1	213170-3 : n : 04/27/2021 : PS / te
2	
3	HOUSE PUBLIC SAFETY AND HOMELAND SECURITY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
4	FOR HB405
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	SYNOPSIS: This bill would repeal certain restrictions
10	on the carrying or possession of a firearm on
11	certain property or in a motor vehicle by persons
12	with or without a concealed pistol permit.
13	The bill would revise certain restrictions
14	on the carrying or possession of firearms at
15	certain locations.
16	This bill would eliminate the need for a
17	person to obtain a concealed carry permit in order
18	to carry a pistol.
19	This bill would also make nonsubstantive,
20	technical revisions to update the existing code
21	language to current style.
22	Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama
23	of 1901, as amended by Amendment 890, now appearing
24	as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of
25	the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, prohibits a
26	general law whose purpose or effect would be to
27	require a new or increased expenditure of local

1funds from becoming effective with regard to a2local governmental entity without enactment by a32/3 vote unless: it comes within one of a number of4specified exceptions; it is approved by the5affected entity; or the Legislature appropriates6funds, or provides a local source of revenue, to7the entity for the purpose.

8 The purpose or effect of this bill would be 9 to require a new or increased expenditure of local 10 funds within the meaning of the amendment. However, 11 the bill does not require approval of a local 12 governmental entity or enactment by a 2/3 vote to 13 become effective because it comes within one of the 14 specified exceptions contained in the amendment.

16A BILL17TO BE ENTITLED18AN ACT

15

19

20 Relating to firearms; to amend Sections 13A-11-7, 21 13A-11-50, 13A-11-55, 13A-11-61.2, 13A-11-62, 13A-11-71, 22 13A-11-85, and 13A-11-90, Code of Alabama 1975, to delete 23 certain language regarding the carrying of a visible pistol; 24 to delete certain language regarding the carrying of a 25 concealed pistol; to revise certain restrictions on the 26 carrying or possession of firearms at certain locations; to 27 eliminate the need for a person to obtain a concealed carry

1 permit in order to carry a pistol; to revise language 2 regarding an employee storing a firearm in the employee's vehicle; to make nonsubstantive, technical revisions to update 3 the existing code language to current style; to repeal 4 Sections 9-11-304, 13A-11-52, 13A-11-73, and 13A-11-74, Code 5 of Alabama 1975, relating to the carrying or possession of a 6 7 firearm or pistol, to repeal certain restrictions on the carrying or possession of a firearm on certain property or in 8 a motor vehicle; and in connection therewith would have as its 9 10 purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased expenditure of local funds within the meaning of Amendment 621 11 of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended by 12 13 Amendment 890, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901. 14 15 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA: Section 1. Sections 13A-11-7, 13A-11-50, 13A-11-55, 16 13A-11-61.2, 13A-11-62, 13A-11-71, 13A-11-85, and 13A-11-90, 17 18 Code of Alabama 1975, are amended to read as follows: "§13A-11-7. 19 20 "(a) A person commits the crime of disorderly 21 conduct if, with intent to cause public inconvenience, 22 annoyance or alarm, or recklessly creating a risk thereof, he 23 or she does any of the following: 24 "(1) Engages in fighting or in violent tumultuous or 25 threatening behavior. 26 "(2) Makes unreasonable noise.

- "(3) In a public place uses abusive or obscene
 language or makes an obscene gesture.
- 3 "(4) Without lawful authority, disturbs any lawful
 4 assembly or meeting of persons.

5 "(5) Obstructs vehicular or pedestrian traffic, or a 6 transportation facility.

7 "(6) Congregates with other person in a public place
8 and refuses to comply with a lawful order of law enforcement
9 to disperse.

10

"(b) Disorderly conduct is a Class C misdemeanor.

11 "(c) It shall be a rebuttable presumption that the 12 <u>The</u> mere carrying of a visible pistol, holstered or secured, 13 in a public place, in and of itself, is not a violation of 14 this section.

"(d) Nothing in Act 2013-283 shall be construed to
prohibit law enforcement personnel who have reasonable
suspicion from acting to prevent a breach of the peace or from
taking action to preserve public safety.

19

"§13A-11-50.

