FIRST REGULAR SESSION

SENATE BILL NO. 205

98TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR PARSON.

Read 1st time January 7, 2015, and ordered printed.

0598S.01I

ADRIANE D. CROUSE, Secretary.

AN ACT

To repeal sections 382.010, 382.040, 382.050, 382.060, 382.080, 382.095, 382.110, 382.160, 382.170, 382.180, 382.190, 382.195, 382.220, and 382.230, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof seventeen new sections relating to insurance holding companies, with a penalty provision.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 382.010, 382.040, 382.050, 382.060, 382.080, 382.095,
382.110, 382.160, 382.170, 382.180, 382.190, 382.195, 382.220, and 382.230,
RSMo, are repealed and seventeen new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be
known as sections 382.010, 382.040, 382.050, 382.060, 382.080, 382.095, 382.110,
382.160, 382.170, 382.175, 382.180, 382.190, 382.195, 382.220, 382.225, 382.230,
and 382.277, to read as follows:

382.010. As used in sections 382.010 to 382.300, the following words and terms have the meanings indicated unless the context clearly requires otherwise: (1) An "affiliate" of, or person "affiliated" with, a specific person, is a person that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, controls, or is controlled by, or is under common control with, the person specified;

6 (2) [The term] "Control", [including the terms] "controlling", "controlled 7 by" [and], or "under common control with", [means] the possession, direct or indirect, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and 8 policies of a person, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by 9 10 contract other than a commercial contract for goods or nonmanagement services, or otherwise, unless the power is the result of an official position with or 11 corporate office held by the person. Control shall be presumed to exist if any 12person, directly or indirectly, owns, controls, holds with power to vote, or holds 13

proxies representing, ten percent or more of the voting securities of any other 14 person. This presumption may be rebutted by a showing made in the manner 15provided by section 382.170 that control does not exist in fact. The director may 16determine, after furnishing all persons in interest notice and opportunity to be 17heard and making specific findings of fact to support such determination, that 18 control exists in fact, notwithstanding the absence of a presumption to that effect; 1920(3) [The term] "Director" [means], the director of the department of 21insurance, financial institutions and professional registration, his or her 22deputies, or the department of insurance, financial institutions and professional 23registration, as appropriate;

24(4) "Enterprise risk", any activity, circumstance, event, or series 25of events involving one or more affiliates of an insurer that, if not remedied promptly, is likely to have a material adverse effect upon the 2627financial condition or liquidity of the insurer or its insurance holding 28company system as a whole including, but not limited to, anything that 29would cause the insurer's risk-based capital to fall into company action 30 level as set forth in section 375.1255 or would cause the insurer to be 31in hazardous financial condition as set forth in section 375.539;

32 (5) [An] "Insurance holding company system" [consists of], two or more 33 affiliated persons, one or more of which is an insurer;

34[(5) The term] (6) "Insurer" [means], an insurance company as defined 35in section 375.012, including a reciprocal or interinsurance exchange, and which 36 is qualified and licensed by the department of insurance, financial institutions 37and professional registration of Missouri to transact the business of insurance in 38 this state; but it shall not include any company organized and doing business under [chapters] chapter 377, 378 or 380, agencies, authorities, or 39 40 instrumentalities of the United States, its possessions and territories, 41 the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the District of Columbia, or a state 42or political subdivision of a state;

[(6) A] (7) "Person" [is], an individual, corporation, limited liability company, partnership, association, joint stock company, [business] trust, unincorporated organization, or any similar entity, or any combination of the foregoing acting in concert, but [is not any securities broker performing no more than the usual and customary broker's function] shall not include any joint venture partnership exclusively engaged in owning, managing, leasing, or developing real or tangible personal property;

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[(7)] (8) A "securityholder" of a specified person is one who owns any

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51 security of that person, including common stock, preferred stock, debt obligations,

52 and any other security convertible into or evidencing the right to acquire any of 53 the foregoing;

54 [(8)] (9) A "subsidiary" of a specified person is an affiliate controlled by 55 that person directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries;

56 [(9)] (10) The term "voting security" includes any security convertible 57 into or evidencing a right to acquire a voting security.

382.040. 1. No person other than the issuer shall commence a tender offer for or a request or invitation for tenders of, or enter into any agreement to 2 3 exchange securities for, seek to acquire, or acquire, in the open market or otherwise, any voting security of a domestic insurer if, after the consummation 4 thereof, he or she would, directly or indirectly, or by conversion or by exercise 5of any right to acquire, be in control of the insurer, and no person shall enter into 6 7 an agreement to merge with or otherwise to acquire control of a domestic insurer unless, at the time the offer, request, or invitation is commenced or the 8 agreement is entered into, or prior to the acquisition of the securities if no offer 9 or agreement is involved, he or she has filed with the director and has sent to 10 the insurer a statement containing the information required by section 382.050 11 12and the offer, request, invitation, agreement or acquisition has been approved by the director in the manner prescribed by sections 382.010 to 382.300. 13

2. For purposes of sections 382.040 to 382.090, any controlling 14person of a domestic insurer seeking to divest its controlling interest 15in the domestic insurer in any manner shall file with the director, with 16 a copy to the insurer, confidential notice of its proposed divestiture at 1718 least thirty days prior to the cessation of control. The director shall 19 determine those instances in which the party or parties seeking to 20divest or to acquire a controlling interest in an insurer shall be 21required to file for and obtain approval of the transaction. The 22information shall remain confidential until the conclusion of the 23transaction. If the statement referred to in subsection 1 of this section is otherwise filed, the provisions of this subsection shall not apply. 24

25 3. With respect to a transaction subject to this section, the 26 acquiring person shall also file a preacquisition notification with the 27 director which shall contain the information set forth in subsection 3 28 of section 382.095. A failure to file the notification may be subject to 29 the penalties specified in subsection 7 of section 382.095.

