SECOND REGULAR SESSION

SENATE BILL NO. 1026

98TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR SCHATZ.

Read 1st time February 3, 2016, and ordered printed.

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ADRIANE D. CROUSE, Secretary.

AN ACT

To repeal section 571.126, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof seven new sections relating to lifetime permits that allow the concealed carrying of firearms, with penalty provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Section 571.126, RSMo, is repealed and seven new sections

- 2 enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 571.126, 571.205, 571.210,
- 3 571.215, 571.220, 571.225, and 571.230, to read as follows:

571.126. Notwithstanding any other state law to the contrary, no state

- 2 agency shall disclose to the federal government the statewide list of persons who
- 3 have obtained a concealed carry endorsement or permit, including a Missouri
- 4 lifetime concealed carry permit. Nothing in this section shall be construed
- 5 to restrict access to individual records by any criminal justice agency authorized
- 6 to access the Missouri uniform law enforcement system.

571.205. 1. Upon request and payment of the required fee, the

- 2 sheriff shall issue a concealed carry permit that is valid through the
- 3 state of Missouri for the lifetime of the permit holder to a Missouri
- 4 resident who meets the requirements of sections 571.205 to 571.230,
- 5 known as a Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit. A person issued
- 6 a Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit shall be required to comply
- 7 with the provisions of sections 571.205 to 571.230. If the applicant can
- 8 show qualification as provided by sections 571.205 to 571.230, the
- 9 county or city sheriff shall issue a Missouri lifetime concealed carry
- 10 permit authorizing the carrying of a concealed firearm on or about the
- 11 applicant's person or within a vehicle.
 - 2. A Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit of the permit

holder shall be suspended if the permit holder becomes a resident of another state. The permit may be reactivated upon reestablishment of Missouri residency if the applicant meets the requirements of sections 571.205 to 571.230, and upon successful completion of a name-based inquiry of the National Instant Background Check System. For processing a reactivation of a permit under this subsection, the sheriff in each county shall charge a nonrefundable fee not to exceed fifty dollars, which shall be paid to the treasury of the county to the credit of the sheriff's revolving fund.

- 3. A Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit shall be issued by the sheriff or his or her designee of the county or city in which the applicant resides, if the applicant:
- (1) Is at least nineteen years of age, is a citizen or permanent resident of the United States and has assumed residency in this state, or is at least eighteen years of age and a member of the United States Armed Forces or honorably discharged from the United States Armed Forces, and is a citizen of the United States and has assumed residency in this state;
 - (2) Has not pled guilty to or entered a plea of nolo contendere or been convicted of a crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year under the laws of any state or of the United States, other than a crime classified as a misdemeanor under the laws of any state and punishable by a term of imprisonment of two years or less that does not involve an explosive weapon, firearm, firearm silencer, or gas gun;
 - (3) Has not been convicted of, pled guilty to or entered a plea of nolo contendere to one or more misdemeanor offenses involving crimes of violence within a five-year period immediately preceding application for a Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit or if the applicant has not been convicted of two or more misdemeanor offenses involving driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs or the possession or abuse of a controlled substance within a five-year period immediately preceding application for a Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit;
- 47 (4) Is not a fugitive from justice or currently charged in an 48 information or indictment with the commission of a crime punishable 49 by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year under the laws of any

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state of the United States, other than a crime classified as a misdemeanor under the laws of any state and punishable by a term of imprisonment of two years or less that does not involve an explosive weapon, firearm, firearm silencer, or gas gun;

