- 1 HB47
- 2 168479-3
- 3 By Representative England
- 4 RFD: Public Safety and Homeland Security
- 5 First Read: 03-MAR-15
- 6 PFD: 02/23/2015

1	ENGROSSED
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3	
4	A BILL
5	TO BE ENTITLED
6	AN ACT
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8	Relating to firearms; to amend Sections 13A-6-23,
9	13A-6-24, 13A-11-57, 13A-11-59, 13A-11-61.2, 13A-11-72,
10	13A-11-76, 13A-11-79, 22-52-10.8, 40-12-143, Code of Alabama
11	1975, to provide that duress is an available defense to
12	charges of menacing and reckless endangerment; to allow a
13	person under the age of 18 to receive or possess a pistol
14	under certain conditions; provide that a minor may receive
15	title to a pistol, bowie knife, or other knife of like kind by
16	inheritance; to reduce the distance limitation for a person
17	carrying a firearm in proximity to a demonstration; to
18	prohibit the carrying of a firearm at any distance from a
19	demonstration under certain conditions; to specify that a
20	person may possess a firearm or ammunition in an employee's
21	privately owned vehicle while parked or operated in a public
22	or private parking area at a secure building where firearms
23	are otherwise prohibited; to further provide for the entry of
24	certain mental health information into the National Instant
25	Criminal Background Check System (NICS); to allow a person who
26	has been found insane, mentally incompetent, or not guilty by
27	reason of mental disease or defect to petition for the removal

1 of applicable firearm prohibitions; to eliminate certain 2 record-keeping and administrative requirements relating to firearm sales; to require that certain firearm sales records 3 4 be permanently removed and destroyed within a certain timeframe; to provide an exception; to prohibit a person from 5 6 carrying a loaded firearm under certain conditions; to provide 7 criminal penalties; and in connection therewith would have as its purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased 8 expenditure of local funds within the meaning of Amendment 621 9 10 of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, now appearing as 11 Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the 12 Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended. BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA: 13 14 Section 1. Sections 13A-6-23, 13A-6-24, 13A-11-57, 13A-11-59, 13A-11-61.2, 13A-11-72, 13A-11-76, 13A-11-79, 15 13A-11-84, 22-52-10.8, and 40-12-143, are amended to read as 16 17 follows: "\$13A-6-23. 18 "(a) A person commits the crime of menacing if, by 19 physical action, he or she intentionally places or attempts to 20 21 place another person in fear of imminent serious physical 22 injury. 23 "(b) Duress, as set out in Section 13A-3-30, is an 24 available defense to a charge of menacing under this section. 25 "(b) (c) Menacing is a Class B misdemeanor. "§13A-6-24. 26

1	"(a) A person commits the crime of reckless
2	endangerment if he or she recklessly engages in conduct which
3	creates a substantial risk of serious physical injury to
4	another person.
5	" <u>(b)</u> Duress as set out in Section 13A-3-30, is an
6	available defense to a charge of reckless endangerment under
7	this section.
8	" <del>(b)</del> <u>(c)</u> Reckless endangerment is a Class A
9	misdemeanor.
10	"§13A-11-57.
11	" <u>(a)</u> Any person who sells, gives or lends to any
12	minor any pistol or, except under the circumstances provided
13	in Section 13A-11-72, bowie knife, or other knife of like kind
14	or description, shall, on conviction, be fined not less than
15	<del>\$50.00</del> <u>fifty dollars (\$50)</u> nor more than <del>\$500.00</del> <u>five hundred</u>
16	<u>dollars (\$500)</u> .
17	" <u>(b)</u> This section does not apply to a transfer by
18	inheritance of title to, but not possession of, a pistol,
19	bowie knife, or other knife of like kind or description to a
20	<u>minor.</u>
21	"§13A-11-59.
22	"(a) For the purposes of this section, the following
23	words and phrases shall have the meanings respectively
24	ascribed to them in this subsection, except in those instances
25	where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:
26	"(1) DEMONSTRATION. Demonstrating, picketing,
27	speechmaking <u>,</u> <del>or</del> marching, <u>and the</u> holding of vigils <del>and all</del>

other like forms of conduct which involve the communication or expression of views or grievances engaged in by one or more persons, the conduct of which has the effect, intent, or propensity to draw a crowd or onlookers. Such term shall not include casual use of property by visitors or tourists which does not have an intent or propensity to attract a crowd or onlookers.

8 "(2) FIREARM. Any pistol, rifle, shotgun, or firearm 9 of any kind, whether loaded or not.