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4. For purposes of this section, a domestic insurer shall include any

person controlling a domestic insurer unless such person, as determined by the 31 32director, is either directly or through its affiliates primarily engaged in business 33 other than the business of insurance; however, such person shall file a preacquisition notification with the director containing the information set forth 34 in section 382.095 thirty days prior to the proposed effective date of the 35acquisition. Any person who fails to file the preacquisition notification required 36 37by this section shall be subject to the penalties provided in subsection 5 of section 38382.095. For the purposes of sections 382.040, 382.050, 382.060, 382.070, 382.080 and 382.090, "person" shall not include any securities broker holding, in the usual 39 and customary broker's function, less than twenty percent of the voting securities 40of an insurance company or of any person which controls an insurance company. 41

382.050. 1. The statement to be filed with the director shall be made 2 under oath or affirmation and shall contain the following [information]:

3 (1) The name and address of each person hereinafter called "acquiring 4 party" by whom or on whose behalf the merger or other acquisition of control 5 referred to in section 382.040 is to be effected, and

6 (a) If that person is an individual, his **or her** principal occupation and all 7 offices and positions held during the past five years, and any conviction of crimes 8 other than minor traffic violations during the past ten years; and

9 (b) If that person is not an individual, a report of the nature of its 10 business operations during the past five years or for such lesser period as that 11 person and any predecessors thereof have been in existence;

(c) An informative description of the business intended to be done by thatperson and its subsidiaries; and

(d) A list of all individuals who are or who have been selected to become
directors or executive officers of such person, or who perform or will perform
functions appropriate to such positions. The list shall include for each such
individual the information required by paragraph (a) of subdivision (1) of
subsection 1 of this section;

19 (2) The source, nature and amount of the consideration to be used in 20effecting the merger or other acquisition of control, a description of any 21transaction wherein funds were or are to be obtained for any such purpose, 22including any pledge of the insurer's stock or the stock of any subsidiaries or controlling affiliates, and the identity of persons furnishing such consideration, 2324but, where a source of the consideration is a loan made in the lender's ordinary 25course of business, the identity of the lender shall remain confidential, if the person filing the statement so requests; 26

(3) Fully audited financial information as to the earnings and financial
condition of each acquiring party for the preceding five fiscal years of each such
acquiring party, or for such lesser period as such acquiring party and any
predecessors thereof shall have been in existence, and similar unaudited
information as of a date not earlier than ninety days prior to the filing of the
statement;

(4) Any plans or proposals which each acquiring party may have to
liquidate the insurer, to sell its assets, to merge or consolidate it with any person,
or to make any other material change in its business or corporate structure or
management;

37 (5) The number of shares of any security referred to in section 382.04038 which each acquiring party proposes to acquire;

(6) The terms of the proposed offer, request, invitation, agreement, or
acquisition referred to in section 382.040, and a statement as to the method by
which the fairness of the proposal was arrived at;

42 (7) The amount of each class of any security referred to in section 382.040
43 which is beneficially owned or concerning which there is a right to acquire
44 beneficial ownership by each acquiring party;

45(8) A full description of any contracts, arrangements or understandings with respect to any security referred to in section 382.040 in which any acquiring 46 party proposes to be or is involved, including but not limited to transfer of any 47 48 of the securities, joint ventures, loan or option arrangements, puts or calls, guarantees of loans, guarantees against loss or guarantees of profits, division of 49 losses or profits, or the giving or withholding of proxies. Such description shall 50identify the persons with whom such contracts, arrangements or understandings 51have been or will be entered into; 52

(9) A description of the purchase of any security referred to in section
382.040 during the twelve calendar months preceding the filing of the statement
by any acquiring party, including the dates of purchase, names of the purchasers,
and consideration paid or agreed to be paid therefor;

57 (10) A description of any recommendations to purchase any security 58 referred to in section 382.040 made during the twelve calendar months preceding 59 the filing of the statement by any acquiring party, or by anyone based upon 60 interviews or at the suggestion of such acquiring party;

61 (11) Copies of the form of all tender offers for, requests or invitations for
62 tenders of, exchange offers for, and agreements to acquire or exchange any
63 securities referred to in section 382.040, and of the form of additional soliciting

64 material, if distributed, relating thereto;

65 (12) The terms of any agreement, contract or understanding made with 66 or proposed to be made with any broker-dealer as to solicitation of securities 67 referred to in section 382.040 for tender, and the amount of any fees, commissions 68 or other compensation to be paid to broker-dealers with regard thereto; [and]

(13) An agreement by the person required to file the statement
referred to in section 382.040 that the annual report specified in section
382.175 will be provided for so long as control exists;

(14) An acknowledgment by the person required to file the statement referred to in section 382.040 that such person and all subsidiaries within its control in the insurance holding company system shall provide information to the director upon request as necessary to evaluate enterprise risk to the insurer; and

(15) Such additional information as the director may by rule or regulation
prescribe as necessary or appropriate for the protection of policyholders of the
insurer or in the public interest.

80 2. If the person required to file the statement referred to in section 81 382.040 is a partnership, limited partnership, syndicate or other group, the 82 director may require that the information called for by subdivisions (1) to [(13)] (15) of subsection 1 of this section shall be given with respect to each partner of 83 84 such partnership or limited partnership, each member of such syndicate or group, 85 and each person who controls such partner or member. If any such partner, 86 member or person is a corporation or the person required to file the statement 87 referred to in section 382.040 is a corporation, the director may require that the 88 information called for by subdivisions (1) to [(13)] (15) of subsection 1 of this 89 section shall be given with respect to the corporation, each officer and director of 90 the corporation, and each person who is directly or indirectly the beneficial owner 91 of more than ten percent of the outstanding voting securities of the corporation.

3. If any material change occurs in the facts set forth in the statement filed with the director and sent to the insurer pursuant to this section, an amendment setting forth the change, together with copies of all documents and other material relevant to the change, shall be filed with the director and shall be sent to the insurer within two business days after the person learns of the rhange.