- 54 (5) Has not been discharged under dishonorable conditions from 55 the United States Armed Forces;
 - (6) Has not engaged in a pattern of behavior, documented in public or closed records, that causes the sheriff to have a reasonable belief that the applicant presents a danger to himself or herself or others;
 - (7) Is not adjudged mentally incompetent at the time of application or for five years prior to application, or has not been committed to a mental health facility, as defined in section 632.005, or a similar institution located in another state following a hearing at which the defendant was represented by counsel or a representative;
- 65 (8) Submits a completed application for a permit as described in 66 subsection 4 of this section;
 - (9) Submits an affidavit attesting that the applicant complies with the concealed carry safety training requirement pursuant to subsections 1 and 2 of section 571.111;
 - (10) Is not the respondent of a valid full order of protection which is still in effect;
 - (11) Is not otherwise prohibited from possessing a firearm under section 571.070 or 18 U.S.C. Section 922(g).
 - 4. The application for a Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit issued by the sheriff of the county of the applicant's residence shall contain only the following information:
- (1) The applicant's name, address, telephone number, gender, date and place of birth, and, if the applicant is not a United States citizen, the applicant's country of citizenship and any alien or admission number issued by the United States Immigration and Customs Enforcement or any successor agency;
 - (2) An affirmation that the applicant has assumed residency in Missouri and is a citizen or permanent resident of the United States;
- (3) An affirmation that the applicant is at least nineteen years of age or is eighteen years of age or older and a member of the United States Armed Forces or honorably discharged from the United States

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(4) An affirmation that the applicant has not pled guilty to or been convicted of a crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year under the laws of any state or of the United States other than a crime classified as a misdemeanor under the laws of any state and punishable by a term of imprisonment of two years or less that does not involve an explosive weapon, firearm, firearm silencer, or gas gun;

- (5) An affirmation that the applicant has not been convicted of, pled guilty to, or entered a plea of nolo contendere to one or more misdemeanor offenses involving crimes of violence within a five-year period immediately preceding application for a permit or that the applicant has not been convicted of two or more misdemeanor offenses involving driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs or the possession or abuse of a controlled substance within a five-year period immediately preceding application for a permit;
- (6) An affirmation that the applicant is not a fugitive from justice or currently charged in an information or indictment with the commission of a crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year under the laws of any state or of the United States other than a crime classified as a misdemeanor under the laws of any state and punishable by a term of imprisonment of two years or less that does not involve an explosive weapon, firearm, firearm silencer, or gas gun;
- (7) An affirmation that the applicant has not been discharged 112 under dishonorable conditions from the United States Armed Forces;
 - (8) An affirmation that the applicant is not adjudged mentally incompetent at the time of application or for five years prior to application, or has not been committed to a mental health facility, as defined in section 632.005, or a similar institution located in another state, except that a person whose release or discharge from a facility in this state pursuant to chapter 632, or a similar discharge from a facility in another state, occurred more than five years ago without subsequent recommitment may apply;
- (9) An affirmation that the applicant has received firearms safety 122 training that meets the standards of applicant firearms safety training defined in subsection 1 or 2 of section 571.111; 123

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- 124 (10) An affirmation that the applicant, to the applicant's best 125 knowledge and belief, is not the respondent of a valid full order of 126 protection which is still in effect;
- 127 (11) A conspicuous warning that false statements made by the 128 applicant will result in prosecution for perjury pursuant to the laws of 129 the state of Missouri; and
- 130 (12) A government-issued photo identification. This photograph
 131 shall not be included on the permit and shall only be used to verify the
 132 person's identity for the issuance of a new permit due to change of
 133 address, or for a lost or destroyed permit, or reactivation under
 134 subsection 2 of this section.
 - 5. An application for a Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit shall be made to the sheriff of the county or any city not within a county in which the applicant resides. An application shall be filed in writing, signed under oath and under the penalties of perjury, and shall state whether the applicant complies with each of the requirements specified in subsection 3 of this section. In addition to the completed application, the applicant for a Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit shall also submit the following:
- (1) A photocopy of a firearms safety training certificate of the completion or other evidence of completion of a firearms safety training course that meets the standards established in subsection 1 or 2 of section 571.111; and
- 147 (2) A nonrefundable permit fee as provided by subsection 12 of 148 this section.
- 149 6. (1) Before an application for a Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit is approved, the sheriff shall make only such inquiries as 150 he or she deems necessary into the accuracy of the statements made in 151 the application. The sheriff may require that the applicant display a 152 153 Missouri driver's license or nondriver's license or military identification. In order to determine the applicant's suitability for a 154 155 Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit, the applicant shall be fingerprinted. No other biometric data shall be collected from the 156 applicant. The sheriff shall conduct an inquiry of the National Instant 157Criminal Background Check System within three working days after 158 159 submission of the properly completed application for a Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit. If no disqualifying record is identified 160

