LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF IDAHO

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IN THE SENATE

SENATE BILL NO. 1262

BY STATE AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

AN ACT

- RELATING TO THE STATE DISASTER PREPAREDNESS ACT; AMENDING SECTION 46-1008,
 IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE FOR CERTAIN LIMITATIONS DURING A STATE OF DISAS TER EMERGENCY AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AND DECLARING AN EMER GENCY AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE.
- 6 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

7 SECTION 1. That Section 46-1008, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby 8 amended to read as follows:

46-1008. THE GOVERNOR AND DISASTER EMERGENCIES. (1) Under this act, 9 the governor may issue executive orders $_{\tau}$ and proclamations and may amend or 10 rescind them. Executive orders and proclamations have the force and effect 11 12 of law; provided, however, that any such orders, proclamations, or rules must be essential to protect life or property from the occurrence or immi-13 nent threat of the state of disaster emergency threatening the safety of per-14 sons or property within the state and must be narrowly tailored to effec-15 tively protect life or property without placing unnecessary restrictions on 16 the ability for a person or persons, regardless of job type or classifica-17 tion, to work, provide for their families, or otherwise contribute to the 18 economy of the state of Idaho. 19

A disaster emergency shall be declared by executive order or 20 (2) 21 proclamation of the governor if he finds a disaster has occurred or that the 22 occurrence or the threat thereof is imminent. The state of disaster emer-23 gency shall continue until the governor finds that the threat or danger has 24 passed τ or the disaster has been dealt with to the extent that emergency conditions no longer exist, and when either or both of these events occur, the 25 governor shall terminate the state of disaster emergency by executive order 26 or proclamation; provided, however, that no state of disaster emergency may 27 continue for longer than thirty (30) days unless the governor finds that it 28 should be continued for another thirty (30) days or any part thereof. The 29 legislature by concurrent resolution may terminate a state of disaster emer-30 31 gency at any time. Thereupon, the governor shall issue an executive order or proclamation ending the state of disaster emergency. All executive orders 32 or proclamations issued under this subsection shall indicate the nature of 33 the disaster, the area or areas threatened, the area subject to the proclama-34 tion, and the conditions which are causing the disaster. An executive order 35 36 or proclamation shall be disseminated promptly by means calculated to bring its contents to the attention of the general public and, unless the circum-37 stances attendant upon the disaster prevent or impede, be promptly filed 38 with the Idaho office of emergency management, the office of the secretary 39 of state, and the office of the recorder of each county where the state of 40 disaster emergency applies. 41

(3) An executive order or proclamation of a state of disaster emergency 1 2 shall activate the disaster response and recovery aspects of the state, local, and intergovernmental disaster emergency plans applicable to the po-3 litical subdivision or area in question and be authority for the deployment 4 5 and use of any forces to which the plan or plans apply and for use or distribution of any supplies, equipment, and materials and facilities assem-6 7 bled, stockpiled, or arranged to be made available pursuant to this act or any other provision of law relating to disaster emergencies. 8

9 (4) During the continuance of any state of disaster emergency, the 10 governor is commander-in-chief of the militia and may assume command of all 11 other forces available for emergency duty. To the greatest extent prac-12 ticable, the governor shall delegate or assign command authority by prior 13 arrangement embodied in appropriate executive orders or rules, but nothing 14 herein restricts his authority to do so by orders issued at the time of the 15 disaster emergency.

(5) In addition to any other powers conferred upon the governor by law,he may:

(a) Suspend the provisions of any rules prescribing the procedures for
 conduct of public business that would in any way prevent, hinder, or de lay necessary action in coping with the emergency;

(b) Utilize all resources of the state, including, but not limited to,
 those sums in the disaster emergency account as he shall deem necessary
 to pay obligations and expenses incurred during a declared state of dis aster emergency;

(c) Transfer the direction, personnel, or functions of state depart ments and agencies or units thereof for the purpose of performing or fa cilitating emergency services;

(d) Subject to any applicable requirements for compensation under section 46-1012, Idaho Code, and except as provided in subsection (7) (c) of
 this section, commandeer or utilize any private property, real or personal, if he finds this necessary to cope with the disaster emergency;

(e) Direct and compel the evacuation of all or part of the population
from any stricken or threatened area within the state if he deems this
action necessary for the preservation of life or other disaster mitigation, response, or recovery;

36 (f) Prescribe routes, modes of transportation, and destinations in 37 connection with evacuation;

(g) Control ingress and egress to and from a disaster area, the movement
 of persons within the area, and the occupancy of premises therein;

(h) Suspend or limit the sale, dispensing or transportation of alco holic beverages, explosives, and combustibles; and

42 (i) Make provision for the availability and use of temporary emergency43 housing.

(6) Whenever an emergency or a disaster has been declared to exist in
Idaho by the president under the provisions of the disaster relief act of
1974 (public lawP.L. 93-288, 42 U.S.C. 5121), as amended, the governor may:

(a) Enter into agreements with the federal government for the sharing
 of disaster recovery expenses involving public facilities;

(b) Require as a condition of state assistance that a local taxing dis trict be responsible for paying forty percent (40%) of the nonfederal

share of costs incurred by the local taxing district that have been determined to be eligible for reimbursement by the federal government, provided that the total local share of eligible costs for a taxing district shall not exceed ten percent (10%) of the taxing district's tax charges authorized by section 63-802, Idaho Code;

- 6 (c) Obligate the state to pay the balance of the nonfederal share of el7 igible costs within local taxing entities qualifying for federal assis8 tance; and
- 9 (d) Enter into agreements with the federal government for the sharing
 10 of disaster assistance expenses to include individual and family grant
 11 programs.

(7) During the continuance of any state of disaster emergency, neither
 the governor nor any agency of any governmental entity or political subdivi sion of the state shall:

(a) Iimpose or enforce any additional restrictions on the lawful man-15 16 ufacturing, possession, transfer, sale, transport, storage, display or use of firearms or ammunition or their components or accessories, or 17 otherwise limit or suspend any rights guaranteed by the United States 18 constitution or the constitution of the state of Idaho, including but 19 20 not limited to the right to peaceable assembly or free exercise of re-21 ligion. The transport, storage, transfer, sale, commerce in, import and export of, distribution, repair, maintenance, and manufacture of 22 firearms, ammunition, and related accessories and components, shooting 23 ranges, and other goods and services directly related to lawful firearm 24 possession, use, storage, repair, maintenance, sale or transfer, and 25 training in the use of firearms are declared to be life-sustaining, 26 essential businesses and services for the purposes of safety and secu-27 rity in times of declared emergency or any other statutorily authorized 28 responses to disaster, war, acts of terrorism, riot or civil disorder, 29 public health crises, or emergencies of whatever kind or nature; 30

(b) Suspend or revoke a license to carry concealed weapons or refuse
 to accept and process an application for a license to carry concealed
 weapons, except in accordance with the provisions of chapter 33, title
 18, Idaho Code; or

(c) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (5) of this section,
 seize, commandeer, or confiscate in any manner any privately owned
 firearm, ammunition, or firearms or ammunition components that are possessed, carried, displayed, sold, transferred, transported, stored, or
 used in connection with otherwise lawful conduct.

40 (8) During any state of disaster emergency, the governor may not alter,41 adjust, or create any provision of the Idaho Code.

42 SECTION 2. An emergency existing therefor, which emergency is hereby
 43 declared to exist, this act shall be in full force and effect on and after
 44 July 1, 2022.

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