10 "(3) LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER. Any duly appointed and acting federal, state, county, or municipal law enforcement 11 12 officer, peace officer, or investigating officer, or any 13 military or militia personnel called out or directed by 14 constituted authority to keep the law and order, and any park 15 ranger while acting as such on the grounds of a public park 16 and who is on regular duty and present to actively police and 17 control the demonstration, and who is assigned this duty by his or her department or agency. Such term does not include a 18 peace officer on strike or a peace officer not on duty. 19

"(4) PUBLIC PLACE. Any place to which the general 20 21 public has access and a right to resort for business, 22 entertainment, or other lawful purpose, but does not 23 necessarily mean a place devoted solely to the uses of the 24 public. Such term shall include the front or immediate area or 25 parking lot of any store, shop, restaurant, tavern, shopping 26 center\_ or other place of business. Such term shall also 27 include any public building, the grounds of any public

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building, or within the curtilage of any public building, or in any public parking lot, public street, right-of-way, sidewalk right-of-way, or within any public park or other public grounds.

5 "(b) It shall be unlawful for any person, other than 6 a law enforcement officer, to have in his or her possession or 7 on his or her person or in any vehicle any firearm while 8 participating in or attending any demonstration being held at 9 a public place.

10 "(c) It shall be unlawful for any person, other than a law enforcement officer as defined in subsection (a) of this 11 12 section, to have in his or her possession or about his or her 13 person or in any vehicle at a point within 1,000 300 feet of a 14 demonstration at a public place, any firearm after having 15 first been advised by a law enforcement officer that a demonstration was taking place at a public place and after 16 17 having been ordered by such officer to remove himself or herself from the prescribed area until such time as he or she 18 no longer was in possession of any firearm. This subsection 19 20 shall not apply to any person in possession of or having on 21 his or her person any firearm within a private dwelling or 22 other private building or structure.

"(d) Notwithstanding the distance requirement in
 subsection (c), it shall be unlawful for any person to have in
 his or her possession or about his or her person or in any
 vehicle a firearm visible to participants in, or observers of,
 any demonstration, regardless of whether the person is within

1 300 feet or more of the demonstration, if the person points, 2 waves about, or displays the firearm with the intent to induce fear, harass, alarm, intimidate, or in any way prohibit or 3 4 stifle the expression of views of the participants or observers of the demonstration. 5 "(d) (e) Any person violating any of the provisions 6 7 of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished as provided by law Class C misdemeanor. 8 "§13A-11-61.2. 9 10 "(a) In addition to any other place limited or prohibited by state or federal law, a person, including a 11 12 person with a permit issued under Section 13A-11-75(a)(1) or 13 recognized under Section 13A-11-85, may not knowingly possess 14 or carry a firearm in any of the following places without the 15 express permission of a person or entity with authority over the premises: 16 "(1) Inside the building of a police, sheriff, or 17 highway patrol station. 18 "(2) Inside or on the premises of a prison, jail, 19 halfway house, community corrections facility, or other 20 21 detention facility for those who have been charged with or 22 convicted of a criminal or juvenile offense. 23 "(3) Inside or on the premises of a facility which 24 provides inpatient or custodial care of those with 25 psychiatric, mental, or emotional disorders. "(4) Inside a courthouse, courthouse annex, a 26 27 building in which a District Attorney's office is located, or

a building in which a county commission or city council is
 currently having a regularly scheduled or specially called
 meeting.

"(5) Inside any facility hosting an athletic event
not related to or involving firearms which is sponsored by a
private or public elementary or secondary school or any
private or public institution of postsecondary education,
unless the person has a permit issued under Section
13A-11-75(a) (1) or recognized under Section 13A-11-85.

10 "(6) Inside any facility hosting a professional 11 athletic event not related to or involving firearms, unless 12 the person has a permit issued under Section 13A-11-75(a)(1) 13 or recognized under Section 13A-11-85.

14 "(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 15 (a), a person, including a person with a permit issued under Section 13A-11-75(a)(1) or recognized under Section 13A-11-85, 16 17 may not, without the express permission of a person or entity with authority over the premises, knowingly possess or carry a 18 firearm inside any building or facility to which access of 19 unauthorized persons and prohibited articles is limited during 20 21 normal hours of operation by the continuous posting of guards 22 and the use of other security features, including, but not 23 limited to, magnetometers, key cards, biometric screening 24 devices, or turnstiles or other physical barriers. Nothing in 25 this subsection otherwise restricts the possession, 26 transportation, or storage of a lawfully possessed firearm or 27 ammunition in an employee's privately-owned motor vehicle

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while parked or operated in a public or private parking area
 provided the employee complies with the requirements of
 Section 13A-11-90.

4 "(c) The person or entity with authority over the
5 premises set forth in subsections (a) (1)-(6) and subsection
6 (b) shall place a notice at the public entrances of such
7 premises or buildings alerting those entering that firearms
8 are prohibited.

9 "(d) Except as provided in subsections (a)(5) and 10 (a)(6), any firearm on the premises of any facility set forth 11 in subsection (a)(1), or subsections (a)(4)-(6), or subsection 12 (b) must be kept from ordinary observation and locked within a 13 compartment or in the interior of the person's motor vehicle 14 or in a compartment or container securely affixed to the motor 15 vehicle.