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by these checks at the state level, the fingerprints shall be forwarded to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for a national criminal history record check. Upon receipt of the completed report from the National Instant Criminal Background Check System and the response from the Federal Bureau of Investigation national criminal history record check, the sheriff shall examine the results and, if no disqualifying information is identified, shall issue a Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit within three working days.

- (2) In the event the report from the National Instant Criminal Background Check System and the response from the Federal Bureau of Investigation national criminal history record check prescribed by subdivision (1) of this subsection are not completed within forty-five calendar days and no disqualifying information concerning the applicant has otherwise come to the sheriff's attention, the sheriff shall issue a provisional permit, clearly designated on the certificate as such, which the applicant shall sign in the presence of the sheriff or the sheriff's designee. This permit, when carried with a valid Missouri driver's or nondriver's license, shall permit the applicant to exercise the same rights in accordance with the same conditions as pertain to a Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit issued under this section, provided that it shall not serve as an alternative to an national instant criminal background check required by 18 U.S.C. Section 922(t). The provisional permit shall remain valid until such time as the sheriff either issues or denies the certificate of qualification under subsection 7 or 8 of this section. The sheriff shall revoke a provisional permit issued under this subsection within twenty-four hours of receipt of any report that identifies a disqualifying record, and shall notify the concealed carry permit system established under subsection 5 of section 650.350. The revocation of a provisional permit issued under this section shall be proscribed in a manner consistent to the denial and review of an application under subsection 7 of this section.
- 7. The sheriff may refuse to approve an application for a Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit if he or she determines that any of the requirements specified in subsection 3 of this section have not been met, or if he or she has a substantial and demonstrable reason to believe that the applicant has rendered a false statement regarding any of the provisions of sections 571.205 to 571.230. If the applicant is

198 found to be ineligible, the sheriff is required to deny the application, and notify the applicant in writing, stating the grounds for denial and 199 200 informing the applicant of the right to submit, within thirty days, any additional documentation relating to the grounds of the denial. Upon 201 202 receiving any additional documentation, the sheriff shall reconsider his or her decision and inform the applicant within thirty days of the 203 result of the reconsideration. The applicant shall further be informed 204 205 in writing of the right to appeal the denial pursuant to section 206 571.220. After two additional reviews and denials by the sheriff, the 207 person submitting the application shall appeal the denial pursuant to 208 section 571.220.

- 8. If the application is approved, the sheriff shall issue a Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit to the applicant within a period not to exceed three working days after his or her approval of the application. The applicant shall sign the Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit in the presence of the sheriff or his or her designee.
- 9. The Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit shall specify only the following information:
- 217 (1) Name, address, date of birth, gender, height, weight, color of 218 hair, color of eyes, and signature of the permit holder;
 - (2) The signature of the sheriff issuing the permit;
- 220 (3) The date of issuance; and

- 221 (4) A clear statement indicating that the permit is only valid 222 within the state of Missouri.
- The permit shall be no larger than two and one-eighth inches wide by three and three-eighths inches long and shall be of a uniform style prescribed by the department of public safety. The permit shall also be assigned a concealed carry permit system county code and shall be stored in sequential number.
- 10. (1) The sheriff shall keep a record of all applications for a Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit or a provisional permit and his or her action thereon. Any record of an application that is incomplete or denied for any reason shall be kept for a period not to exceed one year.
- 233 (2) The sheriff shall report the issuance of a Missouri lifetime 234 concealed carry permit or provisional permit to the concealed carry

