House Bill 1190

By: Representatives Nguyen of the 89th, Shannon of the 84th, Boddie of the 62nd, Holly of the 111th, Hugley of the 136th, and others

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

To amend Article 2 of Chapter 3 of Title 16 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to justification and excuse, so as to comprehensively revise the law regarding justification and the use of force; to provide for certain investigations and reports in certain circumstances; to amend Titles 15, 16, 17, 20, and 51 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to courts, crimes and offense, criminal procedure, education, and torts, respectively, so as to make conforming changes; to provide for related matters; to provide an effective date and applicability; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

PART I.

SECTION 1-1.

Article 2 of Chapter 3 of Title 16 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to
justification and excuse, is amended by revising paragraph (1) of Code Section 16-3-20,
relating to justification, as follows:

14 "(1) When the person's conduct is justified under Code Section 16-3-21, 16-3-23,
15 16-3-24, 16-3-25, or 16-3-26;"

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SECTION 1-2.

Said article is further amended by repealing and reserving Code Section 16-3-21, relating to use of force in defense of self or others and evidence of belief that force was necessary in murder or manslaughter prosecution; Code Section 16-3-22, relating to immunity from criminal liability of persons rendering assistance to law enforcement officers; Code Section 16-3-22.1, relating to persons who provide assistance to law enforcement officers or the Division of Family and Children Services when the health and safety of children are adversely affected and threatened; Code Section 16-3-23.1, relating to no duty to retreat prior

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24	to use of force in self-defense; and Code Section 16-3-24.2, relating to immunity from
25	prosecution and exception, in their entireties.

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SECTION 1-3.

Said article is further amended by revising Code Section 16-3-23, relating to use of force in
defense of habitation, as follows:

29 "16-3-23.

30 (a) A person is justified in threatening or using force against another and has no duty to

31 retreat when and to the extent that he or she reasonably believes that such threat or force 32 is necessary to prevent or terminate such other's unlawful entry into or attack upon a 33 habitation as defined in Code Section 16-3-24.1; however, such person is justified in the

34 use of force which is intended or likely to cause death or great bodily harm only if:

(1) The entry is made or attempted in a violent and tumultuous manner and he or she
reasonably believes that the entry is attempted or made for the purpose of assaulting or
offering personal violence to any person dwelling or being therein and that such force is
necessary to prevent the assault or offer of personal violence;

- 39 (2) That force is used against another person who is not a member of the family or
 40 household and who unlawfully and forcibly enters or has unlawfully and forcibly entered
 41 the residence and the person using such force knew or had reason to believe that an
 42 unlawful and forcible entry occurred; or
- (3) The person using such force reasonably believes that the entry is made or attempted
 for the purpose of committing a felony therein and that such force is necessary to prevent
 the commission of the felony.
- 46 (b) If a death does result from the use of force and a claim of lawful use of force pursuant
- 47 to this Code section or Code Section 16-3-24 is raised formally or informally, the following
 48 actions shall be taken:
- 49 (1) The local law enforcement agency and the coroner shall conduct an immediate and
- 50 <u>full investigation into the death, and all evidence shall be preserved;</u>
- 51 (2) If probable cause exists to effect an arrest of the person claiming justification, a law
- 52 <u>enforcement agency shall effect the arrest without delay;</u>
- 53 (3) If such local law enforcement agency declines to effect an arrest, or if the office of
- 54 the district attorney declines to file charges, such agency or agencies investigating the
- 55 <u>case shall submit a report which documents all investigative efforts in the case to the</u>
- 56 Georgia Bureau of Investigation, which shall, in consultation with the Attorney General,
- 57 <u>determine whether to conduct a further investigation; and</u>

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58	(4) In any case in which the Georgia Bureau of Investigation determines that further
59	investigation is warranted, the Attorney General shall appoint a district attorney pro
60	tempore pursuant to Section 15-18-5 to investigate and handle such case.
61	(c) Annually, the Georgia Bureau of Investigation shall publish on its publicly accessible
62	website a report detailing the following:
63	(1) The number of cases involving a claim of a lawful use of force in which a local law
64	enforcement agency or district attorney declined to file charges or effect an arrest;
65	(2) The number of such cases in which the Georgia Bureau of Investigation conducted
66	a further investigation; and
67	(3) The number of cases which were referred to the Attorney General for prosecution.
68	(d) Nothing in this Code section shall preclude a person from bringing or from being held
69	liable in a civil action."
70	SECTION 1-4.
71	Said article is further amended by revising Code Section 16-3-24, relating to use of force in
72	defense of property other than a habitation, as follows:
73	<i>"</i> 16-3-24.
74	(a) A person is justified in threatening or using force against another when and to the
75	extent that he reasonably believes that such threat or force is necessary to prevent or
76	terminate such other's trespass on or other tortious or criminal interference with real
77	property other than a habitation or personal property:
78	(1) Lawfully in his possession;
79	(2) Lawfully in the possession of a member of his immediate family; or
80	(3) Belonging to a person whose property he has a legal duty to protect.
81	A person may threaten or use nondeadly physical force against another when and to the
82	extent that he or she reasonably believes that such threat or force is necessary to prevent
83	or terminate physical force from such other person.
84	(b) The use of force which is intended or likely to cause death or great bodily harm to
85	prevent trespass on or other tortious or criminal interference with real property other than
86	a habitation or personal property is not justified unless the person using such force
87	reasonably believes that it is necessary to prevent the commission of a forcible felony A
88	person may threaten or use deadly physical force against another if he or she reasonably
89	believes that such threat or force is necessary to terminate or prevent imminent danger of
90	death or serious bodily injury against himself or a third person or to prevent or terminate
91	a forcible felony, as defined in Code Section 16-1-3.
92	(c) A person may not threaten or use deadly physical force against another if he or she:

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93	(1) Initially provokes the use of force against himself with the intent to use such force
94	as an excuse to inflict bodily harm upon the assailant;
95	(2) Is fleeing after the commission or the attempted commission of a felony;
96	(3) Was the aggressor or was engaged in a combat by agreement unless he or she
97	withdraws from the encounter and effectively communicates to such other person his or
98	her intent to do so and the other, notwithstanding, continues or threatens to continue the
99	use of unlawful force; or
100	(4) Can safely remove himself or herself from the situation without using deadly physical
101	force.
102	(d) If a death does result from the use of force and a claim of lawful use of force is raised,
103	the procedures defined in subsection (b) of Code Section 16-3-23 shall apply.
104	(e) Nothing in this Code section shall preclude a person from bringing or from being held
105	liable in a civil action."
106	SECTION 1-5.
100	Title 51 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to torts, is amended by repealing
107	and reserving Code Section 51-11-9, relating to immunity from civil liability for threat or
108	use of force in defense of habitation, in its entirety.
107	use of force in defense of nubration, in its entirety.
110	PART II.
111	SECTION 2-1.
112	Title 15 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to courts, is amended by revising
113	subparagraph (b)(5)(E) of Code Section 15-12-71, relating to duties of a grand jury, as
114	follows:
115	"(E) Prior to the introduction of any evidence or the first witness being sworn, the
116	district attorney shall advise the grand jury of the laws applicable to the conduct of such
117	review. In particular, the grand jury shall be advised of Code Sections 16-3-20,
118	16-3-21, 16-3-23.1, and 17-4-20."
119	SECTION 2-2.
120	Title 16 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to crimes and offenses is
121	amended by revising paragraph (3) of subsection (c) of Code Section 16-11-132, relating to
122	possession of handgun by person under the age of 18 years, as follows:
123	"(3) Any person under the age of 18 years who is at such person's residence and who,
124	with the permission of such person's parent or legal guardian, possesses a handgun for the

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purpose of exercising the rights authorized in Code Section $\frac{16-3-21}{16-3-24}$ or $\frac{16-3-24}{7}$

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SECTION 2-3.

- Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 16-11-162, relating to exemption foruse of force in defense of others, as follows:
- 130 "16-11-162.

131 This part shall not apply to persons who use force in defense of others as provided by Code

- Section 16-3-21 16-3-24. This part is intended to supplement not to supplant Code
 Section 16-11-106."
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SECTION 2-4.

Title 17 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to criminal procedure, is amended by revising paragraph (1) of subsection (f) of Code Section 17-4-20, relating to authorization of arrests with and without warrants generally, use of deadly force, adoption or promulgation of conflicting regulations, policies, ordinances, and resolutions, and authority of nuclear power facility security officer, as follows:

- 140 "(1) Threaten or use force against another in defense of a federally licensed nuclear
 141 power facility and the persons therein as provided for under Code Sections 16-3-21 and
 142 16-3-23 <u>and 16-3-24;</u>"
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SECTION 2-5.

Said title is further amended by revising subsection (c) of Code Section 17-7-52, relating to
procedure for indictment or special presentment of peace officer for crime in performance
of duties, notification, and rights of officer, as follows:

"(c) Prior to the introduction of any evidence or the first witness being sworn, the
prosecuting attorney shall advise the grand jury of the laws applicable to the conduct of
such proceedings, all relevant sections of the Code relating to the crime or crimes alleged
in the bill of indictment, and any Code section that excuses or justifies such conduct. In
particular, the grand jury shall be advised of Code Sections 16-3-20, 16-3-21, 16-3-23.1,
16-3-23, 16-3-24, and 17-4-20."

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SECTION 2-6.

Title 20 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to education, is amended by
revising paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of Code Section 20-2-751.6, relating to disciplinary

- 156 policy for students committing acts of physical violence against teacher, school bus driver,
- 157 or other school official or employee, as follows:

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- 158 "(2) Intentionally making physical contact which causes physical harm to another unless
- such physical contacts or physical harms were in defense of himself or herself, as
- 160 provided in Code Section 16-3-21 <u>16-3-24</u>."
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SECTION 2-7.

162 Title 51 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to torts, is amended by revising

163 Code Section 51-1-30.4, relating to immunity from liability for officers providing security

- 164 at nuclear facilities, as follows:
- 165 "51-1-30.4.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an authorized security officer as provided for 166 in Code Section 16-11-124 acting within the scope of his or her official duties on the 167 premises of a federally licensed nuclear power facility or the properties adjacent to the 168 facility pursuant to a written agreement entered into with the local law enforcement agency 169 170 having jurisdiction over the facility shall be entitled to immunity as provided in Code Section 51-11-9. Such officer and the officer's employer or the owner, operator, or licensee 171 of the facility where the officer is providing security services shall also be immune from 172 liability for the officer's good faith performance of his or her duties at such facility in 173 174 accordance with a nuclear security plan approved by the United States Nuclear Regulatory 175 Commission or other authorized federal agency."

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PART III.

SECTION 3-1.

- This Act shall become effective upon its approval by the Governor or upon its becoming law
 without such approval. This Act does not affect rights and duties that matured, penalties that
- 180 were incurred, and proceedings that were begun before the effective date of this Act.
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SECTION 3-2.

182 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.