Second Regular Session Seventy-third General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

INTRODUCED

LLS NO. 22-0682.01 Richard Sweetman x4333

SENATE BILL 22-086

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Winter,

Gray,

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Senate Committees Finance

House Committees

A BILL FOR AN ACT

101	CONCERNING ASSETS EXEMPTED FROM SEIZURE IN CERTAIN
102	PROCEEDINGS, AND, IN CONNECTION THEREWITH, EXPANDING
103	THE AMOUNT AND APPLICATION OF THE HOMESTEAD
104	EXEMPTION TO INCLUDE PERSONAL PROPERTY THAT IS
105	ACTUALLY USED AS A RESIDENCE, INCREASING THE SCOPE AND
106	AMOUNT OF ASSETS THAT MAY BE EXEMPTED, ADDING CERTAIN
107	NEW EXEMPTIONS, RECREATING AND INCREASING AN
108	EXEMPTION FOR MONEY IN DEPOSITORY ACCOUNTS, AND
109	REMOVING A REQUIREMENT THAT A PERSON MUST DEPOSIT AND
110	NOT COMMINGLE FUNDS IN ORDER TO RENDER CHILD SUPPORT
111	PAYMENTS OR UNEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS EXEMPT FROM LEVY
112	TO PAY A DEBT.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at <u>http://leg.colorado.gov</u>.)

Section 1 of the bill makes legislative findings and declarations.

Colorado's statutory homestead exemption exempts a portion of a homestead from seizure to satisfy a debt, contract, or civil obligation. **Section 2** increases the amount of the homestead exemption:

- From \$75,000 to \$300,000 if the homestead is occupied as a home by an owner of the home or an owner's family; and
- From \$105,000 to \$400,000 if the homestead is occupied as a home by an owner who is elderly or disabled, an owner's spouse who is elderly or disabled, or an owner's dependent who is elderly or disabled.

Section 3 expands the meaning of "homestead" to expressly include a "dwelling", and section 4 defines a dwelling as conventional housing and personal property that is actually used as a residence, including any vehicle, trailer, vessel, camper coach, mounted equipment, railway car, shipping or cargo container, or shed.

Section 5 increases the maximum amounts of existing exemptions from levy and sale under a writ of attachment or execution for certain types of property and creates new exemptions for:

- Firearms and hunting and fishing equipment;
- Economic impact payments;
- Health savings accounts; and
- Money placed into a life expectancy set-aside account or similar reserve fund, escrow, or impound account, which money is derived from reverse mortgage proceeds that are designated for specific uses.

Section 5 also recreates and increases an exemption for money in depository accounts.

Sections 5, 6, and 7 remove a requirement that a person must deposit child support payments in an account designated for the child and, with regard to child support payments and unemployment benefits, not commingle funds in order to claim an exemption for child support payments or an exemption for unemployment benefits.

1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

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- **SECTION 1. Legislative declaration.** (1) The general assembly

1 finds that:

- 2 (a) The recent rises in Colorado's population and home values
 3 have made it more difficult for people to find affordable housing;
- 4 (b) This housing crisis affects a wide swath of the population,
 5 putting more pressure on family budgets;
- (c) The higher cost of housing has forced many of Colorado's
 aging and less-wealthy individuals to reside in unconventional housing,
 including tiny homes; recreational vehicles, campers, and other vehicles;
 boats and other vessels; and other types of real and personal property;
- (d) Unfortunately, individuals residing in such unconventional
 housing do not enjoy protection from creditors under Colorado's
 homestead exemption law because Colorado's definition of a "homestead"
 applies to real property and to mobile homes, manufactured homes,
 trailers, and trailer coaches but not to other types of unconventional
 housing; and
- (e) When creditors acquire and dispose of property that serves as
 unconventional housing, the residents of such housing are often left
 homeless.
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(2) The general assembly also finds that:

20 (a) Section 1 of article XVIII of the state constitution requires the
21 general assembly to pass liberal homestead and exemption laws;