20 "Except as otherwise provided in this Code, a person 21 who carries concealed about his person a bowie knife or knife or instrument of like kind or description or a pistol or 22 23 firearm of any other kind or an air gun shall, on conviction, 24 be fined not less than \$50.00 fifty dollars (\$50) nor more 25 than \$500.00 five hundred dollars (\$500), and may also be 26 imprisoned in the county jail or sentenced to hard labor for 27 the county for not more than six months.

1

"§13A-11-55.

2 "(a) In an indictment for In the prosecution for carrying weapons unlawfully, it is sufficient for the 3 complaint to state, with particularity, to charge that the 4 5 defendant carried concealed about his or her person a pistol, or other description of firearms, on premises not his own, or 6 7 a bowie knife, or other knife or instrument of the like kind or description, or other forbidden weapon., describing it, as 8 9 the case may be;

10 "(b) and the excuse, if any, must be proved by the 11 defendant on the trial, to the satisfaction of the jury; and 12 if the evidence offered to excuse the charge raises a 13 reasonable doubt of the defendant's guilt, the jury must 14 acquit him. The burden of injecting the issue of justification 15 in subsection (a) is on the defendant, but this does not shift 16 the burden of proof.

17

"§13A-11-61.2.

18 "(a) In addition to any other place limited or 19 prohibited by state or federal law, a person, including a 20 person with a permit issued under Section 13A-11-75(a)(1) or 21 recognized under Section 13A-11-85, may not knowingly possess 22 or carry a firearm in any of the following places without the 23 express permission of a person or entity with authority over 24 the premises:

"(1) Inside the building of a police, sheriff, orhighway patrol station.

"(2) Inside or on the premises of a prison, jail, 1 2 halfway house, community corrections facility, or other detention facility for those who have been charged with or 3 convicted of a criminal or juvenile offense. It is not a 4 5 violation of this subdivision to knowingly possess or carry a firearm at a location described in this subdivision if the 6 7 location is also a sheriff's office that issues pistol permits and the pistol remains inside of a locked vehicle at all times 8 9 while the person is on the premises.

10 "(3) Inside a facility which provides inpatient or 11 custodial care of those with psychiatric, mental, or emotional 12 disorders.

13 "(4)<u>a.</u> Inside a courthouse, courthouse annex, a 14 building in which a district attorney's office is located, or 15 a building in which a county commission or city council is 16 currently having a regularly scheduled or specially called 17 meeting.

18 "<u>b. For purposes of this subdivision, "courthouse</u> 19 <u>annex" means a building which is currently having regularly</u> 20 <u>scheduled or specially called court hearings.</u>

"(5) Inside any facility hosting an athletic event not related to or involving firearms which is sponsored by a private or public elementary or secondary school or any private or public institution of postsecondary education, unless the person has a permit issued under Section 13A-11-75(a)(1) or recognized under Section 13A-11-85.

1

2

3

4

"(6) Inside any facility hosting a professional athletic event not related to or involving firearms, unless the person has a permit issued under Section 13A-11-75(a)(1) or recognized under Section 13A-11-85.

5 "(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a), a person, including a person with a permit issued under 6 7 Section 13A-11-75(a)(1) or recognized under Section 13A-11-85, may not, without the express permission of a person or entity 8 with authority over the premises, knowingly possess or carry a 9 10 firearm inside any building or facility to which access of unauthorized persons and prohibited articles is limited during 11 normal hours of operation by the continuous on-site posting of 12 13 guards who are responsible for the prevention of prohibited items from entering the facility, and the use of other 14 15 security features, including, but not limited to, magnetometers, key cards, biometric screening devices, or 16 17 turnstiles or other physical barriers that prevent all persons 18 entering the facility from bringing prohibited items into the facility. Nothing in this subsection otherwise restricts the 19 20 possession, transportation, or storage of a lawfully possessed 21 firearm or ammunition in an employee's privately owned motor 22 vehicle while parked or operated in a public or private parking area provided the employee complies with the 23 24 requirements of Section 13A-11-90.

"(c) The person or entity with authority over the
premises set forth in subdivisions (1) to (6) (4), inclusive,
of subsection (a) and subsection (b) shall place a notice at

the public entrances of such premises or buildings alerting those entering that firearms are prohibited.

"(d) Except as provided in subdivisions (5) and (6) 3 of subsection (a), any Any firearm on the premises of any 4 5 facility set forth in subdivision (1) of subsection (a), or subdivisions (3) and (4) to (6) inclusive, of subsection (a), 6 7 or subsection (b) must be kept from ordinary observation and locked within a compartment or in the interior of the person's 8 motor vehicle or in a compartment or container securely 9 10 affixed to the motor vehicle.