98 4. If any offer, request, invitation, agreement or acquisition referred to in
99 section 382.040 is proposed to be made by means of a registration statement
100 under the Securities Act of 1933 or in circumstances requiring the disclosure of

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similar information under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, or under a state
law requiring similar registration or disclosure, the person required to file the
statement referred to in section 382.040 may utilize such documents in furnishing
the information called for by that statement.

382.060. 1. The director shall [hold a public hearing on the proposed]
approve any merger or other acquisition of control referred to in section 382.040
[and shall thereafter approve such merger or acquisition of control unless he
finds by a preponderance of the evidence] unless after a public hearing the
director finds that:

6 (1) After the change of control the domestic insurer referred to in section 7 382.040 would not be able to satisfy the requirements for the issuance of a license 8 to write the line or lines of insurance for which it is presently licensed;

9 (2) The effect of the merger or other acquisition of control would be 10 substantially to lessen competition in insurance in this state or tend to create a 11 monopoly therein. In applying the competitive standard in this subdivision:

(a) The informational requirements of subsection 3 of section 382.095 and
the standards of subsection 4 of section 382.095 shall apply;

(b) The merger or other acquisition of control shall not be disapproved if
the director finds that any of the situations meeting the criteria provided by
subsection 4 of section 382.095 exist; and

17 (c) The director may condition the approval of the merger or other18 acquisition on the removal of the basis of disapproval within a specified period19 of time;

(3) The financial condition of any acquiring party is such as might
jeopardize the financial stability of the insurer, or prejudice the interest of its
policyholders;

(4) The plans or proposals which the acquiring party has to liquidate the
insurer, to sell its assets or to consolidate or merge it with any person, or to make
any other material change in its business or corporate structure or management
are unfair and unreasonable to policyholders of the insurer and contrary to the
public interest;

(5) The competence, experience or integrity of those persons who would
control the operation of the insurer are such that it would be contrary to the
interest of policyholders of the insurer and of the public to permit the merger or
other acquisition of control; or

32 (6) The acquisition is likely to be hazardous or prejudicial to the 33 insurance buying public. 342. Any disapproval made by the director shall be in writing and shall35 contain specific findings of fact supporting it.

36 3. The public hearing referred to above in this section shall be held within thirty days after the statement required by section 382.040 is filed, and at least 37 38twenty days' notice thereof shall be given by the director to the person filing the 39 statement. Not less than seven days' notice of the public hearing shall be given 40 by the person filing the statement to the insurer and to such other persons and in such manner as may be designated by the director. The director shall make 41 a determination within thirty days after the conclusion of the hearing. At the 42hearing, the person filing the statement, the insurer, any person to whom notice 43of hearing was sent, and any other person whose interests may be affected 44 thereby shall have the right to present evidence, examine and cross-examine 4546 witnesses, and offer oral and written arguments and in connection therewith may 47conduct discovery proceedings in the same manner as is presently allowed in the circuit courts of this state. All discovery proceedings shall be concluded not later 48than three days prior to the commencement of the public hearing. 49

504. If the proposed acquisition of control requires the approval of more than one state insurance commissioner, the public hearing 51referred to in subsection 3 of this section may be held on a consolidated 52basis upon request of the person filing the statement referred to in 53section 382.040. Such person shall file the statement referred to in 5455section 382.040 with the National Association of Insurance Commissioners within five days of making the request for a public 56hearing. A state insurance commissioner may opt out of a consolidated 57hearing and shall provide notice to the applicant of the opt out within 5859ten days of the receipt of the statement referred to in section 382.040.

A hearing conducted on a consolidated basis shall be public and shall
be held within the United States before the insurance commissioners
of the states in which the insurers are domiciled. Such commissioners
shall hear and receive evidence. A state insurance commissioner may
attend such hearing in person or by telecommunication.

5. In connection with a change of control of a domestic insurer, any determination by the director that the person acquiring control of the insurer shall be required to maintain or restore the capital of the insurer to the level required by the laws and regulations of this state shall be made not later than sixty days after the date of notification of the change of control submitted under subsection 1 of section 382.040.

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6. The director may retain at the acquiring party's expense any attorneys, actuaries, accountants and other experts not otherwise a part of the director's staff as may be reasonably necessary to assist the director in reviewing the proposed acquisition of control.

382.080. The following shall be violations of sections [382.010 to 382.300] 2 **382.040 to 382.090**:

3 (1) The failure to file any statement, amendment, or other material 4 required to be filed pursuant to section 382.040 or 382.050; or

5 (2) The effectuation or any attempt to effectuate an acquisition of control 6 of, **divestiture of**, or merger with[,] a domestic insurer covered by sections 7 [382.010 to 382.300, within the thirty-day period referred to in section 382.060, 8 without approval by the director or after disapproval by the director] **382.040** to

9 382.090, unless the director has given approval.

382.095. 1. As used in this section, the following terms mean:

2 (1) "Acquisition", any agreement, arrangement or activity the 3 consummation of which results in a person acquiring directly or indirectly the 4 control of another person, and includes but is not limited to the acquisition of 5 voting securities, the acquisition of assets, bulk reinsurance and mergers;

6 (2) "Involved insurer" includes an insurer which either acquires or is 7 acquired, is affiliated with an acquirer or acquired or is the result of a merger.