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235permit system. All information on any such permit that is protected information on any driver's or nondriver's license shall have the same 236237personal protection for purposes of sections 571.205 to 571.230. An 238 applicant's status as a holder of a Missouri lifetime concealed carry 239 permit or provisional permit shall not be public information and shall be considered personal protected information. Information retained in 240 the concealed carry permit system under this subsection shall not be 241242 distributed to any federal, state, or private entities and shall only be 243 made available for a single entry query of an individual in the event the individual is a subject of interest in an active criminal 244 investigation or is arrested for a crime. A sheriff may access the 245concealed carry permit system for administrative purposes to issue a 246247 permit, verify the accuracy of permit holder information, change the name or address of a permit holder, suspend or revoke a permit, cancel 248 249 an expired permit, or cancel a permit upon receipt of a certified death certificate for the permit holder. Any person who violates the 250 251 provisions of this subdivision by disclosing protected information shall be guilty of a class A misdemeanor. 252

- 11. Information regarding any holder of a Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit is a closed record. No bulk download or batch data shall be distributed to any federal, state, or private entity, except to MoSMART or a designee thereof.
- 12. For processing an application for a Missouri lifetime 258concealed carry permit the sheriff in each county shall charge a nonrefundable fee not to exceed two hundred dollars, which shall be 260 paid to the treasury of the county to the credit of the sheriff's revolving 261fund.
 - 571.210. 1. A Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit issued under sections 571.205 to 571.230 shall be suspended or revoked if the Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit holder becomes ineligible for such permit or endorsement under the criteria established in subdivisions (2), (3), (4), (7), and (10) of subsection 3 of section 571.205 or upon the issuance of a valid full order of protection. The following procedures shall be followed:
 - 8 (1) When a valid full order of protection or any arrest warrant, 9 discharge, or commitment for the reasons listed in subdivision (2), (3), (4), (7), or (10) of subsection 3 of section 571.205 is issued against a 10

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person holding a Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit, upon notification of said order, warrant, discharge, or commitment or upon an order of a court of competent jurisdiction in a criminal proceeding, a commitment proceeding, or a full order of protection proceeding ruling that a person holding a Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit 15 presents a risk of harm to themselves or others, then upon notification 16 of such order, the holder of the Missouri lifetime concealed carry 17 permit shall surrender the permit to the court, officer, or other official 18 serving the order, warrant, discharge, or commitment. The permit shall be suspended until the order is terminated or until the arrest results 20 in a dismissal of all charges. The official to whom the permit is 2122 surrendered shall administratively suspend the permit in the concealed carry permit system until the order is terminated or the charges are 23 dismissed. Upon dismissal, the court holding the permit shall return 24 25 such permit to the individual and the official to whom the permit was surrendered shall administratively return the permit to good standing 26 within the concealed carry permit system; 27

- (2) Any conviction, discharge, or commitment specified in sections 571.205 to 571.230 shall result in a revocation. Upon conviction, the court shall forward a notice of conviction or action and the permit to the issuing county sheriff. The sheriff who issued the Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit shall report the change in status of the concealed carry permit to the concealed carry permit system.
- 35 2. A Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit shall be 36 reactivated for a qualified applicant upon receipt of the properly completed application and the required reactivation fee by the sheriff 37 of the county of the applicant's residence and in accordance with 38 subsection 2 of section 571.205. A name-based inquiry of the National 39 Instant Criminal Background Check System shall be completed for each 40 reactivation application. The sheriff shall review the results of the 41 report from the National Instant Criminal Background Check System, 42and when the sheriff has determined the applicant has successfully 43 44 completed all reactivation requirements and is not disqualified under any provision of section 571.205 the sheriff shall issue a new Missouri 45lifetime concealed carry permit which contains the date such permit 46 was reactivated. 47

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48 3. Any person issued a Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit shall notify the sheriff or his or her designee where the permit was 49 issued within seven days after actual knowledge of the loss or 50 destruction of his or her permit. The permit holder shall furnish a statement to the sheriff that the permit has been lost or 52destroyed. After notification of the loss or destruction of a permit, the 53 sheriff may charge a processing fee of ten dollars for costs associated 54with replacing a lost or destroyed permit and shall reissue a new 55 56 Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit within three working days of being notified by the permit holder of its loss or destruction. The new 57 Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit shall contain the same 58 personal information as the original concealed carry permit. 59