11 "(e) A violation of subsection (a), (b), or (d) is a 12 Class C misdemeanor.

13 "(f) This section shall not prohibit any person from 14 possessing a firearm within the person's residence or during 15 ingress or egress thereto.

16 "(g) Prohibitions regarding the carrying of a 17 firearm under this section shall not apply to law enforcement 18 officers engaged in the lawful execution of their official 19 duties or a qualified retired law enforcement officer. For 20 purposes of this section, qualified retired law enforcement 21 officer shall mean a retired officer who meets all of the 22 following requirements:

"(1) Was separated from service in good standing from service with a public agency as a law enforcement officer.

"(2) Before separation, was authorized by law to
engage in or supervise the prevention, detection,

investigation, or prosecution of, or the incarceration of any person for, any violation of law, and had statutory powers of arrest.

4 "(3) Before separation, served as a law enforcement
5 officer for an aggregate of 10 years or more and separated
6 from service with such agency, after completing any applicable
7 probationary period of such service, due to a
8 service-connected disability, as determined by the agency.

9 "(4) During the most recent 12-month period, has 10 met, at the expense of the individual, the standards for qualification in firearms training for active law enforcement 11 12 officers, as determined by the former agency of the 13 individual, the state in which the individual resides or, if the state has not established such standards, either a law 14 15 enforcement agency within the state in which the individual resides or the standards used by a certified firearms 16 17 instructor that is qualified to conduct a firearms 18 qualification test for active duty officers within that state.

"(5) Has not been officially found by a qualified 19 20 medical professional employed by the agency to be unqualified 21 for reasons relating to mental health, and as a result, will 22 not be issued the photographic identification described in 23 subdivision (8) and has not entered into an agreement with the 24 agency from which the individual is separating from service in 25 which that individual acknowledges he or she is not qualified under this section for reasons relating to mental health and 26

for those reasons will not receive or accept the photographic
 identification as described in subsection subdivision (8).

3 "(6) Is not under the influence of alcohol or
4 another intoxicating or hallucinatory drug or substance.

5 "(7) Is not prohibited by state or federal law from 6 receiving a firearm.

7 "(8) Is carrying any of the following identification
8 documents:

9 "a. A photographic identification issued by the 10 agency from which the individual separated from service as a law enforcement officer that identifies the person as having 11 been employed as a police officer or law enforcement officer 12 13 and indicates that the individual has, not less recently than one year before the date the individual is carrying the 14 15 concealed firearm, been tested or otherwise found by the agency to meet the active duty standards for qualification in 16 17 firearms training as established by the agency to carry a 18 firearm of the same type as the concealed firearm.

19 "b. A photographic identification issued by the 20 agency from which the individual separated from service as a 21 law enforcement officer that identifies the person as having 22 been employed as a police officer or law enforcement officer, 23 and a certification issued by the state in which the 24 individual resides or by a certified firearms instructor who 25 is qualified to conduct a firearms qualification test for active duty officers within that state that indicates that the 26 27 individual, not less than one year before the date the

individual is carrying the concealed firearm, has been tested or otherwise found by the state or a certified firearms instructor who is qualified to conduct a firearms qualification test for active duty officers within that state to have met either of the following:

6 "1. The active duty standards for qualification in 7 firearms training, as established by the state, to carry a 8 firearm of the same type as the concealed firearm.

9 "2. If the state has not established such standards, 10 standards set by any law enforcement agency within that state 11 to carry a firearm of the same type as the concealed firearm.

12 "(h) Nothing in this section shall be construed to 13 authorize the carrying or possession of a firearm where 14 prohibited by federal law.

15

"§13A-11-62.

16 "For purposes of this division, the following terms 17 shall have the following meanings, unless the context clearly 18 indicates otherwise:

19 "(1) FIREARM. Definition is same as provided in
20 Section 13A-8-1(4).

"(2) RIFLE. Any weapon designed or redesigned, made or remade, and intended to be fired from the shoulder and designed or redesigned and made or remade to use the energy of the explosive in a fixed metallic cartridge to fire only a single projectile through a rifled bore for each pull of the trigger. "(3) SHOTGUN. A weapon designed or redesigned, made or remade, and intended to be fired from the shoulder and designed or redesigned and made or remade to use the energy of the explosive in a fixed shotgun shell to fire through a smooth bore either a number of ball shot or a single projectile for each single pull of the trigger.