- 8 2. Except as provided in this subsection, this section applies to any 9 acquisition in which there is a change in control of an insurer authorized to do 10 business in this state. This section shall not apply to the following [as provided 11 in section 382.060]:
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(1) [An acquisition subject to approval or disapproval by the director;

13 (2)] A purchase of securities solely for investment purposes so long as such securities are not used by voting or otherwise to cause or attempt to cause 14 the substantial lessening of competition in any insurance market in this state. If 15a purchase of securities results in a presumption of control under subdivision (2) 16of section 382.010, it is not solely for investment purposes unless the 17commissioner of insurance or other appropriate person of the insurer's state of 18 19 domicile accepts a disclaimer of control or affirmatively finds that control does not exist and such disclaimer action or affirmative finding is communicated by such 2021person to the director;

[(3)] (2) The acquisition of a person by another person when both persons are neither directly nor through affiliates primarily engaged in the business of insurance, if preacquisition notification is filed with the director in accordance with subsection 3 of this section thirty days prior to the proposed effective date of the acquisition; however, such preacquisition notification is not required for exclusion from this section if the acquisition would otherwise be excluded from this section by any other subdivision of this subsection;

29 [(4)] (3) The acquisition of already affiliated persons;

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[(5)] (4) An acquisition if, as an immediate result of the acquisition:

31 (a) In no market would the combined market share of the involved32 insurers exceed five percent of the total market;

(b) There would be no increase in any market share; or

34 (c) In no market would the combined market share of the involved 35 insurers exceed twelve percent of the total market, and the market share of the 36 involved insurer after the acquisition would increase by two percent of the total 37 market or less. For the purpose of this subdivision, a "market" means direct 38 written insurance premium in this state for a line of business as contained in the 39 annual statement required to be filed by insurers licensed to do business in this 40 state;

41 [(6)] (5) An acquisition for which a preacquisition notification would be 42 required pursuant to this section due solely to the resulting effect on the ocean 43 marine insurance line of business;

[(7)] (6) An acquisition of an insurer whose domiciliary commissioner or other appropriate person affirmatively finds that such insurer is in failing condition; there is a lack of feasible alternative to improving such condition; the public benefits of improving such insurer's condition through the acquisition exceed the public benefits that would arise from not lessening competition; and such findings are communicated by such person to the director.

503. An acquisition covered by [subdivisions (1) to (7) of] subsection 2 of this section may be subject to an order pursuant to subsection [5] 6 of this section, 51unless the acquiring person files a preacquisition notification and the waiting 5253period described in this subsection has expired. The acquired person or acquiring person may file a preacquisition notification. The director shall give confidential 54treatment to information submitted under this subsection. The preacquisition 55notification shall be in such form and contain such information as prescribed by 56the National Association of Insurance Commissioners relating to those markets 57which, under subdivision [(5)] (4) of subsection 2 of this section cause the 5859acquisition not to be exempted from the provisions of this section. The director 60 may require such additional material and information as he or she deems necessary to determine whether the proposed acquisition, if consummated, would 61

62 violate the competitive standard of subsection 4 of this section. The required 63 information may include an opinion of an economist as to the competitive impact 64 of the acquisition in this state accompanied by a summary of the education and experience of such person indicating his **or her** ability to render an informed 65 66 opinion. The waiting period required shall begin on the date of receipt by the 67 director of a preacquisition notification and shall end on the earlier of the 68 thirtieth day after the date of such receipt, or termination of the waiting period 69 by the director. Prior to the end of the waiting period, the director on a one-time basis may require the submission of additional needed information relevant to the 7071proposed acquisition, in which event the waiting period shall end on the earlier 72of the thirtieth day after receipt of such additional information by the director or 73termination of the waiting period by the director.

4. (1) The director may enter an order under subsection 5 of this section with respect to an acquisition if there is substantial evidence that the effect of the acquisition may be substantially to lessen competition in any line of insurance in this state or tend to create a monopoly therein or if the insurer fails to file adequate information in compliance with subsection 3 of this section.

(2) In determining whether a proposed acquisition would violate the
competitive standard of subdivision (1) of this subsection, the director shall
consider the following:

(a) Any acquisition covered under subsection 2 of this section involving
two or more insurers competing in the same market is prima facie evidence of
violation of the competitive standards:

a. If the market is highly concentrated and the involved insurers possessthe following share of the market:

87	Insurer A	Insurer B
88	4%	4% or more
89	10%	2% or more
90	15%	1% or more; or
91	b. If the market is not highly concentrated and the involved insurers	
92	possess the following share of the market:	
93	Insurer A	Insurer B
94	5%	5% or more
95	10%	4% or more
96	15%	3% or more
97	19%	1% or more
98	A highly concentrated market is one in which the share of the four largest	

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99 insurers is seventy-five percent or more of the market. Percentages not shown 100 in the tables are to be interpolated proportionately to the percentages that are 101 shown. If more than two insurers are involved, exceeding the total of the two 102 columns in the table is prima facie evidence of violation of the competitive 103 standard in subdivision (1) of this subsection. For the purpose of this 104 subdivision, the insurer with the largest share of the market shall be deemed to 105 be insurer A;

106 (b) There is a significant trend toward increased concentration when the aggregate market share of any grouping of the largest insurers in the market, 107 108from the two largest to the eight largest, has increased by seven percent or more 109 of the market over a period of time extending from any base year five to ten years 110 prior to the acquisition up to the time of the acquisition. Any acquisition or merger covered under subsection 2 of this section involving two or more insurers 111 competing in the same market is prima facie evidence of violation of the 112competitive standard in subdivision (1) of this subsection if: 113

114 a. There is a significant trend toward increased concentration in the 115 market;

b. One of the insurers involved is one of the insurers in a grouping of such
large insurers showing the requisite seven percent or more increase in the market
share; and

119 c. Another involved insurer's market is two percent or more.

(3) For the purposes of subdivision (2) of this subsection:

(a) The term "insurer" includes any company or group of companies undercommon management, ownership or control;

123 (b) The term "market" means the relevant product and geographical 124markets. In determining the relevant product and geographical markets, the director shall give due consideration to, among other things, the definitions or 125126 guidelines, if any, promulgated by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners and to information, if any, submitted by parties to the acquisition. 127In the absence of sufficient information to the contrary, the relevant product 128 market is assumed to be the direct written insurance premium for a line of 129 130 business, such line being that used in the annual statement required to be filed by insurers doing business in this state, and the relevant geographical market is 131132assumed to be this state;

(c) The burden of showing prima facie evidence of violation of thecompetitive standard rests upon the director.