4. If a person issued a Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit changes his or her name, the person to whom the permit or endorsement was issued shall obtain a corrected or new Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit with a change of name from the sheriff who issued the Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit or upon the sheriff's verification of the name change. The sheriff may charge a processing fee of not more than ten dollars for any costs associated with obtaining a corrected or new Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit. The permit holder shall furnish proof of the name change to the sheriff within thirty days of changing his or her name and display his or her Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit. The sheriff shall report the name change to the concealed carry permit system, and the new name shall be accessible by the concealed carry permit system within three days of receipt of the information.

571.215. 1. A Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit issued pursuant to sections 571.205 to 571.230 shall authorize the person in whose name the permit is issued to carry concealed firearms on or about his or her person or vehicle throughout the state. No Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit shall authorize any person to carry concealed firearms into:

(1) Any police, sheriff, or highway patrol office or station without the consent of the chief law enforcement officer in charge of that office or station. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of the office or station shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the

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- (2) Within twenty-five feet of any polling place on any election day. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of the polling place shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;
- (3) The facility of any adult or juvenile detention or correctional institution, prison or jail. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of any adult, juvenile detention, or correctional institution, prison or jail shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;
- (4) Any courthouse solely occupied by the circuit, appellate or supreme court, or any courtrooms, administrative offices, libraries, or other rooms of any such court whether or not such court solely occupies the building in question. This subdivision shall also include, but not be limited to, any juvenile, family, drug, or other court offices, any room or office wherein any of the courts or offices listed in this subdivision are temporarily conducting any business within the jurisdiction of such courts or offices, and such other locations in such manner as may be specified by supreme court rule pursuant to subdivision (6) of this subsection. Nothing in this subdivision shall preclude those persons listed in subdivision (1) of subsection 2 of section 571.030 while within their jurisdiction and on duty, those persons listed in subdivisions (2), (4), and (10) of subsection 2 of section 571.030, or such other persons who serve in a law enforcement capacity for a court as may be specified by supreme court rule pursuant to subdivision (6) of this subsection from carrying a concealed firearm within any of the areas described in this subdivision. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of any of the areas listed in this subdivision shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;
- (5) Any meeting of the governing body of a unit of local government, or any meeting of the general assembly or a committee of the general assembly, except that nothing in this subdivision shall preclude a member of the body holding a valid concealed carry permit

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49 or endorsement from carrying a concealed firearm at a meeting of the body which he or she is a member. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle 50 on the premises shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises. Nothing in this subdivision shall preclude a member of 53the general assembly, a full-time employee of the general assembly 54employed under Section 17, Article III, Constitution of Missouri, 55 legislative employees of the general assembly as determined under 56 section 21.155, or statewide elected officials and their employees, 57 holding a valid concealed carry permit or endorsement, from carrying 58 a concealed firearm in the state capitol building or at a meeting 59 whether of the full body of a house of the general assembly or a 60 committee thereof, that is held in the state capitol building; 61

- (6) The general assembly, supreme court, county, or municipality may by rule, administrative regulation, or ordinance prohibit or limit the carrying of concealed firearms by permit or endorsement holders in that portion of a building owned, leased, or controlled by that unit of government. Any portion of a building in which the carrying of concealed firearms is prohibited or limited shall be clearly identified by signs posted at the entrance to the restricted area. The statute, rule, or ordinance shall exempt any building used for public housing by private persons, highways or rest areas, firing ranges, and private dwellings owned, leased, or controlled by that unit of government from any restriction on the carrying or possession of a firearm. The statute, rule, or ordinance shall not specify any criminal penalty for its violation but may specify that persons violating the statute, rule, or ordinance may be denied entrance to the building, ordered to leave the building and if employees of the unit of government, be subjected to disciplinary measures for violation of the provisions of the statute, rule, or ordinance. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to any other unit of government;
- (7) Any establishment licensed to dispense intoxicating liquor for consumption on the premises, which portion is primarily devoted to that purpose, without the consent of the owner or manager. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to the licensee of said establishment. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to any bona fide restaurant open to the general public having dining facilities

for not less than fifty persons and that receives at least fifty-one percent of its gross annual income from the dining facilities by the sale of food. This subdivision does not prohibit the possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of the establishment and shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises. Nothing in this subdivision authorizes any individual who has been issued a concealed carry permit or endorsement to possess any firearm while intoxicated;