16 "(e) A violation of subsections (a), (b), or (d) is 17 a Class C misdemeanor.

18 "(f) This section shall not prohibit any person from 19 possessing a firearm within the person's residence or during 20 ingress or egress thereto.

"(g) Prohibitions regarding the carrying of a
firearm under this section shall not apply to law enforcement
officers engaged in the lawful execution of their official
duties.

25 "(h) Nothing in this section shall be construed to 26 authorize the carrying or possession of a firearm where 27 prohibited by federal law. 1

"§13A-11-72.

"(a) No person who has been convicted in this state
or elsewhere of committing or attempting to commit a crime of
violence, misdemeanor offense of domestic violence, violent
offense as listed in Section 12-25-32(14), anyone who is
subject to a valid protection order for domestic abuse, or
anyone of unsound mind shall own a pistol firearm or have one
in his or her possession or under his or her control.

9 "(b) No person who is <u>a minor, except under the</u> 10 <u>circumstances provided in this section</u>, a drug addict, or an 11 habitual drunkard shall own a pistol or have one in his or her 12 possession or under his or her control.

"(c) Subject to the exceptions provided by Section 14 13A-11-74, no person shall knowingly with intent to do bodily 15 harm carry or possess a deadly weapon on the premises of a 16 public school.

"(d) Possession of a deadly weapon with the intent to do bodily harm on the premises of a public school in violation of subsection (c) of this section is a Class C felony.

"(e) School security personnel and school resource officers qualified under subsection (a) of Section 16-1-44.1, employed by a local board of education, and authorized by the employing local board of education to carry a deadly weapon while on duty are exempt from subsection (c) of this section. Law enforcement officers are exempt from this section, and

1	persons with pistol permits issued pursuant to Section
2	13A-11-75, are exempt from subsection (c) of this section.
3	" (f) A person shall not be in violation of Section
4	13A-11-57 or 13A-11-76 and a minor shall not be in violation
5	of this section if the minor has permission to possess a
6	pistol from a parent or legal guardian who is not prohibited
7	from possessing a firearm under state or federal law, and any
8	of the following are satisfied:
9	"(1) The minor is attending a hunter education
10	course or a firearms safety course under the supervision of an
11	adult who is not prohibited from possessing a firearm under
12	<u>state or federal law.</u>
13	"(2) The minor is engaging in practice in the use of
14	a firearm or target shooting at an established range under the
15	supervision of an adult who is not prohibited from possessing
16	<u>a firearm under state or federal law.</u>
17	"(3) The minor is engaging in an organized
18	competition involving the use of a firearm or participating in
19	or practicing for a performance by an organized group under 26
20	U.S.C. § 501(c)(3) which uses firearms as part of the
21	performance.
22	"(4) The minor is hunting or fishing pursuant to a
23	valid license, if required, and the person has the license in
24	his or her possession; has written permission of the owner or
25	legal possessor of the land on which the activities are being
26	conducted; and the pistol, when loaded, is carried only in a
27	manner discernible by ordinary observation.

1	"(5) The minor is on real property under the control
2	of the minor's parent, legal guardian, or grandparent.
3	"(6) The minor is a member of the armed services or
4	National Guard and the minor is acting in the line of duty.
5	"(7) The minor is traveling by motor vehicle to any
6	of the locations or activities listed in subdivisions (1)
7	through (6), has written permission to possess the pistol by
8	his or her parent or legal guardian, and the pistol is
9	unloaded, locked in a compartment or container that is in or
10	affixed securely to the motor vehicle and is out of reach of
11	the driver and any passenger in the motor vehicle.
12	"(q) This section does not apply to a minor who uses
13	a pistol while acting in self-defense of himself or herself or
14	other persons against an intruder into the residence of the
15	minor or a residence in which the minor is an invited guest.
16	" <del>(f)</del> <u>(h)</u> The term "school resource officer" as used
17	in this section means an Alabama Peace Officers' Standards and
18	Training Commissioner-certified law enforcement officer
19	employed by a law enforcement agency who is specifically
20	selected and specially trained for the school setting.
21	" <del>(g)</del> <u>(i)</u> The term "public school" as used in this
22	section applies only to a school composed of grades K-12 and
23	shall include a school bus used for grades K-12.
24	" <del>(h)</del> <u>(j)</u> The term "deadly weapon" as used in this
25	section means a firearm or anything manifestly designed, made,
26	or adapted for the purposes of inflicting death or serious
27	physical injury, and such term includes, but is not limited

to, a bazooka, hand grenade, missile, or explosive or incendiary device; a pistol, rifle, or shotgun; or a switch-blade knife, gravity knife, stiletto, sword, or dagger; or any club, baton, billy, black-jack, bludgeon, or metal knuckles.