- (b) Colorado courts have expressed a policy of broad and liberalinterpretation of the homestead exemption;
- (c) In 1982, with the enactment of Senate Bill 82-27, and in 1983,
 with the enactment of House Bill 83-1428, the general assembly
 expanded the homestead exemption to apply to mobile homes and
 manufactured homes, respectively;

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(d) In 2000, with the enactment of Senate Bill 00-003, the general
 assembly again expanded the homestead exemption to include trailers and
 trailer coaches; and

4 (e) Nonetheless, in 2016, in the case of *In re Romero*, the United
5 States district court for the district of Colorado declined to interpret
6 Colorado's homestead exemption as applying to unconventional dwellings
7 and sleeping quarters that are not specifically described in the homestead
8 exemption statute.

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(3) The general assembly also finds that:

10 (a) The original purpose of the homestead exemption was to
11 protect an amount of equity that is required to keep a roof over a family's
12 head;

13 (b) The increase in the cost of homes has left the current14 homestead exemption outdated;

(c) For many individuals, home ownership is the cornerstone of
the American dream, yet as of November 5, 2021, the typical home value
in the United States is \$316,368, according to Zillow, and this value is
seasonally adjusted and includes only the middle-price tier of homes;

(d) Of course, home values are not uniform across the country,
and in some states a typical home costs far more than the national
average. According to Zillow, the value of a typical single-family home
in Colorado is \$442,766, which is higher than the national average as
reported by Microsoft's MS Money app.

(e) Based on these figures, Colorado's statutory homestead
exemption amount of \$75,000 protects only about 17% of the value of the
typical Colorado home and about 24% for homeowners who are elderly
or disabled; and

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1 (f) According to the Denver Metro Association of Realtors, the 2 median closing price of a home in the Denver metro area was \$543,000 3 for November 2021. 4 (4) The general assembly therefore declares that it is in the best 5 interests of residents of the state for the general assembly to: 6 (a) Increase the amount of the homestead exemption; (b) Expand the definition of "homestead" to expressly include a 7 8 broad range of real and personal property when such property is actually 9 used as a dwelling or place of residence; 10 (c) Increase the maximum amounts of existing exemptions for 11 depository accounts and certain types of property; and 12 (d) Create new exemptions for: 13 (I) Firearms and hunting and fishing equipment; 14 (II) Economic impact payments; 15 (III) Health savings accounts; and 16 (IV) Money placed into a life expectancy set-aside account or 17 similar reserve fund, escrow, or impound account, which money is 18 derived from reverse mortgage proceeds that are designated for specific 19 uses. 20 (e) Remove the requirement that a person not commingle funds in 21 order to claim an exemption for child support payments or unemployment 22 benefits. 23 **SECTION 2.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, **amend** 38-41-201 as 24 follows: 25 **38-41-201.** Homestead exemption - definitions. (1) Every 26 homestead in the state of Colorado shall be IS exempt from execution and 27 attachment arising from any debt, contract, or civil obligation not exceeding in actual cash value in excess of any liens or encumbrances on
 the homesteaded property in existence at the time of any levy of execution
 thereon:

4 (a) The sum of seventy-five THREE HUNDRED thousand dollars if
5 the homestead is occupied as a home by an owner thereof or an owner's
6 family; or

(b) The sum of one hundred five FOUR HUNDRED thousand dollars
if the homestead is occupied as a home by an elderly or disabled owner
WHO IS ELDERLY OR DISABLED, an elderly or disabled spouse of an owner
OWNER'S SPOUSE WHO IS ELDERLY OR DISABLED, or an elderly or disabled
dependent of an owner OWNER'S DEPENDENT WHO IS ELDERLY OR
DISABLED.