- (8) Any area of an airport to which access is controlled by the inspection of persons and property. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of the airport shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;
- (9) Any place where the carrying of a firearm is prohibited by federal law;
- (10) Any higher education institution or elementary or secondary school facility without the consent of the governing body of the higher education institution or a school official or the district school board, unless the person with the concealed carry endorsement or permit is a teacher or administrator of an elementary or secondary school who has been designated by his or her school district as a school protection officer and is carrying a firearm in a school within that district, in which case no consent is required. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of any higher education institution or elementary or secondary school facility shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;
- (11) Any portion of a building used as a child care facility without the consent of the manager. Nothing in this subdivision shall prevent the operator of a child care facility in a family home from owning or possessing a firearm or a concealed carry permit or endorsement;
- (12) Any riverboat gambling operation accessible by the public without the consent of the owner or manager pursuant to rules promulgated by the gaming commission. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of a riverboat gambling operation shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the

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- 123 vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;
- 124 (13) Any gated area of an amusement park. Possession of a 125 firearm in a vehicle on the premises of the amusement park shall not 126 be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the 127 vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;
 - (14) Any church or other place of religious worship without the consent of the minister or person or persons representing the religious organization that exercises control over the place of religious worship. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;
 - (15) Any private property whose owner has posted the premises as being off-limits to concealed firearms by means of one or more signs displayed in a conspicuous place of a minimum size of eleven inches by fourteen inches with the writing thereon in letters of not less than one inch. The owner, business or commercial lessee, manager of a private business enterprise, or any other organization, entity, or person may prohibit persons holding a concealed carry permit or endorsement from carrying concealed firearms on the premises and may prohibit employees, not authorized by the employer, holding a concealed carry permit or endorsement from carrying concealed firearms on the property of the employer. If the building or the premises are open to the public, the employer of the business enterprise shall post signs on or about the premises if carrying a concealed firearm is prohibited. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises. An employer may prohibit employees or other persons holding a concealed carry permit or endorsement from carrying a concealed firearm in vehicles owned by the employer;
 - (16) Any sports arena or stadium with a seating capacity of five thousand or more. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;
 - (17) Any hospital accessible by the public. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of a hospital shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle

160 or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises.

161 2. Carrying of a concealed firearm in a location specified in 162 subdivisions (1) to (17) of subsection 1 of this section by any individual who holds a Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit shall not be a 163 164 criminal act but may subject the person to denial to the premises or removal from the premises. If such person refuses to leave the 165 premises and a peace officer is summoned, such person may be issued 166 a citation for an amount not to exceed one hundred dollars for the first 167 offense. If a second citation for a similar violation occurs within a six-168 month period, such person shall be fined an amount not to exceed two 169 170 hundred dollars and his or her permit, and, if applicable, endorsement to carry concealed firearms shall be suspended for a period of one year. 171 172 If a third citation for a similar violation is issued within one year of the 173 first citation, such person shall be fined an amount not to exceed five 174 hundred dollars and shall have his or her Missouri lifetime concealed 175 carry permit revoked and such person shall not be eligible for a 176 Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit or a concealed carry permit issued pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121 for a period of three 177years. Upon conviction of charges arising from a citation issued 178 pursuant to this subsection, the court shall notify the sheriff of the 179 county which issued the Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit. The 180 181 sheriff shall suspend or revoke the Missouri lifetime concealed carry 182 permit.

571.220. 1. In any case when the sheriff refuses to issue a Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit or to act on an application for such permit, the denied applicant shall have the right to appeal the denial within thirty days of receiving written notice of the denial. Such appeals shall be heard in small claims court as defined in section 482.300, and the provisions of sections 482.300, 482.310, and 482.335 shall apply to such appeals.