6 "(k)(1) The term "convicted" as used in this section 7 means the person was represented by counsel in the case, or 8 knowingly and intelligently waived the right to counsel in the 9 case, and either the case was tried before a judge, tried by a 10 jury, or the person knowingly and intelligently waived the 11 right to have the case tried by a jury, by quilty plea or 12 otherwise.

13 "(2) A person may not be considered to have been 14 convicted for the purposes of this section if the person is not considered to have been convicted in the jurisdiction in 15 which the proceedings were held or the conviction has been 16 17 expunded, set aside, or is of an offense for which the person has been pardoned or has had civil rights restored, unless the 18 pardon, expungement, or restoration of civil rights expressly 19 provides that the person may not ship, transport, possess, or 20 21 receive firearms. 22 "(1) The term "misdemeanor offense of domestic 23 violence" as used in this section means a misdemeanor offense

24 that has, as its elements, the use or attempted use of

- 25 physical force or the threatened use of a dangerous instrument
- 26 or deadly weapon, and the victim is a current or former

1	spouse, parent, child, person with whom the defendant has a
2	child in common, or a present or former household member.
3	" <u>(</u> m) The term "valid protection order" as used in
4	this section means an order issued after a hearing of which
5	the person received actual notice, and at which the person had
6	an opportunity to participate, that does any of the following:
7	" <u>(1) Restrains the person from harassing, stalking,</u>
8	or threatening a qualified individual or child of the
9	qualified individual or person or engaging in other conduct
10	that would place a qualified individual in reasonable fear of
11	bodily injury to the individual or child and that includes a
12	finding that the person represents a credible threat to the
13	physical safety of the qualified individual or child.
14	"(2) By its terms, explicitly prohibits the use,
15	attempted use, or threatened use of physical force against the
16	qualified individual or child that would reasonably be
17	expected to cause bodily injury.
18	" <u>(n) The term "qualified individual" as used in</u>
19	subsection (k), means a spouse or former spouse of the person,
20	an individual who is a parent of a child of the person, or an
21	individual who cohabitates or has cohabited with the person.
22	"(o) The term "unsound mind" as used in this section
23	includes any person who is subject to any of the findings
24	listed below, and who has not had his or her rights to possess
25	a firearm reinstated by operation of law or legal process:
26	" <u>(1) Found by a court, board, commission, or other</u>
27	lawful authority that, as a result of marked subnormal

1	intelligence, mental illness, incompetency, condition, or
2	disease, is a danger to himself or herself or others or lacks
3	the mental capacity to contract or manage his or her own
4	affairs.
5	"(2) Found to be insane, not quilty by reason of
6	mental disease or defect, found mentally incompetent to stand
7	trial, or found not quilty by a reason of lack of mental
8	responsibility by a court in a criminal case, to include
9	state, federal and military courts.
10	"(3) Involuntarily committed for a final commitment
11	for inpatient treatment to the Department of Mental Health or
12	a Veterans' Administration hospital by a court after a
13	hearing.
14	"§13A-11-76.
15	" <u>(a)</u> <del>No</del> Except as provided in subsection (b), no
16	person shall deliver a pistol to any person <del>under the age of</del>
17	<del>18 or to one</del> who he <u>or she</u> has reasonable cause to believe <del>has</del>
18	been convicted of a crime of violence or is a minor, except
19	under the circumstances provided in Section 13A-11-72, a drug
20	addict, an habitual drunkard <u>, or a person</u> of unsound mind <u>, has</u>
21	been convicted in this state or elsewhere of committing or
22	attempting to commit a crime of violence, misdemeanor offense
23	of domestic violence, a violent offense as listed in Section
24	12-25-32(14), or anyone who is subject to a valid protection
25	order for domestic abuse, or anyone of unsound mind.
26	"(b) A person may deliver a pistol to a person
27	otherwise prohibited from receiving a pistol under subsection

(a), if the person has had his or her firearm rights restored
 by operation of law or legal process.

3 "(c) For the purposes of this subsection, the terms
4 "convicted," "misdemeanor offense of domestic violence,"
5 "valid protection order," and "unsound mind" shall have the
6 same meanings as provided in Section 13A-11-72.

7

"§13A-11-79.

"(a) The duly constituted licensing authorities of 8 any city, town or political subdivision of this state may 9 10 grant licenses in forms prescribed by the secretary of state, effective for not more than one year from date of issue, 11 permitting the licensee to sell pistols at retail within this 12 13 state subject to the following conditions, in addition to those specified in Section 13A-11-77, for breach of any of 14 which the license shall be forfeited and the licensee subject 15 to punishment as provided in this division. The business shall 16 17 be carried on only in the building designated in the license. The license or a copy thereof, certified by the issuing 18 authority, shall be displayed on the premises where it can 19 20 easily be read. No pistol shall be sold in violation of any 21 provisions of this division, nor shall a pistol be sold under 22 any circumstances unless the purchaser is personally known to 23 the seller or shall present clear evidence of his identity. A 24 true record in triplicate shall be made of every pistol sold, 25 in a book kept for the purpose, the form of which may be prescribed by the Secretary of State and shall be personally 26 27 signed by the purchaser and by the person effecting the sale,