13 (2) As used in this section, unless the context otherwise requires: 14 (a) "Disabled owner", "disabled spouse", or "disabled dependent" 15 "DISABLED" means an owner, spouse, or dependent who has HAVING a 16 physical or mental impairment that is disabling and that, because of other 17 factors such as age, training, experience, or social setting, substantially 18 precludes the owner, spouse, or dependent PERSON from engaging in a 19 useful occupation as a homemaker, a wage earner, or a self-employed 20 person in any employment that exists in the community and for which he 21 or she THE PERSON has competence.

(b) "Elderly" owner", "elderly spouse", or "elderly dependent"
"ELDERLY" means an owner, spouse, or dependent who is sixty years of
age or older.

SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 38-41-205 as
 follows:

27 **38-41-205.** Of what homestead may consist. (1) The homestead

1	mentioned in this part 2 may consist of:
2	(a) A DWELLING;
3	(b) A house and lot or lots; or
4	(c) of A farm consisting of any number of acres.
5	SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 38-41-201.7 as
6	follows:
7	38-41-201.7. Definition of "dwelling" - personal property
8	included. (1) As used in this part 2, unless the context otherwise
9	REQUIRES, "DWELLING" MEANS CONVENTIONAL HOUSING AND PERSONAL
10	PROPERTY THAT IS ACTUALLY USED AS A RESIDENCE, INCLUDING:
11	(a) A VEHICLE, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 42-1-102 (112), INCLUDING
12	ANY TRAILER, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 42-1-102 (105);
13	(b) A VESSEL, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 33-13-102 (5);
14	(c) A CAMPER COACH, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 42-1-102 (13);
15	(d) MOUNTED EQUIPMENT, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 42-1-102 (60);
16	(e) A RAILWAY CAR; AND
17	(f) A SHIPPING OR CARGO CONTAINER OR SHED.
18	SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 13-54-102, amend
19	(1)(e), (1)(g), (1)(i), (1)(j)(I), (1)(j)(II)(A), (1)(o), (1)(s), (1)(u), (1)(v), (1
20	(1)(w), and (3); and add (1)(x), (1)(y), and (1)(z) as follows:
21	13-54-102. Property exempt - definitions. (1) The following
22	property is exempt from levy and sale under writ of attachment or writ of
23	execution:
24	(e) The household goods owned and used by the debtor or the
25	debtor's dependents to the extent of three SIX thousand dollars in value;
26	(g) (I) Except as otherwise provided in subparagraph (II) of this
27	$\frac{paragraph(g)}{paragraph(g)}$ SUBSECTION (1)(g)(II) OF THIS SECTION, in the case of every

debtor engaged in agriculture as the debtor's principal occupation,
 including but not limited to farming, ranching, and dairy production OR
 the raising of livestock or poultry, THE FOLLOWING, IN THE AGGREGATE
 VALUE OF ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS:

5

(A) All livestock, poultry, or other animals;

6 (B) All crops, dairy products, and agricultural products grown,
7 raised, or produced; and

8 (C) All tractors, farm implements, trucks used in agricultural 9 operations, harvesting equipment, seed, and agricultural machinery and 10 tools. in the aggregate value of fifty thousand dollars.

11 (II) Only one exemption in the aggregate value of fifty ONE 12 HUNDRED thousand dollars shall be IS allowed for a debtor and his or her 13 THE DEBTOR'S spouse under subparagraph (I) of this paragraph (g) 14 SUBSECTION (1)(g)(I) OF THIS SECTION. In the event that property is 15 claimed as exempt by a debtor or his or her THE DEBTOR'S spouse under 16 subparagraph (I) of this paragraph (g) SUBSECTION (1)(g)(I) OF THIS 17 SECTION, no exemption shall be IS allowed for such THE debtor or his or 18 her THE DEBTOR'S spouse under paragraph (i) of this subsection (1) 19 SUBSECTION (1)(i) OF THIS SECTION.

(i) (I) EXCEPT AS DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (1)(i)(II) OF THIS
SECTION, the stock in trade, supplies, fixtures, maps, machines, tools,
electronics, equipment, books, and business materials of a debtor THAT
ARE used and kept for the purpose of carrying on:

24 (A) The debtor's primary gainful occupation, in the aggregate
25 value of thirty SIXTY thousand dollars; or

26 (B) used and kept for Any other gainful occupation, in the
aggregate value of ten TWENTY thousand dollars.

