## FIRST REGULAR SESSION HOUSE BILL NO. 481

## 98TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVE BERRY.

D. ADAM CRUMBLISS, Chief Clerk

## AN ACT

To repeal section 386.890, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof one new section relating to the net metering and easy connection act.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Section 386.890, RSMo, is repealed and one new section enacted in lieu 2 thereof, to be known as section 386.890, to read as follows: 386.890. 1. This section shall be known and may be cited as the "Net Metering and Easy Connection Act". 2 3 2. As used in this section, the following terms shall mean: 4 (1) "Avoided fuel cost", the current average cost of fuel for the entity generating electricity, as defined by the governing body with jurisdiction over any municipal electric utility, 5 rural electric cooperative as provided in chapter 394, or electrical corporation as provided in this 6 7 chapter; 8 (2) "Commission", the public service commission of the state of Missouri; 9 (3) "Customer-generator", the owner or operator of a qualified electric energy generation 10 unit which: 11 (a) Is powered by a renewable energy resource; 12 (b) Has an electrical generating system [with a capacity of not more than one hundred 13 kilowatts]; 14 (c) Is located on a premises owned, operated, leased, or otherwise controlled by the 15 customer-generator; 16 (d) Is interconnected and operates in parallel phase and synchronization with a retail electric supplier and has been approved by said retail electric supplier; 17

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

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(e) Is intended [primarily to offset part or all] not to exceed one hundred percent of
 the customer-generator's own electrical energy requirements;

(f) Meets all applicable safety, performance, interconnection, and reliability standards
established by the National Electrical Code, the National Electrical Safety Code, the Institute of
Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Underwriters Laboratories, the Federal Energy Regulatory
Commission, and any local governing authorities; and

(g) Contains a mechanism that automatically disables the unit and interrupts the flow of
 electricity back onto the supplier's electricity lines in the event that service to the
 customer-generator is interrupted;

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(4) "Department", the department of natural resources;

(5) "Minimum bill", all changes on a customer's bill that are not calculated on a
kilowatt-hour basis including, but not limited to, a service charge, customer charge, meter
charge, facilities charge, demand charge, billed demand charge, or any other charges billed
to customers for services, including special facilities, late fees, and taxes;

32 (6) "Net excess energy", the amount of energy expressed in kilowatt hours delivered
33 by a customer-generator to a supplier that exceeds the amount of energy delivered by the
34 supplier to the customer-generator over a single billing period;

(7) "Net metering", using metering equipment sufficient to measure the difference
 between the electrical energy supplied to a customer-generator by a retail electric supplier and
 the electrical energy supplied by the customer-generator to the retail electric supplier over the
 applicable billing period;

[(6)] (8) "Renewable energy resources", electrical energy produced from wind, solar
thermal sources, hydroelectric sources, photovoltaic cells and panels, fuel cells using hydrogen
produced by one of the above-named electrical energy sources, and other sources of energy that
become available after August 28, 2007, and are certified as renewable by the department;

43 [(7)] (9) "Retail electric supplier" or "supplier", any municipal utility, electrical 44 corporation regulated under this chapter, or rural electric cooperative under chapter 394 that 45 provides retail electric service in this state.

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3. A retail electric supplier shall:

(1) Make net metering available to customer-generators on a first-come, first-served basis until the total rated generating capacity of net metering systems equals five percent of the utility's single-hour peak load during the previous year, after which the commission for a public utility or the governing body for other electric utilities may increase the total rated generating capacity of net metering systems to an amount above five percent. However, in a given calendar year, no retail electric supplier shall be required to approve any application for interconnection if the total rated generating capacity of all applications for interconnection already approved to

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54 date by said supplier in said calendar year equals or exceeds one percent of said supplier's 55 single-hour peak load for the previous calendar year;

56 (2) Offer to the customer-generator a tariff or contract that is identical in electrical 57 energy rates, rate structure, and monthly charges to the contract or tariff that the customer would 58 be assigned if the customer were not an eligible customer-generator but shall not charge the 59 customer-generator any additional standby, capacity, interconnection, or other fee or charge that 60 would not otherwise be charged if the customer were not an eligible customer-generator; and

61 (3) Disclose annually the availability of the net metering program to each of its 62 customers with the method and manner of disclosure being at the discretion of the supplier.