135 (4) Even though an acquisition is not prima facie violative of the

136 competitive standard under subdivision (2) of this subsection, the director may establish that the requisite anticompetitive effect exists based upon other 137138substantial evidence. Even though an acquisition is prima facie violative of the competitive standard under subdivision (2) of this subsection, a party may 139140 establish the absence of the requisite anticompetitive effect, based upon other 141 substantial evidence. Relevant factors in making a determination under this 142subdivision include, but are not limited to, the following: market shares, 143volatility of ranking of market leaders, number of competitors, concentration, trend of concentration in the industry, and ease of entry and exit into the market. 144

145 (5) An order [may] shall not be entered under subsection 5 of this section146 if:

(a) The acquisition will yield substantial economies of scale or economies
in resource use that cannot be feasibly achieved in any other way, and the public
benefits which would arise from such economies exceed the public benefits which
would arise from not lessening competition; or

151 (b) The acquisition will substantially increase the availability of 152 insurance, and the public benefits of such increase exceed the public benefits 153 which would arise from not lessening competition.

154 5. If an acquisition violates the standards of this section, the director may155 enter an order:

(1) Requiring an involved insurer to cease and desist from doing business
in this state with respect to the line or lines of insurance involved in the
violation; or

159(2) Denying the application of an acquired or acquiring insurer for a license to do business in this state. Such an order shall not be entered unless 160there is a hearing, notice of such hearing is issued prior to the end of the waiting 161period and not less than fifteen days prior to the hearing, and the hearing is 162concluded and the order is issued no later than sixty days after the end of the 163164waiting period. Every order shall be accompanied by a written decision of the director setting forth his **or her** findings of fact and conclusions of law. An order 165entered under this subsection shall not become final earlier than thirty days after 166167it is issued, during which time any involved insurer may submit a plan to remedy 168the anticompetitive impact of the acquisition within a reasonable time. Based upon such plan or other information, the director shall specify the conditions, if 169170any, under the time period during which the aspects of the acquisition causing 171a violation of the standards of this section would be remedied and the order vacated or modified. An order issued pursuant to this subsection shall not apply 172

173 if the acquisition is not consummated.

6. Any person who violates a cease and desist order of the director under subsection 5 of this section, and while such order is in effect, may, after notice and hearing and upon order of the director, be subject at the discretion of the director to any one or more of the following:

178 (1) A monetary penalty of not more than ten thousand dollars for every179 day of violation; or

180 (2) Suspension or revocation of such person's license.

181 7. Any insurer or other person who fails to make any filing required by 182 this section and who also fails to demonstrate a good faith effort to comply with 183 any such filing requirement shall be subject to a fine of not more than fifty 184 thousand dollars.

185 8. Sections 382.260 and 382.280 do not apply to acquisitions covered by186 subsection 2 of this section.

382.110. 1. Every insurer subject to registration shall file a registration
2 statement on a form provided by the director containing current information
3 about:

4 (1) The capital structure, general financial condition, ownership and 5 management of the insurer and any person controlling the insurer;

6 (2) The identity of every member of the insurance holding company 7 system;

8 (3) The following agreements in force, relationships subsisting, and 9 transactions currently outstanding between the insurer and its affiliates:

10 (a) Loans, other investments, or purchases, sales or exchanges of 11 securities of the affiliates by the insurer or of the insurer by its affiliates;

12 (b) Purchases, sales, or exchanges of assets;

13 (c) Transactions not in the ordinary course of business;

(d) Guarantees or undertakings for the benefit of an affiliate which result
in an actual contingent exposure of the insurer's assets to liability, other than
insurance contracts entered into in the ordinary course of the insurer's business;
(e) All management and service contracts and all cost-sharing
arrangements; and

19 (f) Reinsurance agreements;

20 (g) Dividends and other distributions to shareholders; and

21 (h) Consolidated tax allocation agreements;

(4) Any pledge of the insurer's stock, including stock of any subsidiary orcontrolling affiliate, for a loan made to any member of the insurance holding

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24 company system; [and]

25(5) Financial statements of or within an insurance holding 26company system, including all affiliates, if requested by the 27director. Financial statements may include, but are not limited to, 28annual audited financial statements filed with the United States 29Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) under the Securities Act of 30 1933, as amended, or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. 31 An insurer required to file financial statements under this subdivision 32 may satisfy such requirement by providing the director with the most 33 recently filed parent corporation financial statements that have been filed with the SEC; 34

35 (6) Statements that the insurer's board of directors oversees 36 corporate governance and internal controls and that the insurer's 37 officers or senior management have approved, implemented, and 38 continue to maintain and monitor corporate governance and internal 39 control procedures;

40 (7) Other matters concerning transactions between registered insurers 41 and any affiliates as may be included from time to time in any registration forms 42 adopted or approved by the director; and

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(8) Any other information required by the director by rule.

All registration statements shall contain a summary outlining all items
in the current registration statement representing changes from the prior
registration statement.

3. No information need be disclosed on the registration statement filed pursuant to subsection 1 of this section if such information is not material for the purposes of that subsection. Unless the director by rule, regulation or order provides otherwise, sales, purchases, exchanges, loans or extensions of credit, or investments, involving one-half of one percent or less of an insurer's admitted assets as of the thirty-first day of December next preceding shall not be deemed material for purposes of subsection 1 of this section.

4. Any person within an insurance holding company system subject to registration shall be required to provide complete and accurate information to an insurer, where such information is reasonably necessary to enable the insurer to comply with the provisions of sections 382.010 to 382.300.

382.160. The provisions of sections 382.100 [and 382.110] to 382.180 2 shall not apply to any insurer, information or transaction if and to the extent that 3 the director by rule, regulation, or order shall exempt the same from such 4 provisions.