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(II) except that Exempt property described in this paragraph (i)
 SUBSECTION (1)(i) may not also be claimed as exempt pursuant to
 paragraph (j) of this subsection (1) SUBSECTION (1)(j) OF THIS SECTION.
 (j) (I) Up to two motor vehicles or bicycles kept and used by any
 debtor, in the aggregate value of seven thousand five hundred FIFTEEN
 THOUSAND dollars; or

(II) (A) Up to two motor vehicles or bicycles kept and used by any
elderly or disabled debtor WHO IS ELDERLY OR DISABLED or by any debtor
with an elderly or disabled DEBTOR'S spouse or dependent WHO IS
ELDERLY OR DISABLED, in the aggregate value of twelve thousand five
hundred TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND dollars.

12 (o) The full amount of any federal or state income tax refund
13 attributed to an earned income tax credit or a ANY child tax credit,
14 WHETHER AS A REFUNDABLE TAX CREDIT OR AS A NONREFUNDABLE
15 REDUCTION IN TAX;

16 (s) Property, including funds, held in or payable from any pension 17 or retirement plan, or deferred compensation plan, AND HEALTH SAVINGS 18 ACCOUNTS, including those in which the debtor has received benefits or 19 payments, has the present right to receive benefits or payments, or has the 20 right to receive benefits or payments in the future and including pensions 21 or plans which THAT qualify under the federal "Employee Retirement 22 Income Security Act of 1974", as amended; as an ANY employee pension 23 benefit plan, as defined in 29 U.S.C. sec. 1002; any individual retirement 24 account, as defined in 26 U.S.C. sec. 408; any Roth individual retirement 25 account, as defined in 26 U.S.C. sec. 408A; and any plan, as defined in 26 26 U.S.C. sec. 401, and as these plans may be amended from time to time; 27 (u) Any court-ordered domestic support obligation or payment,

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including a maintenance obligation or payment or a child support
 obligation or payment; if the child support obligation or payment meets
 the requirements of section 13-54-102.5;

4 (v) Any claim for public or private disability benefits due, or any
5 proceeds thereof OF SUCH A CLAIM, not otherwise provided for under law,
6 up to four FIVE thousand dollars per month. Any claim or proceeds in
7 excess of this amount is subject to garnishment in accordance with
8 section 13-54-104.

9 (w) (I) Through June 1, 2021, Up to four FIVE thousand dollars
10 cumulative in a depository account or accounts in the name of the debtor.

11 (II) This subsection (1)(w) is repealed, effective September 1,
12 2022.

13 (x) THE DEBTOR'S AGGREGATE INTEREST IN FIREARMS AND
14 HUNTING AND FISHING EQUIPMENT HELD FOR PERSONAL, FAMILY, OR
15 HOUSEHOLD USE OR FOR THE PERSONAL SAFETY OF THE DEBTOR AND
16 MEMBERS OF THE DEBTOR'S HOUSEHOLD, NOT TO EXCEED ONE THOUSAND
17 DOLLARS IN VALUE;

18 (y) (I) ANY ECONOMIC IMPACT PAYMENT HELD BY OR PAYABLE TO
19 A DEBTOR OR TO A DEBTOR'S DEPENDENTS IN ANY FORM.