1 the caliber, make, model and manufacturer's number of the 2 weapon, the name, address, occupation, color and place of birth of purchaser and a statement signed by the purchaser 3 4 that he has never been convicted in this state or elsewhere of a crime of violence. One copy shall be sent within six hours 5 by registered or certified mail to the chief of police of the 6 7 municipality or the sheriff of the county of which the dealer is a resident; the dealer shall within seven days send the 8 duplicate to the Secretary of State; and the dealer shall 9 retain the triplicate for six years. No pistol or imitation 10 thereof or placard advertising the sale thereof shall be 11 12 displayed in any part of any premises where it can readily be 13 seen from the outside. The fee for issuing said the license shall be \$.50, which fee shall be paid into the State 14 15 Treasury. "(b) All records of pistol, revolver, or maxim 16 17 silencer sales that are maintained or in the custody of dealers, the chief of police, the sheriff, or the Secretary of 18 State pursuant to Section 13A-11-79 or Section 40-12-143, 19 including any records or databases compiled as a result of or 20 based on the records or information so maintained or received, 21 22 shall be permanently removed and destroyed without

23 reproduction of the removed documents no later than 180 days

24 of the effective date of the act adding this subsection. This

25 <u>section does not apply to any record necessary for an active</u>

26 <u>investigation or ongoing prosecution.</u>

27 "\$13A-11-84.

"(a) Every violation of subsection (a) of Section 1 2 13A-11-72 or of Sections Section 13A-11-81 or 13A-11-82 shall be punishable by imprisonment for not more than five years a 3 4 Class C felony. Every violation of subsection (b) of Section 13A-11-72 or of Sections 13A-11-73, 13A-11-74, 13A-11-76, and 5 6 13A-11-77 through 13A-11-80 shall be punishable by 7 imprisonment for any term less than one year or by a fine of not more than \$500.00, or both a Class A misdemeanor. The 8 punishment for violating Section 13A-11-78 or 13A-11-79 may 9 10 include revocation of license.

(b) It shall be the duty of any sheriff, policeman, 11 12 or other peace officer of the State of Alabama, arresting any 13 person charged with violating Sections 13A-11-71 through 14 13A-11-73, or any one or more of said those sections, to seize the pistol or pistols in the possession or under the control 15 16 of the person or persons charged with violating said the 17 section or sections, and to deliver said the pistol or pistols to one of the following named persons: if a municipal officer 18 makes the arrest, to the city clerk or custodian of stolen 19 20 property of the municipality employing the arresting officer; 21 if a county, state, or other peace officer makes the arrest, 22 to the sheriff of the county in which the arrest is made. The 23 person receiving the pistol or pistols from the arresting 24 officer shall keep it in a safe place in as good condition as 25 received until disposed of as hereinafter provided. Within five days after the final conviction of any person arrested 26 27 for violating any of the above-numbered sections, the person

1 receiving possession of the pistol or pistols, seized as 2 aforesaid provided in this section, shall report the seizure and detention of said the pistol or pistols to the district 3 4 attorney within the county where the pistol or pistols are seized, giving a full description thereof, the number, make 5 6 and model thereof, the name of the person in whose possession 7 it was found when seized, the person making claim to same or any interest therein, if the name can be ascertained or is 8 9 known, and the date of the seizure. Upon receipt of the report 10 from the person receiving possession of the pistol or pistols as aforesaid, it shall be the duty of the district attorney 11 12 within the county wherein the pistol or pistols were seized to 13 forthwith file a complaint in the circuit court of the proper 14 county, praying that such the seized pistol or pistols be 15 declared contraband, be forfeited to the state and be destroyed. Any person, firm or corporation or association of 16 17 persons in whose possession said pistol or pistols may be seized or who claim to own the same or any interest therein 18 shall be made a party defendant to said the complaint, and 19 20 thereupon such the matter shall proceed and be determined in 21 the circuit court of the proper county in the same form and 22 manner, as near as may be, as in the forfeiture and 23 destruction of gaming devices, except as herein otherwise 24 provided. When any judgment of condemnation and forfeiture is 25 made in any case filed under the provisions of this section, 26 the judge making such the judgment shall direct therein the 27 destruction of the pistol or pistols by the person receiving

1 possession of said the pistol or pistols from the arresting officer in the presence of the clerk or register of the court, 2 unless the judge is of the opinion that the nondestruction 3 4 thereof is necessary or proper in the ends of justice, in which event and upon recommendation of the district attorney, 5 6 the judge shall award the pistol or pistols to the sheriff of 7 the county or to the chief of police of the municipality to be used exclusively by the sheriff or the chief of police in the 8 9 enforcement of law, and the sheriff of the county and the chiefs of police of the municipalities shall keep a permanent 10 record of all pistols awarded to them as provided for herein 11 12 in this section, to be accounted for as other public property, 13 and said the order, in the event that no appeal is taken 14 within 15 days from the rendition thereof, shall be carried 15 out and executed before the expiration of 20 days from the 16 date of the judgment. The court, at its discretion, shall may 17 direct in said the judgment that the costs of the proceedings be paid by the person in whose possession said the pistol or 18 pistols were found when seized, or by any party or parties who 19 20 claim to own said the pistol or pistols, or any interest 21 therein, and who contested the condemnation and forfeiture 22 thereof.