382.170. Any person may file with the director a disclaimer of affiliation with any authorized insurer or the disclaimer may be filed by the insurer or any 2member of an insurance holding company system. The disclaimer shall fully 3 disclose all material relationships and bases for affiliation between such person 4 and such insurer as well as the basis for disclaiming such affiliation. [After a 5 6 disclaimer has been filed, the insurer shall be relieved of any duty to register or report under section 382.110 which may arise out of the insurer's relationship 7 with such person unless and until the director disallows the disclaimer. The 8 director shall disallow the disclaimer only after furnishing all parties in interest 9 with notice and opportunity to be heard and after making specific findings of fact 10 to support the disallowance.] A disclaimer of affiliation shall be deemed to 11 have been granted unless the director, within thirty days following 12receipt of a complete disclaimer, notifies the filing party that the 1314 disclaimer is disallowed. In the event of disallowance, the disclaiming 15party may request an administrative hearing, which shall be 16granted. The disclaiming party shall be relieved of its duty to register 17under this section if approval of the disclaimer has been granted by the 18 director or if the disclaimer is deemed to have been approved.

382.175. Upon request of the director, the ultimate controlling person of every insurer subject to registration shall file an annual $\mathbf{2}$ 3 enterprise risk report. The report shall be appropriate to the nature, scale, and complexity of the operations of the insurance holding 4 company and shall, to the best of the ultimate controlling person's 5 knowledge and belief, identify the material risks within the insurance 6 holding company system, if any, that could pose enterprise risk to the 7 insurer. The report shall be filed with the lead state insurance 8 commissioner of the insurance holding company system as determined 9 by procedures within the Financial Analysis Handbook adopted by the 10 National Association of Insurance Commissioners. The first enterprise 11 risk report shall be due and filed no later than May 1, 2016, and 12annually thereafter by the first day of May each year, unless the lead 13 state insurance commissioner extends the time for filing for good cause 14 shown. 15

382.180. The failure to file a registration statement [or any amendment
thereto], summary of the registration statement, or enterprise risk filing
required under sections 382.100 to 382.180 within the time specified for the

4 filing is a violation of sections [382.010 to 382.300] **382.100 to 382.180**.

382.190. Material transactions by registered insurers with their affiliates2 are subject to the following standards:

3 (1) The terms shall be fair and reasonable;

4 (2) Charges or fees for services shall be reasonable;

5 (3) Expenses incurred and payment received shall be allocated to the 6 insurer in conformity with customary insurance accounting practices consistently 7 applied;

8 (4) The books, accounts and records of each party shall be maintained so 9 as to clearly and accurately disclose the precise nature and details of the 10 transactions including such accounting information as is necessary to 11 support the reasonableness of the charges or fees to the respective 12 parties; [and]

(5) The insurer's surplus as regards policyholders following any dividends
or distributions to shareholder affiliates shall be reasonable in relation to the
insurer's outstanding liabilities and adequate to its financial needs; and

16 (6) Agreements for cost-sharing services and management shall
 17 include such provisions as required by the director by rule.

382.195. 1. The following transactions involving a domestic insurer and any person in its holding company system [may], including amendments or modifications of affiliate agreements previously filed under this section that are subject to any materiality standards contained in subdivisions (1) to (7) of this subsection, shall not be entered into unless the insurer has notified the director in writing of its intention to enter into such transaction at least thirty days prior thereto, or such shorter period as the director may permit, and the director has not disapproved it within such period:

9 (1) Sales, purchases, exchanges, loans [or], extensions of credit, 10 [guarantees,] or investments if such transactions are equal to or exceed, with 11 respect to nonlife insurers, the lesser of three percent of the insurer's admitted 12 assets or twenty-five percent of surplus as regards policyholders, or with respect 13 to life insurers, three percent of the insurer's admitted assets, each as of the 14 thirty-first day of December of the preceding year;

15 (2) Loans or extensions of credit to any person who is not an affiliate, 16 where the insurer makes such loans or extensions of credit with agreement or 17 understanding that the proceeds of such transactions, in whole or in substantial 18 part, are to be used to make loans or extensions of credit to, to purchase assets 19 of, or to make investments in, any affiliate of the insurer making such loans or 20 extensions of credit provided such transactions are equal to or exceed, with 21 respect to nonlife insurers, the lesser of three percent of the insurer's admitted 22 assets or twenty-five percent of surplus as regards policyholders, or with respect 23 to life insurers, three percent of the insurer's admitted assets; each as of the 24 thirty-first day of December of the preceding year;

25 (3) Reinsurance agreements or modifications thereto, including:

26

(a) All reinsurance pooling agreements;

27(b) Agreements in which the reinsurance premium or a change in the insurer's liabilities, or the projected reinsurance premium or a change in 2829the insurer's liabilities in any of the next three years equals or exceeds five percent of the insurer's surplus as regards policyholders, as of the thirty-first 30 day of December of the preceding year, including those agreements which may 31require as consideration the transfer of assets from an insurer to a nonaffiliate, 32if an agreement or understanding exists between the insurer and nonaffiliate that 33 any portion of such assets will be transferred to one or more affiliates of the 34insurer; 35

36 (4) All management agreements, tax allocation agreements, service
 37 contracts, and all cost-sharing arrangements; [and]

38(5) Guarantees when made by a domestic insurer; provided, however, that a guarantee which is quantifiable as to amount is not 39 subject to the notice requirements of this subdivision unless it exceeds 40 the lesser of one-half of one percent of the insurer's admitted assets or 41 42ten percent of surplus as regards policyholders as of the thirty-first day of December next preceding. Further, all guarantees which are not 4344 quantifiable as to amount are subject to the notice requirements of this 45subdivision;

46 (6) Direct or indirect acquisitions or investments in a person that controls the insurer or in an affiliate of the insurer in an amount 4748which, together with its present holding in such investments, exceeds 49 two and one-half percent of the insurer's surplus to policyholders. Direct or indirect acquisitions or investments in 50subsidiaries acquired under section 382.020 or authorized under any 51other provision of this chapter or in nonsubsidiary insurance affiliates 5253that are subject to the provisions of this chapter are exempt from such requirement; and 54

55 (7) Any material transactions, specified by regulation, which the director 56 determines may adversely affect the interests of the insurer's policyholders. 57 The notice for amendments or modifications shall include the reasons 58 for the change and the financial impact on the domestic insurer.

