House Bill 20

By: Representative Bazemore of the 63rd

## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

- 1 To amend Part 3 of Article 4 of Chapter 11 of Title 16 of the Official Code of Georgia
- 2 Annotated, relating to carrying and possession of firearms, so as to provide that persons
- 3 convicted of family violence offenses cannot possess or carry firearms; to provide a
- 4 definition; to provide exceptions; to provide for related matters; to repeal conflicting laws;
- 5 and for other purposes.

## 6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

7 SECTION 1.

- 8 Part 3 of Article 4 of Chapter 11 of Title 16 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated,
- 9 relating to carrying and possession of firearms, is amended by revising Code
- 10 Section 16-11-131, relating to possession of firearms by convicted felons and first offender
- 11 probationers, as follows:
- 12 "16-11-131.
- 13 (a) As used in this Code section, the term:
- (1) 'Family violence' shall have the same meaning as provided in Code Section 19-13-1.
- 15  $\frac{(1)}{(2)}$  'Felony' means any offense punishable by imprisonment for a term of one year or
- more and includes conviction by a court-martial under the Uniform Code of Military
- Justice for an offense which would constitute a felony under the laws of the United
- States.
- 19  $\frac{(2)(3)}{(2)}$  'Firearm' includes any handgun, rifle, shotgun, or other weapon which will or can
- be converted to expel a projectile by the action of an explosive or electrical charge.
- 21 (4) 'Forcible felony' means any felony which involves the use or threat of physical force
- or violence against any person and further includes, without limitation, murder; murder
- in the second degree; burglary in any degree; robbery; armed robbery; home invasion in
- 24 <u>any degree; kidnapping; hijacking of an aircraft or hijacking a motor vehicle in the first</u>
- 25 <u>degree; aggravated stalking; rape; aggravated child molestation; aggravated sexual</u>
- battery; arson in the first degree; the manufacturing, transporting, distribution, or

possession of explosives with intent to kill, injure, or intimidate individuals or destroy a

27

public building; terroristic threats; or acts of treason or insurrection. 28 29 (b) Any person who is on probation as a felony first offender pursuant to Article 3 of Chapter 8 of Title 42, who is on probation and was sentenced for a felony under subsection 30 (a) or (c) of Code Section 16-13-2, or who has been convicted of a felony by a court of this 31 32 state or any other state; by a court of the United States including its territories, possessions, 33 and dominions; or by a court of any foreign nation and who receives, possesses, or 34 transports any firearm commits a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned 35 for not less than one year nor more than ten years; provided, however, that upon a second 36 or subsequent conviction, such person shall be imprisoned for not less than five nor more 37 than ten years; provided, further, that if the felony for which the person is on probation or 38 has been previously convicted is a forcible felony, then upon conviction of receiving, possessing, or transporting a firearm, such person shall be imprisoned for a period of five 39 40 years. (b.1) Any person who is prohibited by this Code section from possessing a firearm because 41 42 of conviction of a forcible felony or because of being on probation as a first offender or 43 under conditional discharge for a forcible felony and who attempts to purchase or obtain 44 transfer of a firearm shall be guilty of a felony and upon conviction shall be punished by 45 imprisonment for not less than one year nor more than five years; provided, however, that 46 upon a second or subsequent conviction, such person shall be punished by imprisonment 47 for not less than five nor more than ten years. 48 (b.2) Any person who is on probation as a first offender pursuant to Article 3 of Chapter 8 49 of Title 42 as a result of having committed an act of family violence or who has been convicted of a crime of family violence by a court of this state or any other state; by a court 50 51 of the United States including its territories, possessions, and dominions; or by a court of 52 any foreign nation and who receives, possesses, or transports any firearm commits a felony 53 and, upon conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned for not less than one year nor more than ten years; provided, however, that upon a second or subsequent conviction, such person 54 55 shall be imprisoned for not less than five nor more than ten years. (b.3) Any person who is prohibited by this Code section from possessing a firearm because 56 of conviction of a crime of family violence or because of being on probation as a first 57 58 offender or under conditional discharge for a crime of family violence and who attempts 59 to purchase or obtain transfer of a firearm shall be guilty of a felony and upon conviction shall be punished by imprisonment for not less than one year nor more than five years; 60 provided, however, that upon a second or subsequent conviction, such person shall be 61 62 punished by imprisonment for not less than five nor more than ten years.

(c) This Code section shall not apply to any person who has been pardoned for the felony

63

64

67

69

71

72

81

87

91

by the President of the United States, the State Board of Pardons and Paroles, or the person 65 or agency empowered to grant pardons under the constitutions or laws of the several states or of a foreign nation and, by the terms of the pardon, has expressly been authorized to 66 receive, possess, or transport a firearm. 68 (d) A person who has been convicted of a felony, but who has been granted relief from the disabilities imposed by the laws of the United States with respect to the acquisition, receipt, 70 transfer, shipment, or possession of firearms by the secretary of the United States Department of the Treasury pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 925, shall, upon presenting to the Board of Public Safety proof that the relief has been granted and it being established 73 from proof submitted by the applicant to the satisfaction of the Board of Public Safety that 74 the circumstances regarding the conviction and the applicant's record and reputation are such that the acquisition, receipt, transfer, shipment, or possession of firearms by the 75 76 person would not present a threat to the safety of the citizens of Georgia and that the granting of the relief sought would not be contrary to the public interest, be granted relief 77 78 from the disabilities imposed by this Code section. A person who has been convicted 79 under federal or state law of a felony pertaining to antitrust violations, unfair trade 80 practices, or restraint of trade shall, upon presenting to the Board of Public Safety proof, and it being established from said proof, submitted by the applicant to the satisfaction of 82 the Board of Public Safety that the circumstances regarding the conviction and the 83 applicant's record and reputation are such that the acquisition, receipt, transfer, shipment, 84 or possession of firearms by the person would not present a threat to the safety of the citizens of Georgia and that the granting of the relief sought would not be contrary to the 85 public interest, be granted relief from the disabilities imposed by this Code section. A 86 record that the relief has been granted by the board shall be entered upon the criminal 88 history of the person maintained by the Georgia Crime Information Center and the board 89 shall maintain a list of the names of such persons which shall be open for public inspection. 90 (e) As used in this Code section, the term 'forcible felony' means any felony which involves the use or threat of physical force or violence against any person and further 92 includes, without limitation, murder; murder in the second degree; burglary in any degree; 93 robbery; armed robbery; home invasion in any degree; kidnapping; hijacking of an aircraft 94 or hijacking a motor vehicle in the first degree; aggravated stalking; rape; aggravated child 95 molestation; aggravated sexual battery; arson in the first degree; the manufacturing, transporting, distribution, or possession of explosives with intent to kill, injure, or 96 97 intimidate individuals or destroy a public building; terroristic threats; or acts of treason or 98 insurrection.

99 (f)(e) Any person sentenced as a first offender pursuant to Article 3 of Chapter 8 of
100 Title 42 or sentenced pursuant to subsection (a) or (c) of Code Section 16-13-2 and
101 subsequently discharged without court adjudication of guilt as a matter of law pursuant to
102 Code Section 42-8-60 or 16-13-2, as applicable, shall, upon such discharge, be relieved
103 from the disabilities imposed by this Code section."

104 **SECTION 2.** 

All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.