23

"§22-52-10.8.

"(a) When the judge of probate of a county enters an
order for the involuntary commitment of a person pursuant to
Section 22-52-10.1, and the order is for a final commitment
for inpatient treatment to the Department of Mental Health or

a Veterans' Administration hospital, or as otherwise provided 1 2 by law, and the order is based on evidence produced in court that the committed person has shown a history of the 3 4 inappropriate use of firearms or other dangerous instrument or 5 deadly weapons as defined in Section 13A-1-2 or has threatened to use firearms or other dangerous weapons or poses a threat 6 7 to use firearms or other dangerous weapons inappropriately, the judge shall immediately forward the order to the Criminal 8 9 Justice Information Center Alabama Law Enforcement Agency and 10 the order shall be entered in its information systems. The order shall be forwarded to the Criminal Justice Information 11 12 Center Alabama Law Enforcement Agency in the manner as the 13 Criminal Justice Information Center Commission shall provide. 14 The Criminal Justice Information Center Alabama Law 15 Enforcement Agency shall as soon as possible thereafter enter the order in the National Instant Criminal Background Check 16 17 System (NICS) and the information shall be entered into the NICS Index Denied Persons File. The records maintained 18 pursuant to this section shall only be used for purposes of 19 determining eligibility to purchase or transfer a firearm. 20 21 Information furnished shall not include confidential medical 22 or treatment records, confidential tax or financial data, 23 library records, or other personal information.

"(b) Any person who has been adjudicated mentally
deficient or committed to a mental institution <u>and who is</u>
<u>subject to the firearm disabilities of 18 U.S.C. Section 922</u>
(d) (4) and (g) (4), and who is subject to the firearm

disabilities of Sections 13A-11-72 and 13A-11-75, because he 1 2 or she has been determined by law or legal process to be of unsound mind, may petition the district court for a civil 3 4 review of the person's mental capacity to purchase a firearm. The petitioner may present evidence and witnesses at the 5 6 hearing on the petition. The district court shall make written 7 findings of fact and conclusions of law on the issues before it and issue a final order. The district court shall grant the 8 relief requested in the petition if the judge finds, based on 9 10 a preponderance of the evidence presented with respect to the petitioner's reputation, the petitioner's mental health record 11 12 and, if applicable, certified criminal history record from the 13 Alabama Law Enforcement Agency, the circumstances surrounding the petitioner's firearm disability, and any other evidence in 14 15 the record, that the petitioner will not be likely to act in a manner that is dangerous to public safety and that granting 16 17 the relief would not be contrary to the public interest. If the final order grants relief, a copy of the order shall be 18 forwarded to the Criminal Justice Information Center Alabama 19 20 Law Enforcement Agency directing that the prior order be 21 removed from its information systems. Thereafter, the Criminal 22 Justice Information Center Alabama Law Enforcement Agency shall, as soon as possible, redact the prior order from the 23 24 National Instant Criminal Background Check System (NICS) or 25 shall request that the redaction be done and shall notify the 26 United States Attorney General that the basis for the record 27 being made available no longer applies. The petitioner may

1 appeal a final order denying relief within 42 days of the 2 order to the circuit court for the county in which the 3 commitment or adjudication was entered. The circuit court's 4 review shall be conducted de novo.

5 "(c) For purposes of this section, inappropriate 6 means unlawful or with reckless disregard for human life.

7 "(d) (c) To the extent allowed by the Alabama 8 Criminal Justice Information Center Commission, ACJIC may 9 provide a judge of probate access to ACJIC information systems 10 for the purpose of involuntary commitment hearings, petitions 11 to change names, and other official functions of the judge of 12 probate.

13

"§40-12-143.