63 4. A customer-generator's facility shall be equipped with sufficient metering equipment 64 that can measure the net amount of electrical energy produced or consumed by the 65 customer-generator. If the customer-generator's existing meter equipment does not meet these 66 requirements or if it is necessary for the electric supplier to install additional distribution 67 equipment to accommodate the customer-generator's facility, the customer-generator shall reimburse the retail electric supplier for the costs to purchase and install the necessary additional 68 69 equipment. At the request of the customer-generator, such costs may be initially paid for by the 70 retail electric supplier, and any amount up to the total costs and a reasonable interest charge may 71 be recovered from the customer-generator over the course of up to twelve billing cycles. Any 72 subsequent meter testing, maintenance or meter equipment change necessitated by the 73 customer-generator shall be paid for by the customer-generator.

5. Consistent with the provisions in this section, the net electrical energy measurementshall be calculated in the following manner:

(1) For a customer-generator, a retail electric supplier shall measure the net electrical energy produced or consumed during the billing period in accordance with normal metering practices for customers in the same rate class, either by employing a single, bidirectional meter that measures the amount of electrical energy produced and consumed, or by employing multiple meters that separately measure the customer-generator's consumption and production of electricity;

(2) If the electricity supplied by the supplier exceeds the electricity generated by the
customer-generator during a billing period, the customer-generator shall be billed for the net
electricity supplied by the supplier in accordance with normal practices for customers in the same
rate class;

(3) If the electricity generated by the customer-generator exceeds the electricity supplied
by the supplier during a billing period, the customer-generator shall be billed for the appropriate
[customer charges] minimum bill for that billing period in accordance with subsection 3 of this
section and [shall be credited an amount at least equal to the avoided fuel cost of the excess

90 kilowatt-hours generated during the billing period, with this credit applied to the following

91 billing period] all net excess energy shall be carried forward from month-to-month and

- 92 credited at a ratio of one-to-one against the customer-generator's energy consumption in
- 93 subsequent months;

94 (4) [Any credits granted by this subsection shall expire without any compensation at the
95 earlier of either twelve months after their issuance or when the customer-generator disconnects
96 service or terminates the net metering relationship with the supplier;

97 (5) For any rural electric cooperative under chapter 394, or municipal utility, upon 98 agreement of the wholesale generator supplying electric energy to the retail electric supplier, at 99 the option of the retail electric supplier, the credit to the customer-generator may be provided by 100 the wholesale generator] Net excess energy may be accumulated over multiple billing periods 101 except any accumulated net excess energy remaining in a customer-generator's account 102 shall expire, without compensation, as of the earlier of the end of the March billing period of a twelve-month billing period or when the customer-generator discontinues service or 103 104 terminates net metering.

105 6. (1) Each qualified electric energy generation unit used by a customer-generator shall 106 meet all applicable safety, performance, interconnection, and reliability standards established by any local code authorities, the National Electrical Code, the National Electrical Safety Code, the 107 108 Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, and Underwriters Laboratories for distributed 109 generation. No supplier shall impose any fee, charge, or other requirement not specifically 110 authorized by this section or the rules promulgated under subsection 9 of this section unless the 111 fee, charge, or other requirement would apply to similarly situated customers who are not 112 customer-generators, except that a retail electric supplier may require that a customer-generator's 113 system contain a switch, circuit breaker, fuse, or other easily accessible device or feature located 114 in immediate proximity to the customer-generator's metering equipment that would allow a 115 utility worker the ability to manually and instantly disconnect the unit from the utility's electric 116 distribution system[;].

(2) For systems of ten kilowatts or less, a customer-generator whose system meets the
standards and rules under subdivision (1) of this subsection shall not be required to install
additional controls, perform or pay for additional tests or distribution equipment, or purchase
additional liability insurance beyond what is required under subdivision (1) of this subsection
and subsection 4 of this section[;].

(3) For customer-generator systems of greater than ten kilowatts, the commission for
public utilities and the governing body for other utilities shall, by rule or equivalent formal action
by each respective governing body:

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(a) Set forth safety, performance, and reliability standards and requirements; and

(b) Establish the qualifications for exemption from a requirement to install additional
controls, perform or pay for additional tests or distribution equipment, or purchase additional
liability insurance.