2. The provisions of subsection 1 of this section shall not be deemed to
authorize or permit any transactions which, in the case of an insurer not a
member of the same holding company system, would be otherwise contrary to law.

[2.] **3.** A domestic insurer [may] **shall** not enter into transactions which are part of a plan or series of like transactions with persons within the **insurance** holding company system if the purpose of those separate transactions is to avoid the statutory threshold amount and thus avoid the review that would occur otherwise. If the director determines that such separate transactions were entered into over any twelve-month period for such purpose, [he] **the director** may exercise his **or her** authority under section 382.265.

4. In reviewing transactions under subsection 1 of this section,
the director shall consider whether the transactions comply with the
standards set forth in section 382.190 and whether they may adversely
affect the interest of policyholders.

5. The director shall be notified within thirty days of any investment of the domestic insurer in any one corporation if the total investment in the corporation by the insurance holding company system exceeds ten percent of the corporation's voting securities.

382.220. 1. Subject to the limitation contained in this section and in addition to all the other powers with which the director is vested by law relating $\mathbf{2}$ 3 to the examination of insurers, the director may [order] examine any insurer registered under the provisions of sections [382.010 to 382.300] 382.100 to 4 $\mathbf{5}$ 382.180 and its affiliates to ascertain the financial condition of the insurer including the enterprise risk to the insurer by the ultimate 6 controlling party, by any entity or combination of entities within the 7 insurance holding company system, or by the insurance company 8 9 system on a consolidated basis.

2. The director may order any insurer registered under sections 382.100 to 382.180 to produce such records, books, or other information papers in the possession of the insurer or its affiliates as [shall be] are reasonably necessary to [ascertain the financial condition or legality of conduct of the insurer. In the event the insurer fails to comply with the order, the director may examine such affiliates to obtain such information] determine compliance with this chapter.

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3. To determine compliance with this chapter, the director may

18 order any insurer registered under sections 382.100 to 382.180 to 19 produce information not in the possession of the insurer if the insurer 20 is able to obtain access to such information under contractual 21relationships, statutory obligations, or other methods. In the event the 22insurer is unable to obtain the information requested by the director, 23the insurer shall provide the director with a detailed explanation of the 24reason that the insurer is unable to obtain the information and the 25identity of the holder of such information. Whenever it appears to the 26director that the detailed explanation is without merit, the director shall have the power to examine the insurer to determine compliance 27with this section pursuant to the director's authority under section 28374.205 and this section. 29

30 [2.] 4. The director may retain at the registered insurer's expense such 31attorneys, actuaries, accountants and other experts not otherwise a part of the 32director's staff as shall be reasonably necessary to assist in the conduct of the 33examination under this section. Any persons so retained shall be under the direction and control of the director and shall act in a purely advisory capacity. 3435[3.] 5. Each registered insurer producing for examination records, books and papers pursuant to this section shall be liable for and shall pay the expense 36 37of such examination in accordance with the provisions of section 374.220.

38 6. In the event the insurer fails to comply with an order, the director shall have the power to examine the affiliates to obtain the 39 information. The director shall have the power to issue subpoenas, 40administer oaths, and examine under oath any person for purposes of 41 determining compliance with this section. Upon the failure or refusal 42 of any person to obey a subpoena, the director may petition a court of 43competent jurisdiction, and upon proper showing, the court may enter 44 an order compelling the witness to appear and testify or produce 45documentary evidence. Failure to obey the court order shall be 46 punishable as contempt of court. Every person shall be obligated to 47attend as a witness at the place specified in the subpoena, when 48 subpoenaed, anywhere within the state. He or she shall be entitled to 49 the same fees and mileage, if claimed, as a witness in section 491.280, 50which fees, mileage, and actual expense, if any, necessarily incurred in 51securing the attendance of witnesses and their testimony, shall be 5253itemized, charged against, and paid by the company being examined.

382.225. 1. With respect to any insurer registered under sections

2 382.100 to 382.180 and in accordance with subsection 3 of this section,

3 the director shall also have the power to participate in a supervisory 4 college for any domestic insurer that is part of an insurance holding 5 company system with international operations in order to determine 6 compliance by the insurer with this chapter. The powers of the 7 director with respect to supervisory colleges include, but are not 8 limited to, the following:

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(1) Initiating the establishment of a supervisory college;

10 (2) Clarifying the membership and participation of other 11 supervisors in the supervisory college;

(3) Clarifying the functions of the supervisory college and the
role of other regulators including the establishment of a group-wide
supervisor or host, who may be the director;

(4) Coordinating the ongoing activities of the supervisory
college, including planning meetings, supervisory activities, and
processes for information sharing; and

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(5) Establishing a crisis management plan.

2. Each registered insurer subject to this section shall be liable 19 for and shall pay the reasonable expenses of the director's participation 20in a supervisory college in accordance with subsection 3 of this section 2122including reasonable travel expenses. For purposes of this section, a supervisory college may be convened as either a temporary or 23permanent forum for communication and cooperation between the 2425regulators charged with the supervision of the insurer or its affiliates, and the director may establish a regular assessment to the insurer for 2627the payment of such expenses.

