Senate Bill 109

By: Senators Orrock of the 36th and Unterman of the 45th

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

- 1 To amend Article 1 of Chapter 1 of Title 31 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated,
- 2 relating to general provisions relative to health, so as to clarify the use and effectiveness of
- 3 Physician Orders for Life-Sustaining Treatment forms; to provide alternate terminology for
- 4 do not resuscitate orders; to amend other Code sections of the Official Code of Georgia
- 5 Annotated for purposes of conformity; to provide for related matters; to repeal conflicting
- 6 laws; and for other purposes.

7 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

8 SECTION 1.

- 9 Article 1 of Chapter 1 of Title 31 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to
- 10 general provisions relative to health, is amended by adding a new Code section to read as
- 11 follows:
- *"*31-1-14.
- 13 (a) As used in this Code section, the term:
- 14 (1) 'Authorized person' shall have the same meaning as in Code Section 31-39-2.
- 15 (2) 'Decision-making capacity' means the ability to understand and appreciate the nature
- and consequences of an order regarding end of life care decisions, including the benefits
- and disadvantages of such an order, and to reach an informed decision regarding the
- 18 order.
- 19 (3) 'Health care facility' shall have the same meaning as in Code Section 31-32-2.
- 20 (4) 'Health care provider' shall have the same meaning as in Code Section 31-32-2.
- 21 (5) 'Physician Orders for Life-Sustaining Treatment form' or 'POLST form' means a form
- 22 <u>executed pursuant to this Code section which provides directions regarding the patient's</u>
- end of life care.
- 24 (b) The department shall develop and make available a Physician Orders for
- 25 <u>Life-Sustaining Treatment form. Such form shall provide directions regarding the patient's</u>
- 26 end of life care and shall be voluntarily executed by either a patient who has
- 27 <u>decision-making capacity and a physician who knows and has provided treatment to the</u>

patient or the patient's authorized person and a physician who knows and has provided

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treatment to the patient; provided, however, that this shall not prevent a health care facility 29 30 from imposing other requirements regarding a patient's end of life care decisions, such as 31 those required for compliance with federal programs. 32 (c)(1) A POLST form executed pursuant to this Code section shall be portable with the 33 patient across care settings and shall be valid in any health care facility in which the 34 patient who is the subject of such form is being treated. A health care facility and a 35 health care provider may rely upon a POLST form executed in accordance with this Code 36 section as legally valid consent by the patient to the terms therein; provided, however, 37 that this shall not prevent a health care facility from imposing other requirements regarding a patient's end of life care decisions. A POLST form shall be effective when 38 39 the patient has an incurable or irreversible condition that, without the administration of 40 life-sustaining procedures, in the opinion of the attending physician, will result in death. (2) A copy of a POLST form executed in accordance with this Code section shall be 41 42 valid and have the same meaning and effect as the original document. 43 (3) A physician orders for life-sustaining treatment form which was executed in another 44 state and is valid under the laws of such state shall be treated as a POLST form which 45 complies with this Code section. 46 (d) Each health care provider, health care facility, and any other person who acts in good 47 faith reliance on a POLST form executed in accordance with this Code section shall be 48 protected and released to the same extent as though such provider, facility, or other person 49 had interacted directly with the patient as a fully competent person. Without limiting the 50 generality of the foregoing, the following specific provisions shall also govern, protect, and 51 validate the acts of an authorized person and each such health care provider, health care 52 facility, and any other person acting in good faith reliance on such POLST form: 53 (1) No such health care provider, health care facility, or person shall be subject to civil 54 or criminal liability or discipline for unprofessional conduct solely for complying with 55 a POLST form executed in accordance with this Code section, even if death or injury to 56 the patient ensues; 57 (2) No such health care provider, health care facility, or person shall be subject to civil 58 or criminal liability or discipline for unprofessional conduct solely for failure to comply 59 with a POLST form executed in accordance with this Code section, so long as such health 60 care provider, health care facility, or person promptly informs the patient's authorized person of such health care provider's, health care facility's, or person's refusal or failure 61 to comply with such POLST form. The authorized person shall then be responsible for 62 63 arranging the patient's transfer to another health care provider or health care facility. A 64 health care provider, health care facility, or person who is unwilling to comply with a

65 POLST form executed in accordance with this Code section shall continue to provide reasonably necessary consultation and care in connection with the pending transfer; 66 (3) If the actions of a health care provider, health care facility, or person who fails to 67 68 comply with a POLST form executed in accordance with this Code section are substantially in accord with reasonable medical standards at the time of reference; and 69 70 such provider, facility, or person cooperates in the transfer of the patient, then the health 71 care provider, health care facility, or person shall not be subject to civil or criminal 72 liability or discipline for unprofessional conduct for failure to comply with such POLST 73 form; 74 (4) No person acting under a physician's direction and no agent or employee of a health 75 care facility acting in good faith in accordance with a POLST form shall be subject to any 76 civil or criminal liability or guilty of unprofessional conduct therefor; 77 (5) No authorized person who in good faith acts with due care for the benefit of the 78 patient and in accordance with the terms of a POLST form, or who fails to act, shall be 79 subject to civil or criminal liability for such action or inaction; and 80 (6)(A) If a POLST form is revoked, a health care provider, health care facility, or other 81 person shall not be subject to criminal prosecution or civil liability for acting in good 82 faith reliance upon such POLST form unless such provider, facility, or person had 83 actual knowledge of the revocation. 84 (B) Any person who acts in accordance with a POLST form and who has actual 85 knowledge that such POLST form has been properly revoked shall not have any civil 86 or criminal immunity otherwise granted under this Code section for such conduct. 87 (e) In the event there are any directions in a patient's previously executed living will, 88 89 90

advance directive for health care, durable power of attorney for health care, do not resuscitate order, or other legally authorized instrument that conflict with the directions in a POLST form, the most recent instrument will take precedence to the extent of the conflict."

