve premixed distilled spirit beverages only. To facilitate delivery to the retailer, the distiller or wholesaler may lend, give, rent or sell and the distiller or wholesaler may install or repair any of the following items or render to retail licensees any of the following services: coils and coil cleaning, draft arms, faucets and tap markers, taps, tap standards, tapping heads, hoses, valves and other minor tapping equipment components, and damage caused by any delivery excluding normal wear and tear. A complete record of equipment furnished and installed and repairs or service made or rendered shall be kept by the distiller or wholesaler furnishing, making or rendering the same for a period of not less than one year.

- 8. Distillers, wholesalers, winemakers, brewers or their employees or officers shall be permitted to make contributions of money or merchandise to a licensed retail liquor dealer that is a charitable, fraternal, civic, service, veterans', or religious organization as defined in section 313.005, or an educational institution if such contributions are unrelated to such organization's retail operations.
- 9. Distillers, brewers, wholesalers, and winemakers may make payments for advertisements in programs or brochures of tax-exempt organizations licensed under section 311.090 if the total payments made for all such advertisements are the same as those paid by other vendors.

- 1 10. A brewer or manufacturer, its employees, officers or
 2 agents may have a financial interest in the retail business for
 3 sale of intoxicating liquors at entertainment facilities owned,
 4 in whole or in part, by the brewer or manufacturer, its
 5 subsidiaries or affiliates including, but not limited to, arenas
 6 and stadiums used primarily for concerts, shows and sporting
 7 events of all kinds.
- 8 For the purpose of the promotion of tourism, a wine 9 manufacturer, its employees, officers or agents located within 10 this state may apply for and the supervisor of liquor control may issue a license to sell intoxicating liquor, as defined in this 11 12 chapter, by the drink at retail for consumption on the premises 13 where sold, if the premises so licensed is in close proximity to 14 the winery. Such premises shall be closed during the hours 15 specified under section 311.290 and may remain open between the 16 hours of 9:00 a.m. and midnight on Sunday.
- 17 12. For the purpose of the promotion of tourism, a person may apply for and the supervisor of liquor control may issue a 18 19 license to sell intoxicating liquor by the drink at retail for 20 consumption on the premises where sold, but seventy-five percent 21 or more of the intoxicating liquor sold by such licensed person 22 shall be Missouri-produced wines received from manufacturers 23 licensed under section 311.190. Such premises may remain open 24 between the hours of 6:00 a.m. and midnight, Monday through 25 Saturday, and between the hours of 11:00 a.m. and 9:00 p.m. on 26 Sundays.
 - 311.075. 1. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter to the contrary, for the purpose of the promotion of

- 1 tourism, a retailer, its employees, officers, shareholders, and
- 2 <u>agents may have a financial interest in a distillery for the</u>
- 3 <u>manufacturing of intoxicating liquors located in close proximity</u>
- 4 to the grounds of a recreational resort owned, in whole or in
- 5 part, by the retailer, its subsidiaries, or affiliates. As used
- 6 in this section the term "recreational resort" shall mean any
- 7 grounds used to entertain guests that are owned and operated as
- 8 part of a facility by the retailer, its subsidiaries, or
- 9 affiliates, which shall have a restaurant, at least thirty rooms
- 10 for overnight accommodations, and outdoor activities that include
- 11 <u>fishing or golf.</u> The distillery shall be in close proximity to
- the grounds of the recreational resort.
- 2. A retailer who is a holder of a license to sell
- 14 <u>intoxicating liquor by the drink at retail for consumption on the</u>
- recreational resort's grounds shall be exempt from the provisions
- of section 311.280, for such intoxicating liquor that is
- manufactured in close proximity to the grounds of the
- 18 recreational resort in accordance with the provisions of this
- 19 chapter. All other intoxicating liquor sold by the drink at
- 20 retail for consumption on the recreational resort's grounds shall
- 21 <u>be obtained in accordance with section 311.280.</u>
- 22 3. The holder of a recreational resort distillery licensed
- 23 pursuant to this section may also sell intoxicating liquor
- 24 produced on the distillery premises to duly licensed wholesalers,
- 25 and all such sales to wholesalers shall be subject to the
- provisions of sections 311.275 and 311.540. However, holders of
- 27 a recreational resort distillery license shall not, under any
- 28 circumstances, directly or indirectly, have any financial

interest in any Missouri wholesaler's business.

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- 311.179. 1. Any person possessing the qualifications and meeting the requirements of this chapter who is licensed to sell intoxicating liquor by the drink at retail in an international airport located in a county with a charter form of government and with more than nine hundred fifty thousand inhabitants or in a county of the first classification with more than eighty-three thousand but fewer than ninety-two thousand inhabitants and with a city of the fourth classification with more than four thousand five hundred but fewer than five thousand inhabitants as the county seat may apply to the supervisor of [liquor control] alcohol and tobacco control for a special permit[. The permit shall allow] which:
 - (1) Allows the premises located in the international airport in such county to open at 4 a.m. and sell intoxicating liquor by the drink at retail for consumption [on the premises where sold]. The provisions of this section and not those of section 311.097 regarding the time of opening shall apply to the sale of intoxicating liquor by the drink at retail for consumption [on the premises where sold] on Sunday[.];
 - (2) Allows persons to leave licensed establishments with an alcoholic beverage and enter other airport designated areas located within such airport. No person shall take any alcoholic beverage or beverages outside such designated areas, including onto any airplane; and
 - (3) Requires every licensee within such international airport to serve alcoholic beverages in containers that display and contain the licensee's trade name or logo or some other mark

that is unique to that license and licensee.