14 "Persons dealing in pistols, revolvers, maxim 15 silencers, bowie knives, dirk knives, brass knucks or knucks of like kind, whether principal stock in trade or not shall 16 17 pay the following license tax: In cities and towns of 35,000 inhabitants and over, \$150; and in all other places, \$100. The 18 required license amounts shall be paid for each place of 19 business from which sales of such items are made. In addition 20 21 to any other required licenses, a person may organize and 22 conduct a gun and knife show of no more than seven days, by 23 paying the maximum license tax prescribed in this section, as 24 well as the maximum license taxes provided in Sections 40-12-158 and 40-12-174(d), for each such show. Participants 25 26 shall not be required to pay the license taxes provided in 27 this section, nor in Section 40-12-158 or 40-12-174 for

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participating in such shows, provided the organizer has paid 1 2 the license taxes prescribed in this section prior to the commencement of the event. It shall be the duty of the 3 4 organizer of such show to determine if each participant is licensed under the sales tax laws of this state as well as the 5 particular county and municipality in which the show is 6 7 conducted. The organizer shall be responsible for providing a list of participants to the county and municipality in which 8 the gun show is held and for collecting and remitting all 9 10 state and local sales taxes for any participant not licensed under state or local sales tax laws. In the event the 11 12 organizer does not provide the information required herein or 13 pay the license taxes prescribed in this section, prior to the 14 commencement of the event, each participant shall be responsible for his or her applicable licenses. The organizer 15 and all participants shall abide by applicable federal, state, 16 17 and local laws and regulations. All persons dealing in pistols, revolvers, and maxim silencers shall be required to 18 19 keep a permanent record of the sale of every pistol, revolver, 20 or maxim silencer, showing the date of sale, serial number, or 21 other identification marks, manufacturer's name, caliber and 22 type, and also the name and address of the purchaser. The 23 records shall always be open for inspection by any peace 24 officer of the State of Alabama or any municipality thereof. 25 The failure to keep such record shall subject such person to 26 having his or her license revoked by the probate judge of the

1 county where such license was issued on motion of any district
2 attorney of the State of Alabama".

Section 2. (a) (1) Upon any finding that a defendant 3 4 is insane, mentally incompetent, or not guilty by reason of mental disease or defect pursuant to Chapter 16, Title 15, 5 Code of Alabama 1975, or the Alabama Rules of Criminal 6 7 Procedure, the judge shall immediately forward the order of the finding to the Alabama Law Enforcement Agency and the 8 order shall be entered in its information systems. The order 9 shall be forwarded to the Alabama Law Enforcement Agency in 10 the manner as the Criminal Justice Information Center 11 12 Commission shall provide.

(2) The Alabama Law Enforcement Agency, as soon as
possible thereafter, shall enter the order in the National
Instant Criminal Background Check System (NICS) and the
information shall be entered into the NICS Index Denied
Persons File.

18 (3) The records maintained pursuant to this section 19 shall only be used for purposes of determining eligibility to 20 receive, ship, transport, or possess a firearm. Information 21 furnished shall not include confidential medical or treatment 22 records.

(b) (1) Any person who is subject to the firearm
disabilities of 18 U.S.C. Section 922(d) (4) and (g) (4), and
who is subject to the firearm disabilities of Sections
13A-11-72 and 13A-11-75, Code of Alabama 1975, because he or
she has been determined by law or legal process to be of

unsound mind, may petition the district court in the jurisdiction where such a finding was made, for a civil review of the person's mental capacity to receive, ship, transport, or possess a firearm.

(2) The district attorney or the Attorney General, 5 6 whoever prosecuted the underlying case, and victim or victim 7 representative, if applicable, shall be served a copy of the petition by certified mail. The petitioner may present 8 evidence and witnesses at the hearing on the petition. The 9 10 district attorney or Attorney General shall be allowed to 11 speak and make recommendations to the court. The victim or 12 victim representative, if applicable, shall be allowed to 13 speak to the court. The district court shall make written findings of fact and conclusions of law on the issues before 14 15 it and issue a final order.

(3) The district court shall grant the relief 16 17 requested in the petition if the judge finds, based on a preponderance of the evidence presented with respect to the 18 petitioner's reputation, the petitioner's mental health record 19 and, if applicable, certified criminal history record obtained 20 21 from the Alabama Law Enforcement Agency, the circumstances surrounding the petitioner's firearm disability, and any other 22 23 evidence in the record, that the petitioner will not be likely 24 to act in a manner that is dangerous to public safety and that 25 granting the relief would not be contrary to the public 26 interest.

1 (4) If the final order grants relief, a copy of the 2 order shall be forwarded to the Alabama Law Enforcement Agency directing that the prior order be removed from its information 3 4 systems. Thereafter, the Alabama Law Enforcement Agency, as soon as possible, shall redact the prior order from the 5 6 National Instant Criminal Background Check System (NICS) or 7 shall request that the redaction be done and shall notify the United States Attorney General that the basis for the record 8 9 being made available no longer applies.

10 (5) The petitioner may appeal a final order denying 11 relief within 42 days of the order to the circuit court for 12 the county in which the commitment or adjudication was 13 entered. The circuit court's review shall be conducted de 14 novo.

15 Section 3. (a) A person shall not carry on his or 16 her person a firearm that is loaded and from which a shot may 17 be discharged under any of the following conditions:

18 (1) There is 0.08 percent or more by weight of19 alcohol in his or her blood.