92 **SECTION 2.**

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Chapter 39 of Title 31 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to cardiopulmonary resuscitation, is amended by revising subsections (a) and (c) of Code Section 31-39-4, relating to persons authorized to issue an order not to resuscitate, as follows: "(a) It shall be lawful for the attending physician to issue an order not to resuscitate pursuant to the requirements of this chapter. Any written order issued by the attending physician using the term 'do not resuscitate,' 'DNR,' 'order not to resuscitate,' 'do not attempt resuscitation,' 'DNAR,' 'no code,' 'allow natural death,' 'AND,' 'order to allow natural death,' or substantially similar language in the patient's chart shall constitute a

legally sufficient order and shall authorize a physician, health care professional, nurse, physician assistant, caregiver, or emergency medical technician to withhold or withdraw cardiopulmonary resuscitation. Such an order shall remain effective, whether or not the patient is receiving treatment from or is a resident of a health care facility, until the order is canceled as provided in Code Section 31-39-5 or until consent for such order is revoked as provided in Code Section 31-39-6, whichever occurs earlier. An attending physician who has issued such an order and who transfers care of the patient to another physician shall inform the receiving physician and the health care facility, if applicable, of the order." "(c) The appropriate authorized person may, after being informed of the provisions of this Code section, consent orally or in writing to an order not to resuscitate for an adult candidate for nonresuscitation; provided, however, that such consent is based in good faith upon what such authorized person determines such candidate for nonresuscitation would have wanted had such candidate for nonresuscitation understood the circumstances under which such order is being considered. Where such authorized person is an agent under a durable power of attorney for health care or <u>a</u> health care agent under an advance directive for health care appointed pursuant to Chapter 32 of this title or where a Physician Orders for Life-Sustaining Treatment form with a code status of 'do not resuscitate' or its equivalent has been executed in accordance with Code Section 31-1-14 by a patient who has decision-making capacity or by an authorized person, the attending physician may issue an order not to resuscitate a candidate for nonresuscitation pursuant to the requirements of this chapter without the concurrence of another physician, notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (4) of Code Section 31-39-2."

123 SECTION 3.

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124 Code Section 16-5-5 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to assisted suicide 125 and notification of licensing board regarding violations, is amended by revising paragraphs 126 (3) and (4) of subsection (c) as follows:

"(3) Any person prescribing, dispensing, or administering medications or medical procedures pursuant to, without limitation, a living will, a durable power of attorney for health care, an advance directive for health care, a Physician Orders for Life-Sustaining Treatment form pursuant to Code Section 31-1-14, or a consent pursuant to Code Section 29-4-18 or 31-9-2 when such actions are calculated or intended to relieve or prevent a patient's pain or discomfort but are not calculated or intended to cause such patient's death, even if the medication or medical procedure may have the effect of hastening or increasing the risk of death;

(4) Any person discontinuing, withholding, or withdrawing medications, medical procedures, nourishment, or hydration pursuant to, without limitation, a living will, a

durable power of attorney for health care, an advance directive for health care, <u>a</u> Physician Orders for Life-Sustaining Treatment form pursuant to Code Section 31-1-14, a consent pursuant to Code Section 29-4-18 or 31-9-2, or a written order not to resuscitate; or"

SECTION 4.

Code Section 16-5-101 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to neglect to a disabled adult, elder person, or resident, is amended by revising subsection (b) as follows: "(b) The provisions of this Code section shall not apply to a physician nor any person acting under a physician's direction nor to a hospital, hospice, or long-term care facility, nor any agent or employee thereof who is in good faith acting within the scope of his or her employment or agency or who is acting in good faith in accordance with a living will, a durable power of attorney for health care, an advance directive for health care, a Physician Orders for Life-Sustaining Treatment form pursuant to Code Section 31-1-14, an order not to resuscitate, or the instructions of the patient or the patient's lawful surrogate decision maker, nor shall the provisions of this Code section require any physician, any institution licensed in accordance with Chapter 7 of Title 31, or any employee or agent thereof to provide essential services or shelter to any person in the absence of another legal obligation to do so."

SECTION 5.

156 Code Section 29-4-18 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to definitions, 157 requirements, and termination of temporary medical consent guardianship, is amended by 158 revising subsections (k) and (l) as follows:

"(k)(1) No hospital or other health care facility, health care provider, or other person or entity shall be subject to civil or criminal liability or discipline for unprofessional conduct solely for relying in good faith on any direction or decision by a temporary medical consent guardian, even if death or injury to the medical consent ward ensues. Each hospital or other health care facility, health care provider, and any other person or entity who acts in good faith reliance on any direction or decision by a temporary medical consent guardian shall be protected and released to the same extent as though such person had interacted directly with the medical consent ward as a fully competent person.

(2) No temporary medical consent guardian who, in good faith, acts with due care for the benefit of the medical consent ward, or who fails to act, shall be subject to civil or criminal liability for such action or inaction.

1/0	(3) Any person who acts in good faith in accordance with a Physician Order for
171	Life-sustaining Treatment developed pursuant to subsection (l) of this Code section shall
172	have all of the immunity granted pursuant to Code Section 31-32-10.
173	(1) The Department of Public Health shall develop and make available a Physician Order
174	for Life-sustaining Treatment, a specific form voluntarily executed by a patient or his or
175	her authorized person as defined in Code Section 31-39-2 and a physician which provides
176	directions regarding end of life care."

177 **SECTION 6.**

178 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.