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- 2. An applicant granted a special permit pursuant to this 3 section shall, in addition to all other fees required by this 4 chapter, pay an additional fee of three hundred dollars a year 5 payable at the time and in the same manner as its other license
- 7 311.275. 1. For purposes of tax revenue control, beginning 8 January 1, 1980, no holder of a license to solicit orders for the 9 sale of intoxicating liquor, as defined in this chapter, within 10 this state, other than a wholesale-solicitor, shall solicit, accept, or fill any order for any intoxicating liquor from a 11 12 holder of a wholesaler's license issued under this chapter, 13 unless the holder of such solicitor's license has registered with 14 the division of alcohol and tobacco control as the primary 15 American source of supply for the brand of intoxicating liquor 16 sold or sought to be sold. The supervisor of alcohol and tobacco 17 control shall provide forms for annual registration as the primary American source of supply, and shall prescribe the 18 19 procedures for such registration.
 - 2. Beginning January 1, 1980, no holder of a wholesaler's license issued under this chapter shall order, purchase or receive any intoxicating liquor from any solicitor, other than a wholesale-solicitor, unless the solicitor has registered with the division of alcohol and tobacco control as the primary American source of supply for the brand of intoxicating liquor ordered, purchased or received.
- 3. The term "primary American source of supply" as used herein shall mean the distiller, producer, the owner of the

- 1 commodity at the time it became a marketable product, the
- 2 bottler, or the exclusive agent of any such distiller, producer,
- 3 bottler or owner, the basic requirement being that the
- 4 nonresident seller be the first source closest to the
- 5 manufacturer in the channel of commerce from whom the product can
- 6 be secured by American wholesalers.
- 7 4. Any vintage wine solicitor licensed under section
- 8 311.180 may register as the primary American source of supply for
- 9 vintage wine with the division of alcohol and tobacco control,
- 10 provided that another solicitor is not registered as the primary
- 11 American source of supply for the vintage wine and the vintage
- 12 wine has been approved for sale by the federal Alcohol and
- 13 Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau.
- 14 5. The supervisor of alcohol and tobacco control shall
- approve or deny any application for primary American source of
- 16 supply for any intoxicating liquor product within five working
- days following the receipt of a properly completed application.
- 18 Any such application for an intoxicating liquor product received
- by the supervisor of alcohol and tobacco control that is not
- approved or denied within five working days shall be considered
- 21 <u>conditionally approved and such intoxicating liquor product may</u>
- be solicited, sold, shipped, ordered, purchased, and received in
- 23 this state. All such applications submitted by applicants
- located in the state, and exclusively doing business in the
- 25 <u>state</u>, shall be approved or denied before any such applications
- originating from other states are approved or denied.
- 27 311.510. 1. It shall be the duty of the supervisor of
- liquor control, or his or her designee, to cause to be inspected

all beer, as defined in this chapter, or other intoxicating malt liquors, brewed, manufactured or sold in this state, and he or she shall determine whether such beer or other intoxicating malt liquor has been made from pure hops or the pure extract of hops, or of pure barley malt or other wholesome grains or cereals, or wholesome yeast, and pure water, and whether the package containing such beer or intoxicating malt liquor has been correctly labeled to show that the same has been made from wholesome ingredients.

- 2. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 1 of this section, the supervisor of liquor control, or his or her designee, shall not require product samples and shall not require the testing of product samples to determine alcohol content prior to granting approval for the sale of any such beer or other intoxicating malt liquor product in the state of Missouri if the supervisor of liquor control is provided with a copy of a certificate of label approval issued by the [Federal Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms] Alcohol and Tobacco Trade Bureau [which verifies the alcohol content of the product].
- 3. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 1 of this section, the supervisor of liquor control shall not require product samples prior to granting approval for the sale of any beer or other intoxicating malt liquors brewed, manufactured, and sold exclusively in this state if the supervisor of liquor control is provided a label. The supervisor of liquor control shall have sole authority to approve all labels for keg collars, bottles, and cans of such beer or other intoxicating malt liquor and any inspections to determine labeling compliance for such

products shall be under the sole authority of the supervisor of
liquor control, with no approval or inspection by the Alcohol and
Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau required.

- 311.540. 1. Every person, persons or corporation who shall manufacture or distill spirituous liquors, including brandy, rum, whiskey, and gin, and other spirituous liquors, within this state, and wholesale or retail dealers or any other person who shall import such intoxicating liquors into this state, for the purpose of sale or offering the same for sale in this state, shall, before offering the same for sale, cause the same to be inspected and gauged by the supervisor of liquor control, or his or her designee. It shall be the duty of the supervisor of liquor control, or his or her designee, to inspect and gauge such character of intoxicating liquor referred to in this section and to ascertain whether the same is correctly labeled.
 - 2. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 1 of this section, the supervisor of liquor control, or his or her designee, shall not require product samples and shall not require the testing of product samples to determine alcohol content prior to granting approval for the sale of any such spirituous liquors product in the state if the supervisor of liquor control, or his or her designee, is provided with a copy of a certificate of label approval issued by the Federal Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms which verifies the alcohol content of the product.
 - [311.462. 1. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a holder of a retailer alcoholic beverage license in this state or a state which affords Missouri licensees an equal reciprocal shipping privilege may ship, for personal use and not for resale, not more than two cases of wine, each case containing not more than nine liters, per year to any adult resident of this state. Delivery of a shipment pursuant to this

section shall not be deemed to constitute a sale in this state.

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- 2. The shipping container of any wine sent into or out of this state under this section shall be clearly labeled to indicate that the package cannot be delivered to a person under the age of twenty-one years or to an intoxicated person.
- 3. No broker within this state may solicit consumers to engage in interstate reciprocal wine shipments under this section. No shipper located outside this state may advertise such interstate reciprocal wine shipments in this state.]