20 (2) He or she is under the influence of alcohol to
21 such a degree as to render him or her incapable of safely
22 operating a firearm.

(3) He or she is under the influence of a controlled
substance to such a degree as to render him or her incapable
of safely operating a firearm.

1 (4) He or she is under the combined influence of 2 alcohol and a controlled substance to such a degree as to 3 render him or her incapable of safely operating a firearm.

4 (5) He or she is under the influence of any
5 substance which impairs his or her mental or physical
6 faculties to such a degree as to render him or her incapable
7 of safely operating a firearm.

8 (b) The fact that any person charged with violating 9 this section is or has been legally entitled to use alcohol or 10 a controlled substance shall not constitute a defense against 11 any charge of a violation of this section.

12 (c) (1) Upon first conviction, a person violating 13 subsection (a) shall be quilty of a Class A misdemeanor, and 14 subject to a fine of not less than six hundred dollars (\$600) 15 nor more than two thousand one hundred dollars (\$2,100). Any permit to carry a pistol issued pursuant to Section 13A-11-73, 16 17 Code of Alabama 1975, and any hunting license issued to the person shall be revoked upon conviction and may not be 18 reissued for six months. 19

(2) Upon a second conviction within a five-year
period, a person convicted of violating subsection (a) shall
be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor, and subject to a fine of
not less than one thousand one hundred dollars (\$1,100) nor
more than five thousand one hundred dollars (\$5,100). Any
permit to carry a pistol issued pursuant to Section 13A-11-73,
Code of Alabama 1975, and any hunting license issued to the

person shall be revoked upon conviction and may not be
 reissued for 12 months.

(3) Upon a third conviction, a person convicted of 3 4 violating subsection (a) shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor, and subject to a fine of not less than two 5 thousand one hundred dollars (\$2,100) nor more than ten 6 7 thousand one hundred dollars (\$10,100). The court shall impose a mandatory sentence of not less than 60 days, which may not 8 9 be suspended. Any permit to carry a pistol issued pursuant to Section 13A-11-73, Code of Alabama 1975, and any hunting 10 license issued to the person shall be revoked upon conviction 11 12 and may not be reissued for 18 months.

13 (4) Upon a fourth or subsequent conviction, a person 14 convicted of violating subsection (a) shall be guilty of a Class C felony and subject to a fine of not less than four 15 thousand one hundred dollars (\$4,100) nor more than ten 16 17 thousand one hundred dollars (\$10,100). Any permit to carry a pistol issued pursuant to Section 13A-11-73, Code of Alabama 18 1975, and any hunting license issued to the person shall be 19 revoked upon conviction and may not be reissued for 24 months. 20

(d) The Alabama habitual felony offender law does
not apply to a conviction of a felony under this section, and
a conviction of a felony pursuant to this section shall not be
a felony conviction for purposes of the enhancement of
punishment pursuant to Alabama's habitual felony offender law.
However, prior misdemeanor or felony convictions for
possessing a loaded firearm under the influence may be

- considered as part of the sentencing calculations or
   determinations under the Alabama Sentencing Guidelines or
   rules promulgated by the Alabama Sentencing Commission.
- 4 (e) This section does not apply to any of the 5 following:

6 (1) A person who carries a firearm while in such 7 person's own dwelling or fixed place of business or on any 8 premises in which the person has a legal interest.

9 (2) A person who carries a firearm on private 10 property that is not open to public use.

11 (3) The carrying or use of a firearm during an act 12 committed in self-defense or in defense of another person or 13 any other act committed if legally justified or excused, 14 provided such carrying or use lasts no longer than is 15 necessary.

16 (f) For purposes of this section the term "loaded" 17 means the following:

(1) For a firearm capable of using fixed ammunition,
that live ammunition is present in the chamber or chambers of
the firearm, any internal magazine of the firearm, or a
detachable magazine inserted in the firearm.

(2) For a firearm that is not capable of using fixed
ammunition, that the firearm contains a propellant charge and
a priming cap or primer cap.

25 Section 4. Although this bill would have as its 26 purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased 27 expenditure of local funds, the bill is excluded from further requirements and application under Amendment 621, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended, because the bill defines a new crime or amends the definition of an existing crime.

6 Section 5. The provisions of this act are severable. 7 If any part of this act is declared invalid or 8 unconstitutional, that declaration shall not affect the part 9 which remains.

Section 6. This act shall become effective on the first day of the third month following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.

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3	House of Representatives
4 5 6 7 8	Read for the first time and re- ferred to the House of Representa- tives committee on Public Safety and Homeland Security
9 10 11 12	Read for the second time and placed on the calendar with 1 substitute and
13 14	Read for the third time and passed as amended 12-MAY-15
15	Yeas 58, Nays 33, Nays 7

Jeff Woodard Clerk