(II) AS USED IN THIS SUBSECTION (1)(y) AND IN SUBSECTION (3) OF
THIS SECTION, UNLESS THE CONTEXT OTHERWISE REQUIRES, "ECONOMIC
IMPACT PAYMENT" MEANS A PAYMENT FROM A FEDERAL, STATE, OR LOCAL
GOVERNMENT TO A DEBTOR OR TO A DEBTOR'S DEPENDENTS TO ASSIST IN
MANAGING THE ECONOMIC CONSEQUENCES OF A NATIONAL OR STATEWIDE
EMERGENCY OR DISASTER. "ECONOMIC IMPACT PAYMENT" INCLUDES:
(A) ALL ECONOMIC IMPACT AND STIMULUS RECOVERY PAYMENTS

27 TO DEBTORS PURSUANT TO THE FEDERAL "CORONAVIRUS AID, RELIEF,

AND ECONOMIC SECURITY ACT", PUB.L. 116-136, AS AMENDED, OR
 OTHERWISE RELATING TO THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC; AND

3 (B) ALL OTHER ECONOMIC IMPACT OR STIMULUS RECOVERY
4 PAYMENTS TO DEBTORS, WHICH PAYMENTS ARE AUTHORIZED TO ASSIST
5 WITH ECONOMIC RECOVERY FROM THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC OR FROM
6 ANY NATIONAL OR STATEWIDE EMERGENCY OR DISASTER. IT IS THE INTENT
7 OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY THAT THIS DEFINITION BE INTERPRETED IN THE
8 BROADEST POSSIBLE MANNER TO PROTECT SUCH PAYMENTS.

9 (z) ALL MONEY PLACED INTO A LIFE EXPECTANCY SET-ASIDE
10 ACCOUNT OR SIMILAR RESERVE FUND, ESCROW, OR IMPOUND ACCOUNT,
11 WHICH MONEY IS DERIVED FROM REVERSE MORTGAGE PROCEEDS THAT ARE
12 DESIGNATED FOR USE TO PAY FOR REAL ESTATE PROPERTY TAXES;
13 HOMEOWNER'S HAZARD, FLOOD, OR OTHER PROPERTY INSURANCE; OR
14 OTHER HOME MAINTENANCE EXPENSES.

(3) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (s) of subsection
(1) SUBSECTIONS (1)(s) AND (1)(y) of this section, any ECONOMIC IMPACT
PAYMENT AND ANY pension or retirement benefit or payment shall be IS
subject to attachment or levy in satisfaction of a judgment taken for
arrearages for child support or for child support debt, subject to the
limitations contained in section 13-54-104.

21 SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 13-54-102.5
22 as follows:

13-54-102.5. Child support payments - exemption. (1) Any
past or present child support obligation owed by a parent or child support
payment made by a parent that is required by a support order is exempt
from levy under writ of attachment or writ of execution for any debt owed
by either parent. A child support payment is no longer exempt under the

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provisions of this section if the recipient of the payment intermingles the
 payment with any other moneys.

3 (2) A child support payment is only exempt under the provisions
of subsection (1) of this section after the payment is deposited in a bank,
savings and loan, or credit union account if the account is a custodial
account for the benefit of the child designated for child support payments
and if no moneys other than child support payments made pursuant to a
support order or interest earned on the moneys in the account are
deposited into the account.

SECTION 7. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 8-80-103 as
follows:

12 8-80-103. Assignment of benefits void - exemptions. Any 13 assignment, pledge, or encumbrance of any right to benefits which THAT 14 are or may become due or payable under articles 70 to 82 of this title shall 15 be TITLE 8 ARE void. Except as provided in the "Colorado Child Support 16 Enforcement Procedures Act", article 14 of title 14, C.R.S., such rights to 17 benefits shall be ARE exempt from levy, execution, attachment, or any 18 other remedy provided for the collection of debt. Benefits received by any 19 individual so long as they are not mingled with other funds of the 20 recipient, shall be ARE exempt from any remedy for the collection of all 21 debts except debts incurred for necessaries furnished to such THE 22 individual, his THE INDIVIDUAL'S spouse, or THE INDIVIDUAL'S dependents 23 during the time when such THE individual was unemployed or child 24 support debt or arrearages as specified in article 14 of title 14. C.R.S. Any 25 waiver of any exemption provided for in this section shall be IS void. 26 **SECTION 8.** Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds,

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- 1 determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
- 2 preservation of the public peace, health, or safety.