- 1 HB47
- 2 164567-2
- 3 By Representative England
- 4 RFD: Public Safety and Homeland Security
- 5 First Read: 03-MAR-15
- 6 PFD: 02/23/2015

1	164567-2:n:02/20/2015:JET/th LRS2015-431R1			
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8	SYNOPSIS:	Under existing law, a person is prohibited		
9		from carrying a pistol on his or her person or on		
10		private property not under his or her control		
11		without a pistol permit or consent of the owner or		
12		legal possessor of the premises.		
13		This bill would make a violation of this		
14		provision a Class C misdemeanor.		
15		Under existing law, a person may not		
16		knowingly possess or carry a firearm in certain		
17		locations.		
18		This bill would prohibit a person from		
19		knowingly possessing or carrying a firearm at a		
20		polling place and would create criminal penalties		
21		for carrying a firearm in certain buildings and		
22		facilities with limited access.		
23		Under existing law, a person convicted of a		
24		crime of violence may not own a pistol or have one		
25		in his or her possession.		
26		This bill would expand this prohibition to		
27		include all firearms and would also prohibit a		

person convicted of domestic violence or who is restricted from having contact with another individual pursuant to a court order from owning or possessing a firearm.

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Under existing law, a person who is a drug addict or a habitual drunkard may not own or possess a pistol.

This bill would expand this prohibition to include all firearms and would prohibit a person of unsound mind, as defined by this bill, from owning or possessing a firearm.

Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended, prohibits a general law whose purpose or effect would be to require a new or increased expenditure of local funds from becoming effective with regard to a local governmental entity without enactment by a 2/3 vote unless: it comes within one of a number of specified exceptions; it is approved by the affected entity; or the Legislature appropriates funds, or provides a local source of revenue, to the entity for the purpose.

The purpose or effect of this bill would be to require a new or increased expenditure of local funds within the meaning of the amendment. However,

the bill does not require approval of a local governmental entity or enactment by a 2/3 vote to become effective because it comes within one of the specified exceptions contained in the amendment.

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6 A BILL

TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT

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Relating to firearms; to amend Sections 13A-11-52, 13A-11-61.2, and 13A-11-72, Code of Alabama 1975, to provide criminal penalties for carrying a pistol on private property without a permit or the consent of the owner or legal possessor of the property; to prohibit a person from knowingly possessing or carrying a firearm at a polling place; to impose criminal penalties for carrying a firearm in certain buildings and facilities with limited access; to prohibit a person convicted of domestic violence or who is restricted from having contact with another individual pursuant to a court order from owning or possessing a firearm; to prohibit a person of unsound mind, as defined by this bill, from owning or possessing a firearm; and in connection therewith would have as its purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased expenditure of local funds within the meaning of Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended.

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1			Fillia C. I Fill	-		LEGISLATURE	()[	ALADAMA.

Section 1. Sections 13A-11-52, 13A-11-61.2, and 13A-11-72, Code of Alabama 1975, are amended to read as follows:

5 "\$13A-11-52.

"(a) Except as otherwise provided in this article, no person shall carry a pistol about his <u>or her</u> person on private property not his <u>or her</u> own or under his control unless the person possesses a valid concealed weapon permit or the person has the consent of the owner or legal possessor of the premises; but this section shall. This section does not apply to any law enforcement officer in the lawful discharge of the duties of his <u>or her</u> office, or to <u>a</u> United States marshal or his <u>or her</u> deputies, rural free delivery mail carriers in the discharge of their duties as such, bonded constables in the discharge of their duties as such, conductors, railway mail clerks, and express messengers in the discharge of their duties.

## "(b) A violation of subsection (a) is a Class C misdemeanor.

21 "\$13A-11-61.2.

"(a) In addition to any other place limited or prohibited by state or federal law, a person, including a person with a permit issued under Section 13A-11-75(a)(1) or recognized under Section 13A-11-85, may not knowingly possess or carry a firearm in any of the following places without the

- express permission of a person or entity with authority over the premises:
- "(1) Inside the building of a police, sheriff, or
  highway patrol station.

- "(2) Inside or on the premises of a prison, jail, halfway house, community corrections facility, or other detention facility for those who have been charged with or convicted of a criminal or juvenile offense.
  - "(3) Inside or on the premises of a facility which provides inpatient or custodial care of those with psychiatric, mental, or emotional disorders.
  - "(4) Inside a courthouse, courthouse annex, a building in which a District Attorney's office is located, or a building in which a county commission or city council is currently having a regularly scheduled or specially called meeting.
  - "(5) Inside any facility hosting an athletic event not related to or involving firearms which is sponsored by a private or public elementary or secondary school or any private or public institution of postsecondary education, unless the person has a permit issued under Section 13A-11-85.
  - "(6) Inside any facility hosting a professional athletic event not related to or involving firearms, unless the person has a permit issued under Section 13A-11-75(a)(1) or recognized under Section 13A-11-85.
    - "(7) Inside a polling place.