2. A denial of or refusal to act on an application for a Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit may be appealed by filing with the clerk of the small claims court a copy of the sheriff's written refusal and a form substantially similar to the appeal form provided in this section. Appeal forms shall be provided by the clerk of the small claims court free of charge to any person:

15	In the Circuit Court of.	, Missouri
16	, Denied Applicant	
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19	vs.	Case Number
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22		, Sheriff
23	Return Date	
24	APPEAL OF A DENIAL OF A MISSOURI	
25	LIFETIME CONCEALED CARRY PERMIT	
26	The denied applic	cant states that his or her properly completed
27	application for a Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit was denied	
28	by the sheriff of County, Missouri, without just cause. The	
29	denied applicant affirms that all of the statements in the application	
30	are true.	
31	, Denied Applicant	
32	3. The notice of appeal in a denial of a Missouri lifetime	
33	concealed carry permit appeal shall be made to the sheriff in a manner	
34	and form determined by the small claims court judge.	
35	4. If at the hearing	ng the person shows he or she is entitled to the
36	requested Missouri life	time concealed carry permit, the court shall
37	issue an appropriate o	order to cause the issuance of the Missouri
38	lifetime concealed carry	permit. Costs shall not be assessed against the
39	sheriff unless the action	of the sheriff is determined by the judge to be
40	arbitrary and capriciou	s.
41	5. Any person ag	grieved by any final judgment rendered by a
42	small claims court in a	denial of a Missouri lifetime concealed carry
43	permit appeal may have a right to trial de novo as provided in sections	
44	512.180 to 512.320.	

571.225. 1. Any person who has knowledge that another person, who was issued a Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit pursuant to sections 571.205 to 571.230, never was or no longer is eligible for such permit under the criteria established in sections 571.205 to 571.230 may file a petition with the clerk of the small claims court to revoke that person's Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit or endorsement. The petition shall be in a form substantially similar to the petition for

revocation of Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit provided in this section. Appeal forms shall be provided by the clerk of the small claims 10 court free of charge to any person: SMALL CLAIMS COURT 11 12 In the Circuit Court of, Missouri PLAINTIFF 13 14 15 16) Case Number vs. 17 18 Lifetime Carry Permit Holder 19, DEFENDANT, 20 **Sheriff of Issuance** 21 22 PETITION FOR REVOCATION OF A MISSOURI LIFETIME CONCEALED CARRY PERMIT 23 Plaintiff states to the court that the defendant, has a 24 Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit issued pursuant to sections 25 571.205 to 571.230, RSMo, and that the defendant's Missouri lifetime 26 concealed carry permit should now be revoked because the defendant 27 either never was or no longer is eligible for such a permit pursuant to 28 29 the provisions of sections 571.205 to 571.230, RSMo, specifically plaintiff 30 states that defendant,, never was or no longer is eligible for 31 such permit for one or more of the following reasons: 32(CHECK BELOW EACH REASON THAT APPLIES TO THIS DEFENDANT) 33 34 □ Defendant is not at least nineteen years of age or at least 35 eighteen years of age and a member of the United States Armed Forces or honorably discharged from the United States Armed 36 37 Forces. 38 Defendant is not a citizen or permanent resident of the United 39 States. Defendant had not resided in this state prior to issuance of the 40 permit or is not a current resident of this state. 41 Defendant has pled guilty to or been convicted of a crime 4243 punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding two years under the laws of any state or of the United States other than a 44