129 7. (1) Applications by a customer-generator for interconnection of a qualified electric 130 energy generation unit meeting the requirements of subdivision (3) of subsection 2 of this section 131 to the distribution system shall be accompanied by the plan for the customer-generator's electrical generating system, including but not limited to a wiring diagram and specifications for the 132 133 generating unit, and shall be reviewed and responded to by the retail electric supplier within 134 thirty days of receipt for systems ten kilowatts or less and within ninety days of receipt for all 135 other systems. Prior to the interconnection of the qualified generation unit to the supplier's 136 system, the customer-generator will furnish the retail electric supplier a certification from a 137 qualified professional electrician or engineer that the installation meets the requirements of subdivision (1) of subsection 6 of this section. If the application for interconnection is approved 138 139 by the retail electric supplier and the customer-generator does not complete the interconnection 140 within one year after receipt of notice of the approval, the approval shall expire and the 141 customer-generator shall be responsible for filing a new application.

(2) Upon the change in ownership of a qualified electric energy generation unit, the new
customer-generator shall be responsible for filing a new application under subdivision (1) of this
subsection.

145 8. Each commission-regulated supplier shall submit an annual net metering report to the 146 commission, and all other nonregulated suppliers shall submit the same report to their respective 147 governing body and make said report available to a consumer of the supplier upon request, 148 including the following information for the previous calendar year:

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(1) The total number of customer-generator facilities;

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(2) The total estimated generating capacity of its net-metered customer-generators; and

151 (3) The total estimated net kilowatt-hours received from customer-generators.

152 9. The commission shall, within nine months of January 1, 2008, promulgate initial rules 153 necessary for the administration of this section for public utilities, which shall include regulations ensuring that simple contracts will be used for interconnection and net metering. For 154 155 systems of ten kilowatts or less, the application process shall use an all-in-one document that 156 includes a simple interconnection request, simple procedures, and a brief set of terms and 157 conditions. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is 158 created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies 159 with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. 160 This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general 161 assembly under chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a

rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any ruleproposed or adopted after August 28, 2007, shall be invalid and void.

164 10. The governing body of a rural electric cooperative or municipal utility shall, within 165 nine months of January 1, 2008, adopt policies establishing a simple contract to be used for 166 interconnection and net metering. For systems of ten kilowatts or less, the application process 167 shall use an all-in-one document that includes a simple interconnection request, simple 168 procedures, and a brief set of terms and conditions.

169 11. For any cause of action relating to any damages to property or person caused by the 170 generation unit of a customer-generator or the interconnection thereof, the retail electric supplier 171 shall have no liability absent clear and convincing evidence of fault on the part of the supplier.

172 12. The estimated generating capacity of all net metering systems operating under the 173 provisions of this section shall count towards the respective retail electric supplier's 174 accomplishment of any renewable energy portfolio target or mandate adopted by the Missouri 175 general assembly.

176 13. The sale of qualified electric generation units to any customer-generator shall be 177 subject to the provisions of sections 407.700 to 407.720. The attorney general shall have the 178 authority to promulgate in accordance with the provisions of chapter 536 rules regarding 179 mandatory disclosures of information by sellers of qualified electric generation units.

Any interested person who believes that the seller of any electric generation unit is misrepresenting the safety or performance standards of any such systems, or who believes that any electric generation unit poses a danger to any property or person, may report the same to the attorney general, who shall be authorized to investigate such claims and take any necessary and appropriate actions.

185 14. Any costs incurred under this [act] **section** by a retail electric supplier shall be 186 recoverable in that utility's rate structure.

187 15. No consumer shall connect or operate an electric generation unit in parallel phase 188 and synchronization with any retail electric supplier without written approval by said supplier 189 that all of the requirements under subdivision (1) of subsection 7 of this section have been met. 190 For a consumer who violates this provision, a supplier may immediately and without notice 191 disconnect the electric facilities of said consumer and terminate said consumer's electric service.

16. The manufacturer of any electric generation unit used by a customer-generator may
be held liable for any damages to property or person caused by a defect in the electric generation
unit of a customer-generator.

17. The seller, installer, or manufacturer of any electric generation unit who knowingly
misrepresents the safety aspects of an electric generation unit may be held liable for any damages
to property or person caused by the electric generation unit of a customer-generator.

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