7 "(4) SHORT-BARRELED RIFLE. A rifle having one or
8 more barrels less than 16 inches in length and any weapon made
9 from a rifle (whether by alteration, modification, or
10 otherwise) if such weapon, as modified, has an overall length
11 of less than 26 inches.

12 "(5) SHORT-BARRELED SHOTGUN. A shotgun having one or 13 more barrels less than 18 inches in length and any weapon made 14 from a shotgun (whether by alteration, modification, or 15 otherwise) if such weapon as modified has an overall length of 16 less than 26 inches.

17

"§13A-11-71.

"Any person that commits or attempts to commit If 18 19 any person shall commit or attempt to commit a crime of 20 violence when armed with a pistol, he may, in addition to the 21 punishment provided for the crime, may additionally be 22 punished also as provided by this division. In the trial of a 23 person for committing or attempting to commit a crime of 24 violence, the fact that he was armed with a pistol and had no 25 license to carry the same shall be prima facie evidence of his intention to commit said crime of violence. 26

27 "\$13A-11-85.

"(a) A person licensed to carry a handgun in any 1 2 state shall be authorized to carry a handgun in this state. This section shall apply to a license holder from another 3 state only while the license holder is not a resident of this 4 state. A license holder from another state shall carry the 5 6 handgun in compliance with the laws of this state. The 7 issuance of a permit to carry a pistol pursuant to Section 13A-11-75 or the recognition of a nonresident license under 8 9 this section does not impose a general prohibition on the 10 carrying of a pistol without a permit.

"(b) The Attorney General is authorized to enter into reciprocal agreements with other states for the mutual recognition of licenses to carry handguns and shall periodically publish a list of states which recognize licenses issued pursuant to Section 13A-11-75.

16

"§13A-11-90.

17 "(a) Except as provided in subdivision (b), a public 18 or private employer may restrict or prohibit its employees, 19 including those with a permit issued or recognized under 20 Section 13A-11-75, from carrying firearms while on the 21 employer's property or while engaged in the duties of the 22 person's employment.

"(b) A public or private employer may not restrict or prohibit the transportation or storage of a lawfully possessed firearm pistol or ammunition in an employee's privately owned motor vehicle while parked or operated in a public or private parking area. A public or private employer

1	may not restrict or prohibit the transportation or storage of
2	<u>a lawfully possessed firearm</u> , if the employee <u>possesses a</u>
3	firearm, other than a pistol, which may be lawfully used for
4	hunting in Alabama, and the employee satisfies all of the
5	following:
6	" (1) The employee either:
7	"a. Has a valid concealed weapon permit; or
8	"b. If the weapon is any firearm legal for use for
9	hunting in Alabama other than a pistol:
10	" i. <u>(1)</u> The employee possesses a valid Alabama
11	hunting license ; .
12	" $\frac{1}{1}$. (2) The weapon is unloaded at all times on the
13	property .
14	" iii. <u>(3)</u> It is during a season in which hunting is
15	permitted by Alabama law or regulation ; .
16	"iv. (4) The employee has never been convicted of
17	any crime of violence as that term is defined in Section
18	13A-11-70, nor of any crime set forth in Chapter 6 of Title
19	13A, nor is subject to a Domestic Violence Order, as that term
20	is defined in Section 13A-6-141 ; .
21	"v. The employee does not meet any of the factors
22	set forth in Section 13A-11-75(a)(1)a.1-8; and
23	" vi. <u>(5)</u> The employee has no documented prior
24	workplace incidents involving the threat of physical injury or
25	which resulted in physical injury.
26	" (2) <u>(6)</u> The motor vehicle is operated or parked in
27	a location where it is otherwise permitted to be.

"(3) (7) The firearm is either of the following:
 "a. In a motor vehicle attended by the employee,
 kept from ordinary observation within the person's motor
 vehicle.

5 "b. In a motor vehicle unattended by the employee, 6 kept from ordinary observation and locked within a 7 compartment, container, or in the interior of the person's 8 privately owned motor vehicle or in a compartment or container 9 securely affixed to the motor vehicle.