45 crime classified as a misdemeanor under the laws of any state 46 and punishable by a term of imprisonment of one year or less 47 that does not involve an explosive weapon, firearm, firearm 48 silencer, or gas gun. 49 Defendant has been convicted of, pled guilty to or entered a plea 50 of nolo contendere to one or more misdemeanor offenses 51 involving crimes of violence within a five-year period 52 immediately preceding application for a Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit issued pursuant to sections 571.205 to 53 571.230, RSMo, or the defendant has been convicted of two or 54 more misdemeanor offenses involving driving while under the 55 influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs or the possession or 56 abuse of a controlled substance within a five-year period 57 immediately preceding application for a concealed carry permit 58 issued pursuant to sections 571.205 to 571.230, RSMo. 59 60 Defendant is a fugitive from justice or currently charged in an information or indictment with the commission of a crime 61 62 punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year under the laws of any state of the United States other than a crime 63 classified as a misdemeanor under the laws of any state and 64 65 punishable by a term of imprisonment of two years or less that 66 does not involve an explosive weapon, firearm, firearm silencer, 67 or gas gun. Defendant has been discharged under dishonorable conditions from the United States Armed Forces. 68 69 Defendant is reasonably believed by the sheriff to be a danger to 70 self or others based on previous, documented pattern. 71Defendant is adjudged mentally incompetent at the time of 72 application or for five years prior to application, or has been 73 committed to a mental health facility, as defined in section 74632.005 or a similar institution located in another state, except that a person whose release or discharge from a facility in this 7576 state pursuant to chapter 632, RSMo, or a similar discharge from 77a facility in another state, occurred more than five years ago without subsequent recommitment may apply. 78 79 Defendant failed to submit a completed application for a 80 concealed carry permit issued pursuant to sections 571.205 to 81 571.230, RSMo.

Defendant failed to submit to or failed to clear the required background check. (Note: This does not apply if the defendant has submitted to a background check and been issued a provisional permit pursuant to subdivision (2) of subsection 6 of section 571.205, RSMo, and the results of the background check are still pending.)

Defendant failed to submit an affidavit attesting that the applicant complies with the concealed carry safety training requirement pursuant to subsection 1 of section 571.111, RSMo.

Defendant is otherwise disqualified from possessing a firearm pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 922(g) or section 571.070, RSMo, because (specify reason):

The plaintiff subject to penalty for perjury states that the information contained in this petition is true and correct to the best of the plaintiff's knowledge, is reasonably based upon the petitioner's personal knowledge and is not primarily intended to harass the defendant/respondent named herein.

....., PLAINTIFF

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- 2. If at the hearing the plaintiff shows that the defendant was not eligible for the Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit issued pursuant to sections 571.205 to 571.230 at the time of issuance or renewal or is no longer eligible for a Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit the court shall issue an appropriate order to cause the revocation of the Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit. Costs shall not be assessed against the sheriff.
- 107 3. The finder of fact, in any action brought against a permit holder pursuant to subsection 1 of this section, shall make findings of 108 109 fact and the court shall make conclusions of law addressing the issues at dispute. If it is determined that the plaintiff in such an action acted 110 without justification or with malice or primarily with an intent to 111 harass the permit holder or that there was no reasonable basis to bring 112 113 the action, the court shall order the plaintiff to pay the 114 defendant/respondent all reasonable costs incurred in defending the action including, but not limited to, attorney's fees, deposition costs, 115 and lost wages. Once the court determines that the plaintiff is liable 116 117 to the defendant/respondent for costs and fees, the extent and type of fees and costs to be awarded should be liberally calculated in 118

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defendant/respondent's favor. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, reasonable attorney's fees shall be presumed to be at least one hundred fifty dollars per hour.

4. Any person aggrieved by any final judgment rendered by a small claims court in a petition for revocation of a Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit may have a right to trial de novo as provided in sections 512.180 to 512.320.

5. The office of the county sheriff or any employee or agent of the county sheriff shall not be liable for damages in any civil action arising from alleged wrongful or improper granting, renewing, or failure to revoke a Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit issued pursuant to sections 571.205 to 571.230 so long as the sheriff acted in good faith.

571.230. Any person issued a Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit pursuant to sections 571.205 to 571.230, shall carry the permit at all times the person is carrying a concealed firearm and shall display the permit and a state or federal government-issued photo identification upon the request of any peace officer. Failure to comply with this section shall not be a criminal offense but the Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit holder may be issued a citation for an amount not to exceed thirty-five dollars.

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