283. In order to assess the business strategy, financial position, 29legal and regulatory position, risk exposure, risk management and 30 governance processes, and as part of the examination of individual insurers in accordance with section 382.220, the director may 31 32participate in a supervisory college with other regulators charged with supervision of the insurer or its affiliates including other state, federal, 33and international regulatory agencies. The director may enter into 34 agreements in accordance with subsection 3 of section 382.230 35providing the basis for cooperation between the director and the other 36 37 regulatory agencies and the activities of the supervisory college. Nothing in this section shall delegate to the supervisory 38

39 college the authority of the director to regulate or supervise the40 insurer or its affiliates within the director's jurisdiction.

382.230. 1. All information, documents and copies thereof obtained by or $\mathbf{2}$ disclosed to the director or any other person in the course of an examination or 3 investigation made [pursuant to] under section 382.220 and all information reported [pursuant to section] under subdivisions (13) and (14) of 4 $\mathbf{5}$ subsection 1 of section 382.050 and sections 382.100 to 382.210 shall be 6 given confidential treatment and privileges; shall not be subject to the 7 provisions of chapter 610; shall not be subject to subpoena [and]; shall not be 8 made public by the director, the National Association of Insurance Commissioners, or any other person, except to the chief insurance regulatory 9 10 official of other states[,]; and shall not be subject to discovery or 11 admissible as evidence in any private civil action. However, the 12director is authorized to use the documents, materials, or other 13 information in furtherance of any regulatory or legal action brought as a part of the director's official duties. The director shall not otherwise 14 15make the documents, materials, or other information public without the 16prior written consent of the insurer to which it pertains unless the director, after 17giving the insurer and its affiliates who would be affected thereby, notice and opportunity to be heard, determines that the interests of policyholders, 18 19 shareholders or the public will be served by the publication thereof, in which 20event [he] the director may publish all or any part thereof in such manner as 21he or she may deem appropriate.

22 2. Neither the director nor any person who receives documents, 23 materials, or other information while acting under the authority of the 24 director or with whom such documents, materials, or other information 25 is shared under sections 382.010 to 382.300 shall be permitted or 26 required to testify in any private civil action concerning any 27 confidential documents, materials, or other information subject to 28 subsection 1 of this section.

3. In order to assist in the performance of the director's duties,
the director:

(1) May share documents, materials, or other information including the confidential and privileged documents, materials, or other information subject to subsection 1 of this section with other state, federal, and international financial regulatory agencies, with the National Association of Insurance Commissioners and its affiliates and 36 subsidiaries, and with state, federal, and international law enforcement 37 authorities including members of any supervisory college described in 38 section 382.225; provided that the recipient agrees in writing to 39 maintain the confidentiality and privileged status of such documents, 40 materials, or other information, and has verified in writing the legal 41 authority to maintain confidentiality;

42 (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 1 of this section 43 and subdivision (1) of this subsection, may share confidential and 44 privileged documents, materials, or other information reported under 45 section 382.175 only with the directors of states having statutes or 46 regulations substantially similar to subsection 1 of this section and who 47 have agreed in writing not to disclose such information;

48 (3) May receive documents, materials, or other information including otherwise confidential and privileged documents, materials, 49or information from the National Association of Insurance 50Commissioners and its affiliates and subsidiaries and from regulatory 51and law enforcement officials of other foreign or domestic jurisdictions, 5253and shall maintain as confidential or privileged any documents, 54 materials, or other information received with notice or the understanding that it is confidential or privileged under the laws of the 55jurisdiction that is the source of the document, material, or other 56information; and 57

(4) Shall enter into a written agreement with the National
Association of Insurance Commissioners governing sharing and use of
information provided under sections 382.010 to 382.300 consistent with
this subsection that shall:

62 (a) Specify procedures and protocols regarding the confidentiality and security of information shared with the National 63 Association of Insurance Commissioners and its affiliates and 64 65 subsidiaries under sections 382.010 to 382.300 including procedures and 66 protocols for sharing by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners with other state, federal, and international regulators; 67 (b) Specify that ownership of information shared with the 68 National Association of Insurance Commissioners and its affiliates and 69 subsidiaries under sections 382.010 to 382.300 remains with the director 70 and that the National Association of Insurance Commissioner's use of 71such information is subject to the direction of the director; 72

(c) Require prompt notice to be given to an insurer whose
confidential information in the possession of the National Association
of Insurance Commissioners under sections 382.010 to 382.300 is subject
to a request or subpoena to the National Association of Insurance
Commissioners for disclosure or production; and

78(d) Require the National Association of Insurance Commissioners and its affiliates and subsidiaries to consent to intervention by an 79 insurer in any judicial or administrative action in which the National 80 Association of Insurance Commissioners and its affiliates and 81 subsidiaries may be required to disclose confidential information about 82 the insurer shared with the National Association of Insurance 83 Commissioners and its affiliates and subsidiaries under sections 382.010 84 85 to 382.300.

4. The sharing of information by the director under sections 382.010 to 382.300 shall not constitute a delegation of regulatory or rulemaking authority, and the director is solely responsible for the administration, execution, and enforcement of the provisions of sections 382.010 to 382.300.

5. No waiver of any applicable privilege or claim of
confidentiality in the documents, materials, or other information shall
occur as a result of disclosure of such documents, materials, or other
information to the director under this section or as a result of sharing
as authorized in sections 382.010 to 382.300.

96 6. Documents, materials, or other information in the possession 97 or control of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners 98 under sections 382.010 to 382.300 shall be confidential by law and 99 privileged, shall not be subject to disclosure under chapter 610, shall 100 not be subject to subpoena, and shall not be subject to discovery or 101 admissible in evidence in any private civil action.

382.277. Whenever it appears to the director that any person has committed a violation of sections 382.040 to 382.090 and the violation prevents the full understanding of the enterprise risk to the insurer by affiliates or by the insurance holding company system, the violation may serve as an independent basis for disapproving dividends or distributions and for placing the insurer under an order of suspension in accordance with section 375.1160.