"(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection

(a), a person, including a person with a permit issued under

Section 13A-11-75(a)(1) or recognized under Section 13A-11-85,

may not, without the express permission of a person or entity

with authority over the premises, knowingly possess or carry a

firearm inside any building or facility to which access of

unauthorized persons and prohibited articles is limited during

normal hours of operation by the continuous posting of guards

and the use of other security features, including, but not

limited to, magnetometers, key cards, biometric screening

devices, or turnstiles or other physical barriers.

- "(c) The person or entity with authority over the premises set forth in subsections (a)  $(1) \frac{(6)}{(7)}$  and subsection (b) shall place a notice at the public entrances of such premises or buildings alerting those entering that firearms are prohibited.
- "(d) Except as provided in subsections (a) (5) and (a) (6), any firearm on the premises of any facility set forth in subsection (a) (1), or subsections (a)  $(4) \frac{(6)}{(7)}$ , or subsection (b) must be kept from ordinary observation and locked within a compartment or in the interior of the person's motor vehicle or in a compartment or container securely affixed to the motor vehicle.
- "(e) A violation of subsections (a), (b), or (d) is a Class C misdemeanor.

- "(f) This section shall not prohibit any person from possessing a firearm within the person's residence or during ingress or egress thereto.
  - "(g) Prohibitions regarding the carrying of a firearm under this section shall not apply to law enforcement officers engaged in the lawful execution of their official duties.
  - "(h) Nothing in this section shall be construed to authorize the carrying or possession of a firearm where prohibited by federal law.

"\$13A-11-72.

- "(a) No person who has been convicted in this state or elsewhere of committing or attempting to commit a <u>crime of domestic violence or other</u> crime of violence <u>or who is restricted from having contact with another individual pursuant to a court order</u> shall own a <u>pistol firearm</u> or have one in his or her possession or under his or her control.
- "(b) No person who is a drug addict, or an habitual drunkard, or of unsound mind shall own a pistol firearm or have one in his or her possession or under his or her control.
- "(c) Subject to the exceptions provided by Section 13A-11-74, no person shall knowingly with intent to do bodily harm carry or possess a deadly weapon on the premises of a public school.
- "(d) Possession of a deadly weapon with the intent to do bodily harm on the premises of a public school in

violation of subsection (c) of this section is a Class C felony.

- "(e) School security personnel and school resource officers qualified under subsection (a) of Section 16-1-44.1, employed by a local board of education, and authorized by the employing local board of education to carry a deadly weapon while on duty are exempt from subsection (c) of this section. Law enforcement officers are exempt from this section, and persons with pistol permits issued pursuant to Section 13A-11-75, are exempt from subsection (c) of this section.
  - "(f) The term "school resource officer" as used in this section means an Alabama Peace Officers' Standards and Training Commissioner-certified law enforcement officer employed by a law enforcement agency who is specifically selected and specially trained for the school setting.
  - "(g) The term "public school" as used in this section applies only to a school composed of grades K-12 and shall include a school bus used for grades K-12.
  - "(h) The term "deadly weapon" as used in this section means a firearm or anything manifestly designed, made, or adapted for the purposes of inflicting death or serious physical injury, and such term includes, but is not limited to, a bazooka, hand grenade, missile, or explosive or incendiary device; a pistol, rifle, or shotgun; or a switch-blade knife, gravity knife, stiletto, sword, or dagger; or any club, baton, billy, black-jack, bludgeon, or metal knuckles.

1	"(i) The term "unsound mind" as used in this section					
2	means an individual who satisfies any of the following:					
3	"(1) Has been found by a court, as a result of					
4	marked subnormal intelligence, mental illness, incompetency,					
5	condition, or disease, to be a danger to himself or herself or					
6	others or lack the mental capacity to conduct or manage his or					
7	her own affairs.					
8	"(2) Has been found to be insane, not quilty by					
9	reason of mental disease or defect, found incompetent to stand					
10	trial, or found not quilty by reason of lack of mental					
11	responsibility by a court in a criminal case, including state,					
12	federal, and military courts.					
13	"(3) Has been involuntarily committed to a mental					
14	institution by a court.					
15	"(4) Has been determined to be an incapacitated					
16	person as defined in Section 26-2A-20(8).					
17	"(5) Is a party to a pending court proceeding in any					
18	state or jurisdiction in which it is alleged that he or she is					
19	of unsound mind."					
20	Section 2. Although this bill would have as its					
21	purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased					
22	expenditure of local funds, the bill is excluded from further					
23	requirements and application under Amendment 621, now					
24	appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of					
25	the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended, because the					
26	bill defines a new crime or amends the definition of an					
27	existing crime.					

Section 3. This act shall become effective on the first day of the third month following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.