10 "(c) If an employer believes that an employee presents a risk of harm to himself/herself himself, herself, 11 or to others, the employer may inquire as to whether the 12 13 employee possesses a firearm in his or her private motor 14 vehicle. If the employee does possess a firearm in his or her 15 private motor vehicle on the property of the employer, the 16 employer may make any inquiry necessary to establish that the 17 employee is in compliance with subsection (b).

18 "(1) If the employee is not in compliance with 19 subsection (b), the employer may take adverse employment 20 action against the employee, in the discretion of the 21 employer.

"(2) If the employee has been in compliance with subsection (b) at all times, the employer may not take adverse employment action against the employee based solely on the presence of the firearm.

26 "(d) If an employer discovers by other means that an
27 employee is transporting or storing a firearm in his or her

private motor vehicle, the employer may not take any adverse employment action against the employee based solely on the possession of that firearm if the employee has complied with the requirements in subsection (b).

5 "(e) Nothing in this section shall prohibit an 6 employer from reporting to law enforcement a complaint based 7 upon information and belief that there is credible evidence of 8 any of the following:

9

"(1) That the employee's motor vehicle contains:

10

"a. A firearm prohibited by state or federal law.

"b. Stolen property or a prohibited or illegal itemother than a firearm.

13 "(2) A threat made by an employee to cause bodily14 harm to themselves or others.

15 "(f) If law enforcement officers, pursuant to a 16 valid search warrant or valid warrantless search based upon probable cause, exigent circumstances, or other lawful 17 18 exception to the search warrant requirement, discover a firearm prohibited by state or federal law, stolen property, 19 20 or a prohibited or illegal item other than a firearm, the 21 employer may take adverse employment action against the 22 employee.

"(g) However, Notwithstanding subsection (f), if the employee has fully complied with the requirements of subsection (b) and does not possess a firearm prohibited by state or federal law, that employee is entitled to recovery as specified in this subsection for any adverse employment action against the employee. If demand for the recovery has not been satisfied within 45 calendar days, the employee may file a civil action in the appropriate court of this state against the public or private employer. A plaintiff is entitled to seek an award of all of the following:

6 "(1) Compensation, if applicable, for lost wages or 7 benefits.

8 "(2) Compensation, if applicable, for other lost 9 remuneration caused by the termination, demotion, or other 10 adverse action.

"(h) The license requirements set forth in sections 11 12 (b) (1)a. and (b) (1)b.i. subdivision (1) or subsection (b) are 13 for the purposes of this section only in order to determine 14 whether an employee may transport or store a lawfully 15 possessed firearm or ammunition in an employee's privately owned motor vehicle while parked or operated in a public or 16 17 private parking area owned by the employer and shall not be 18 construed to otherwise expand the requirements for the lawful possession of a firearm. These requirements shall not be 19 20 interpreted to mean that the laws of the State of Alabama 21 create any new connection between the possession of a hunting 22 license and the right of a citizen to keep and bear arms.

"(i) Prohibitions regarding the carrying of a
firearm under this section shall not apply to law enforcement
officers engaged in the lawful execution of their official
duties.

1 "(j) Nothing in this section shall be construed to 2 authorize the transportation, carrying, storing, or possession 3 of a firearm or ammunition where prohibited by federal law."

Section 2. The issuance of a permit to carry a
pistol pursuant to Section 13A-11-75, Code of Alabama 1975, or
the recognition of nonresident licenses pursuant to Section
13A-11-85, Code of Alabama 1975, does not impose a general
prohibition on the carrying of a pistol without a permit.

Section 3. Section 9-11-304, Code of Alabama 1975, 9 10 relating to carrying a pistol on any wildlife management area, Section 13A-11-52, Code of Alabama 1975, relating to carrying 11 a pistol on private property, Section 13A-11-73, Code of 12 13 Alabama 1975, relating to possession of an unloaded pistol in motor vehicle, and 13A-11-74, Code of Alabama 1975, relating 14 15 to exceptions to requirement of having a license to carry a pistol in vehicle or concealed on a person, are repealed. 16

Section 4. Although this bill would have as its 17 18 purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased expenditure of local funds, the bill is excluded from further 19 20 requirements and application under Amendment 621, as amended 21 by Amendment 890, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, 22 as amended, because the bill defines a new crime or amends the 23 24 definition of an existing crime.

25 Section 5. This act shall become effective on the 26 first day of the third month following its passage and 27 approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.